Kyty - PS4 & PS5 emulator

Contents

1. Loadind the program.	1
1.1. kyty_load_elf_func()	2
1.2. kyty_load_symbols()	3
1.3. kyty_execute()	3
2. LibVideoOut	4
2.1. VideoOutOpen().	6
2.2. VideoOutGetResolutionStatus(): RetByRef VideoOutResolutionStatus of the handle	6
2.3. VideoOutAddFlipEvent(udata)	6
2.4. VideoOutSetBufferAttribute()	6
2.5. VideoOutRegisterBuffers()	
2.6. VideoOutSubmitFlip()	7
3. LibGraphics	

Using Worms W.M.D as example

1. Loadind the program

Tldr: All elf files and libaries are loaded, their exported/imported symbols are mapped and relocated. run_entry() and game_main_loop() run concurrently

Rough overview about the loading and symbol linking of the program/game. Ends with the jump into the program.

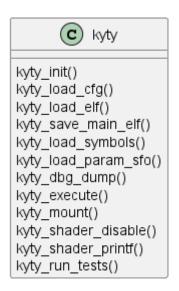


Figure 1. Kyty Lua functions (for the init process). Registerd by kyty_reg() in Kyty.cpp

1.1. kyty_load_elf_func()

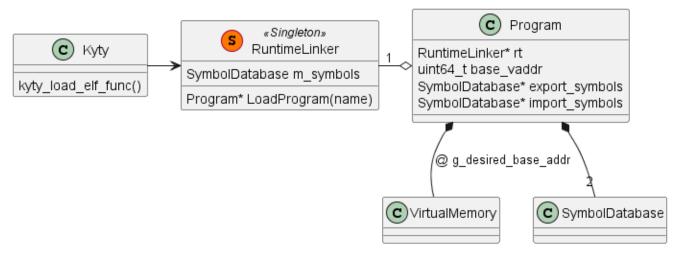


Figure 2. Class: RuntimeLinker

The selected files (here) eboot.bin, libc.prx and libSceFios2.prx are loaded to g_desired_base_addr by calling <code>RuntimeLinker::LoadProgram()</code>.

Hint: Loading/Parsing the program initially is done by "Emulator/Loader/elf64"

"g_desired_base_addr += CODE_BASE_INCR * (1 + alloc_size / CODE_BASE_INCR)"

The segments: code, data (read only) and data (read &write) are read and loaded to the programs virtualMemory afterwards.

todo: tls header patch?

Table 1. LoadProgram memory layout

file	address
eboot.bin	0x0000000900000000 code
	0x0000000900f60000 data ro
	0x0000000901010000 data rw
libc.prx	0x0000000920000000 code
	0x00000009200b8000 data ro
	0x00000009200c0000 data rw
libSceFios2.prx	0x000000930000000 code
	0x000000930058000 data ro
	0x00000093005c000 data rw

After loading a file to memory, its symbol database is created for the exported/imported functions by calling *CreateSymbolDatabase(Program)*.

Next step is to load libraries which provide the necessary symbols.

1.2. kyty_load_symbols()

Available libs are hardcoded currently. See emulator/src/Libs/Libs.cpp. Every library provides an *Init*-function* (e.g. InitVideoOut_1) and is directly called by *kyty_load_symbols()*. It adds its functions to the SymbolDatabase RuntimeLinker::m_symbols

 \Rightarrow Every program has its two own SymbolDatabase for export/import and RuntimeLinker holds all symbols from the provided libraries.

1.3. kyty_execute()

Runs RuntimeLinker::execute() on a newly created thread ("MainThread").

The process-thread calls WindowRun(), which initializes the window and vulkan first and then jumps to the game_main_loop(), afterwards.

Both are now running concurrently.

