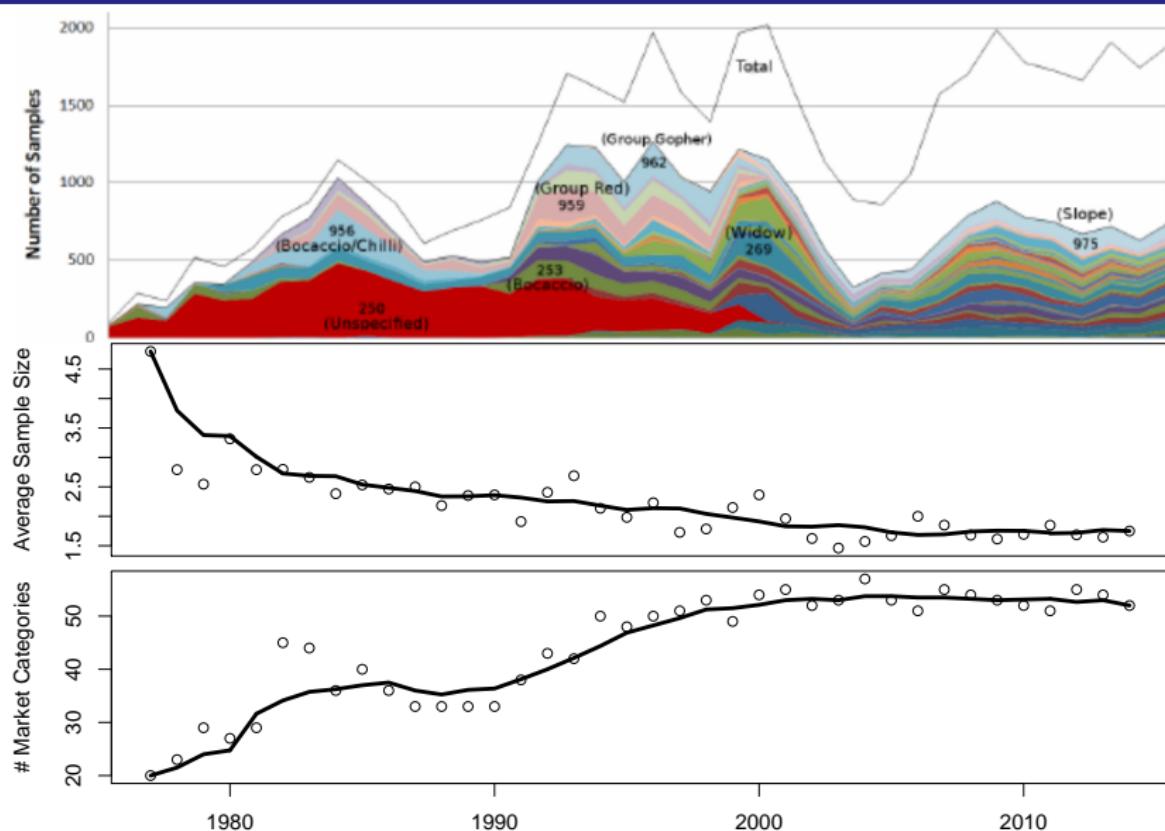


Improving Catch Estimation Methods in Sparsely Sampled, Mixed Stock Fisheries.

