## **Project Activity-3: Wholesale Customer Segmentation**

- 1. How to use this knowledge?
- 2. How can the wholesale distributor use the customer segments to determine which customers, if any, would react positively to the change in delivery service?
- 3. How can the wholesale distributor label the new customers using only their estimated product spending and the customer segment data?

## Answers:

```
Chosen samples of wholesale customers dataset:
        Fresh
                   Milk
                          Grocery
                                      Frozen Detergents_Paper Delicatessen
    0.924558 -0.237969
                         0.238562 -0.642498
                                                     -0.740323
                                                                  -2.147133
    0.332773 -0.264432 -0.824817
                                    0.388792
                                                     1.344297
                                                                  -0.764726
              0.136830
                        1.766594
 2 -0.231983
                                    1.023629
                                                    -1.243635
                                                                   0.911295
shape of data before dropping outliers:
 (10000, 6)
New shape of data:
 (9988, 6)
   Dimension 1 Dimension 2
                    -0.0474
 0
        2.2658
 1
        -0.0547
                     0.0373
 2
        -0.5663
                     0.2629
For n clusters = 2. The average silhouette score is : 0.3061177430758526
For n clusters = 3. The average silhouette score is : 0.32971724369497646
For n clusters = 4. The average silhouette score is : 0.3094244663074701
For n clusters = 5. The average silhouette score is : 0.3078799047592429
For n clusters = 6. The average silhouette score is : 0.3240908585061118
For n_clusters = 7. The average silhouette_score is : 0.3222346007605531
For n_clusters = 8. The average silhouette_score is : 0.30985754914471547
For n_clusters = 9. The average silhouette_score is : 0.31170777502602065
For n clusters = 10. The average silhouette score is : 0.3141400072576478
```

		Fresh	Milk	Grocery	Frozen	Detergents_Paper	Delicatessen
	Segment 0	1.016069	0.991824	0.992988	1.011302	1.016101	0.983149
	Segment 1	0.016069	0.991824	0.992988	2.011302	2.016101	2.983149
	Segment 2	1.016069	0.991824	0.992988	1.011302	1.016101	0.983149
	Segment 3	1.016069	0.991824	0.992988	1.011302	1.016101	0.983149
	Segment 4	1.016069	-0.008176	-0.007012	1.011302	0.016101	0.983149
	Segment 5	2.016069	2.991824	1.992988	1.011302	2.016101	0.983149
	Segment 6	2.016069	0.991824	0.992988	1.011302	0.016101	-0.016851
	Segment 7	0.016069	-0.008176	-0.007012	2.011302	1.016101	1.983149
	Segment 8	3.016069	1.991824	0.992988	1.011302	1.016101	0.983149
	Segment 9	1.016069	0.991824	1.992988	1.011302	3.016101	2.983149
[6] <b>,</b>	for i, pred in enumerate(sample_preds):						
×	Sample point 0 predicted to be in Cluster 6 Sample point 1 predicted to be in Cluster 2 Sample point 2 predicted to be in Cluster 2						

## • Impact on Segment 0

- o Intuitively, the impact on Segment 0's customers should be minimal.
- This is because their products are mainly non-perishable products from "Grocery" to "Detergents\_Paper".
- However this situation is complicated as this segment has high spending on "Milk" products which is perishable.
- But with advances in preservation, most "Milk" products last more than a week these days.

## Impact on Segment 1

- One would surmise that Segment 1's customers would have a substantial impact by the change in delivery service.
- o This is because their products are highly perishable such as "Fresh" products including fruits, vegetables, seafood and meat.
- We can formalize the impact by running an experiment to determine which group of customers would have the greatest impact.
- 1. Randomly sample 4 groups where we sample 2 groups from each cluster.
  - Group 0a, 0b would be the group experiencing the change and the control group respectively for cluster 0.
  - Group 1a, 1b would be the group experiencing the change and the control group respectively for cluster 1.
- 2. We will change the schedules for group 0a and 1a keeping the schedules for 0b and 1b unchanged.

- 3. We will have 2 metrics.
  - We will conduct customer satisfaction survey for all groups.
  - We will cross-reference their satisfaction level with their spending.
- 4. Clients experiencing a negative impact would have a low satisfaction level and a decreased or similar spending. And clients experiencing a positive impact would have a high satisfaction level and an increased or similar spending.
  - We can investigate anomalies where clients display contradictory signals like expressing a low satisfaction level and increasing spending, and vice versa.