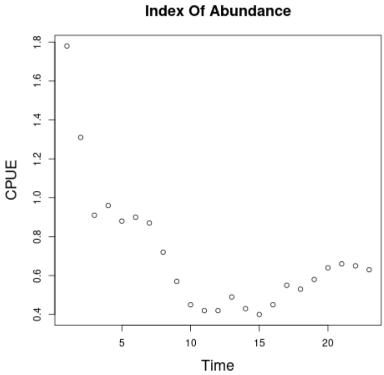
Metamodeling for Bias Estimation of Biological Reference Points Under Two-Parameter SRRs

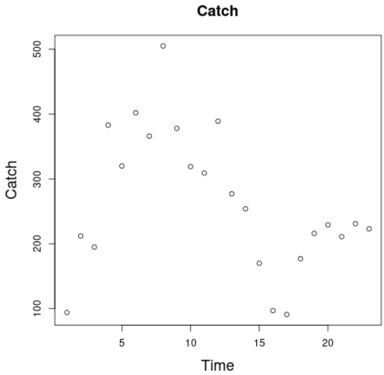
Nick Grunloh

14 March 2022

Outline

Outline





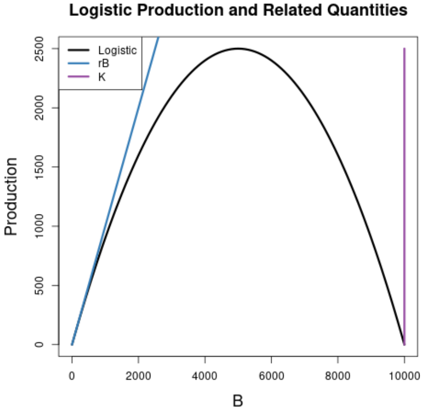
$$I_t = qB_te^{\epsilon} \quad \epsilon \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$$

$$\frac{dB(t)}{dt} = P(B(t); \boldsymbol{\theta}) - C(t)$$

Schaefer Model

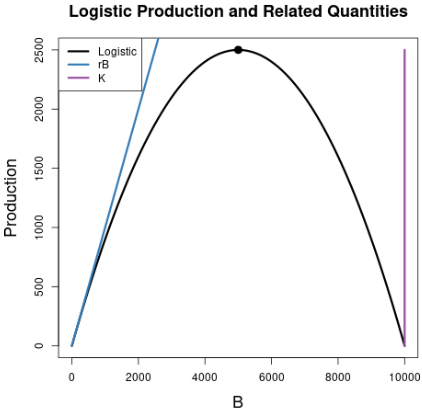
$$P_{\boldsymbol{\theta}}(B) = rB\left(1 - \frac{B}{K}\right)$$

$$\boldsymbol{\theta} = (r, K)$$



Schaefer Reference Points

$$MSY = \frac{rK}{4}$$

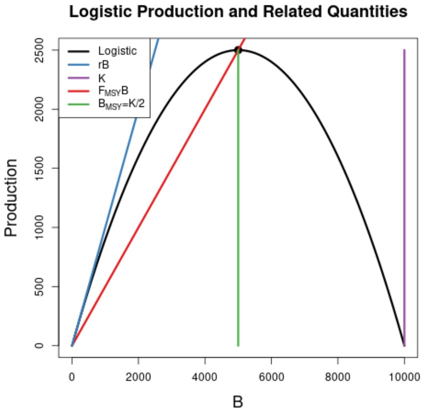


Schaefer Reference Points

$$MSY = \frac{rK}{4}$$

$$F_{MSY} = \frac{r}{2}$$

$$\frac{B_{MSY}}{B_0} = \frac{1}{2}$$

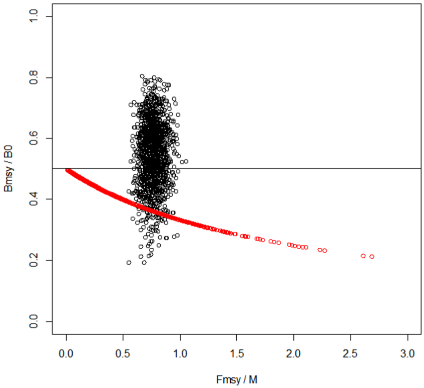


Conceptually:

$$F_{MSY} \in \mathbb{R}^+ \quad \frac{B_{MSY}}{\bar{B}(0)} \in (0,1)$$

Mangel et al. 2013, CJFAS:

- BH Model:
  $F_{MSY} \in \mathbb{R}^+ \quad \frac{B_{MSY}}{\bar{B}(0)} = \frac{1}{F_{MSY}/M+2}$
- Similar Constraint for Ricker and other 2 Parameter Curves



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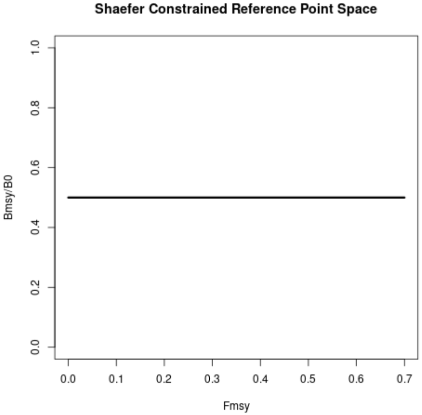
Schaefer Model:

$$F_{MSY} \in \mathbb{R}^+ \quad \frac{B_{MSY}}{\bar{B}(0)} = \frac{1}{2}$$



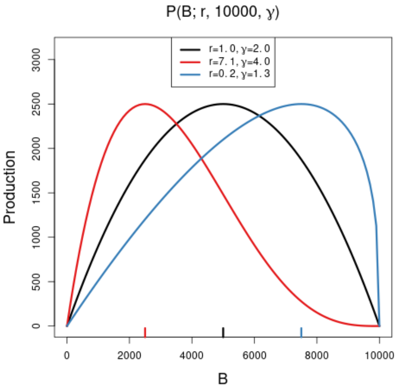
Outline

Pella-Tomlinson Production Model

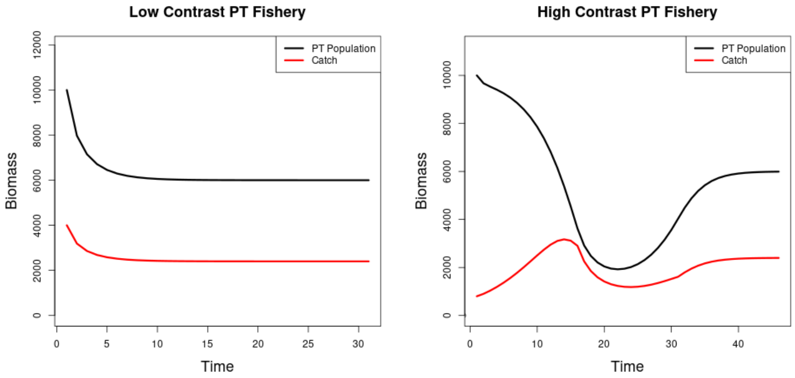
$$I(t) \sim LN(qB(t), \sigma^2)$$
$$\frac{dB(t)}{dt} = P_{\boldsymbol{\theta}}(B(t)) - F(t)B(t)$$

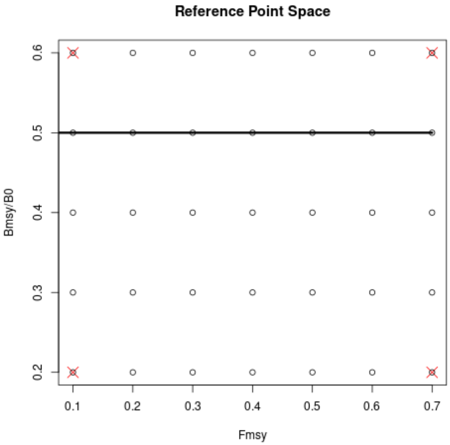
$$P_{\boldsymbol{\theta}}(B) = \frac{rB}{\gamma - 1}\left(1 - \frac{B}{K}\right)^{\gamma - 1}$$
$$\boldsymbol{\theta} = (r, K, \gamma)$$