1.3.1. RuntimeLinker::execute()

Initializes the thread by calling PthreadAttrInit():

```
[9][00:00:00.114] libkernel::libkernel::PthreadAttrInit()
[9][00:00:00.114] libkernel::libkernel::PthreadAttrSetinheritsched()
[9][00:00:00.114] libkernel::libkernel::PthreadAttrSetschedparam()
[9][00:00:00.114] libkernel::libkernel::PthreadAttrSetschedpolicy()
[9][00:00:00.114] libkernel::libkernel::PthreadAttrSetdetachstate()
[9][00:00:00.114] libkernel::libkernel::PthreadAttrGetaffinity()
[9][00:00:00.114] libkernel::libkernel::PthreadAttrGetdetachstate()
[9][00:00:00.115] libkernel::libkernel::PthreadAttrGetguardsize()
[9][00:00:00.115] libkernel::libkernel::PthreadAttrGetinheritsched()
[9][00:00:00.115] libkernel::libkernel::PthreadAttrGetschedparam()
[9][00:00:00.115] libkernel::libkernel::PthreadAttrGetschedpolicy()
[9][00:00:00.115] libkernel::libkernel::PthreadAttrGetstackaddr()
[9][00:00:00.115] libkernel::libkernel::PthreadAttrGetstacksize()
   cpu_mask
                  = 0x7f
   detach state
                  = 0
   guard_size
                  = 4096
   inherit_sched = 4
   sched_priority = 700
   policy
                  = 1
   stack addr
                 stack_size
                 = 0
```

Next, calls RelocateAll():

```
--- Relocate program: */eboot.bin ---
--- Relocate program: */sce_module/libc.prx ---
```

```
--- Relocate program: */sce_module/libSceFios2.prx ---
```

In short, it sets the symbols from the symbolDatabases.

Before running the program, the modules have to be initialized- StartAllModules(). It calls the modules init-function.

The main-program is now ready to be called-run_entry()

2. LibVideoOut

Init: Sets the resolution Roughly describing the requirements for LibVideoOut API

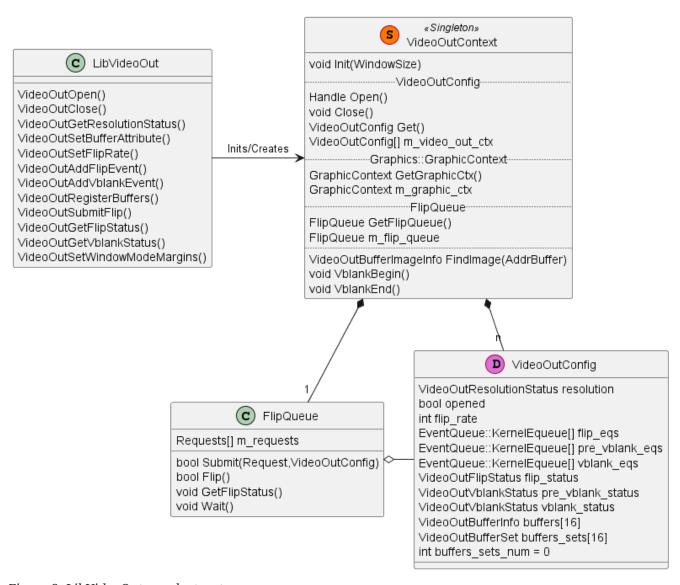
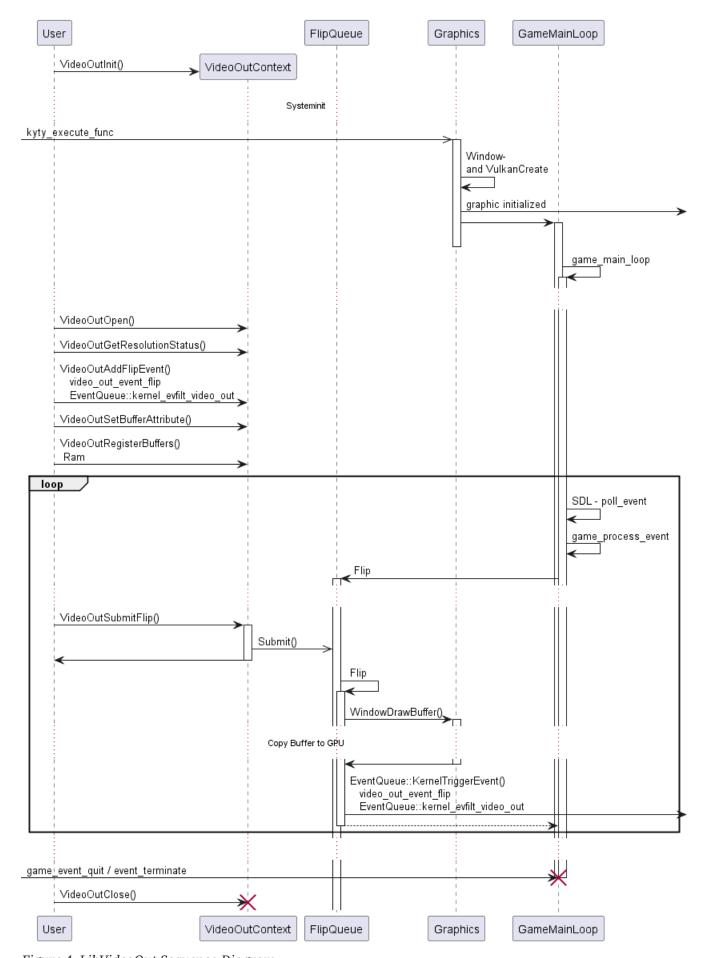


