#### **CAPSTONE PROJECT**

# PREDICTIVE MAINTENANCE OF INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY USING MACHINE LEARNING

**Presented By:** 

1. Gargi Gupta – Dr. Akhilesh Das Gupta Institute of Professional Studies - AIML



#### **OUTLINE**

- Problem Statement (Should not include solution)
- Proposed System/Solution
- System Development Approach (Technology Used)
- Algorithm & Deployment
- Result (Output Image)
- Conclusion
- Future Scope
- References



### PROBLEM STATEMENT

Unexpected failures in industrial machinery can lead to significant operational disruptions, increased maintenance costs, and reduced productivity. Traditional maintenance strategies often fail to detect early signs of equipment degradation. There is a critical need to identify and classify the types of failures—such as tool wear, heat dissipation issues, and power failures—before they occur, using the vast amount of real-time sensor data generated by these machines.



# PROPOSED SOLUTION

- Develop a predictive maintenance system that uses real-time sensor data from industrial machines to detect early signs of failure. By
  analyzing historical data, the model will learn to recognize patterns and unusual behavior that occur before specific issues like tool wear,
  overheating, or power failures. The solution will consist of the following components:
- Data Collection:
  - Used Kaggle dataset on predictive maintenance of machinery
- Data Preprocessing:
  - Clean and preprocess the collected data to handle missing values, outliers, and inconsistencies.
- Feature Extraction:
  - Identifying important patterns and signals from the data that indicate possible failures.
- Model Training:
  - Using machine learning algorithms to teach the model how to recognize different types of failures.
- Evaluation:
  - Assess the model's performance using appropriate metrics such as Mean Absolute Error (MAE), Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE), or other relevant metrics.
  - Fine-tune the model based on feedback and continuous monitoring of prediction accuracy.



# SYSTEM APPROACH

The "System Approach" section outlines the overall strategy and methodology for developing and implementing the predictive maintenance model for industrial machines. Here's a suggested structure for this section:

- System requirements:
  - ✓ IBM Cloud (mandatory)
  - ✓ IBM watsonx.ai studio for model development and deployment
  - ✓ IBM cloud object storage for dataset handling.