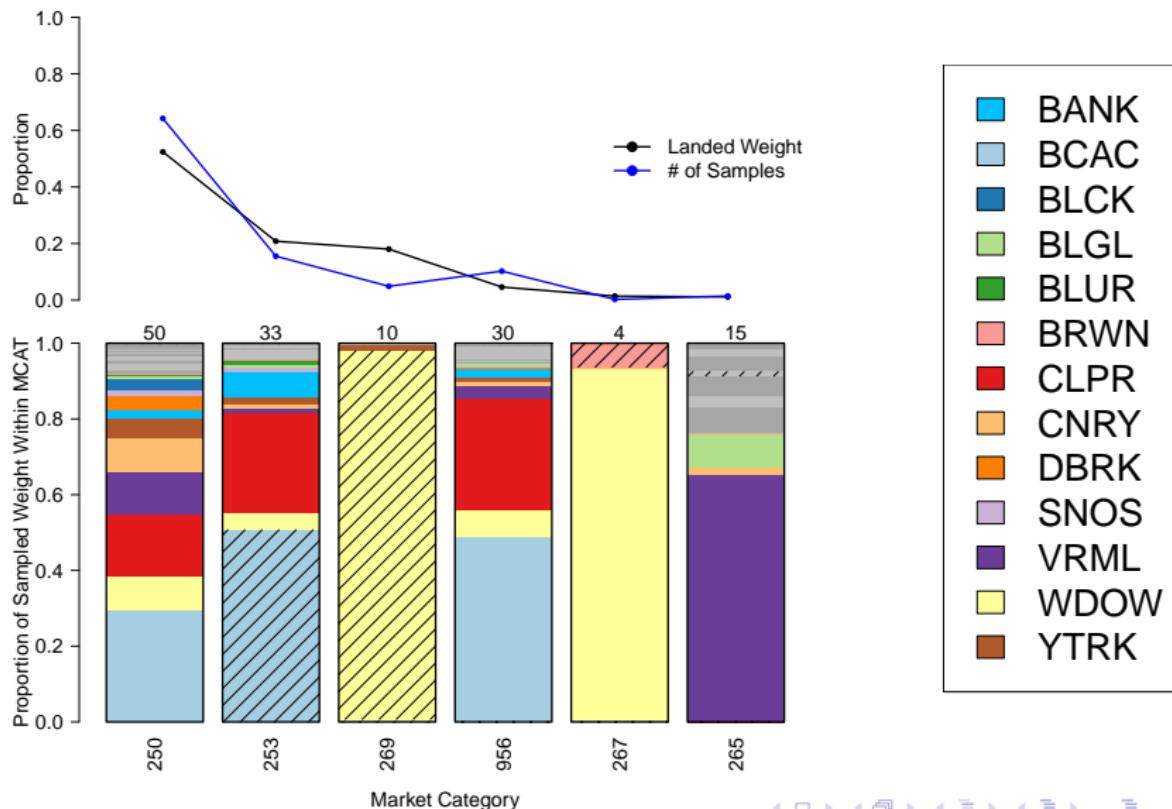
Nick Grunloh

UCSC :: CSTAR :: SWFSC :: NMFS

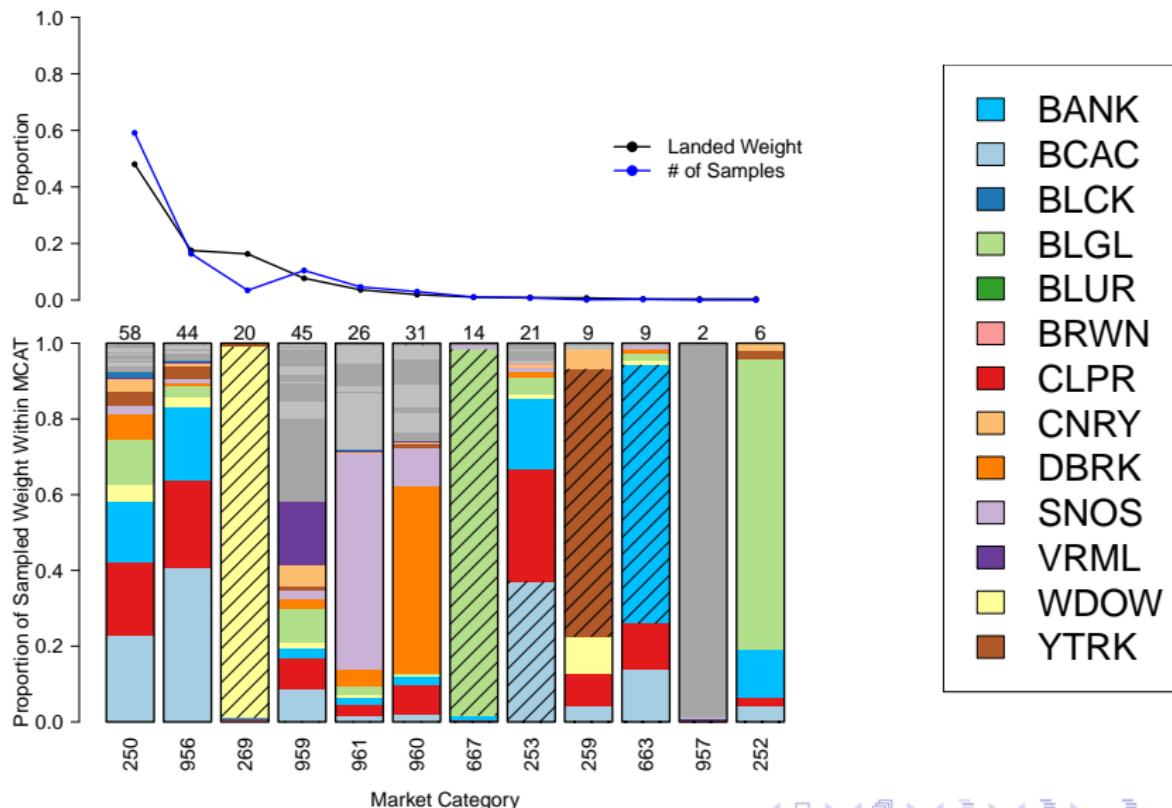
28 March 2018



1978–1982



1983–1990

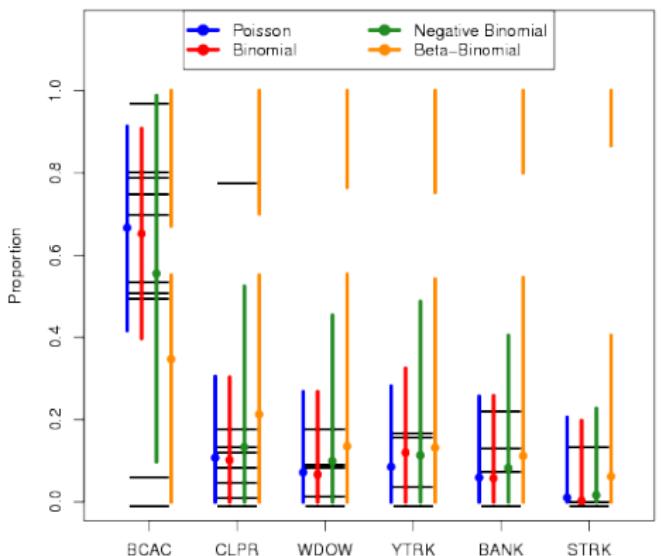


Likelihood

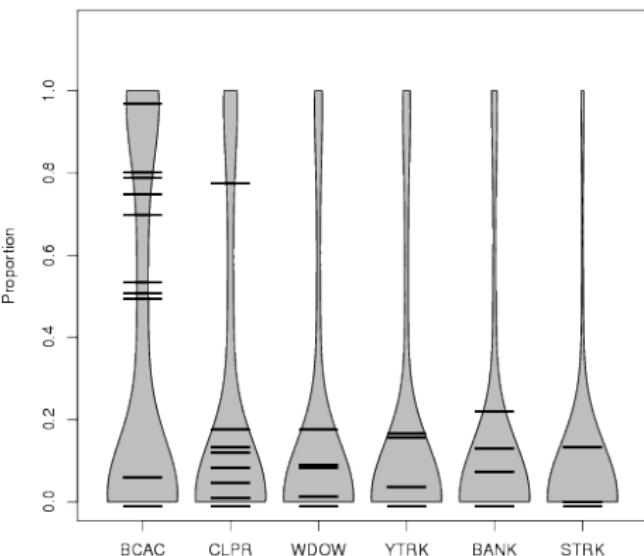
y_{ij} : i^{th} sample of the j^{th} species' integer weight from market category 250, in the Monterey port complex trawl fishery for the second quarter of 1982.

$$y_{ij} \sim \text{Pois}(\theta_j) \quad y_{ij} \sim \text{Bin}(\theta_j) \quad y_{ij} \sim \text{NB}(\theta_j, \phi) \quad y_{ij} \sim \text{BB}(\theta_j, \phi)$$

95% Predictive HDI Model Comparison



Beta-Binomial Posterior Predictive Species Compositions



	Poisson	Binomial	NB	BB
MSE	0.06412	0.06264	0.05171	0.04479
Δ DIC	1001.41	1230.60	5.03	0
Δ WAIC	1079.95	1323.75	3.43	0
$pr(M y)$	≈ 0	≈ 0	$\approx 10^{-7}$	$\approx 1 - 10^{-7}$

Beta-Binomial Model

$$y_{ijklm\eta} \sim \text{Beta-Binomial}\left(\mu_{ijklm\eta}, \sigma_{ijklm\eta}^2\right)$$

$$\mu_{ijklm\eta} = n \text{ logit}^{-1}(\theta_{ijklm\eta})$$

$$\sigma_{ijklm\eta}^2 = \mu_{ijklm\eta} \left(1 - \frac{\mu_{ijklm\eta}}{n}\right) \left(1 + (n-1) \rho\right)$$

