# Fully Mechanically Controlled Automated Electron Microscopic Tomography

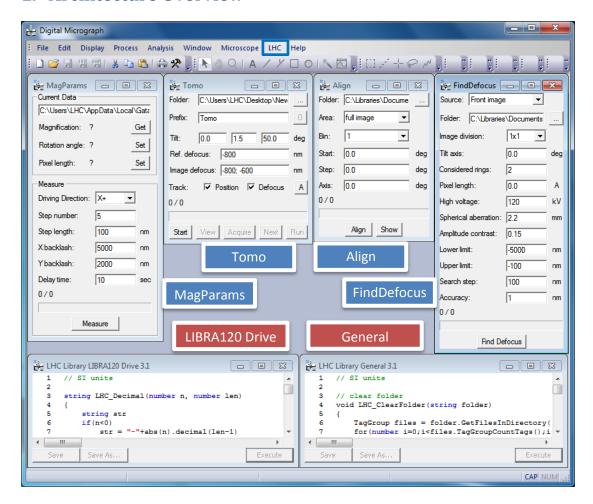
Version 1.0

This User Manual is only applicable for the LIBRA 120 TEM, the Molecular Foundry, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory.

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# 1. Architecture Overview



#### LIBRA120 Drive Library

Drive functions of LIBRA120 TEM (RS232 Protocol).

General Library

Functions including file operation, string processing, math, image processing, etc.

MagParams Dialog

Show or measure the actual magnification (angstrom/pixel) and image rotation angle.

Tomo Dialog

Automatic tomography data collection.

Align Dialog

Align a set of tomography images or a set of multiple exposure images.

FindDefocus Dialog

Find the defocus value of front image or a set of images.

# 2. LIBRA120 Drive Library

- string LHC\_Decimal(number n, number len)
- number LHC\_GetVoltage(void)
- number LHC\_GetMag(void)
- number LHC\_GetMagPointer(void)
- void LHC\_SetMagPointer(number MagPointer)
- number LHC\_GetIllAperture(void)
- void LHC\_SetIllAperture(number ill)
- number LHC\_GetFocusDistance(void)
- void LHC\_SetFocusDistance(number FocusDistance)
- void LHC\_GetGonPos(number &x, number &y, number &z, number &t)
- number LHC\_GetGonX(void)
- number LHC\_GetGonY(void)
- number LHC\_GetGonZ(void)
- number LHC\_GetGonT(void)
- void LHC\_SetGonPos(number x, number y, number z, number t)
- void LHC\_SetGonX(number x)
- void LHC\_SetGonY(number x)
- void LHC\_SetGonZ(number x)
- void LHC\_SetGonT(number x)
- void LHC\_MoveGonPos(number dx, number dy, number dz, number dt)
- void LHC\_ResetBacklash(number xb, number yb, number zb, number tb)

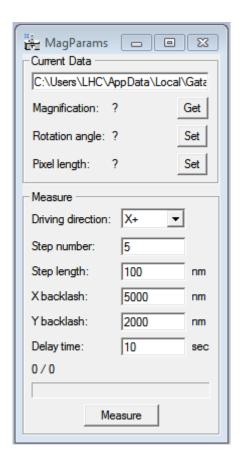
# 3. General Library

- void LHC\_ClearFolder(string folder)
- TagGroup LHC CreateFileNameList(string folder, string suffix)
- TagGroup LHC\_CreateFileNameList(string folder, string prefix, string suffix)
- number LHC\_GetPixelLength(number mag)
- void LHC\_SetPixelLength(number mag, number k)
- void LHC\_DeletePixelLength(number mag)
- number LHC\_GetRotationAngle(number mag)
- void LHC\_SetRotationAngle(number mag, number a)
- void LHC\_DeleteRotationAngle(number mag)
- image LHC\_Val(string str, number &count)
- number LHC\_STD(image img)
- number LHC\_STD(image img1, image img2)
- void LHC Rotate(number &x, number &y, number a)
- image LHC\_Solve2(image A, image B)
- image LHC\_Solve3(image A, image B)
- image LHC\_Regress(image img, image weight, number &rx, number &ry, number &rc)
- image LHC\_Regress(image img, image weight)
- image LHC\_Regress(image img, number &rx, number &ry, number &rc)
- image LHC\_Regress(image img)
- image LHC\_RegressLimit2STD(image img, number &rx, number &ry, number &rc)
- image LHC RegressLimit2STD(image img)
- image LHC\_Resize(image img0, number w, number h)
- image LHC\_Rotate(image img, number a, string m)
- image LHC\_Stretch(image img, number a, number k)
- image LHC\_Filter(image img, number f1, number f2)
- image LHC\_Shift(image img, number sx, number sy)
- number LHC\_CorrCoef(image img1, image img2)
- image LHC CrossCorrelate(image img1,image img2)
- number LHC\_MeasureShift(image img1, image img2, number &sx, number &sy)
- image LHC CalculateCTF(image img)
- image LHC\_CreateCTF(number n, number k, number V, number Cs, number AC, number defocus)
- image LHC\_FindNode(image CTF, number nn)
- image LHC\_CompareCTFs(image CTF1, image CTF2)
- number LHC\_CompareCTFs(image CTF1, image CTF2, image nodes)