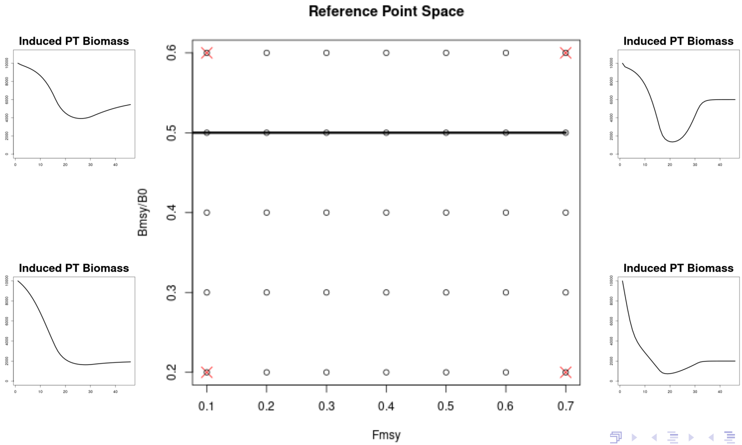
$$\gamma = 2 \Rightarrow \text{Schaefer Model}$$



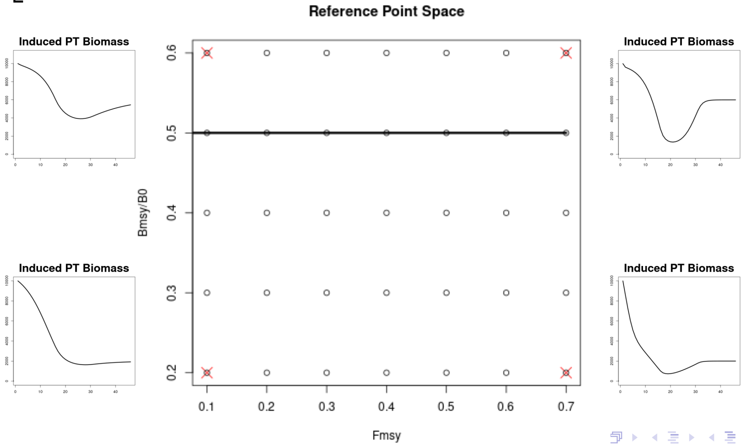
Catch


Low Contrast PT Fishery
PT Population
Catch
Biomass
0
2000
4000
6000
8000
10000
12000
0
5
10
15
20
25
30
Time
High Contrast PT Fishery
PT Population
Catch
Biomass
0
2000
4000
6000
8000
10000
0
10
20
30
40
Time


Reference Point Space
Bmsy/B0
Fmsy
0.2
0.3
0.4
0.5
0.6
0.1
0.2
0.3
0.4
0.5
0.6
0.7


Reference Point Space
Induced PT Biomass
Induced PT Biomass
Induced PT Biomass
Induced PT Biomass
Bmsy/B0
Fmsy
0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7
0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6

$$\boldsymbol{\theta} = \left[r = F^* \left(\frac{1 - \frac{B^*}{\bar{B}(0)}}{\frac{B^*}{\bar{B}(0)}} \right) \left(1 - \frac{B^*}{\bar{B}(0)} \right)^{\left(\frac{\frac{B^*}{\bar{B}(0)} - 1}{\frac{B^*}{\bar{B}(0)}} \right)},\ K = 10000,\ \gamma = \frac{1}{\frac{B^*}{\bar{B}(0)}} \right]$$