$$\theta_{ijklm\eta} = \beta_0 + \beta_j^{(s)} + \beta_k^{(p)} + \beta_l^{(g)} + \beta_{mn}^{(t)}$$

$y_{ijklm\eta}$: i^{th} sample of the j^{th} species' integer weight, in the k^{th} port, caught with the l^{th} gear, in the η^{th} quarter, of year m , for a particular market category.

$j \in \{1, \dots, J\}$ Species
 $k \in \{1, \dots, K\}$ Ports
 $l \in \{1, \dots, L\}$ Gears
 $m \in \{1, \dots, M\}$ Years
 $\eta \in \{1, \dots, H\}$ Quarters

Time Model

(M1)

$$\beta_{m\eta}^{(t)} = \beta_m^{(y)} + \beta_\eta^{(q)}$$

$$\beta_m^{(y)} \sim N(0, 32^2)$$

$$\beta_\eta^{(q)} \sim N(0, 32^2)$$

(M2)

$$\beta_{m\eta}^{(t)} = \beta_m^{(y)} + \beta_\eta^{(q)}$$

$$\beta_m^{(y)} \sim N(0, v^{(y)})$$

$$\beta_\eta^{(q)} \sim N(0, v^{(q)})$$

(M3)

$$\beta_{m\eta}^{(t)} = \beta_m^{(y)} + \beta_\eta^{(q)} + \beta_{m\eta}^{(y:q)}$$

$$\beta_m^{(y)} \sim N(0, v^{(y)})$$

$$\beta_\eta^{(q)} \sim N(0, v^{(q)})$$

$$\beta_{m\eta}^{(y:q)} \sim N(0, v)$$

(M4)

$$\beta_{m\eta}^{(t)} = \beta_{m\eta}^{(y:q)}$$

$$\beta_{m\eta}^{(y:q)} \sim N(0, v)$$

(M5)

$$\beta_{m\eta}^{(t)} = \beta_{m\eta}^{(y:q)}$$

$$\beta_{m\eta}^{(y:q)} \sim N(0, v_\eta)$$

(M6)

