Program exercise -Yacc

- Use Lex and Yacc to generate a compiler for **Micro/Ex**
- Micro/Ex is an extension of Micro.

```
%%the beginning of an test data for Micro/Ex
Program testP

Begin
 declare I as integer;
 declare A,B,C,D, LLL[100] as float;

 FOR (I:=1 TO 100)
   A:=-LLL[I]+B*D-C;
 ENDFOR

 IF (A>=10000.0) THEN
    print(1);
 ELSE
    print(2,1.4);
 ENDIF

End
```

Micro/Ex is an extension of Micro (Cont'd)

- Variables must be declared before referenced.
- FOR construct

```
FOR (I:=1 TO 100)
  A:=-LLL[I]+B*D-C;
ENDFOR

FOR (I:=100 DOWNTO 1)
  A:=-LLL[I]+B*D-C;
ENDFOR
```

Micro/Ex is an extension of Micro (Cont'd)

- IF-ENDIF and IF-ELSE_ENDIF construct

```
IF (A>=10000.0) THEN
    print(5*3+1);
ENDIF

IF (A>=10000.0) THEN
    print(1);
ELSE
    print(2,1.4);
ENDIF
```

Only simple Boolean expression.

Micro/Ex is an extension of Micro (Cont'd)

- Subroutine call

```
IF (A>=10000.0) THEN
    print(5*3+1);
ENDIF
```

Each actual parameter can be an expression.

```
IF (A>=10000.0) THEN
    print(1);
ELSE
    print(2,1.4);
ENDIF
```

It can have multiple actual parameters.

Program exercise -Yacc

- Target Language
  - Three-address machine
    - Variable declaration instruction
      - Declare A, Integer
      - Declare A, Integer_array,20
      - Declare B, Float
      - Declare B, Float_array,20
    - Arithmetic instruction
      - I_SUB i1,i2,t
      - I_ADD i1,i2,t
      - I_DIV i1,i2,t
      - I_MUL i1,i2,t
      - I_UMINUS i1,t
      - INC I
        - » I=I+1
      - DEC I
        - » I=I-1

Program exercise -Yacc

- Arithmetic instruction
  - F_SUB f1,f2,t
  - F_ADD f1,f2,t
  - F_DIV f1,f2,t
  - F_MUL f1,f2,t
  - F_UMINUS f1,t
- Assignment
  - I_Store i1,t
  - F_Store f1,t
- Compare instruction
  - I_CMP i1,i2
  - F_CMP f1,f2
- Jump instruction
  - J,JE, JG, JGE, JL, JLE, JNE
- Subroutine operation
  - CALL rn,a1,a2
    - » rn: the name of the subroutine
    - » a1 and a2 could be integer literal, float point literal, or id.

Program exercise -Yacc

- Logical instruction
  - AND b1,b2,t
    - » t will be 0 or 1 after the execution of this instruction
  - OR b1,b2,t
    - » t will be 0 or 1 after the execution of this instruction
  - NOT b, t
    - » b will be 0 or 1 after the execution of this instruction

Program exercise -Yacc

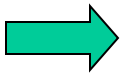
```
%%the beginning of an test data for Micro/Ex
Program testP

Begin
 declare I as integer;
 declare A,B,C,D, LLL[100] as float;

 FOR (I:=1 TO 100)
   A:=-LLL[I]+B*D-C;
 ENDFOR

 IF (A>=10000.0) THEN
    print(A+3.14);
 ELSE
    print(2,1.4);
 ENDIF

End
```



```
                START testP
                Declare I, Integer
                Declare A, Float
                Declare B, Float
                Declare C, Float
                Declare D, Float
                Declare LLL, Float_array,100

                I_STORE 1,I
lb&1:           F_MUL B,D,T&1
                F_UMINUS LLL[I],T&2
                F_ADD T&2, T&1, T&3
                F_SUB T&3,C,T&4
                F_STORE T&4,A
                INC I
                I_CMP I,100
                JL lb&1

                F_CMP A,100000.0
                JL lb&2
                F_ADD A, 3.14, T&5
                CALL print, T&5
                J lb&3
lb&2:           CALL print,2,1.4
lb&3:           HALT testP

                Declare T&1, Float
                Declare T&2, Float
                Declare T&3, Float
                Declare T&4, Float
                Declare T&5, Float
```