- number LHC\_FitCTF(image CTF, number nr, number k, number V, number Cs, number AC, number defocus1, number defocus2, number accuracy)
- image LHC\_FindDefocusMap(image img, number wDiv, number hDiv, number nr, number k, number V, number Cs, number AC, number DefocusMin, number DefocusMax, number DefocusStep, number DefocusAccuracy)

# 4. MagParams

DigitalMicrograph Menu -> LHC -> LHC Dialog MagParams



#### **Current Data**

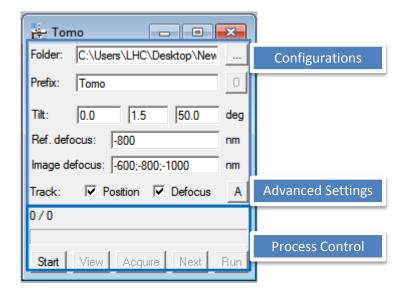
Press "Get" to show current magnification, rotation angle and pixel length if the data was found. Press "Set" to input rotation angle or pixel length for the magnification. Rotation angle is the counterclockwise rotation angle from goniometer coordinate system to image coordinate system.

#### **Measure**

Press "Measure" to measure rotation angle and pixel length of current magnification. During the measuring process, goniometer moves sample along "Driving direction" with specified "Step length" and eliminates backlash according to "X backlash" and "Y backlash" for each step. Images are acquired after each step and "Delay time". Rotation angle and pixel length are calculated according to the accumulated image shift, "Step length" and "Step number".

# 5. Tomo

DigitalMicrograph Menu -> LHC -> LHC Dialog Tomo



# **Configurations**

• Folder:

The save path of tomography images. Press "..." to browse for a new folder.

• Prefix:

The prefix of tomography images. Press "O" to open acquired images when enabled.

• Tilt:

The start, step and stop angles of tilting.

Ref. defocus:

Defines the defocus tracking target.

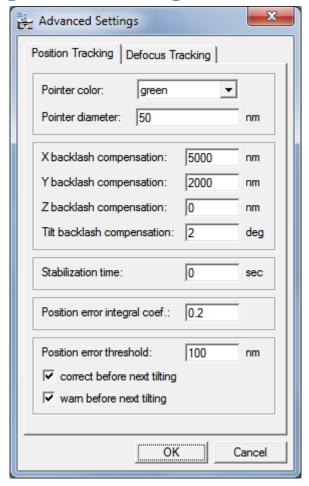
• Image defocus:

Focus is adjusted to acquire multiple images for each tilt angle according to the distance between "Ref. defocus" and "Image defocus". Separate the numbers by ";" or space.

Track:

Check the corresponding boxes to track position and/or defocus. Press "A." to open advanced setting dialog.

# **Advanced Setting 1: Position Tracking**



#### Pointer color & diameter:

Box and circle are two kinds of pointers. The box locates at the center of a frame. The circle locates on the tracking target. The default target is the center of the first image.

Backlash compensation:

Defines a reciprocating motion to compensate backlash after moving goniometer.

Stabilization time:

Defines a time period to stabilize the sample after moving goniometer.

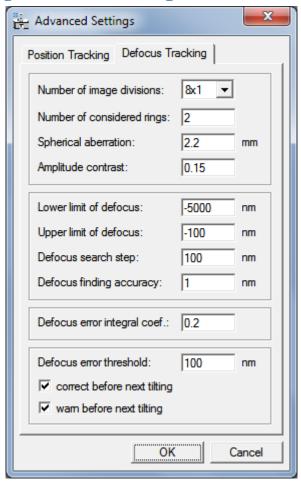
Position error integral coef.:

This coefficient makes a tradeoff between random error and system error of position tracking. Set 0 to minimize the random error and set 1 to minimize the system error.

Position error threshold:

Exceeding the threshold triggers the checked actions in sequence.

# **Advanced Setting 2: Defocus Tracking**



#### CTF fitting parameters:

A image is divided into subareas according to "Number of image divisions". The CTF of each subarea is calculated and compared with the CTF created using "Spherical aberration", "Amplitude contrast" and estimated defocus. This comparison only considers the first several rings specified by "Number of considered rings".