$$\beta_{m\eta}^{(t)} = \beta_{m\eta}^{(y:q)}$$

$$\beta_{m\eta}^{(y:q)} \sim N(0, v_m)$$

Priors

$$\beta_0 \propto 1$$

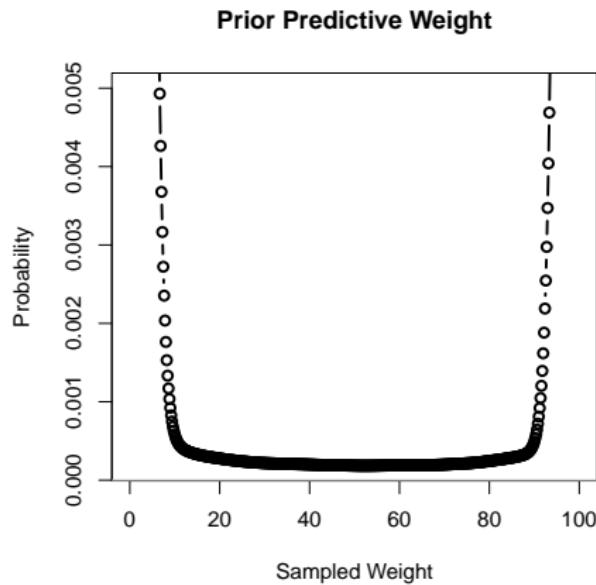
$$\beta_j^{(s)} \sim N(0, 32^2)$$

$$\beta_k^{(p)} \sim N(0, 32^2)$$

$$\beta_l^{(g)} \sim N(0, 32^2)$$

$$\text{logit}(\rho) \sim N(0, 2^2)$$

$$\nu \sim IG(1, 2 \times 10^3) \quad \forall \quad \nu$$



1978-1982

	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	M6
MSE	0.12725	0.12704	0.12680	0.12237	0.12724	0.12657
Δ DIC	2558.56	2259.94	2013.21	0	2175.32	2174.71
Δ WAIC	2562.65	2263.58	2009.32	0	2171.18	2170.56
$pr(M y)$	≈ 0	≈ 0	≈ 0	≈ 1	≈ 0	≈ 0

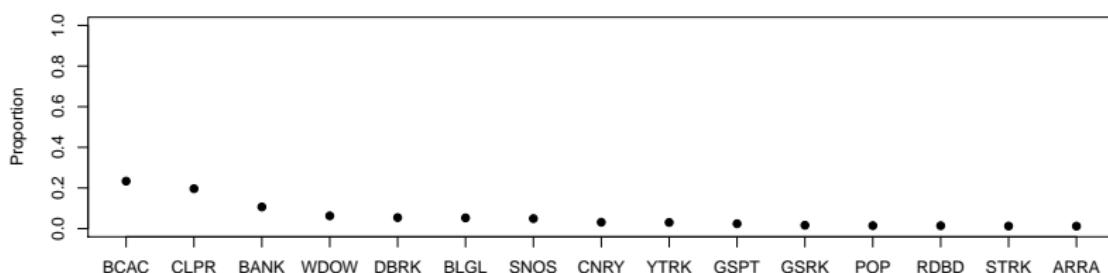
1983-1990*

	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5
MSE	?	?	?	?	?
Δ DIC	-312058.47	-312104.63	-210648.29	-210614.84	-210612.7
Δ WAIC	455961.15	450718.16	-6325.51	-8641.92	-6866.90
$pr(M y)$	-75989.25	-75966.82	-76003.24	-75970.74	-76015.7

Posterior Predictive Weight

$$p(y_{jklm\eta}^* | \mathbf{y}) = \iint \text{BB}\left(y_{jklm\eta}^* | \mu_{jklm\eta}, \sigma_{jklm\eta}^2\right) P\left(\mu_{jklm\eta}, \sigma_{jklm\eta}^2 | \mathbf{y}\right) d\mu_{jklm\eta} d\sigma_{jklm\eta}^2$$

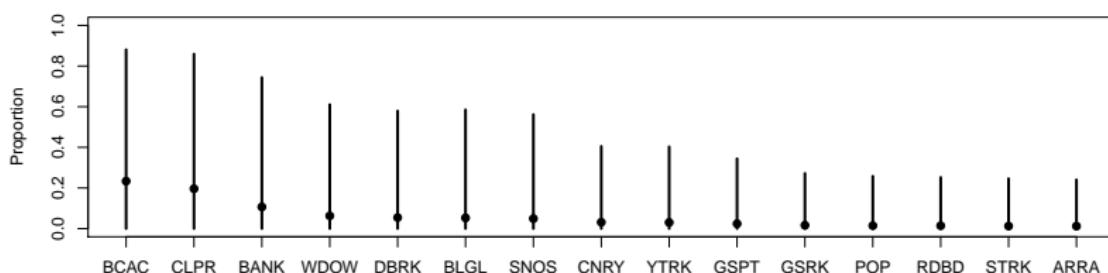
$$\pi_{jklm\eta}^* = \frac{y_{jklm\eta}^*}{\sum_j y_{jklm\eta}^*} \quad \mathbf{y}_{klm\eta}^* \neq \mathbf{0}$$



