

CPSC 3200 Object-Oriented Development

Programming Assignment #4: Due Thursday May 19, 2022 before **MIDNIGHT**

P4 exercises your understanding of operator overloading and memory management in C++. P4 reuses P2 directly with the following changes:

- 1) Modify the driver, P4.cpp, to use smart pointers and the STL
 - a. Your move semantics from P2 will thus be tested again.
 - b. If needed, correct P2 move constructor and/or move assignment operator
- 2) Augment the type definition of **gridFlea**, as noted below
- 3) Expand the interfaces of both **gridFlea** and **inFest** to include the overloading of comparison and addition (see below) and all other appropriate operators.
 - a. ***Focus on client expectations for use of type.***
 - b. *Remember type definition is concerned with consistency.*

Use ProgrammingByContract for documentation.

DO NOT hard code

Part I: Class design

- 1) class (type) definitions from P2 are the same EXCEPT now any **gridFlea** may jump outside grid boundaries, *at most once*, **and** the jump cannot be more than z squares away from the boundary.
- 2) Overload operators in both type definitions to meaningfully support comparison
- 3) Support addition for both types, via one or more operators
 - a. you decide meaning and extent**
 - b. At least one type should support ++
 - c. Determine the ripple effect(s) of supporting addition
 - i. mixed-mode addition?
 - ii. short-cut assignment?
 - iii. pre & post increment.?
 - d. Make reasonable design decisions so that your classes streamline the manipulation of **gridFlea** and **inFest** objects for clients
 - e. Communicate assumptions and use via ProgrammingByContract
- 4) Define and implement any additional overloaded operators needed for consistency

**Consider, for example, if it is reasonable to add:

- a number to either type?
- a **gridFlea** to a **gridFlea**?
- a **inFest** to a **inFest**?
- a **gridFlea** to a **inFest**? etc.

Clearly, many, many details are missing.

Use ProgrammingByContract to specify:

- pre and post conditions; interface, implementation and class invariants.
- Intent of operator overloading should be well-documented

Part II: Driver

Design a *functionally decomposed* driver to demonstrate program requirements.

Unit testing is not required or expected.

You should have *a collection* of distinct objects, initialized appropriately, i.e.

random distribution of objects with arbitrary, initial, reasonable values

meaningful values for non-arbitrary initial values, etc.

To test move semantics, you must use some type -- vectors, lists, etc., from the STL

Additionally:

- 1) Do NOT use raw pointers
- 2) Demonstrate your understanding of smart pointers by using both `unique_ptr` and `shared_ptr` instead of raw pointers to reference heap-allocated `inFest` objects
- 3) Use a STL container
Add and remove heap-allocated `inFest` objects to this container
- 4) Demonstrate copying of `inFest` objects via call by value

Upload your files to BOTH Canvas and cs1

cs1 uses same submission process – substitute ‘p4’ for ‘p2’

`/home/fac/dingle/submit/22sq3200/p4_runme`

Do NOT upload zip files