

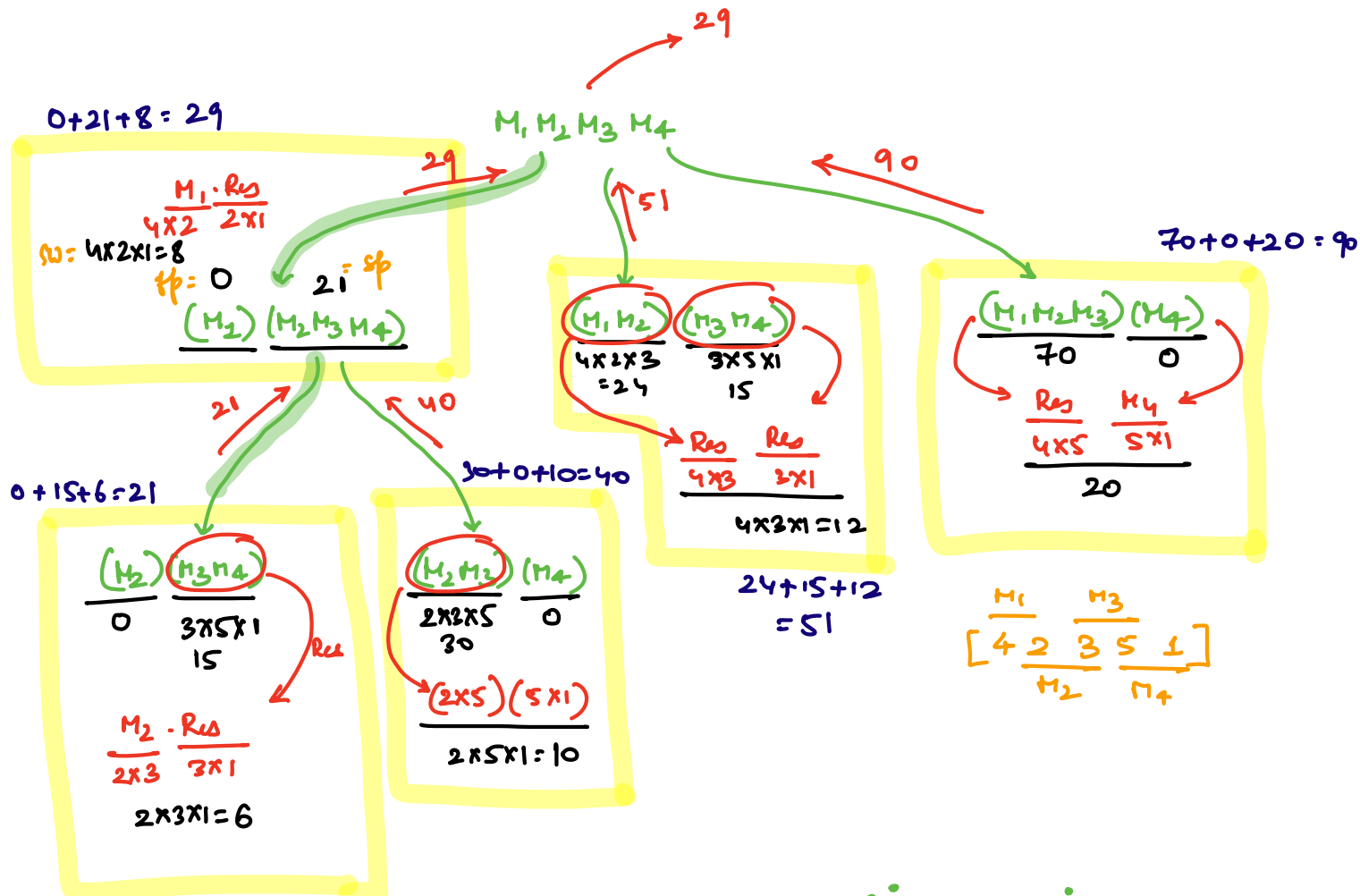
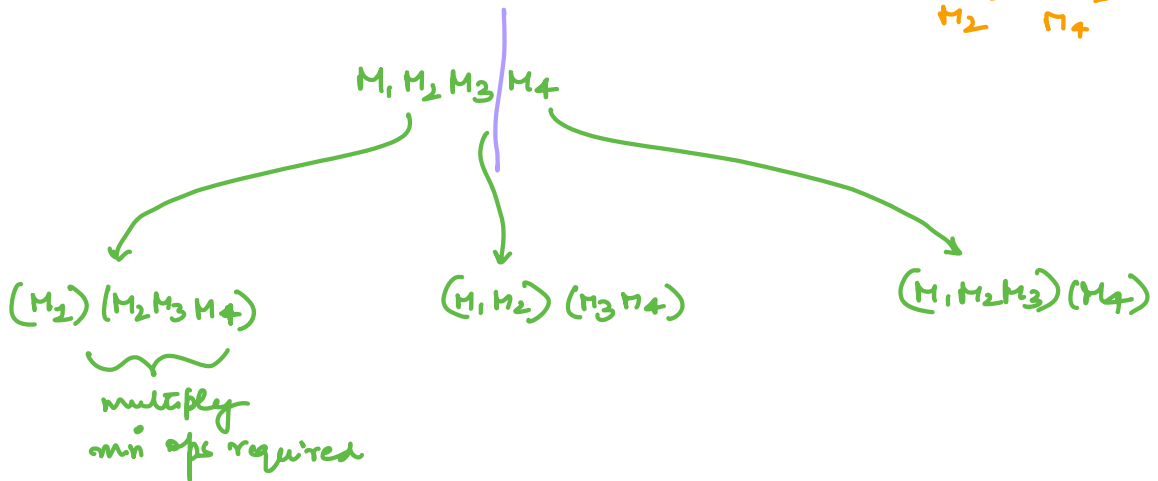
Partition DP

