

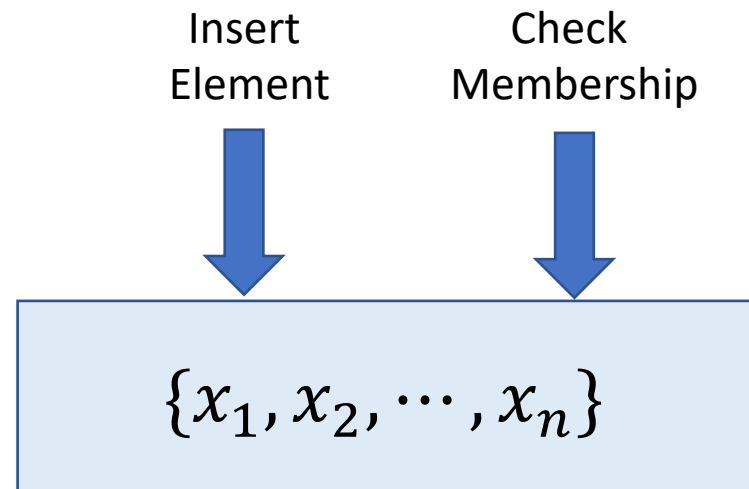
# Bloom Filters

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Data Structures and Algorithms

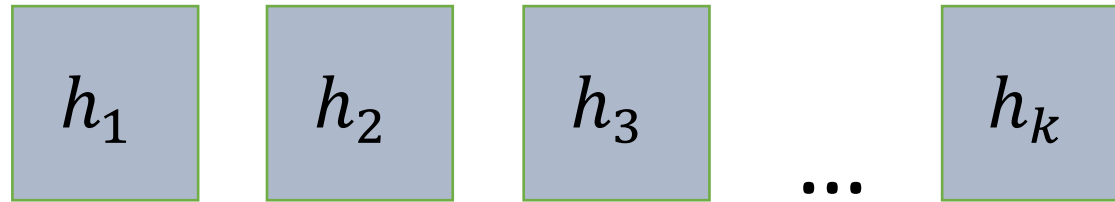
# What is a Bloom Filter?

- A fast set data structure based on hashing.

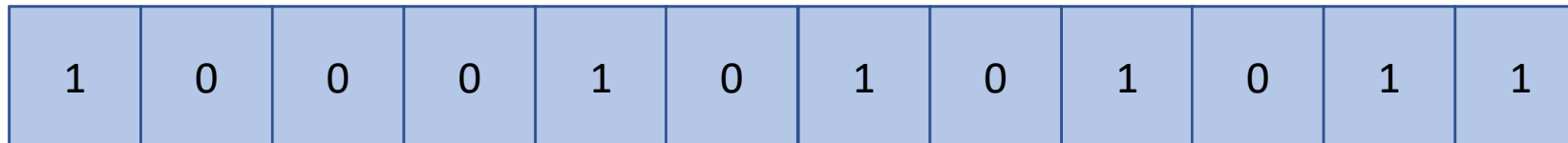


- Based on hash-tables.
- Approximate in nature: false positives possible.

# Basic Idea



k randomly chosen  
hash functions



"Bit" String with m bits.

**Insert element  $x$ :** Set the bits  $h_1(x), h_2(x), \dots, h_k(x)$

**Membership of element  $x$ :** Are the bits  $h_1(x), h_2(x), \dots, h_k(x)$  all set to 1?

# Bloom Filter: Properties

- Constant time insertion and membership check
  - More precisely  $\Theta(k)$
- If element was inserted, membership query will return true.
- False positives possible.
  - Membership query may return true but element may not have been inserted.

# Bloom Filter: Analysis

- Probability of false positive?

# Bloom Filter By Numbers

- $n = 5,000$  strings (these could be long strings) inserted
- $m = 25,000$  bit vector size (5 bits/element)
- $k = 3$  hash functions.

- Probability of false positives is

$$\left(1 - e^{-\frac{kn}{m}}\right)^k = (1 - e^{-0.6})^3 = 0.09$$

# Bloom Filters : Caching

*[Maggs, Bruce M.; Sitaraman, Ramesh K. \(July 2015\), "Algorithmic nuggets in content delivery" \(PDF\), SIGCOMM Computer Communication Review, \*\*45\*\* \(3\): 52–66.](#)*