#### Defocus finding parameters:

Based on CTF fitting, the defocus of an image can be found in the range from "Lower limit of defocus" to "Upper limit of defocus". A large "Defocus search step" can speed up defocus finding but increases the risk of falling into a local optimum defocus value. "Defocus finding accuracy" specifies the final accuracy of the result.

#### Defocus error integral coef.:

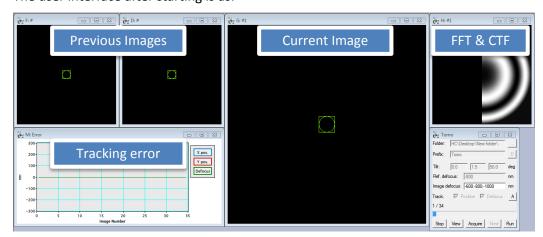
This coefficient makes a tradeoff between random error and system error of defocus tracking. Set 0 to minimize the random error and set 1 to minimize the system error.

Defocus error threshold:
 Exceeding the threshold triggers the checked actions in sequence.

#### **Process Control**

#### Start:

Press "Start" to tilt to start angle with position and defocus tracking if current tilt angle is different from the specified start angle, otherwise start tomography image collection after confirming the configurations. Reset backlash is necessary if you haven't done it. The user interface after starting is as:



Stop:

The "Start" button turns to "Stop" after starting. Press "Stop" to abort current task.

View:

Press "View" to view the sample. Both position error and defocus error are calculated after viewing. Current image, circle and FFT & CTF image are updated after calculation.

Acquire:

Press "Acquire" to acquire and save images of different defocus values. Both position error and defocus error are calculated after acquiring. Current image, circle and FFT & CTF image are updated after calculation.

Next:

Press "Next" to trigger the corresponding actions checked in advanced settings if position error or defocus error exceeds its threshold, otherwise tilt to next angle.

Run:

Press "Run" to execute "View" and "Next" alternately when tilting to start angle, or execute "Acquire" and "Next" alternately when collecting tomography images.

# **Manual Operations**

- Redefine position tracking target:
   Click on current image to define the clicked point as new position tracking target.
- Move image:
   Click on current image with "Ctrl" pressed to move the clicked point to frame center.
- Switch display mode of FFT & CTF:

Click on the left hand side of FFT & CTF image to switch between full FFT and center FFT modes. Click on the right hand side of FFT & CTF image to switch between target CTF and fitted CTF modes.

#### Redefine found defocus:

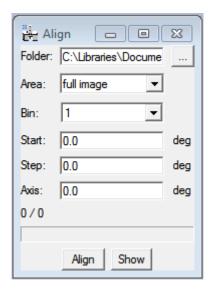
Click on the right hand side of FFT & CTF image with "Ctrl" pressed to input a new defocus value if the found defocus is not correct.

# Change defocus:

Click on the left hand side of FFT & CTF image with "Ctrl" pressed to input an increment of focus distance to change the actual defocus.

# 6. Align

DigitalMicrograph Menu -> LHC -> LHC Dialog Align



• Folder:

The folder of images that need to be aligned. Press "..." to browse for a new folder.

Area:

The subarea used to calculate shift.

Bin:

Select larger value to speed up the calculation and sacrifice accuracy.

Start, Step and Axis:

Specify start, step and tilting axis angles for tomography images to increase accuracy.

Align:

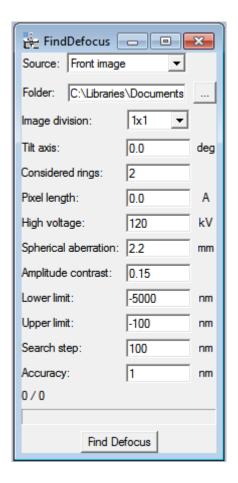
Press "Align" to start to align the images in the folder.

• Show:

Press "Show" to display the images in the folder in sequence.

# 7. FindDefocus

DigitalMicrograph Menu -> LHC -> LHC Dialog FindDefocus



#### Source & Folder:

Find defocus of front image or all the images in the folder.

• Image division, Tilt axis, Considered rings, Pixel length, High voltage, Spherical aberration and Amplitude contrast:

A image is divided into subareas according to "Image division" and "Tilt axis". The CTF of each subarea is calculated and compared with the CTF created using "Pixel length", "High voltage", "Spherical aberration", "Amplitude contrast" and estimated defocus. This comparison only considers the first several rings specified by "Considered rings".

- Lower limit, Upper limit, Search Step and Accuracy:
  - Based on CTF fitting, the defocus of an image can be found in the range from "Lower limit" to "Upper limit". A large "Search step" can speed up defocus finding but increases the risk of falling into a local optimum defocus value. "Accuracy" specifies the final accuracy of the result.
- Find Defocus:

Press "Find Defocus" to start calculation.