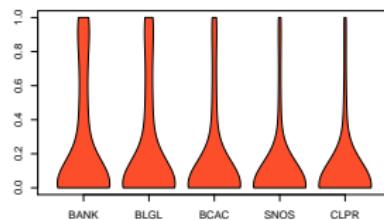
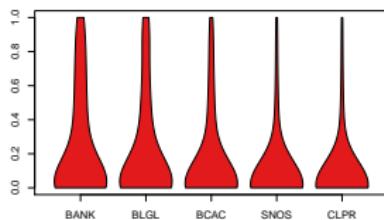
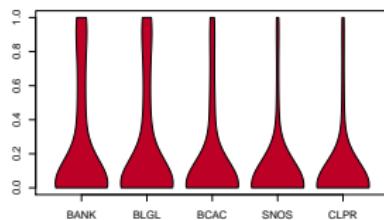
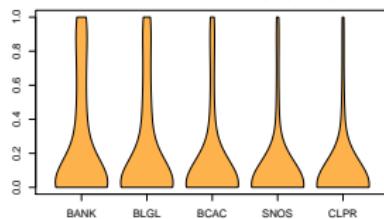
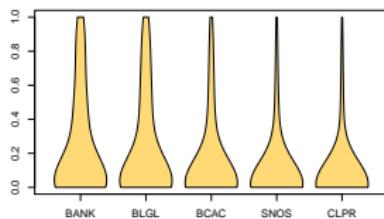
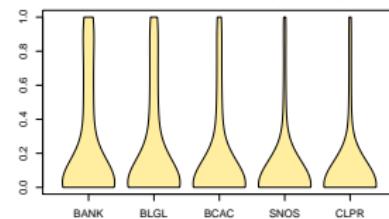
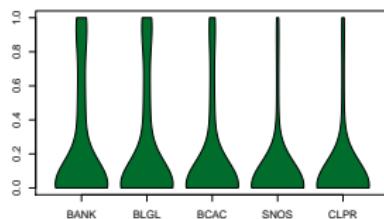
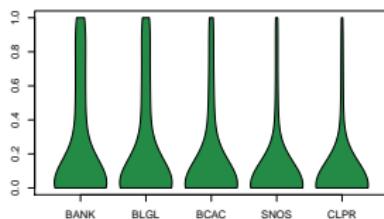
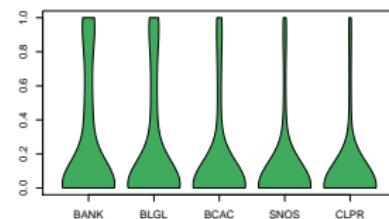
Posterior Predictive Weight

$$p(y_{jklm\eta}^* | \mathbf{y}) = \iint \text{BB}\left(y_{jklm\eta}^* | \mu_{jklm\eta}, \sigma_{jklm\eta}^2\right) P\left(\mu_{jklm\eta}, \sigma_{jklm\eta}^2 | \mathbf{y}\right) d\mu_{jklm\eta} d\sigma_{jklm\eta}^2$$

$$\pi_{jklm\eta}^* = \frac{y_{jklm\eta}^*}{\sum_j y_{jklm\eta}^*} \quad \mathbf{y}_{klm\eta}^* \neq \mathbf{0}$$



Single Quarter Hindcast (MCAT 250) update

HKL**NET****TWL****OSB****OLA**

Predictive Accuracy

	68%	95%	99%
250	67.1%	96.1%	98.7%
253	67.3%	96.3%	98.9%
262	67.4%	93.8%	95.3%
265	69.6%	96.0%	97.8%
269	68.2%	88.8%	90.2%
270	68.6%	93.6%	96.7%
956	68.3%	96.7%	99.2%
959	68.5%	96.3%	98.1%
961	69.3%	93.2%	95.3%
AVG	68.3%	94.5%	96.7%

1978-1982

	68%	95%	99%
245	60.8%	94.9%	97.7%
250	68.1%	96.0%	99.0%
253	69.3%	97.1%	98.9%
259	83.8%	91.9%	92.9%
262	68.5%	95.1%	95.9%
269	68.6%	94.2%	94.7%
270	67.9%	94.2%	96.7%
663	68.1%	94.1%	96.3%
667	69.4%	92.5%	93.5%
956	67.5%	96.2%	99.0%
959	67.4%	96.4%	99.0%
960	68.0%	96.1%	98.6%
961	68.6%	94.6%	97.8%
AVG	68.9%	94.9%	96.9%

1983-1990

Speciated Landings

If $\lambda_{\cdot klm\eta}$ is the observed landings of **all species** in the k^{th} port, caught with the l^{th} gear, in the η^{th} quarter, of year m , in particular market category. Then,

$$\lambda_{jklm\eta}^* = \lambda_{\cdot klm\eta} \pi_{jklm\eta}^*$$

$$\lambda_{jklm\cdot}^* = \sum_{\eta} \lambda_{jklm\eta}^*$$

$$\lambda_{j\cdot lm\cdot}^* = \sum_k \sum_{\eta} \lambda_{jklm\eta}^*$$

$$\lambda_{j..m\cdot}^* = \sum_l \sum_k \sum_{\eta} \lambda_{jklm\eta}^*$$

$$\text{MSE}(\hat{\theta}) = \mathbb{E} \left[(\hat{\theta} - \theta)^2 \right] = \overbrace{\mathbb{E} \left[\left(\hat{\theta} - \mathbb{E}(\hat{\theta}) \right)^2 \right]}^{\text{Var}(\hat{\theta})} + \overbrace{\left(\mathbb{E}(\hat{\theta}) - \theta \right)^2}^{\text{Bias}(\hat{\theta}, \theta)^2}$$

