

## CPSC 3200 Object-Oriented Development

Programming Assignment #3: Due Friday April 29, 2022 before **MIDNIGHT**  
***P3 exercises your understanding of inheritance and Dependency Injection***

*For an acceptable P3 submission:*

1. Design using inheritance and Dependency Injection
2. Using C#, fulfill requirements as specified in steps 1-7 from P1

### **Part I: Class Design**

Design an inheritance hierarchy of *dataExtractors*, where each *dataExtractor* object encapsulates two integer arrays *x* and *y* that individually contain only unique values. They may be of different lengths but each must be of some minimum (which varies by object) non-zero length. *x* is acquired via Dependency Injection; hence, a defined error response is expected. Invalid client requests cause a state change.

A *dataExtractor* object supports client requests to retrieve data as follows.

- 1) *any()* -- returns some composite from array *x* and/or array *y*
- 2) *target(z)* – returns *z* values selected according to state
  - a. from either array *x* or array *y*
  - b. where all values are either odd or even
- 3) *sum(z)* – returns the sum of *z* values according to state
  - a. from either array *x* or array *y*
  - b. where all values are either odd or even

Define two descendant classes, where

*dataHalf* object is-a *dataExtractor* and thus operates like a *dataExtractor* object, except that:

- a. every number in *x* is divided by 2
- b. when the number of failed client requests exceeds a bound (which varies from object to object), the object is deactivated
- c. *any()* – returns the same composite for two successive requests  
*the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> any() request return the same composite*  
*the 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> any() request return the same composite*

*dataPlus* object is-a *dataExtractor* and thus operates like a *dataExtractor* object, except that:

- a. *y* is initially concatenated with *a*, where *a* is not the same number across all objects  
e.g. if *y* is [3, 44, 7, 56, 2] then *ya* could be [3, 44, 7, 56, 2, 871]
- b. upon every  $n == j * \text{kth}$  client request, where *j* starts at 1 and increments with every *kth* request, and *k* varies from object to object, *n* is concatenated to the end of current array *y*.
- c. *target(z)* – returns *z* odd values from array *x* concatenated with *z* even values from array *y*

***Many details are missing.***

***You MUST make and DOCUMENT your design decisions!!***

***Do NOT tie your type definition to the Console.***

Use Unit Testing to verify functionality of each class => 3 test files.

### **Part II: Driver (P3.cs) -- External Perspective of Client – tests inheritance hierarchy design**

The P3 driver must test the use of all 3 types together.

Unit Testing ensures the functionality of each type, separately.

Thus, the driver will differ from the unit tests which test each type separately.

- 1) Use at least one heterogeneous collection for testing collective functionality
- 2) Instantiate a variety of objects
- 3) Trigger a variety of mode changes