Figure 3. LibVideoOut rough structure



 $Figure\ 4.\ Lib Video Out\ Sequence-Diagram$

TIP SDL Event and Flip can run concurrently. FlipQueue could run in a loop and be

2.1. VideoOutOpen()

Checks if a unused VideoOutConfig is available (1..VIDEO_OUT_NUM_MAX) and initializes it.+ Array Index "starts" with 1. Index is returned.

2.2. VideoOutGetResolutionStatus(): RetByRef VideoOutResolutionStatus of the handle

2.3. VideoOutAddFlipEvent(udata)

```
Creates KernelEqueueEvent, adds it to the KernelEventQueue and VideoOutConfig::flip_eqs
```

```
Ident: VIDEO_OUT_EVENT_FLIP_Queue
Queue: KERNEL_EVFILT_VIDEO_OUT
    event.filter.data = videoOutConfig
    event.event.udata = udata

callbacks:
    flip_event_delete_func
    flip_event_reset_func
    flip_event_trigger_func
```

2.4. VideoOutSetBufferAttribute()

```
Only wants the VideoOutBufferAttribute. Which is filled only with the information provided as values.
-> No Internal changes
```

2.5. VideoOutRegisterBuffers()

```
start_index = 0
buffer_num = 2
pixel_format = 0x80000000
tiling_mode = 0
aspect_ratio = 0
width = 1920
height = 1080
pitch_in_pixel = 1920
```

```
option = 0
```

Calls Graphics::WindowWaitForGraphicInitialized() and Graphics::GraphicsRenderCreateContext().

```
for start_index < buffer_num
Graphics::GpuMemoryCreateObject()</pre>
```

NOTE

Creates the VideoOutBuffers at the provided **addresses (Sysstem Memory)** and stores them in VideoOutConfig::buffers.

buffer := System Memory Address, buffer_vulkan := GpuMemoryCreateObject

2.6. VideoOutSubmitFlip()

g_video_out_context → GetFlipQueue().Submit(ctx, index, flip_arg)

→ Draws the vulkan_buffer to videoOut and increments the frame counter.

3. LibGraphics



Figure 5. LibGraphics exported Functions

User (Program) collects commands into one cmd buffer and calls GraphicsSubmitCommandBuffers() afterwards.

```
Functions info put into the cmd buffer:

User -> Graphics: GraphicsDrawInitDefaultHardwareState200

User -> Graphics: GraphicsSetVsShader

User -> Graphics: GraphicsSetPsShader

User -> Graphics: GraphicsUpdateVsShader

...
```

cmd consists of:

```
(uint32_t) cmd[0] = KYTY_PM4(size, Pm4::IT_NOP, Pm4::R_VS_UPDATE); // Always
(Completly custom?)
(uint32_t) cmd[1..n] // Dependent on command
```

