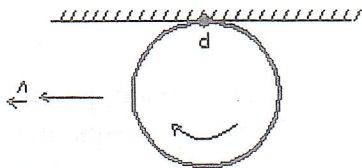


46. A wheel rolls without slipping along a horizontal road as shown. The velocity of the center of the wheel is represented by \rightarrow . Point P is painted on the rim of the wheel. The instantaneous velocity of point P is:



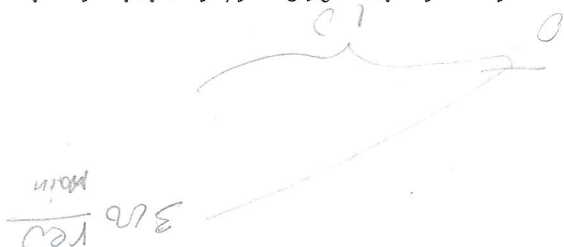
- A) \rightarrow
 B) \rightarrow
 C) \downarrow
 D) \nearrow
 E) zero

47. A uniform disk has radius R and mass M . When it is spinning with angular velocity ω about an axis through its center and perpendicular to its face its angular momentum is $I\omega$. When it is spinning with the same angle velocity about a parallel axis a distance h away its angular momentum is:

- A) $I\omega$
 B) $(I + MR^2)\omega$
 C) $(I - MR^2)\omega$
 D) $(I + MR^2)\omega$
 E) $(I - MR^2)\omega$

48. Ten seconds after an electric fan is turned on, the fan rotates at 300 rev/min. Its average angular acceleration is:

- A) 3.14 rad/s²
 B) 30 rad/s²
 C) 30 rev/s²
 D) 50 rev/min²
 E) 1800 rev/s²



49. A wheel initially has an angular velocity of 18 rad/s but it is slowing at a rate of 2.0 rad/s². By the time it stops it will have turned through:

- A) 81 rad
 B) 160 rad
 C) 245 rad
 D) 330 rad
 E) 410 rad

$$\theta = \omega_i t + \frac{1}{2} \alpha t^2$$

$$18(9) + \frac{1}{2}(2)(9)^2$$

$$t = 9 \text{ s}$$

$$0 = 18 - 2t$$

$$\omega_f = \omega_i + \alpha t$$