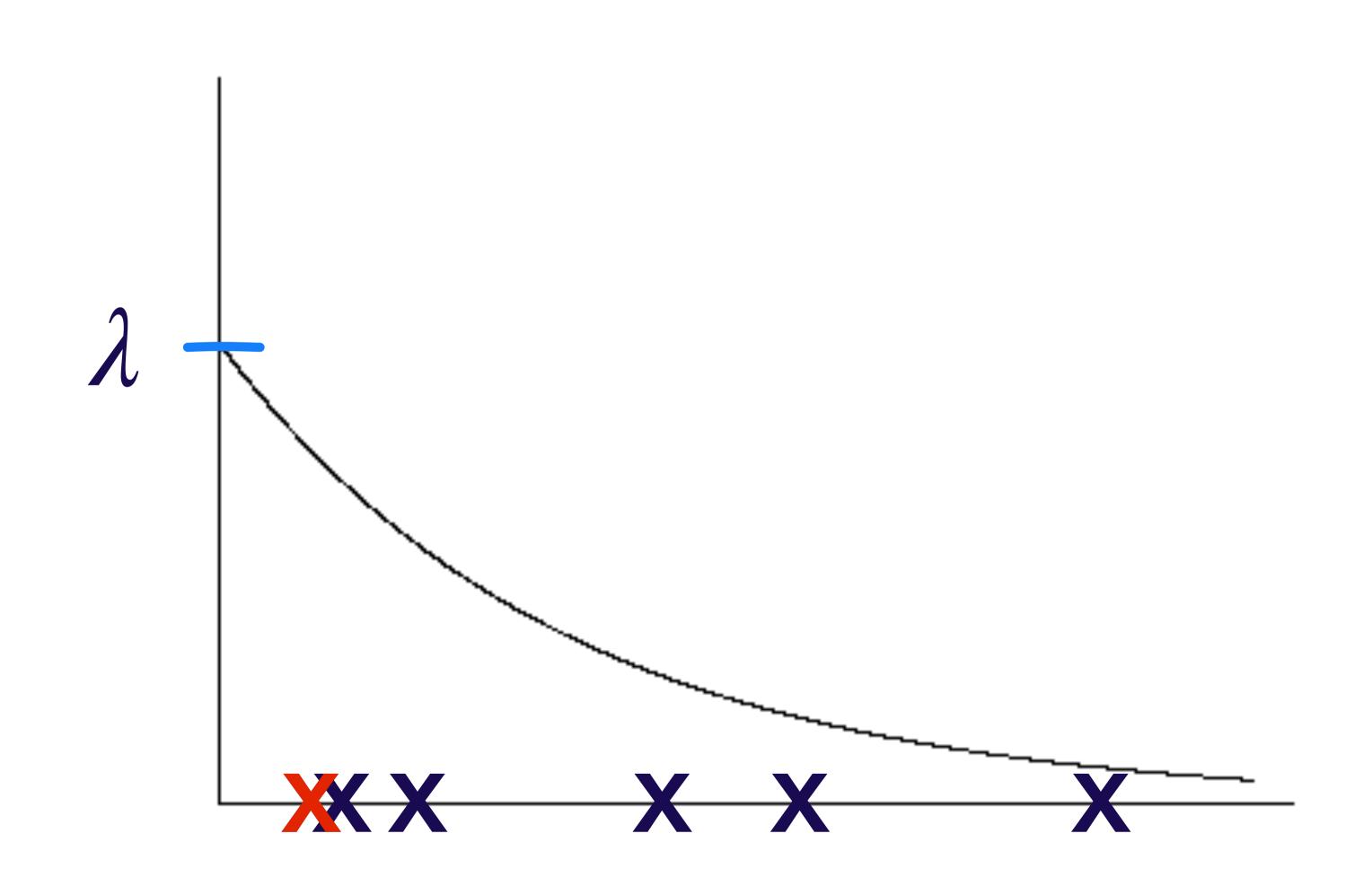
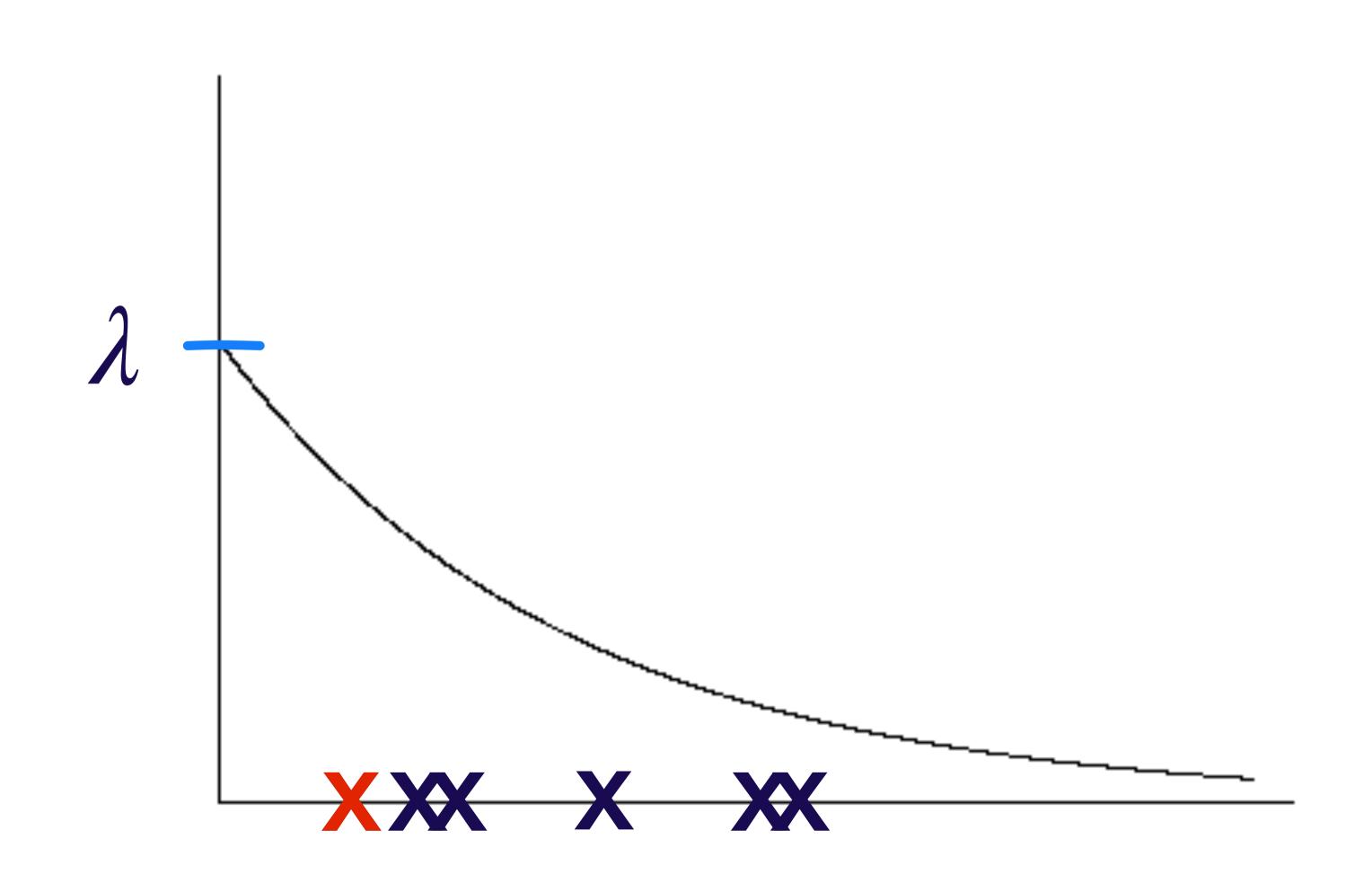
Construct a 95% confidence interval for λ based on the minimum value in the sample.