Bonus

- In case your Micro/Ex compiler can do the code generation of the following constructs

Program exercise -Yacc

- (1) To support more complex FOR construct

```
FOR (I:=1 TO 100*J+6 STEP 5)
  A:=-LLL[I]+B*D-C;
ENDFOR

FOR (I:=2*J-4 DOWNTO 5 STEP 4)
  A:=-LLL[I]+B*D-C;
ENDFOR
```

Program exercise -Yacc

- (2) To support WHILE construct

```
%%the beginning of an test data for Micro/Ex
Program testP

Begin
 declare I as integer;
 declare A,B,C,D, LLL[100] as float;

I:=1;
 WHILE (I<=100)
   A:=-LLL[I]+B*D-C;
   I:=1+1;
 ENDWHILE

 IF (A>=10000.0) THEN
    print(A+3.14);
 ELSE
    print(2,1.4);
 ENDIF

End
```

Program exercise -Yacc

- (3) To support nested structure

```
%%the beginning of an test data for Micro/Ex
Program testP

Begin
 declare I,J as integer;
 declare A,B,C,D, LLL[100] as float;

I:=1;
 WHILE (I<=100)
   A:=-LLL[I]+B*D-C;
   I:=1+1;
   FOR (I:=1 TO 100)
     A:=A*3.0;
   ENDFOR
 ENDWHILE
```

```
 IF (A>=10000.0) THEN
   IF (B<=0.0) THEN
    print(A+3.14);
   ELSE
    print(A+3.14*10);
   ENDIF
 ELSE
    print(2,1.4);
 ENDIF

End
```

Program exercise -Yacc

- (4) To support sophisticated logical expressions

```
WHILE ((I<=100) &&(A>10))
  A:=-LLL[I]+B*D-C;
  I:=1+1;
ENDWHILE

IF (!((A>=10000)|| (C<100))) THEN
   print(A+3.14);
ELSE
   print(2,1.4);
ENDIF

End
```

It adopts the logical expression of C .

Program exercise -Yacc

- (5) To support user-defined function and static type checking

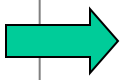
```
%%%the beginning of an test data for Micro/Ex
Program testP
 Function integer Cal_Something(integer I, float f)
 Begin
  declare k as integer;

  …….
   return k;
 End

Begin
 declare I,J as integer;
 declare A,B,C,D, LLL[100] as float;

 FOR (I:=1 TO 100)
   A:=-LLL[I]+B*D-C;
   J:=Cal_Something(I,A);
 ENDFOR

End
```



```
                START testP
                Declare Cal_Something, Function,I,f
                 Declare k, integer;
                   .
                   .
                Return k
                Declare I, Integer
                Declare J,Integer
                Declare A, Float
                Declare B, Float
                Declare C, Float
                Declare D, Float
                Declare LLL, Float_array,100

                I_STORE 1,I
lb&1:           F_MUL B,D,T&1
                F_UMINUS LLL[I],T&2
                F_ADD T&2, T&1, T&3
                F_SUB T&3,C,T&4
                F_STORE T&4,A
                I_STORE Cal_Something(I,A),J
                INC I
                I_CMP I,100
                JL lb&1

                HALT testP

                Declare T&1, Float
                Declare T&2, Float
                Declare T&3, Float
                Declare T&4, Float
```

Note that variables declared in functions should not have the same names as variables defined in main program.

Project Report

- Prepare a compressed a file with the following items
  - The source code and execution results
    - If you have your own test data, you can show it.
  - A report in pdf file format
    - What you have learned and experienced during the implementation of Micro/Ex compiler.
      - E.g. You could show your daily record of the implementation.
    - In case you implement more than the required specification, please itemize it.
    - Copyright Claim
      - Do you make the implementation yourself?
    - Any thing you would like to let G.H.Hwang know.
      - E.g. Suggestion, …

How to hand in your report?

- Please send a mail to TA with a zip file
  - Mail title: Compiler final project + your student id
  - Attached filename: your_student_id.zip
  - It should have the at least the following items:
    - Electronic files of your report
      - MS word and (or) pdf
    - Source codes (yacc & lex)
    - Your test data and the corresponding execution results.