Carbon

1. Load data

```
#load module data
import data
#create a dataset object and read data from file sample.txt
sample = data.DataSet()
#To read nominal data, you have to add argument 'nominal',
default is 'numeric'
#Read data from 'sample.txt'
sample.read('sample.txt', 'numeric')
#view the data
sample.x
        5.,
array([[
               1.,
                     1., ...,
                                3., 1.,
                                            1.],
      [ 5., 4.,
                     4., ...,
                                3.,
                                      2.,
                                            1.1,
       [ 3.,
              1.,
                     1., ...,
                                3.,
                                     1.,
                                            1.],
       [ 5., 10., 10., ..., 8., 10.,
                                            2.],
       [ 4., 8., 6., ..., 10., 6.,
                                          1.],
       [ 4.,
              8.,
                     8., ...,
                              10.,
                                     4.,
                                           1.]])
#view class labels
sample.y[:10]
#view dataset dimension
sample.dim()
(699, 9)
#view features
sample.label
['Clump Thickness', 'Uniformity of Cell Size', 'Uniformity of
Cell Shape', 'Marginal Adhesion', 'Single Epithelial Cell Size', 'Bare Nuclei', 'Bland Chromatin', 'Normal Nucleoli', 'Mitoses']
#view subject ids
sample.key[:5]
['1000025', '1002945', '1015425', '1016277', '1017023']
#create train dataset and test dataset using 1:10 hold out
train,test = data.holdOut(sample,0.1)
```

2. kNN

(this kNN is using Euclidean distance as default distance function)

```
#load kNN module
import kNN
#create a classifier
clf = kNN.build()
#train the classifier with train data and k=4
clf.train(train,4)
#to view the model by plot 2 features with class label
clf.view('Uniformity of Cell Size','Uniformity of Cell Shape')
```

```
Uniformity of Cell Size vs. Uniformity of Cell Shape
                1.2
                1.0
                                   0
                                       0
                                          0
                                              0
                                                 0
                                                     0
                                                         0
                0.8
                                          0
                                                         0
              Uniformity of Cell Shape
                                   0
                                       0
                                          0
                                                     0
                                                         0
                                   0
                                          0
                                       0
                                                         0
                0.4
                                   0
                                      0
                                          0
                                              0
                                                 0
                                                         0
                                                 0
                                                         0
                0.2
                                                         0
                0.0
               -0.2
-0.2
                                           0.6
                                                        1.0
                                                               1.2
                                   Uniformity of Cell Size
#to classify a new subject
clf.classify([5, 4, 4, 5, 7, 10, 3, 2, 1])
#test the classifier with test data
#and save the predicted labels in result
result = clf.test(test)
the total error rate is: 0.130435
result
                                                                     '2',
                                      '2',
                                             '2',
                                                                            '2',
['2', '4'
                                                   '2',
                                                               '2'
     '4',
                              '4',
                                           141,
                                                 '4',
                                     121,
            '2'
                  '2'
                        '2'
                                    4',
                                           121,
                  121,
                        '2',
                               121,
                                                       2',
                                           '4',
                                                       121,
                  '4', '4',
                                     '2',
                                                 '2',
                                                              '4',
                                                                    '4',
            '4'
                               '4'
                                                                           '2'
                  '4',
                        '4',
                               '4'
                                           '2',
'4', '2', '4', '4']
#to save the classifier in folder models/ as model.knn
clf.save('model')
#to load saved classifier
clf2 = kNN.load('model')
```

