



100,000+ data points collected as candidates and existing employees play games

9 categories aggregated across your results from all pymetrics games

1 unique pymetrics profile per person used to apply to any role at any company using pymetrics

HOW YOUR PROFILE IS USED

Your pymetrics profile describes your cognitive and emotional results and how you compare to the general population. It will never be shared directly with employers or other third parties.

For a particular job application, candidate results are compared to the results of existing employees in that role. For different roles, different categories may be more or less important for success, which guides a candidate's fit to that role.

UNDERSTANDING YOUR RESULTS

pymetrics categories measure natural tendencies that are quite stable and tend not to change over time. Because of this, your profile will be saved for one year, after which you will have the opportunity to replay the games if you choose.

Remember, this is your personalized profile and it will stay the same no matter what job you are applying to.

Uniqueness is the measure of how much you stand out from the general population within a pymetrics category. **These are your most unique categories:**



FOCUS: You tend to think quickly and easily handle changes in the environment. You may work on multiple tasks at once, adapting to changing circumstances with efficiency.



RISK TOLERANCE: You tend to be willing to take risks. You may also respond more quickly with less concern that things may not go as planned.



EFFORT: You tend to approach your work selectively, focusing on the tasks that will give the highest reward for the time invested.

①

FOCUS

MOST UNIQUE

**DEFINITION**

A person's concentration style for one or more tasks.

YOUR RESULTS

You tend to think quickly and easily handle changes in the environment. You may work on multiple tasks at once, adapting to changing circumstances with efficiency.

WHAT THIS MEANS AT WORK

You may be best suited to work in environments that are agile or fast moving, where the preferred approach to completing the work changes often and priorities shift frequently.

THINGS TO LOOK OUT FOR

In situations where you only focus on one task for an extended period of time, you might find yourself becoming distracted. You can balance this by taking regular breaks and finding ways to make the task more engaging.

②

**RISK
TOLERANCE**

MOST UNIQUE

**DEFINITION**

A person's level of comfort with risk-taking.

YOUR RESULTS

You tend to be willing to take risks. You may also respond more quickly with less concern that things may not go as planned.

WHAT THIS MEANS AT WORK

You may be best suited for environments in which risk taking is favored. In these situations, you may find that you are comfortable taking on a high degree of risk while still operating at full speed.

THINGS TO LOOK OUT FOR

Taking a risk can sometimes have significant consequences. In those instances, you might find talking through your planned approach with a mentor or peer might help you to get a more balanced perspective.

③

EFFORT

MOST UNIQUE

**DEFINITION**

A person's approach toward investing effort based on size of reward and probability of success.

YOUR RESULTS

You tend to approach your work selectively, focusing on the tasks that will give the highest reward for the time invested.

WHAT THIS MEANS AT WORK

You may work best in environments where the outcomes achieved are more important than the amount of effort put into the work. By rationing your effort for things that matter, you are able to go the extra mile on tasks that will have the biggest impact in terms of results.

THINGS TO LOOK OUT FOR

Be aware of the risk that you may put less effort into a task that turns out to be more important than you first realized. Try to set minimum standards on routine tasks to make sure they represent the quality of work you would be proud of.

④

EMOTION**DEFINITION**

A person's strategy for interpreting the emotions of others.

YOUR RESULTS

You tend to interpret emotions from the facial expressions of others, rather than from the information present in the situation or context.

WHAT THIS MEANS AT WORK

You may be best suited to work in environments in which little information or context regarding the situation is available when required to understand the emotional response of others.

THINGS TO LOOK OUT FOR

Look out for situations where the facial reactions of an individual may not align with the actual emotion they are experiencing. Try to find further evidence and potential causes of someone's emotional state to help inform your interpretation.

⑤

DECISION MAKING**DEFINITION**

A person's approach to making decisions.

YOUR RESULTS

You tend to make decisions based on gut-instinct. You may also prefer taking a fast and intuitive approach, rather than planning out your work methodically.

WHAT THIS MEANS AT WORK

You may work best in environments where decisiveness and instinctual responses to decisions are most important. This may enable you to quickly take advantage of opportunities that are presented at work.

THINGS TO LOOK OUT FOR

Be mindful of making decisions that have significant consequences. If your decision could lead to unintended or significant consequences, take more time to fully consider the pros and cons of each option before deciding.

⑥

LEARNING**DEFINITION**

A person's approach to changing behavior based on new information.

YOUR RESULTS

You tend to learn quickly from mistakes. You may find it easy to detect patterns in your environment, allowing you to adapt your behavior and respond to feedback with ease.

WHAT THIS MEANS AT WORK

You may be well suited to work in environments where there is a need to adjust your approach quickly.

THINGS TO LOOK OUT FOR

While being able to adapt your response is a great asset, keep an eye out for situations where you might adjust your approach too quickly based on incomplete or inaccurate information/feedback.

⑦

GENEROSITY**DEFINITION**

A person's tendency to prioritize the needs of others above one's own.

YOUR RESULTS

You tend to be more focused on achieving your personal goals, as opposed to sharing your resources willingly with others.

WHAT THIS MEANS AT WORK

You may be best suited to environments where your goal is to get the best deal possible for either yourself or the team/organization you represent.

THINGS TO LOOK OUT FOR

Try to avoid making arrangements that may benefit you, but are unfair to others. To create long-term relationships, always aim to create win-win outcomes between yourself and the people you are working with.

⑧

ATTENTION**DEFINITION**

A person's approach to managing incoming information and distractions.

YOUR RESULTS

You tend not to be easily flustered by mistakes, taking them in your stride as you complete a task. You also tend to be quick to react and respond to information outside of the immediate task you are working on.

WHAT THIS MEANS AT WORK

You may find that you tend to move quickly between tasks, doing multiple things at the same time. You may be suited to work in environments where the speed of task completion is most important.

THINGS TO LOOK OUT FOR

Given your tendency to get things done quickly, there may be times where the quality or accuracy of your work is impacted. Keep an eye out for situations where accuracy is more important than speed, making sure to review your work.

⑨

FAIRNESS**DEFINITION**

A person's perceptions of fairness in social situations.

YOUR RESULTS

You tend to judge most situations as fair.

WHAT THIS MEANS AT WORK

You may do well in environments where employees share a high degree of trust and where your work involves seeing the best in others. This could mean that you are easy to work in teams and you are accepting of how work and resources are delegated.

THINGS TO LOOK OUT FOR

You may at times contribute more than your fair share of resources or effort towards team tasks. Try to consider others' perspectives and whether you would still perceive the outcome to be equitable.