OSD OLA OSB MRO MNT OSF BDG BRG ERK CRS



OSD OLA OSB MRO MNT OSF BDG BRG ERK CRS



OSD OLA OSB MRO MNT OSF BDG BRG ERK CRS



OSD OLA OSB MRO MNT OSF BDG BRG ERK CRS



OSD OLA OSB MRO MNT OSF BDG BRG ERK CRS



$$B_K = \sum_{\kappa=0}^K \frac{1}{\kappa!} \left(\sum_{j=0}^{\kappa} (-1)^{\kappa-j} \binom{\kappa}{j} j^K \right)$$



$$B_{10} = 115975$$



$$\bar{B}_{10} = 61136$$



$$\hat{B}_{10} = 512$$

OSD OLA OSB MRO MNT OSF BDG BRG ERK CRS

OSD OLA OSB MRO MNT OSF BDG BRG ERK CRS

OSD OLA OSB MRO MNT OSF BDG BRG ERK CRS

OSD OLA OSB MRO MNT OSF BDG BRG ERK CRS

OSD OLA OSB MRO MNT OSF BDG BRG ERK CRS



$$B_{10} = 274$$



Bayesian Model Averaging (BMA)

Consider a set of Models (M) indexed by ι :

$$\omega_\iota = \Pr(M_\iota | y) = \frac{p(y|M_\iota)p(M_\iota)}{\sum_\iota p(y|M_\iota)p(M_\iota)}$$

$$\bar{p}(\theta|\mathbf{y}) = \sum_{\iota} \omega_\iota p(\theta|\mathbf{y}, M_\iota)$$

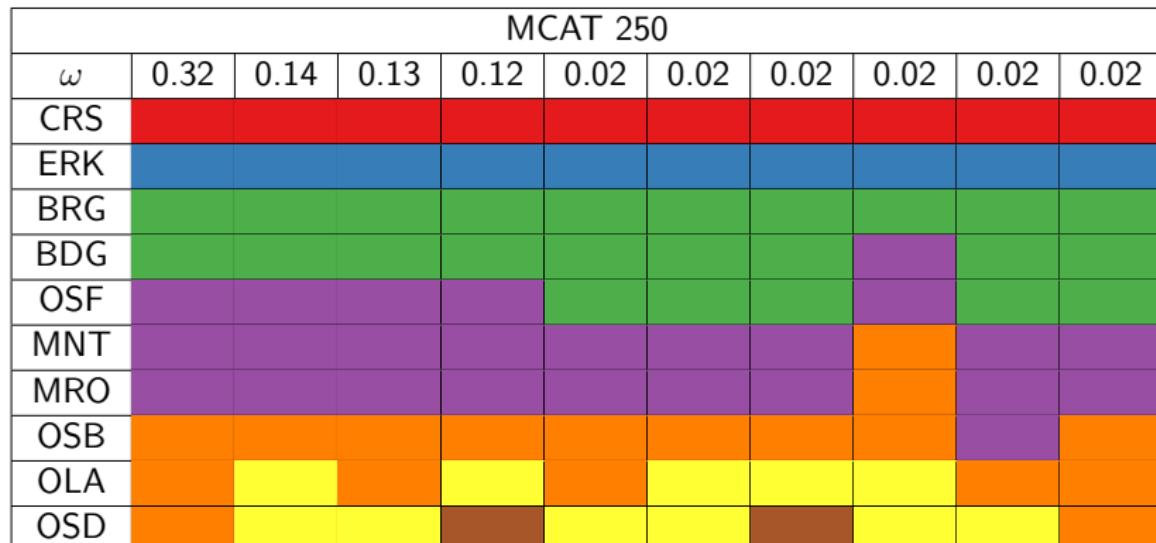
if f only depends on M through θ , then

$$\bar{p}(y^*|\mathbf{y}) = \int f(y^*|\theta) \bar{p}(\theta|\mathbf{y}) d\theta$$

* Hoeting, J. A., Madigan, D., Raftery, A. E., and Volinsky, C. T. (1999). Bayesian model averaging: a tutorial.

Statistical science, 382-401.

