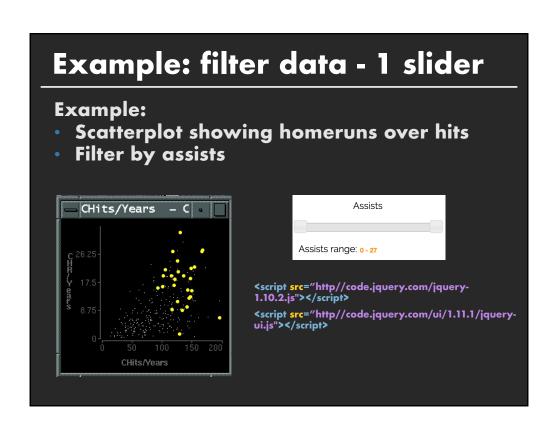
Example: filter data - dropdown

- · Maintain a version of the full data
- On change to dropdown, filter the data according to new selection and re-render

Example: filter data - dropdown var patt = new RegExp("all"); var dataset; d3.csv("stocks.csv", function(error, stocks) { if (error) return console.warn(error); stocks.forEach(function(d) { d.price = +d.price; d.tValue = +d.tValue; d.vol = +d.vol;}); dataset = stocks; drawVis(dataset); function drawVis(data) { //construct the visualization here function filterType(mtype) { var res = patt.test(mtype); if(res){ drawVis(dataset); }else{ var ndata = dataset.filter(function(d) { return d["type"] == mtype; drawVis(ndata);



Example: filter data - 1 slider

```
The range slider (¡Query):
Assists
       <div id="assists" class="slider-range"></div>
       <a href="massistamount">Assists range:</a></a>
       <input type="text" id="assistamount" readonly style="border:0;</pre>
    color:#f6931f; font-weight:bold;">
The handler function:
 $(function() {
    $( "#assists" ).slider({
     range: true,
     min: 0,
     max: maxAssists,
     values: [ 0, maxAssists ],
     slide: function( event, ui ) {
      $( "#assistamount" ).val( ui.values[ 0 ] + " - " + ui.values[ 1 ] );
      filterAssists(ui.values); } });
   $( "#assistamount" ).val( $( "#assists" ).slider( "values", 0 ) +
     " - " + $( "#assists" ).slider( "values", 1 ) ); });
```

Example: filter data - 1 slider

```
var dataset = ... #the full dataset (don't overwrite!)

function filterAssists(values){
   var toVisualize = dataset.filter(function(d) {
       return d["assists"] >= values[0] && d["assists"] < values[1]
   });
   updateVis(toVisualize);
}</pre>
```

What if we also had a dropdown for filtering a nominal variable?

What if we wanted to define a general filter function that could be called by multiple sliders?