What is the distribution of the minimum?





Let
$$Y_n = \min(X_1, X_2, ..., X_n)$$
.

The cdf for each X; is

$$F(x) = P(X_i \le x) = 1 - e^{-\lambda x}$$

The cdf for Y_n is

$$F_{Y_n}(y) = P(Y_n \le y)$$

$$= P(\min(X_1, X_2, ..., X_n) \le y)$$

$$F_{Y_n}(y) = P(Y_n \le y)$$

$$= P(\min(X_1, X_2, ..., X_n) \le y)$$

$$F_{Y_n}(y) = P(Y_n \le y)$$

$$= P(\min(X_1, X_2, ..., X_n) \le y)$$

$$= 1 - P(\min(X_1, X_2, ..., X_n) > y)$$

$$\frac{1}{X_1} (X_1, X_2, ..., X_n) > y$$

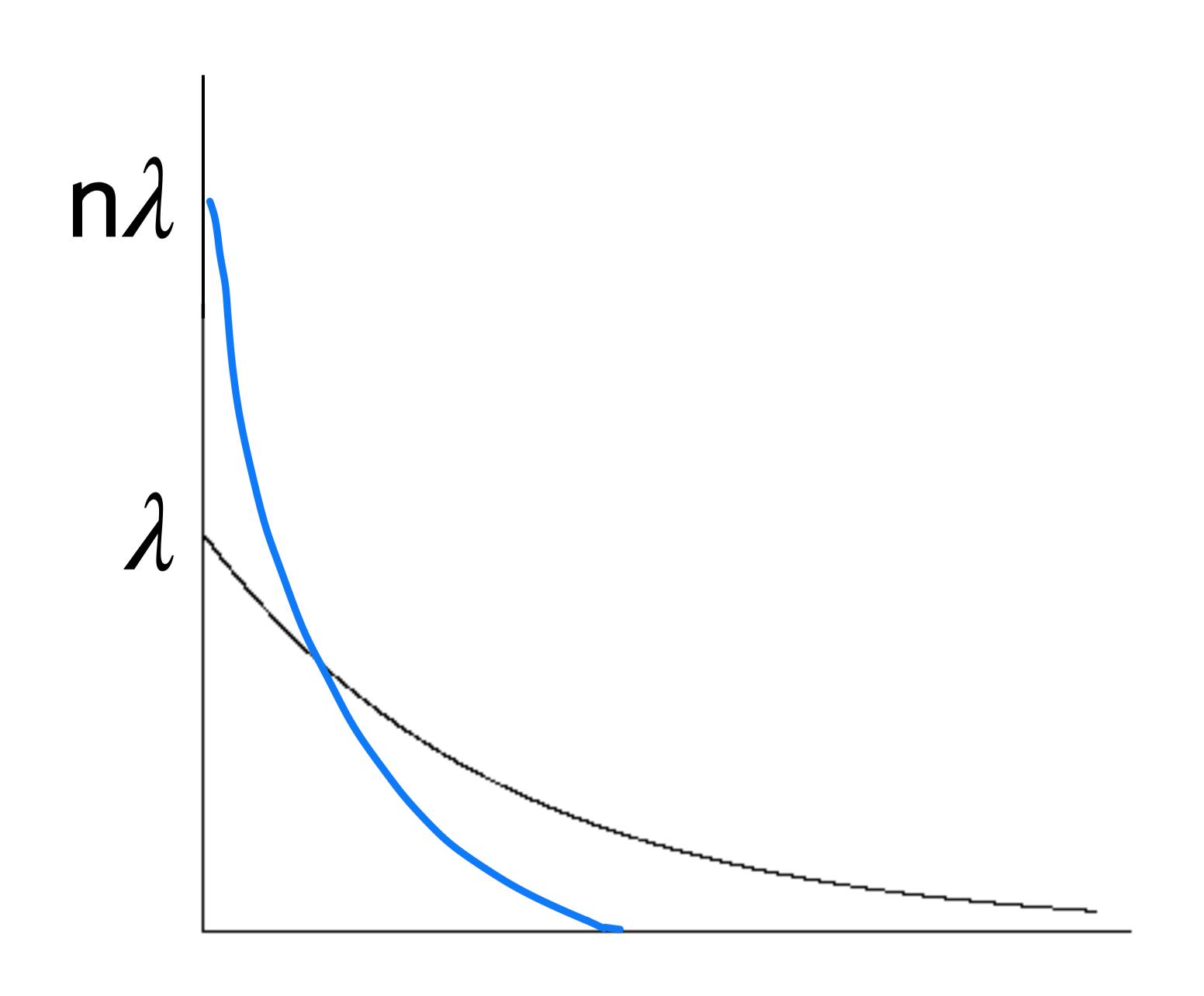
$$= 1 - P(X_1 > y, X_2 > y, ..., X_n > y)$$

indep
=
$$1 - P(X_1 > y) \cdot P(X_2 > y) \cdots P(X_n > y)$$

ident
=
$$1 - [P(X_1 > y)]^n = 1 - [1 - F(y)]^n$$

$$\begin{split} F_{Y_n}(y) &= P(Y_n \le y) \\ &= 1 - [1 - F(y)]^n \\ &= 1 - [1 - (1 - e^{-\lambda y})]^n \\ &= 1 - [e^{-\lambda y}]^n \\ &= 1 - e^{-n\lambda y} \\ f_{Y_n}(y) &= \frac{d}{dy} F_{Y_n}(y) = n\lambda e^{-n\lambda y} \end{split}$$

The minimum of n iid exponential with rate λ is exponential with rate n λ !



Construct a 95% confidence interval for λ based on the minimum value in the sample.