3. ID3

(works only on nominal data)

```
#convert continuous data to nominal data
train.num2nom()
test.num2nom()
train.type
'nominal'
#load ID3 module
import ID3
#create a classifier
clf = ID3.build()
#train the classifier with train data to build the tree
clf.train(train)
#to view the model
clf.view()
```

```
Bare Nucle Clump Thic 4 Bare Nuclei
                                                 500 8300
                                                (42) (42)
                                    (444442)
#to classify a new subject
clf.classify(['5.0', '4.0', '4.0', '5.0', '7.0', '10.0', '3.0',
'2.0', '1.0'])
#test the classifier with test data
#and save the predicted labels in result
result = clf.test(test)
the total error rate is: 0.115942
result
                                '4',
                                                         121,
                                         '2',
                                    '2',
['2', '4'
                         '4',
                                   '4',
                                        '4',
                              '2',
                                             12',
                                                   '4',
  '2',
                                                        '2'
                                    '4',
                                                   '4',
               '4', '4', '2', '4', '4', '4',
    '4', '4',
'2', '2', '4', '4']
#to save the classifier in folder models/ as model.id3
clf.save('model')
#to load saved classifier
clf3 = ID3.load('model')
```

4. NB

```
#load NB module
import NB
#create a classifier
clf = NB.build()
#train the classifier with train data
clf.train(train)
#to view the model
#we can view the conditional prob of a certain feature
clf.view('Uniformity of Cell Size')
```

```
Conditional Probabilities of Uniformity of Cell Size
              0.830
                                                                     0.8
                                                                     ____ 2
            0.7
           € 0.6
           Proba
           ig 0.4
           0.3
                                                                   0.296
            0.2
                                                       0.131
                               0.126
                                     0.117
                                           0.112
            0.1
                                                 0.068
                                                 0.002
                                            0.002
                                      0.000
                                                        0.000
                                                                    0.00
                                4.0
                                      5.0
                                            6.0
                                                  7.0
                                                                    10.0
                                       Uniformity of Cell Size
#to classify a new subject
clf.classify([5, 4, 4, 5, 7, 10, 3, 2, 1])
#test the classifier with test data
#and save the predicted labels in result
result = clf.test(test)
the total error rate is: 0.043478
result
['2', '4'
                                        '2'
                                              ' 2 '
      '4',
                                            '4',
            '4'
                   '2'
                         '2'
                                '4'
                                      '2'
                  2',
                                      4',
                         '2',
                               121,
                                            '2',
                                                         '2',
                                      121,
                                            141,
                  '4', '4',
                                '4'
                                                         '2',
           '4'
                                                   '2'
                                                                '4'
                                                                      '4'
                   '4',
                                '4',
                         '4',
'4', '2', '4', '4']
#to save the classifier in folder models/ as model.nb
clf.save('model')
#to load saved classifier
clf4 = NB.load('model')
```

5. logReg

(Only works for bi-class problems)

```
#load logReg module
import logReg
#create a classifier
clf = logReg.build()
#train the classifier with train data
clf.train(train)
#to view the model
#we can view the model with 2 features over train dataset
#The line in the middle is the possibility of 0.5
clf.view('Uniformity of Cell Size','Uniformity of Cell
Shape',train)
```

```
mity of Cell Shape
                                                10
                              Uniformity of Cell Size
#to classify a new subject
clf.classify([5, 4, 4, 5, 7, 10, 3, 2, 1])
#test the classifier with test data
#and save the predicted labels in result
result = clf.test(test)
the total error rate is: 0.086957
result
                    '2',
              '4',
['2', '4', '2',
                         '4', '2', '2', '2', '2', '2',
                                                       '2', '2',
                                  ''4',
                                            121,
                        ''4',
                             ''2',
                                       ''4',
2',
                                            121,
                                                 '4',
  ', '4', '4', '4', '4', '4', '2', '4', '2',
                                                       '4',
              '4', '4', '4', '4', '4', '4', '4',
'4', '2', '4', '4']
#to save the classifier in folder models/ as model.logreg
clf.save('model')
#to load saved classifier
clf5 = logReg.load('model')
```

6. SVM

(Only works for bi-class problems)