- HCM
- Palindrome Partitioning
- Mixtures

$$\begin{array}{c} \underline{M_1} \quad \underline{M_3} \\ [4 \ 2 \ 3 \ 5 \ 1] \\ \underline{M_2} \quad \underline{M_4} \end{array}$$

Recursion:

Rec Call  
Return:

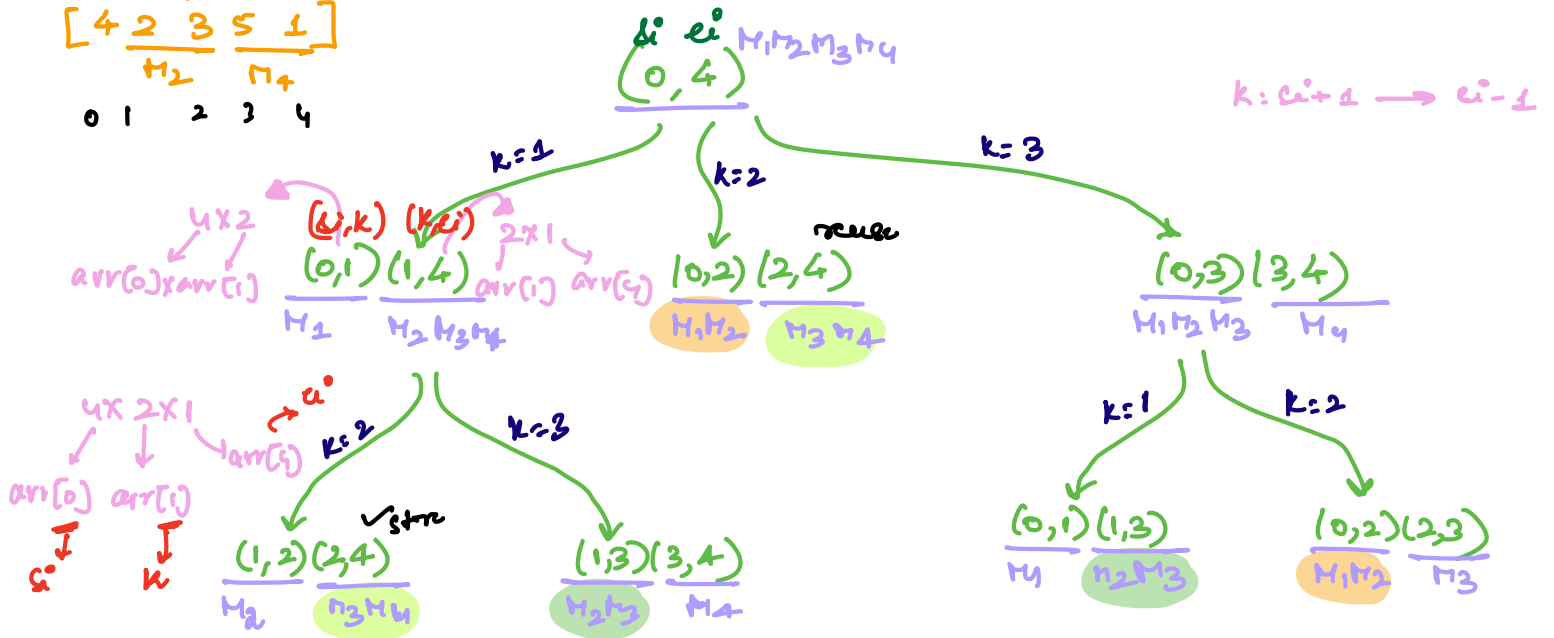


$$\begin{array}{c} \underline{M_1} \quad \underline{M_3} \\ [4 \ 2 \ 3 \ 5 \ 1] \\ \underline{M_2} \quad \underline{M_4} \\ 0 \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \end{array}$$

	$si$	$ei$
$M_1, M_2, M_3, M_4$	0	4
$M_2, M_3, M_4$	1	4
$M_1, M_2, M_3$	0	3
$M_1, M_2$	0	2

$m_2 m_3$	1	3
$m_3 m_4$	2	4
$m_1$	0	1
$m_3$	2	3

$m_1$	$m_3$
4	2
3	5
1	
$m_2$	$m_4$
0	1
2	3
4	



1. Recursion Code
2. Code taking lot of time for bigger input
3. RT notice: duplicacy
4. DP: TO Easy: Store (Memoization)

Strg 1D, 2D, 3D?  $s_i, e_i$

2D

$s_i \rightarrow$	$e_i \rightarrow$	0	1	2	3	4
0				24	-	29
1					30	21
2						15
3						
4						

→  $m_1, m_2, m_3, m_4$

## Bottom up DP (Tabulation)

1. Strg size? 2D

$s_i \rightarrow$	$e_i \rightarrow$	0	1	2	3	4
0		X	$m_1$	$m_1, m_2$	$m_1, m_2, m_3$	$m_1, m_2, m_3, m_4$
1		X	X	$m_2$	$m_2, m_3$	$m_2, m_3, m_4$
2		X	X	X	$m_3$	$m_3, m_4$
3		X	X	X	X	$m_4$
4		X	X	X	X	X

→  $(2, 4)$   $m_3, m_4$

→  $(3, 4)$   $m_4$

$m_1$	$m_3$
4	2
3	5
1	
$m_2$	$m_4$
0	1
2	3
4	

2. Cell meaning ?

3,3

3. TD BL return  $\rightarrow$  BU fill work start

if  $(s_i+1 == e_i)$  }  $n_1, n_2, n_3, n_4$  return 0  
return 0

4. filling direction



Slide,  $e_i$   
 $e_i = s_i + \text{slide}$

$n = 5$

slide	$s_i$	$s - \text{slide}$	$s - \text{slide} - 1$
1	3	4	3
2	2	3	2
3	1	2	1
4	0	1	0

BU:

Time Complexity

$\frac{n^2}{2}$  elements fill

1 element  $\rightarrow$  k loop  $\rightarrow$  n

$$\frac{n^2}{2} \times n = O(n^3)$$

Space Complexity:  $O(n^2)$

Wine Problem:

Imagine you have a collection of N wines placed next to each other on a shelf.

For simplicity, let's number the wines from left to right as they are standing on the shelf with integers from 1 to N, respectively.

The price of the  $i$ th wine is  $p_i$ . (prices of different wines can be different).

Because the wines get better every year, supposing today is the year 1, on year  $y$  the price of the  $i$ th wine will be  $y \cdot p_i$ , i.e.  $y$ -times the value of initial year.

You want to sell all the wines you have, but you want to sell exactly one wine per year, starting on this year.

