### **CSIS734-01** Data Mining & Predictive Analytics **Garth Mortensen**, mort0052@stthomas.edu

# Graduate Program in Software CSIS 734-01: Data Mining & Predictive Analytics

Assignment #4 (100 points)

Due Date: March 10<sup>th</sup>, 2018

Use the "Titanic\_DM.csv" file on the Canvas for this assignment.

- 1. Replace "Male" in the csv file with your last name.
  - 2. Replace "No" in the csv file with your first name.
  - 3. Set the support threshold to 0.001 and set the confidence threshold to 0.2.
  - 4. Mine association rules from the new dataset you created in the first two steps.
  - 5. Print out and capture a screenshot of the <u>tag cloud</u> (or text cloud) of the association rules based on the <u>support</u>. Your tag cloud should be similar to the following figure (with "Male" being replaced with your last name and "NotSV" being replaced with your first name).
  - 6. Submit a hardcopy of your answers and screenshots for question 5 in class on the due date. Your hardcopy must be as clear as possible. **Anything that cannot be read won't be graded!**
  - 7. Please staple all pages of your submission together!!! Instructor is not responsible for missing pages if your submission is not stapled together.
  - 8. Please also submit your program to clai@stthomas.edu.



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# #CSIS734-01 Data Mining & Predictive Analytics #Garth Mortensen, mort0052@stthomas.edu

### 

#install required packages
#install.packages("arules")
#install.packages("wordcloud")

#Load packages library(arules) library(wordcloud)

### 

#create data frame

df <- read.csv("C:/Users/G/Google

Drive/aStThomas/5DataMiningAndPredictiveAnalytics/Assignments/4/Titanic\_DM\_Replaced.csv",

header = TRUE, stringsAsFactors = TRUE)

#str(df) = #structure(df) #Structure of data

#summary(df) #Includes 5 most frequent items

#View(df)

#First column to categorical

#categorical variables are called factors in R.

#Because I'm loading categorical variables, I need to first convert them.

#R's default behavior when creating data frames is to convert all characters into factors.

#But column one is integer. See str(df)

#shell.exec("https://stackoverflow.com/questions/49116365/apriori-rules-df-requirements")

df\$Passenger <- as.factor(df\$Passenger)

#str(df)

#now column 1 is compatible.

#### 

#Step 3 - 4

#create rule in apriori

#Set minimum support (minSup) to 0.001

#Set minimum confidence (minConf) to 0.2

rules <- apriori(df, parameter = list(supp=0.001, conf=0.2))

#Check the results

#inspect(rules)

#inspect(rules[1:20]) #preview the first 20

#View(rules) #this results in a db, not a flat table.

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#Base wordcloud on support, so reorder by support.
rules_supp <- sort(rules, by="support", decreasing=TRUE)</pre>
#Output ordered rules_supp to csv
write(rules supp,file = "C:/Users/G/Google
Drive/aStThomas/5DataMiningAndPredictiveAnalytics/Assignments/4/Titanic DM Supp.csv",
sep= ",", row.names=FALSE)
#Import them back in to word array
word <- read.csv(file = "C:/Users/G/Google
Drive/aStThomas/5DataMiningAndPredictiveAnalytics/Assignments/4/Titanic DM Supp.csv")
#Step 5
wordcloud(words = word$rules, freq=word$support)
#These might be useful in the future.
#Basic plot
plot(rules)
#Graph of top 20 rules
plot(rules[1:20],
  method = "graph",
  control = list(type = "items"))
#Matrix plot of antecedents and consequents
plot(rules[1:20],
  method = "matrix",
  control = list(reorder = TRUE))
rm(list = ls()) #Clear workspace
pacman::p_unload(arules, wordcloud) #Clear packages
dev.off() #Clear plots
cat("\014") #Clear console (ctrl+L)
```