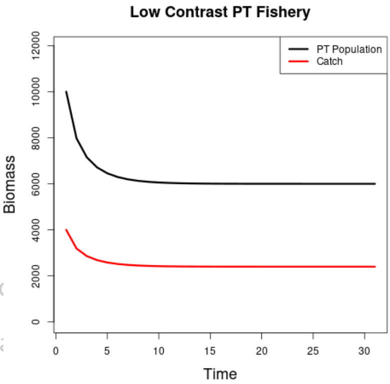


Metamodel

$$\underbrace{\left(F_{MSY}, \frac{B_{MSY}}{\bar{B}(0)}\right)}_{\text{PT Truth}} \overset{\text{GP}}{\mapsto} \underbrace{\left(\hat{F}_{MSY}, \frac{\hat{B}_{MSY}}{\bar{B}(0)}\right)}_{\text{Shaefer Estimate}}$$

- GP approximates constrained RP inference.
- Propogation of estimator uncertainty smooths bias estimation.
- Explicitely highlights trade-offs induced in infered RPs.

Outline


Low Contrast PT Fishery
PT Population
Catch
Biomass
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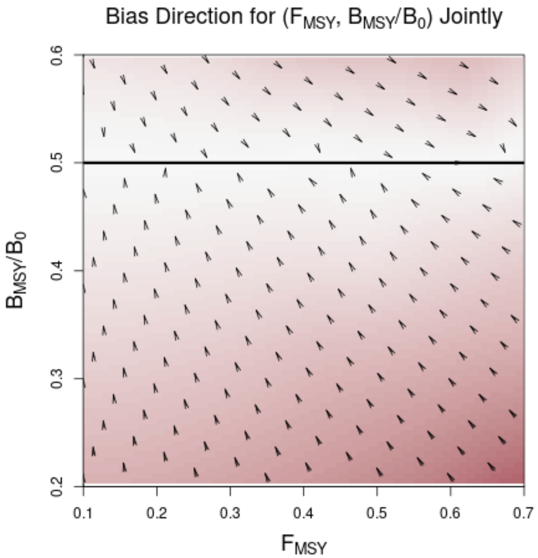
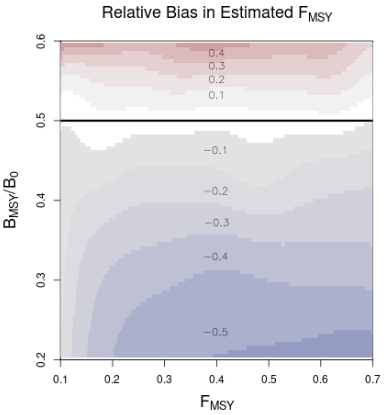
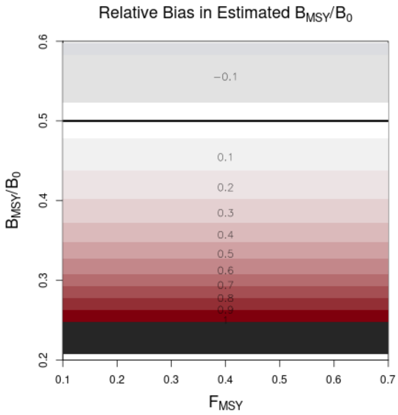
30
Time

