Keep Learning

GRADE 75%

TO PASS 70% or higher

Retake the assignment in **7h 56m**

Module 2: Assessment (Graded)

LATEST SUBMISSION GRADE

75%

1.	Why is it suggested that story point values be chosen from a Fibonacci sequence?	0 / 1 point
	It is a good idea to round up estimates because management will cut them back.	
	You can check whether an estimate is accurate if it is a Fibonacci number.	
	Fibonacci numbers are well known to managers and developers.	
	Larger user stories have more uncertainty, so they are estimated more coarsely.	
	Incorrect Effort estimates should not be negotiated between developers and management.	
2.	Suppose completing user story A is estimated to be 2 story points. Relative to that, completing user story B is estimated to be twice the effort. How many story points are needed to complete both user stories? Use a Fibonacci number for each user story estimate.	1/1 point
	○ 8	
	○ 6	
	7	
	<u> </u>	
	✓ Correct	
	Correct answer. The estimate for user story B would be 5 story points (twice the	

3.	The developers say the work for it is half done. How many story points would the partial work contribute toward their velocity for the sprint?	1/1 point
	0	
	6.5	
	<u> </u>	
	8	
	✓ Correct	
	Correct answer. Velocity counts only the points of user stories that are completely done.	
4.	A development team estimates their velocity to be 15 story points per sprint, based on data from a similar project with the same developers, type of software product, and sprint duration. For the current project, after the first few sprints, their actual velocity was calculated to be 12 story points per sprint. What should be done for the next sprint?	1 / 1 point
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4.	data from a similar project with the same developers, type of software product, and sprint duration. For the current project, after the first few sprints, their actual velocity was calculated to be 12 story points per sprint. What should be done for the next sprint? Continue to use 15 story points per sprint as their estimated velocity. Increase the sprint duration by 25 per cent.	1 / 1 point

A development team is planning their fourth sprint, and have three prior sprints of

actual velocities. To estimate their velocity for the upcoming sprint using this data,

1 / 1 point

what issues should their estimation technique address? Choose the 2 that are correct.
Generate a Fibonacci number.
Consider that the velocity numbers may not be stable early on in a project.
✓ Correct
This is a correct answer because early in a project, the actual velocity number may be very volatile on which to base an estimate.
Weight highly the most recent actual velocity number.
Review whether the velocity numbers would be representative for the next sprint.
Correct This is a correct answer because the situation behind a past sprint should be understood, which might require an adjustment to the actual velocity to be used in the estimate.
Suppose there is a project for a software product with an inception phase followed by $0/1 \text{ point}$ 5 development sprints, ending with a target date to present the product at a trade show. What needs to be flexible to apply Scrum to plan this project?
The definition of "done".
The sprint time box.
The target date.
O Scope.
Incorrect The sprint duration once defined is not flexible in Scrum.

7. Besides task planning, how can Gantt charts be adapted to do release planning? Choose the 2 that are correct.

6.

Use user stories rather than tasks as the items of work.		
 Correct This is a correct answer because release planning involves determining which user stories should be worked on in which sprints. 		
Label each task with the sprint it is for.		
Define release tasks.		
Show a time period spanning the current and next couple of sprints.		
Correct This is a correct answer because release planning typically looks ahead a few sprints.		
Release planning considers the priorities of the user stories in the product backlog, where "should do" means, and "could do" means		
O low priority / medium priority		
out of scope / important but not necessary		
important but not necessary / out of scope		
medium priority / low priority		
Correct Correct answer. "Should do" means medium priority and "could do" means low		

8.