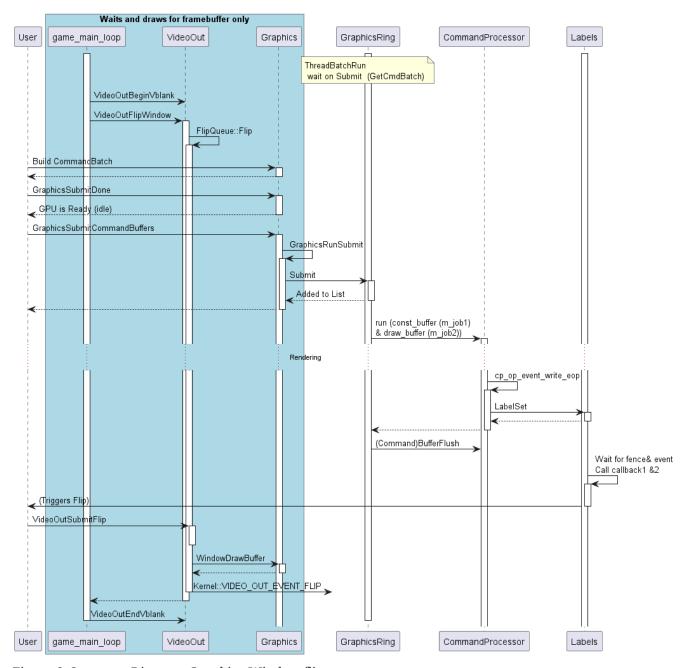


Figure 6. Sequence-Diagram Graphics-Window flip

GraphicsSubmitCommandBuffers() \rightarrow GraphicsRing::ThreadBatchRun \rightarrow CommandProcessor::Run() runs async for draw_buffer and const_buffer. (const_buffer is mostly idle, draw_buffer does all the work)

g_cp_op_func and **g_hw_ctx_func**, defined by graphics_init_jmp_tables(), forward these commands.

Currently defined g_cp_op_func

```
[Pm4::IT_NOP] :=cp_op_nop;
Pm4::R_ZERO
```

```
Pm4::R VS: := hw ctx set vs shader()
    Pm4::R_PS: := hw_ctx_set_ps_shader()
    Pm4::R_CS: := hw_ctx_set_cs_shader()
    Pm4::R_DRAW_INDEX: := cp_op_draw_index()
    Pm4::R_DRAW_INDEX_AUTO: := cp_op_draw_index_auto()
    Pm4::R_DISPATCH_DIRECT: := cp_op_dispatch_direct()
    Pm4::R_DISPATCH_RESET: := cp_op_dispatch_reset()
    Pm4::R_DISPATCH_WAIT_MEM: := cp_op_wait_on_address()
    Pm4::R DRAW RESET: := cp op draw reset()
    Pm4::R_WAIT_FLIP_DONE: := cp_op_wait_flip_done()
    Pm4::R_PUSH_MARKER: := cp_op_push_marker()
    Pm4::R_POP_MARKER: := cp_op_pop_marker()
    Pm4::R_VS_EMBEDDED: := hw_ctx_set_vs_embedded()
    Pm4::R_PS_EMBEDDED: := hw_ctx_set_ps_embedded()
    Pm4::R_VS_UPDATE: := hw_ctx_update_vs_shader()
    Pm4::R_PS_UPDATE: := hw_ctx_update_ps_shader()
[Pm4::IT DRAW INDEX 2]
                                  :=cp_op_draw_index;
[Pm4::IT INDEX TYPE]
                                  :=cp_op_index_type;
[Pm4::IT_NUM_INSTANCES]
                                  :=cp_op_num_instances;
[Pm4::IT_DRAW_INDEX_AUTO]
                                  :=cp_op_draw_index_auto;
[Pm4::IT WAIT REG MEM]
                                  :=cp_op_wait_reg_mem;
[Pm4::IT_WRITE_DATA]
                                  :=cp_op_write_data;
[Pm4::IT_INDIRECT_BUFFER]
                                  :=cp_op_indirect_buffer;
[Pm4::IT_EVENT_WRITE]
                                  :=cp_op_event_write;
[Pm4::IT_EVENT_WRITE_EOP]
                                  :=cp_op_event_write_eop;
[Pm4::IT_EVENT_WRITE_EOS]
                                  :=cp_op_event_write_eos;
[Pm4::IT_RELEASE_MEM]
                                  :=cp_op_release_mem;
[Pm4::IT_DMA_DATA]
                                  :=cp_op_dma_data;
[Pm4::IT_ACQUIRE_MEM]
                                  :=cp_op_acquire_mem;
[Pm4::IT_SET_CONTEXT_REG]
                                  :=cp_op_set_context_reg; => forwards to
*g_hw_ctx_func
[Pm4::IT_SET_SH_REG]
                                  :=cp_op_set_shader_reg;
[Pm4::IT_SET_UCONFIG_REG]
                                  :=cp_op_set_uconfig_reg;
                                  :=cp_op_write_const_ram;
[Pm4::IT_WRITE_CONST_RAM]
[Pm4::IT_DUMP_CONST_RAM]
                                  :=cp_op_dump_const_ram;
[Pm4::IT_INCREMENT_CE_COUNTER]
                                  :=cp_op_increment_ce_counter;
[Pm4::IT INCREMENT DE COUNTER]
                                  :=cp_op_increment_de_counter;
[Pm4::IT_WAIT_ON_CE_COUNTER]
                                  :=cp_op_wait_on_ce_counter;
[Pm4::IT_WAIT_ON_DE_COUNTER_DIFF] :=cp_op_wait_on_de_counter_diff;
```