One more constraint - on each year you are allowed to sell only either the leftmost or the rightmost wine

on the shelf and you are not allowed to reorder the wines on the shelf (i.e. they must stay in the same order as they are in the beginning).

You want to find out, what is the maximum profit you can get, if you sell the wines in optimal order?

Example :

If prices are :  $p_1=1$ ,  $p_2=4$ ,  $p_3=2$ ,  $p_4=3$

Then maximum profit is  $1 * 1 + 3 * 2 + 2 * 3 + 4 * 4 = 29$ .

	$p_1$	$p_2$	$p_3$	$p_4$	
$\rightarrow y_1=1$	1	4	2	3	greedy approach
$\rightarrow y_1=2$	<del>1</del>	8	4	6	
$\rightarrow y_1=3$	<del>1</del>	12	6	<del>3</del>	
$\rightarrow y_1=4$	<del>1</del>	16	<del>2</del>	<del>6</del>	

If the prices of the wines are:  $p_1=2$ ,  $p_2=3$ ,  $p_3=5$ ,  $p_4=1$ ,  $p_5=4$  then total profit is ?

$y_1=1$	2	3	5	1	4
$y_1=2$	<del>2</del>	6	10	2	8
$y_1=3$	<del>2</del>	<del>3</del>	15	3	12
$y_1=4$	<del>2</del>	<del>6</del>	20	4	<del>16</del>
$y_1=5$	<del>2</del>	<del>15</del>	25	<del>1</del>	<del>20</del>