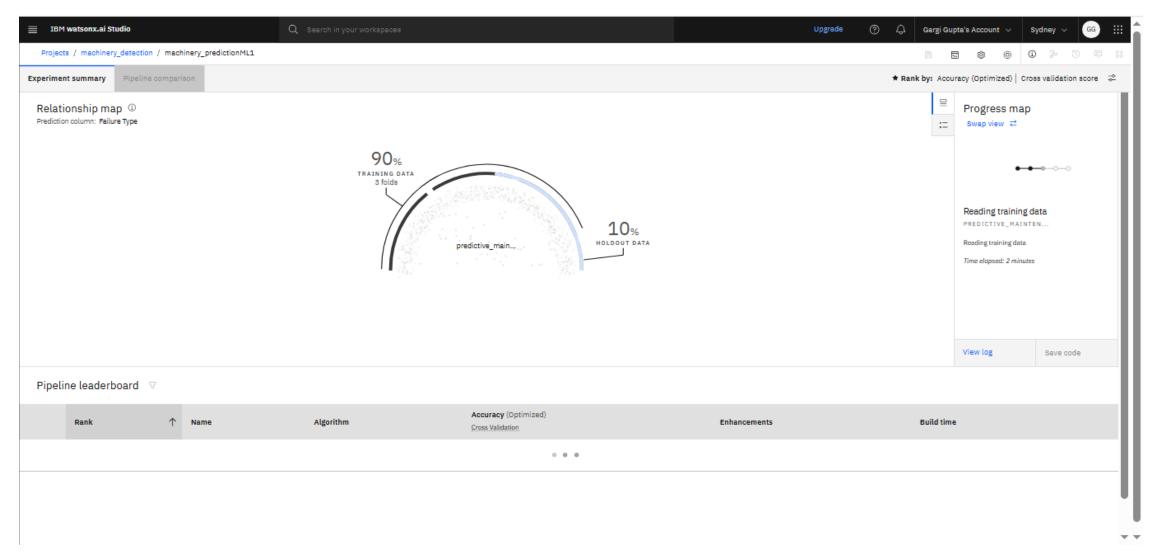


# **ALGORITHM & DEPLOYMENT**

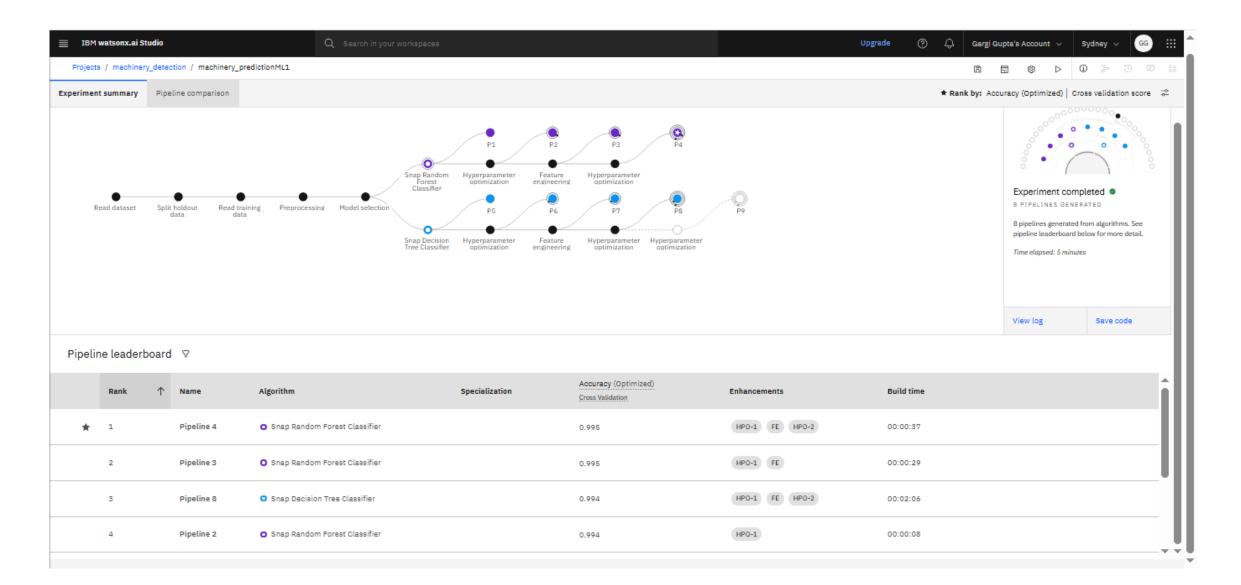
- Algorithm Selection:
  - Random Forest Classifier (or Decision Tree Classifier based on performance)
- Data Input:
  - UDI, Product ID, Type, Air Temperature[K], Process Temperature[K], Rotational Speed[rpm], Torque[Nm], Tool Wear[min], Target
- Training Process:
  - Supervised machine learning using labelled machinery failure types
- Prediction Process:
  - Model deployed on IBM Watson Studio with API endpoint for real-time predictions



