23. A man, holding a weight in each hand, stands at the center of a horizontal frictionless rotating turntable. The effect of the weights is to double the rotational inertia of the system. As he is rotating, the man opens his hands and drops the two weights. They fall

outside the turntable. Then:

07 V=07 17 MJ=7

his angular velocity doubles

b) his angular velocity remains about the same

c) his angular velocity is halved

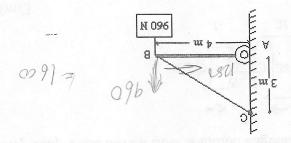
D) the direction of his angular momentum vector changes

E) his rotational kinetic energy increases

24. An ideal spring is hung vertically from the ceiling. When a 2.0-kg mass hangs at rest from it the spring is externded 6.0 cm from its relaxed length. A downward external force is now applied to the mass to extend the spring an additional 10 cm. While the spring is being extended by the force, the work done by the spring is:

2x9. 1c-327 2x9. 1c-327 (A) −3.6 J (B) −3.4 × 10<sup>-5</sup> J (C) −3.4 × 10<sup>-5</sup> J (E) 3.6 J

25. A 960-N block is suspended as shown. The beam AB is weightless and is hinged to the wall at A. The tension force of the cable BC has magnitude:



E) uoue of these (D) 1600 M (D) 1500 M (D) 720 M

29. If a satellite moves above the Earth's atmosphere in a circular orbit with constant speed,

45mo)=1

inen.

A) its acceleration and velocity are in the same direction

(A) the net force on it is zero

(C) its velocity is constant

(C)

its acceleration is toward the Earth

[E) its acceleration is toward the Earth

30. Suppose you have a pendulum clock which keeps correct time on Earth (acceleration due to gravity =  $9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$ ). Without changing the clock, you take it to the Moon (acceleration due to gravity =  $1.6 \text{ m/s}^2$ ). For every hour interval (on Earth) the Moon

clock will record:
A) (9.8/1.6) h
B) 1 h
C) √9.8/1.6 h
D) (1.6/9.8 h
E) √1.6/9.8 h

E)
D)
C)

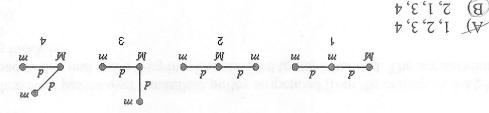
31. The mass of an object:A) is slightly different at different locations on the EarthB) is a vector

is independent of the acceleration due to gravity

D) is the same for all objects of the same size and shape

E) can be measured directly and accurately on a spring scale

32. Three particles, two with mass m and one mass M, might be arranged in any of the four configurations known below. Rank the configurations according to the magnitude of the gravitational force on M, least to greatest.



	the quantity G:	he formula $F = Gm_1m_2/r^2$ ,	di. Int
given	si M to sulav sht see	cannot be computed unle	(B)
	JE: 25 F	s\ber 0411 si	(CI
	1	s\bsr 002 si	()
	7 M.C : C)	s\bsr && si	B)
		s\bsr 880.0 si	$(\mathbb{A}$
si mətsva gring	uency of this mass-	ung on it. The natural freq	ų si
nded vertically and a block of mass M	an when it is suspe	ertain spring elongates 9 r	40. A c
the run 18 18 - 2 1			
12% 80000 5108			
5. 21.08		760 J	E)
5 W S W S		500 l	(D)
	*	1401	(D)=
p-1-m 334	FF.	119	(B)
V 127 343434		-200 J	$(\mathbb{A}$
e work done by the mand is:	of 1.5 m/s <sup>2</sup> , then th	ne crate decreases at a rate	li ìo
ce is parallel to the slope. If the speed	e horizontal. His for	dt diw °0£ To əlgns ns sə	mak
pward along a frictionless slope that	u m 0.2 to sonstsib	ian pushes an 80-N crate a	mΑ.9ε
			He du ya
		never greater than g	E)
		greatest when the velocit	D)
		inversely proportional to	()
	rcement	slqzib ədt ot lanoitroqorq	B
		constant	$\mathbb{A}$
acceleration is:	e magnitude of the	mple harmonic motion, th	is al .8£
5/28 = 6 hh 86-0 =			
TWO GO TO THE MELLINE MOST OF THE MOST		ZS/m ZZ	E)
712(1820) V1855009 6	. \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	<sup>2</sup> s/m 8.£	
7 7 ( 86 4)	SOLA	<sup>2</sup> s/m 8.2	(5)
( ) (	- 001	<sup>2</sup> S/m 4. I	B)
W185500	V)	<sup>2</sup> s/m 12.0	(A
() souse		:ino	ds si
body falling near the surface of Venus	he acceleration of a	s the diameter of Earth. T	time
of Earth and a diameter of about 0.381			

is related to the Sun in the same way that g is related to the Earth

is used only when the Earth is one of the two masses

is a universal constant of nature

C) is greatest at the surface of the Earth

 $\mathbb{A})$  depends on the local value of g

E)

60

B)