Currently defined g_hw_ctx_func

```
[Pm4::DB_RENDER_CONTROL]
                                          = hw_ctx_set_render_control;
[Pm4::DB STENCIL CLEAR]
                                         = hw ctx set stencil clear;
[Pm4::DB_DEPTH_CLEAR]
                                         = hw_ctx_set_depth_clear;
[Pm4::PA_SC_SCREEN_SCISSOR_TL]
                                         = hw_ctx_set_screen_scissor;
[Pm4::DB Z INFO]
                                         = hw_ctx_set_depth_render_target;
[Pm4::DB_STENCIL_INFO]
                                          = hw_ctx_set_stencil_info;
                                          = hw_ctx_hardware_screen_offset;
[0x08d]
                                          = hw_ctx_set_render_target_mask;
[0x08e]
```

```
[Pm4::PA_SC_GENERIC_SCISSOR_TL]
                                         = hw_ctx_set_generic_scissor;
                                         = hw_ctx_set_blend_color;
[Pm4::CB_BLEND_RED]
[Pm4::DB_STENCIL_CONTROL]
                                         = hw_ctx_set_stencil_control;
[Pm4::DB_STENCILREFMASK]
                                         = hw_ctx_set_stencil_mask;
[Pm4::SPI_PS_INPUT_CNTL_0]
                                         = hw_ctx_set_ps_input;
[Pm4::DB_DEPTH_CONTROL]
                                         = hw_ctx_set_depth_control;
[Pm4::DB_EQAA]
                                         = hw_ctx_set_eqaa_control;
[Pm4::CB_COLOR_CONTROL]
                                         = hw_ctx_set_color_control;
[0x204]
                                         = hw_ctx_set_clip_control;
[Pm4::PA_SU_SC_MODE_CNTL]
                                         = hw_ctx_set_mode_control;
                                         = hw_ctx_set_viewport_transform_control;
[0x206]
[Pm4::PA_SU_LINE_CNTL]
                                         = hw_ctx_set_line_control;
[Pm4::PA_SC_MODE_CNTL_0]
                                         = hw_ctx_set_scan_mode_control;
[Pm4::PA_SC_AA_CONFIG]
                                         = hw_ctx_set_aa_config;
[Pm4::PA_SC_AA_SAMPLE_LOCS_PIXEL_X0Y0_0] = hw_ctx_set_aa_sample_control;
[Pm4::VGT_SHADER_STAGES_EN]
                                         = hw_ctx_set_shader_stages;
                                         = hw_ctx_set_guard_bands;
[0x2fa]
```