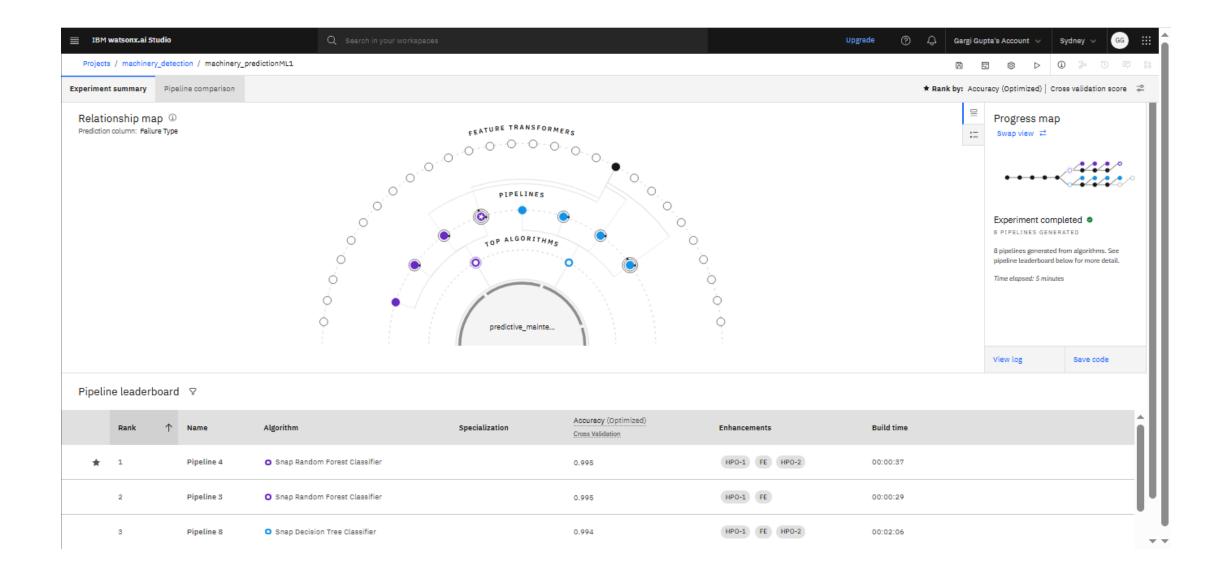
# **RESULT**



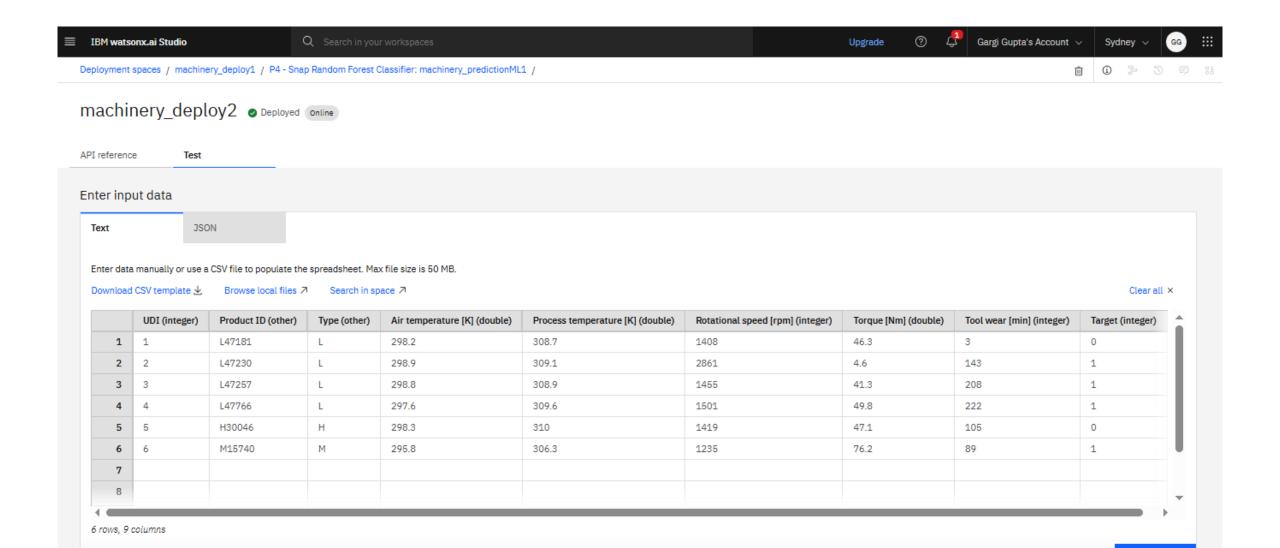








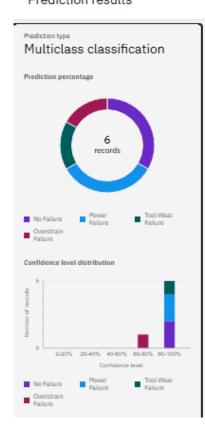






Predict

#### Prediction results



Display format for prediction results

● Table view ○ JSON view		
	Prediction	Confidence
1	No Failure	100%
2	Power Failure	100%
3	Tool Wear Failure	100%
4	Overstrain Failure	60%
5	No Failure	100%
6	Power Failure	100%
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		



# CONCLUSION

- The project focused on developing a predictive maintenance model that uses real-time sensor data from industrial machines to anticipate failures before they occur. By analyzing historical and operational data, the model effectively identified early warning signs of issues like tool wear, heat dissipation problems, and power failures. This enabled timely maintenance actions, reducing unexpected downtime and improving operational efficiency.
- The solution demonstrated strong performance, but challenges such as noisy sensor data, feature selection, and real-time integration were encountered. Addressing these through better data preprocessing and model optimization can further enhance the system. Overall, the project highlights the value of predictive maintenance in increasing machine reliability and reducing costs in industrial environments.



#### **FUTURE SCOPE**

- To improve the system's accuracy and scalability, several enhancements can be considered:
  - Additional Data Sources: Including maintenance logs and environmental data to improve prediction accuracy.
  - Advanced Algorithms: Using deep learning or ensemble models for better performance.
  - Scalability: Expanding the system to monitor machines across multiple locations or regions.
  - Edge Computing: Deploying models on local devices for real-time predictions with low latency.
  - User Interface: Adding dashboards and alerts for easier monitoring and faster response.



# REFERENCES

- Kaggle Datasets. Predictive Maintenance Dataset. Retrieved from:
   https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/shivamb/machine predictive-maintenance-classification
- IBM Developer. (2020). *Predictive maintenance using machine learning*. Retrieved from: https://developer.ibm.com/patterns/predictive-maintenance-using-machine-learning/



#### **IBM CERTIFICATIONS**

In recognition of the commitment to achieve professional excellence



# Gargi Gupta

Has successfully satisfied the requirements for:

#### Getting Started with Artificial Intelligence



Issued on: Jul 17, 2025 Issued by: IBM SkillsBuild







#### **IBM CERTIFICATIONS**

In recognition of the commitment to achieve professional excellence



# Gargi Gupta

Has successfully satisfied the requirements for:

Journey to Cloud: Envisioning Your Solution



Issued on: Jul 20, 2025 Issued by: IBM SkillsBuild

Verify: https://www.credly.com/badges/c4747906-c75f-4ee8-a683-66e1d6e9cf1c





#### **IBM CERTIFICATIONS**

#### IBM SkillsBuild

#### **Completion Certificate**



This certificate is presented to

Gargi Gupta

for the completion of

### Lab: Retrieval Augmented Generation with LangChain

(ALM-COURSE\_3824998)

According to the Adobe Learning Manager system of record

Completion date: 24 Jul 2025 (GMT)

Learning hours: 20 mins



### **THANK YOU**