$$2 + 6 + 12 + 4 + 25$$

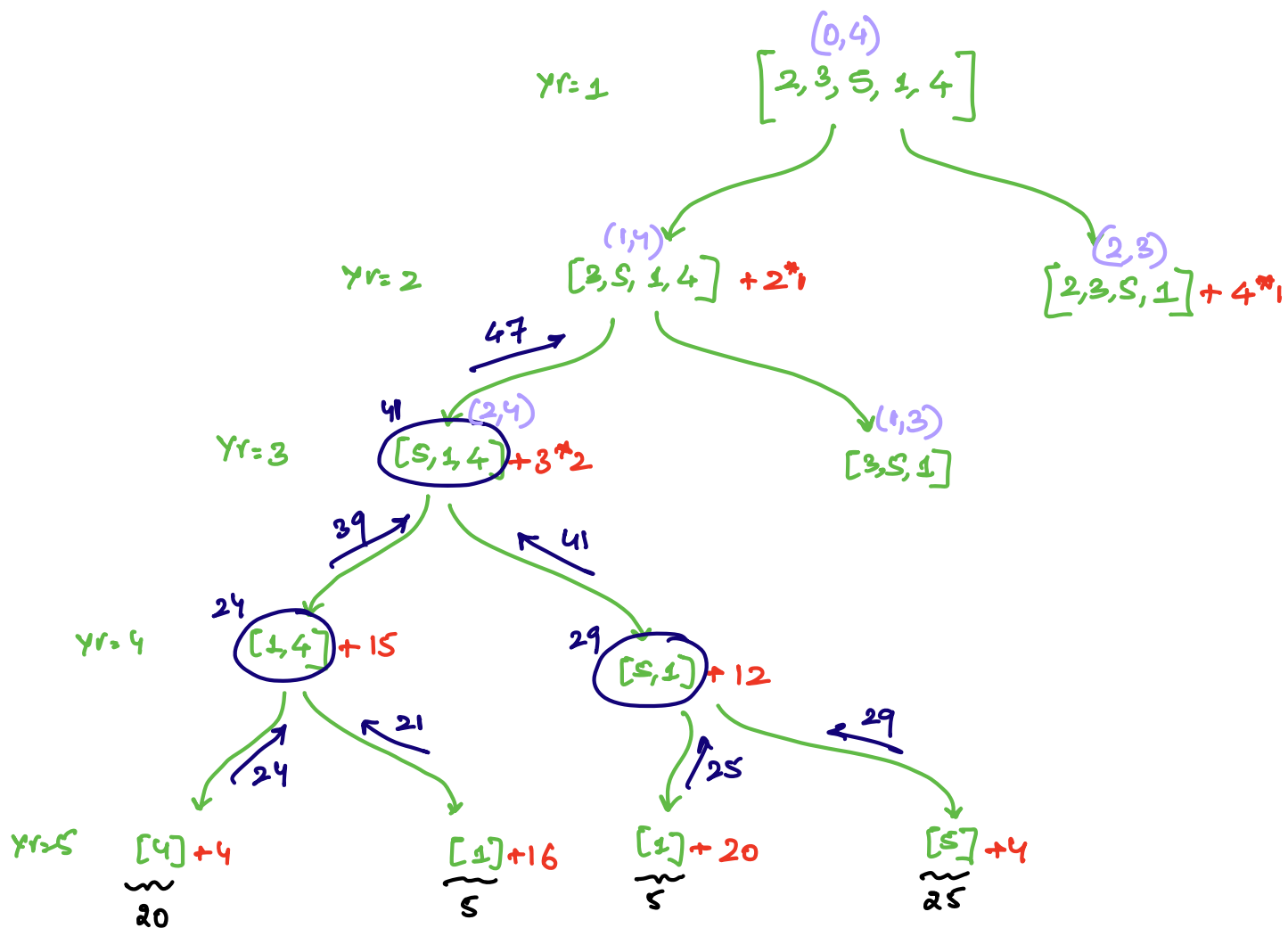
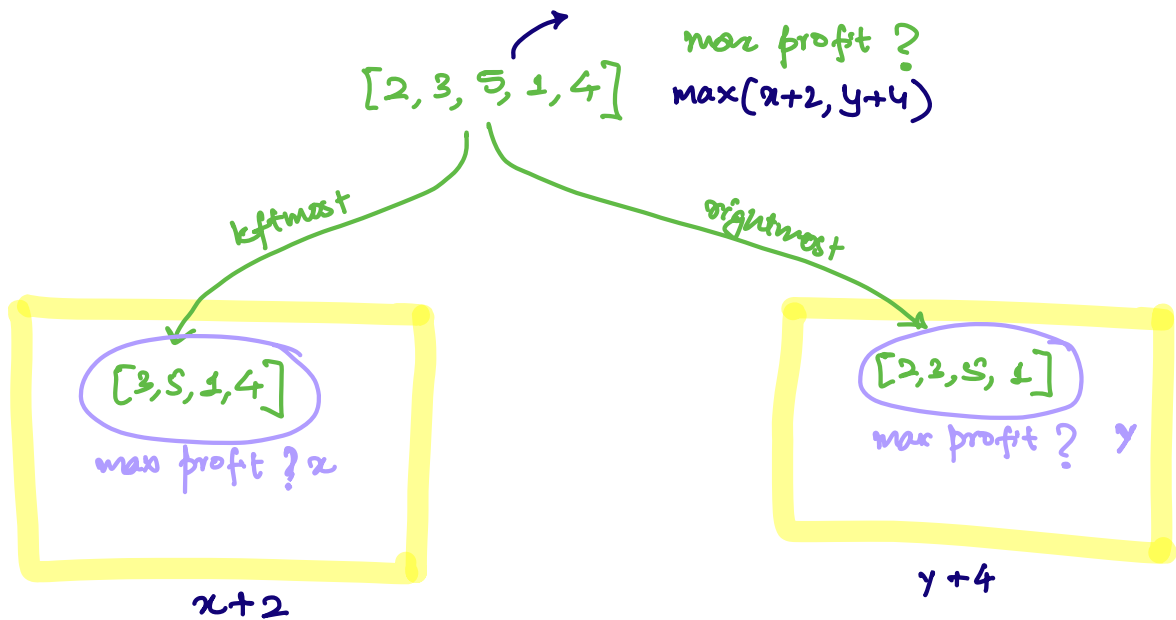
$$= 49$$

greedy  
approach

$y_1=1$	2	3	5	1	4
$y_1=2$	4	6	10	2	8
$y_1=3$	6	9	15	3	12
$y_1=4$	8	12	20	4	16
$y_1=5$	10	15	25	5	20