Low Contrast



Components of Bias





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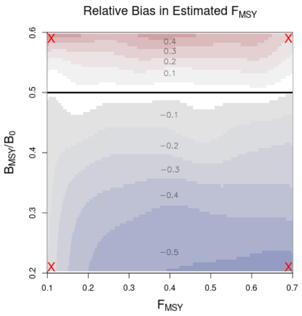
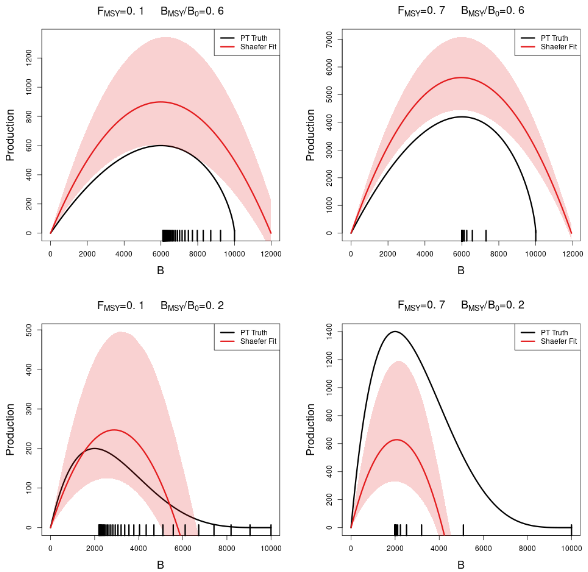
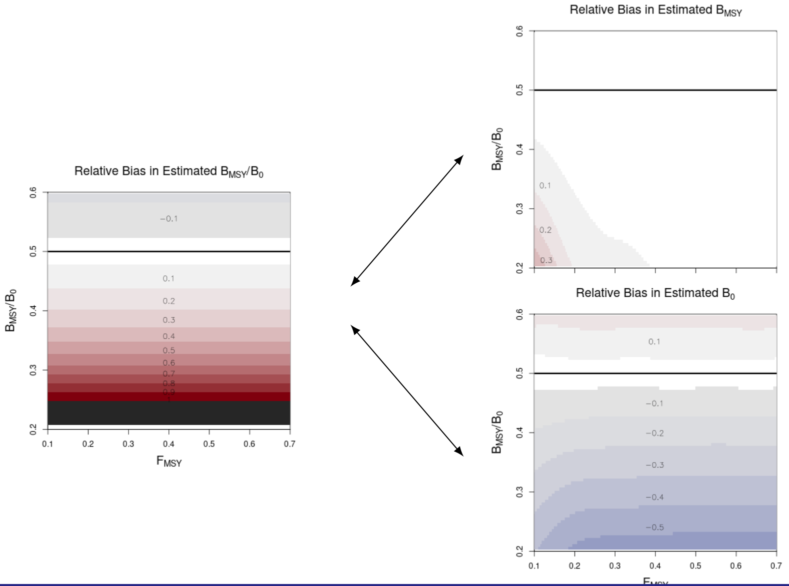
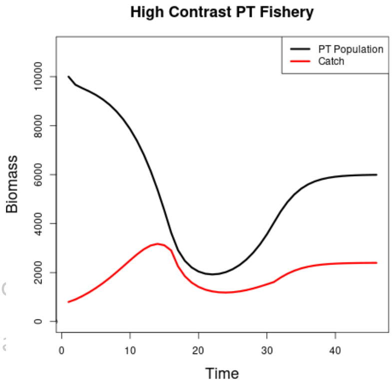




