## **Conditionals Cheat Sheet**

In earlier videos, we took a look at some of the built-in Python operators that allow us to compare values, and some logical operators we can use to combine values. We also learned how to use operators in if-else-elif blocks.

It's a lot to learn but, with practice, it gets easier to remember it all. In the meantime, this handy cheat sheet gives you all the information you need at a glance.

## Comparison operators

- a == b: a is equal to b
- a != b: a is different than b
- a < b: a is smaller than b
- a <= b: a is smaller or equal to b</li>
- a > b: a is bigger than b
- a >= b: a is bigger or equal to b

## Logical operators

- a and b: True if both a and b are True. False otherwise.
- a or b: True if either a or b or both are True. False if both are False.
- not a: True if a is False, False if a is True.

## **Branching blocks**

In Python, we branch our code using if, else and elif. This is the branching syntax:

```
1 if condition1:
2   if-block
3   elif condition2:
4   elif-block
5   else:
6   else-block
7
```

Remember: The if-block will be executed if condition1 is True. The elif-block will be executed if condition1 is False and condition2 is True. The else block will be executed when all the specified conditions are false.