$$2 + 8 + 3 + 12 + 25 = 50 \leftarrow \text{max profit}$$

# Recursion



[2, 3, 5, 1, 4]  
0 1 2 3 4

meaning	si	ei
[2, 3, 5, 1, 4]	0	4
[3, 5, 1, 4]	1	4

$[2, 5, 1]$	1	3
$[5]$	2	2

Yr can be derived through  $s_i$  &  $e_i$

$[2, 3, 5, 1, 4]$

$[-, -]$  yr=4

$[-, -, -, -]$  yr=2

$[-, -, -]$  yr=3

$s_i, e_i$

bottles left =  $e_i - s_i + 1$

bottles sold =  $n - (e_i - s_i + 1)$

Yrs already passed =  $n - (e_i - s_i + 1)$

present yr =  $n - (e_i - s_i + 1) + 1$

$$yr = n - e_i + s_i$$

0 1 2 3 4  
2, 3, 5, 1, 4

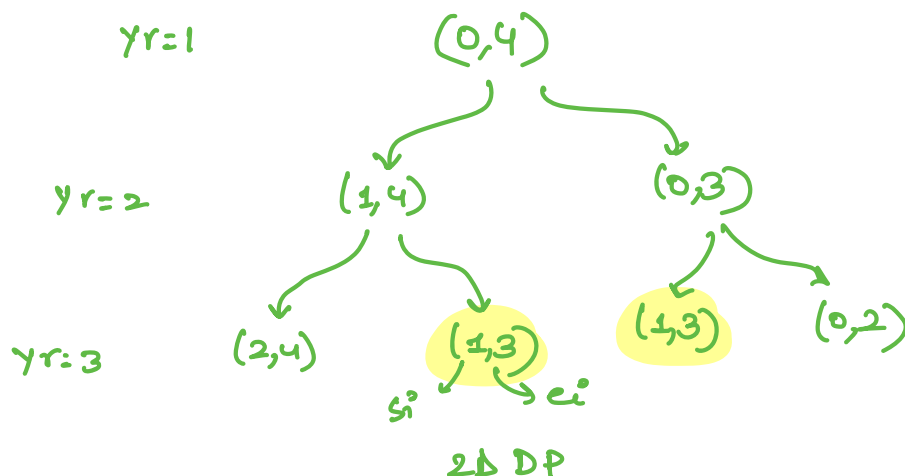
$s_i \leftarrow 2 \quad 3 \rightarrow e_i$   
 $[5, 1]$

left =  $3 - 2 + 1 = 2$

sold =  $n - 2 = 5 - 2 = 3$  bottles sell

Yrs passed by = 3 Yrs

present yr = 4



0 1 2 3 4  
2, 3, 5, 1, 4

	0	1	2	3	4
0					
1					
2					41
3					24
4					

Bottom up:

- Size ? 2D
- Cell meaning
- TD BC return  
 ↓  
 BU fill start

- filling direction

0 1 2 3 4  
2, 3, 5, 1, 4

$s_i \downarrow c_i \rightarrow$	0	1	2	3	4
0	[2] 10	[23]	[235]	[2351]	[23514]
1	X	[5] 15	[25]	[251]	
2	X	X	[5] 25	[51]	
3	X	X	X	[1] 5	[14]
4	X	X	X	X	[4] 20

$s_i > c_i$ : useless

$s_i \ c_i$   
 00  
 11  
 22  
 33  
 44

$s_i \ c_i$   
 01  
 12  
 23  
 34

$s_i \ c_i$   
 02  
 13  
 24

$s_i \ c_i$   
 03  
 14

$s_i \ c_i$   
 04

slide=0  
 $s_i = 0 \rightarrow 4$

slide=1  
 $s_i = 0 \rightarrow 3$

slide=2  
 $s_i = 0 \rightarrow 2$

slide=3  
 $s_i = 0 \rightarrow 1$

slide=4  
 $s_i = 0 \rightarrow 0$

slide

$s_i$

S-slide

S-slide-1

0  
1  
2  
3  
4

4  
3  
2  
1  
0

5  
4  
3  
2  
1

4  
3  
2  
1  
0

## Tentative Schedule:

26 Oct: Sunday: 2-3hrs

28 Oct: Tuesday: 1hr offline (DP)

30 Oct: Thursday: Class, Papers

31 Oct: Friday: Class

3 Nov: Monday: Test Graphs

4 Nov: Tuesday: Test DP