Step One: Choose a statistic.

$$Y_n = \min(X_1, X_2, ..., X_n)$$

Step Two: Find a function of the statistic and the parameter you are trying to estimate whose distribution is known and parameter free.

$$Y_n = \min(X_1, X_2, ..., X_n) \sim \exp(\text{rate} = n\lambda)$$
$$= \Gamma(1, n\lambda)$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $n\lambda Y_n \sim \Gamma(1,1) = \exp(\text{rate} = 1)$

Step Three: Find appropriate critical values.

$$n\lambda Y_{n} \sim exp(rate = 1)$$

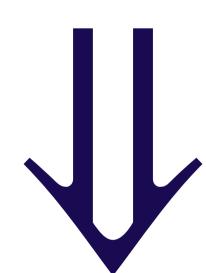
$$0.95$$

$$?$$

$$\int_{0}^{?} e^{-x} dx = 0.95$$

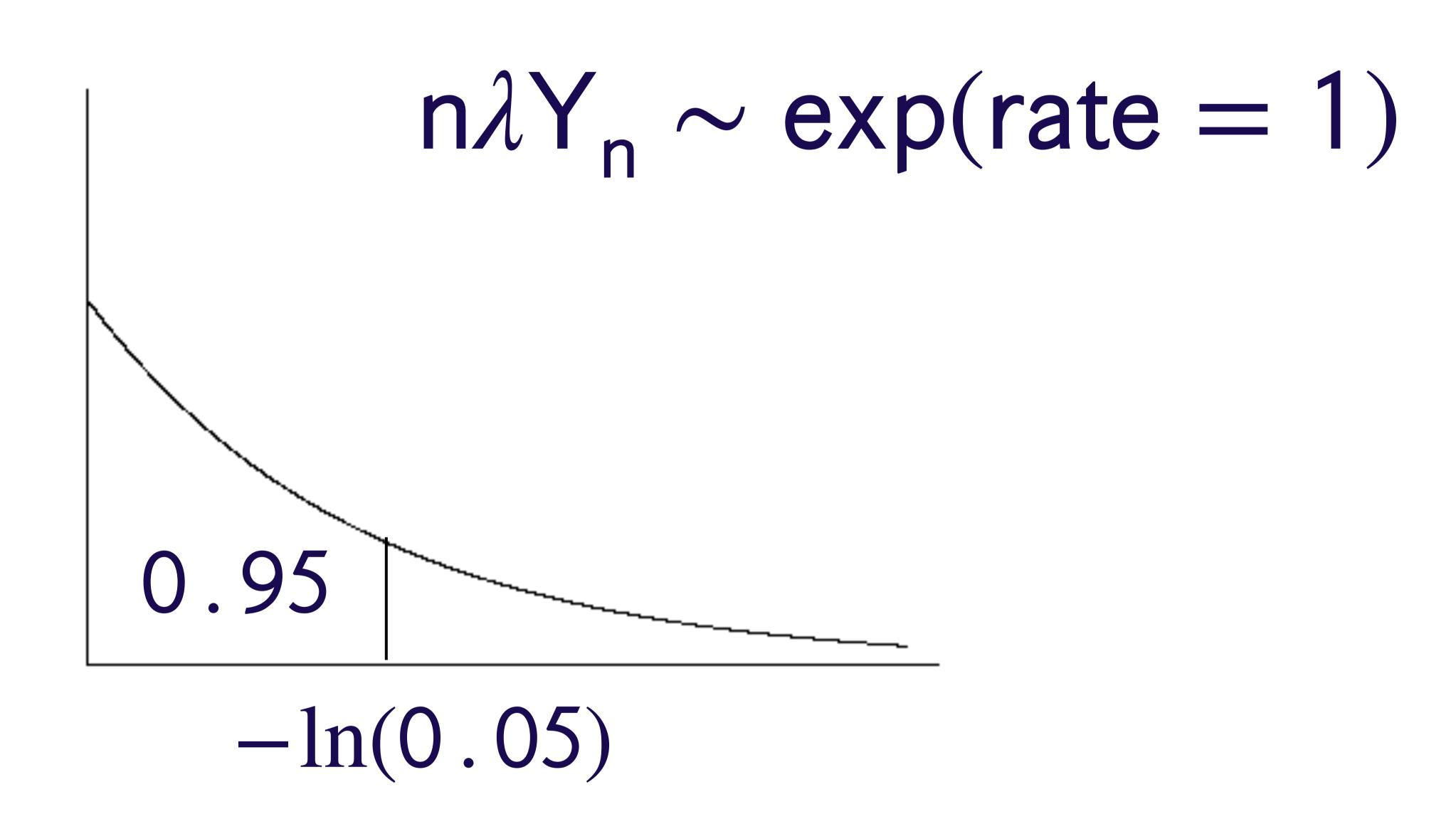
$$\int_0^? e^{-x} dx = 0.95$$

$$1 - e^{-?} = 0.95$$



$$2 = -\ln(0.05)$$

Step Three: Find appropriate critical values.



Step Four: Put your statistic from Step Two between the critical values and solve for the unknown parameter "in the middle".

$$0 < n\lambda Y_n < -\ln(0.05)$$

$$\downarrow \downarrow$$

$$\left(0, \frac{-\ln(0.05)}{nY_n}\right)$$

where $Y_n = \min(X_1, X_2, ..., X_n)$.