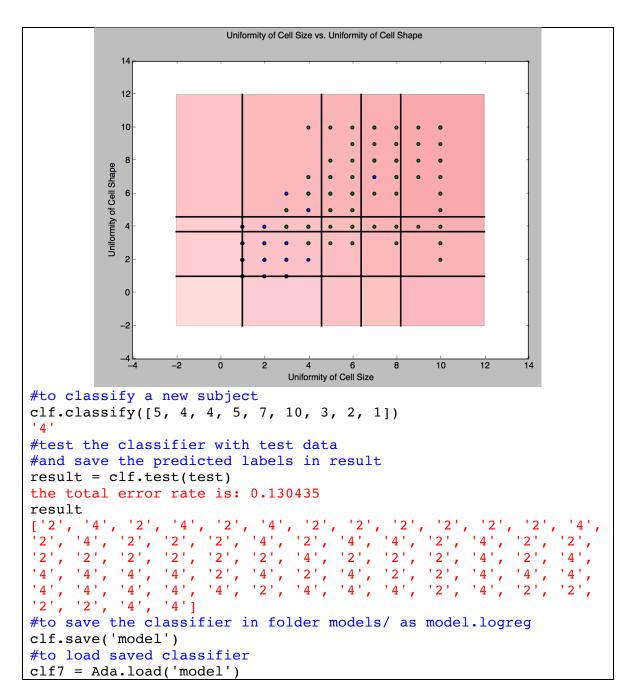
```
#load SVM module
import SVM
#create a classifier
clf = SVM.build()
#train the classifier with train data
#Here we set C to 100, tolerance to 0.001 and max iteration
number to 400. And use linear kernel.
clf.train(train,C=100,toler=0.001,maxIter=100,kTup=('lin',0))
#to view the model
#we can view the model with 2 features over train dataset
#circled points are support vectors
clf.view('Uniformity of Cell Size','Uniformity of Cell
Shape',train)
```

```
10
         8
                          6
#to classify a new subject
clf.classify([5, 4, 4, 5, 7, 10, 3, 2, 1])
#test the classifier with test data
#and save the predicted labels in result
result = clf.test(test)
the total error rate is: 0.043478
result
121,
                       '4',
                               '2',
           '2',
                           '2',
                                   '2',
   '2',
               '2', '2',
                                        '4',
                                        '4',
, '4'
          , '4', '4', '4', '4', '4', '4', '2', '4',
       '4',
           '4']
   '2',
#to save the classifier in folder models/ as model.logreg
clf.save('model')
#to load saved classifier
clf6 = SVM.load('model')
```

6. AdaBoost

(Only works for bi-class problems)

```
#load Ada module
import Ada
#create a classifier
clf = Ada.build()
#train the classifier with train data
#maximum number of iteration is 50
clf.train(train, numIt=50)
#to view the model
#we can view the model with 2 features over train dataset
#circled points are support vectors
clf.view('Uniformity of Cell Size','Uniformity of Cell
Shape',train)
```



7. Regression

(Only works for numerical classes)

```
#load reg module
from supervised import reg
#create a classifier
clf =reg.build()
#train the classifier with train data, and choose a method
#1.linear regression
clf.train(train, method='linear')
0.869617690359
#2.
```

```
#to view the model
#we can view the model with 2 features over train dataset
#circled points are support vectors
clf.view('Uniformity of Cell Size','Uniformity of Cell
Shape',train)
#to classify a new subject
clf.classify([5, 4, 4, 5, 7, 10, 3, 2, 1])
#test the classifier with test data
#and save the predicted labels in result
result = clf.test(test)
the total error rate is: 0.130435
result
''2',
       '4',
'2', '2', '4', '4']
#to save the classifier in folder models/ as model.logreg
clf.save('model')
#to load saved classifier
clf7 = Ada.load('model')
```

```
#fast start
import data
sample = data.DataSet()
sample.read('sample.txt')
train,test = data.holdOut(sample,0.1)

reload(Ada)
clf = Ada.build()
clf.train(train)
clf.classify([5, 4, 4, 5, 7, 10, 3, 2, 1])
clf.view('Uniformity of Cell Size', 'Uniformity of Cell Shape',train)
```