1978-1982



1978-1982

	MCAT 253				
ω	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.10	0.06
CRS	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red
ERK	Blue	Red	Red	Red	Blue
BRG	Green	Blue	Blue	Blue	Green
BDG	Green	Blue	Blue	Blue	Green
OSF	Purple	Green	Green	Green	Purple
MNT	Purple	Green	Green	Green	Purple
MRO	Purple	Green	Green	Green	Green
OSB	Orange	Purple	Purple	Purple	Orange
OLA	Orange	Purple	Orange	Purple	Orange
OSD	Orange	Orange	Purple	Purple	Yellow

	MCAT 269				
ω	0.19	0.14	0.14	0.13	0.07
CRS	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red
ERK	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red
BRG	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red
BDG	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue
OSF	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue
MNT	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue
MRO	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
OSB	Purple	Purple	Purple	Green	Green
OLA	Orange	Purple	Orange	Purple	Purple
OSD	Yellow	Orange	Orange	Orange	Purple

1983-1990

MCAT 250							
ω	0.73	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CRS							
ERK							
BRG							
BDG							
OSF							
MNT							
MRO							
OSB							
OLA							
OSD							

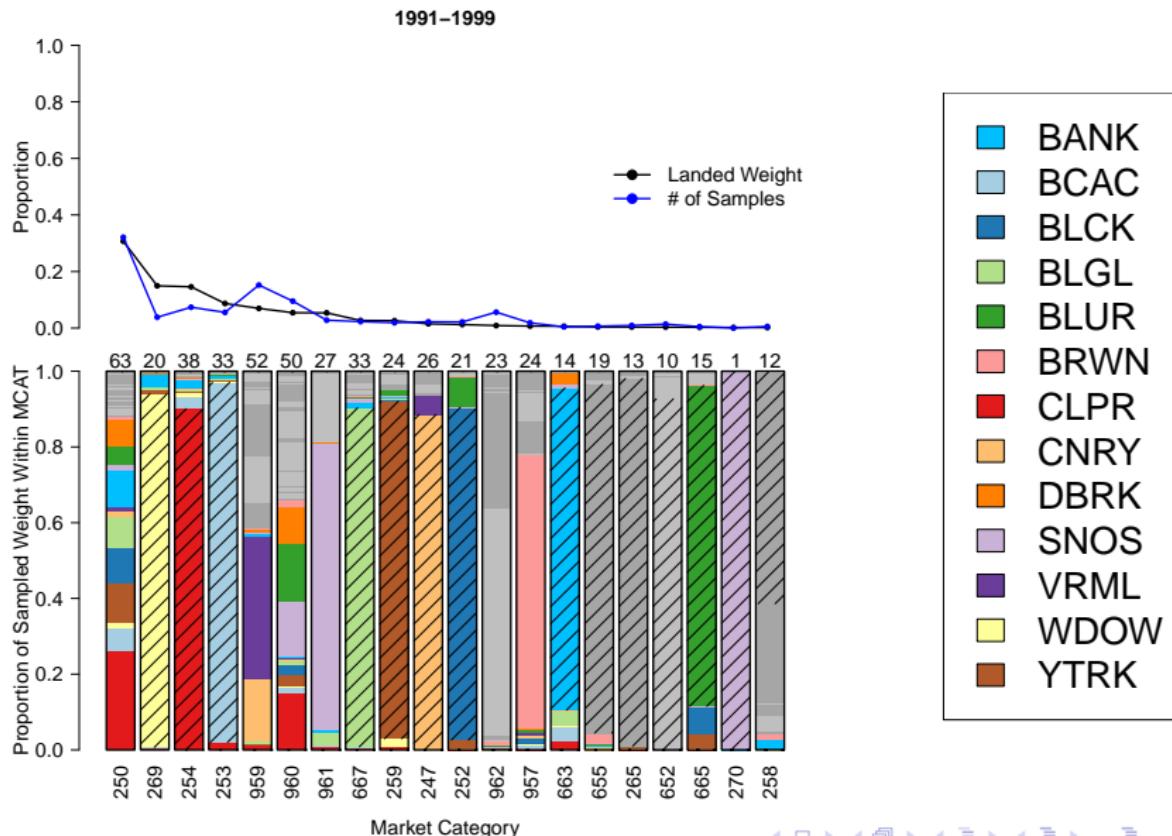
1983-1990

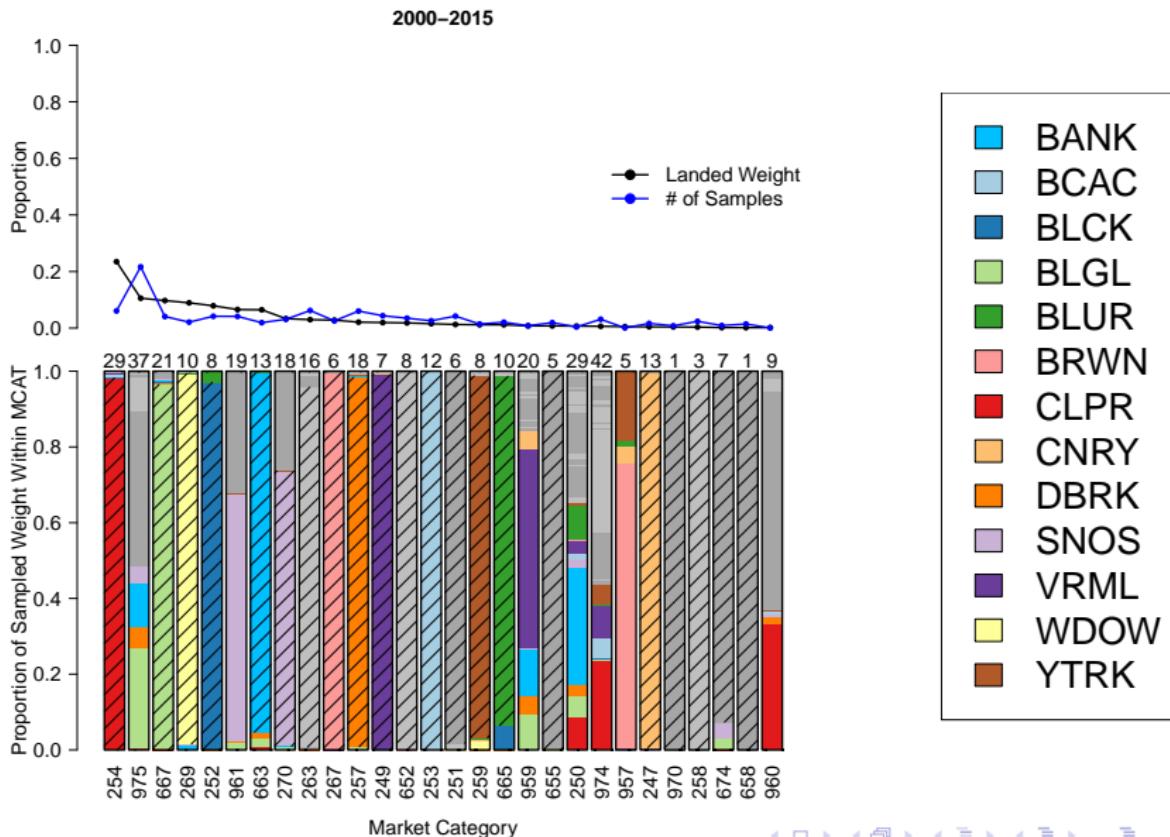
	MCAT 956				
ω	0.26	0.21	0.19	0.11	0.10
CRS					
ERK					
BRG					
BDG					
OSF					
MNT					
MRO					
OSB					
OLA					
OSD					

	MCAT 269				
ω	0.64	0.12	0.07	0.06	0.04
CRS					
ERK					
BRG					
BDG					
OSF					
MNT					
MRO					
OSB					
OLA					
OSD					

Conclusion

- Red stuff
- Species Composition Proof





ρ Posterior

MCAT	Mean	Median	SD
250	0.55	0.55	0.004
253	0.39	0.39	0.001
262	0.35	0.35	0.008
265	0.64	0.64	0.002
269	0.52	0.52	0.019
270	0.53	0.54	0.020
956	0.35	0.35	0.007
959	0.47	0.47	0.070
961	0.55	0.55	0.004

1978-1982

MCAT	Mean	Median	SD
245	0.65	0.65	0.014
250	0.51	0.51	0.002
253	0.47	0.47	0.010
259	0.75	0.75	0.009
262	0.41	0.41	0.001
269	0.57	0.57	0.046
270	0.74	0.75	0.027
663	0.51	0.51	0.001
667	0.49	0.49	0.022
956	0.43	0.43	0.003
959	0.55	0.55	0.004
960	0.45	0.45	0.004
961	0.59	0.59	0.001

1983-1990

v Posterior

MCAT	Mean	Median	SD
250	12915.85	18523.12	8699.87
253	22747.87	23063.76	1535.53
262	20254.41	20506.36	2581.87
265	15846.22	16694.98	7601.15
269	20135.05	19975.15	4667.11
270	19931.96	19955.13	6033.35
956	19659.11	19795.60	1227.99
959	19159.69	13375.80	19256.94
961	18631.44	19498.31	7970.44

1978-1982

MCAT	Mean	Median	SD
245	20211.82	20204.95	1276.83
250	236.03	192.53	134.67
253	20455.18	20140.50	1521.72
259	20246.14	20186.61	898.99
262	20445.49	20348.56	343.70
269	34386.49	25951.03	24030.32
270	20253.34	19908.07	9269.02
663	19563.87	19624.09	331.04
667	20089.55	20078.27	2723.34
956	20581.67	20664.71	913.92
959	19242.41	18707.09	5076.03
960	20059.66	20012.80	1703.89
961	20127.69	20141.04	580.80

1983-1990

Proof: Species Comps Sum to One... as do Their Means.

If y_{jk} is the k^{th} draw, $k \in \{1, \dots, K\}$, of the posterior predictive weight of species j in a particular stratum. Then,

$$\pi_{jk} = \frac{y_{jk}}{\sum_j y_{jk}} \quad \mathbf{y}_k \neq \mathbf{0}. \quad (1)$$

The predictive mean for species j is,

$$\hat{\pi}_j = \frac{\sum_k^K \pi_{jk}}{K}. \quad (2)$$

Summing $\hat{\pi}_j$ across species, it follows from (1) and (2) that,

$$\sum_j \hat{\pi}_j \stackrel{(2)}{=} \sum_j \frac{\sum_k^K \pi_{jk}}{K} = \frac{\sum_k^K \sum_j \pi_{jk}}{K} \stackrel{(1)}{=} \frac{\sum_k^K \sum_j \frac{y_{jk}}{\sum_j y_{jk}}}{K} = \frac{\sum_k^K 1}{K} = \frac{K}{K} = 1. \blacksquare$$