Low Contrast



Outline


High Contrast PT Fishery
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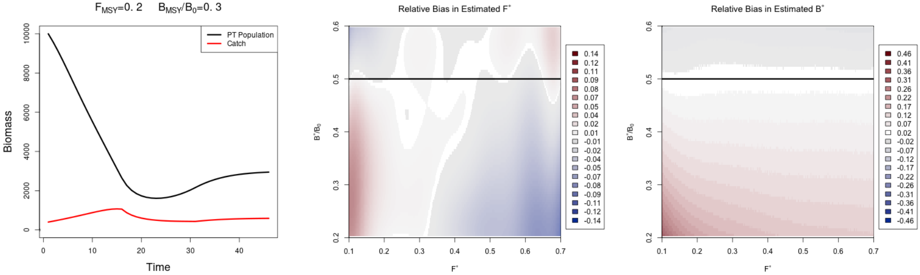
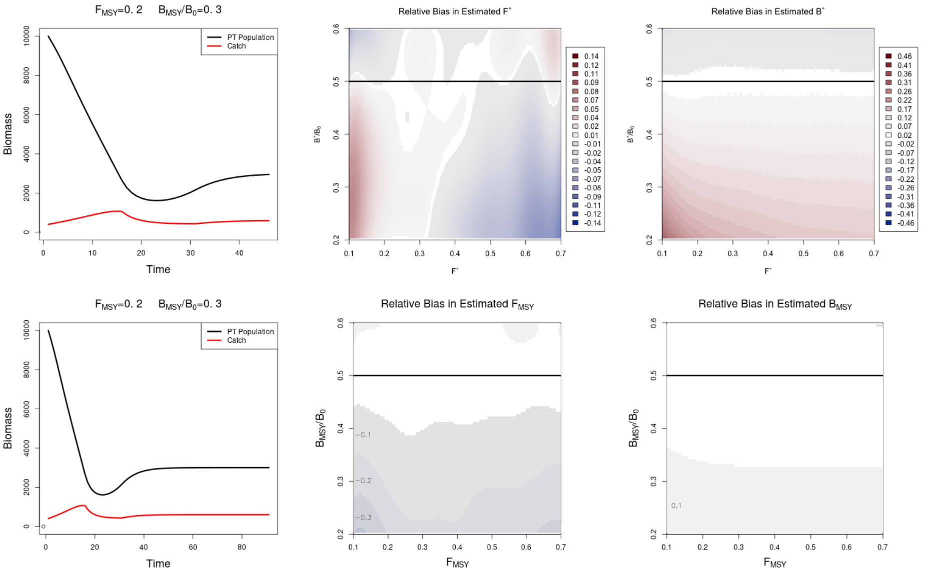
Time

High Contrast



High Contrast



Summary

- A rich simulation-based method for describing global RP bias and a stepping stone for understanding other models
  - ⇒ Productivity Extensions
  - ⇒ Individual growth and maturity dynamics
- In this severly constrained settings we pay for our modeling mistakes primarily in estimate bias.
- In practice the Schaefer model is at best only likely to reasonably estimate one of either B_{MSY} or F_{MSY}.
- The observed contrast serves to distribute the available information among B_{MSY} and F_{MSY}.
  - ⇒ Models of catch contextulize interpretation of RP estimation.

Outline

Productivity Extension

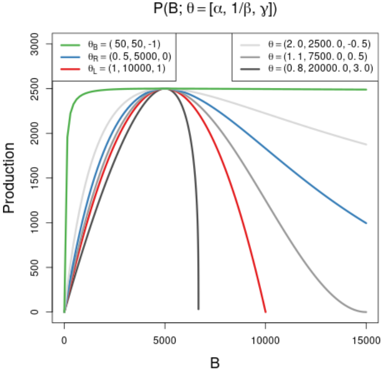
$$\frac{dB}{dt} = P(B;\boldsymbol{\theta}) - (M+F)B$$

$$P(B;[\alpha,\beta,\gamma]) = \alpha B(1-\beta\gamma B)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}$$

$\gamma = -1 \Rightarrow$ Beverton-Holt

$\gamma \to 0 \Rightarrow$ Ricker

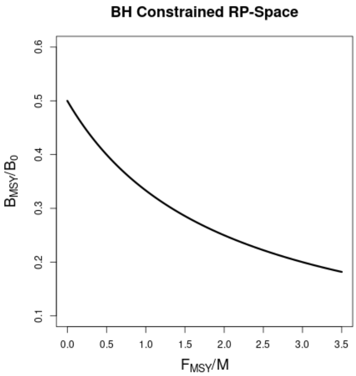
$\gamma = 1 \Rightarrow$ Logistic



Productivity Extension

$$P_{\mathrm{BH}}(B;[\alpha,\beta,-1]) = \frac{\alpha B}{(1+\beta B)}$$

$$\frac{B_{MSY}}{\bar{B}(0)} = \frac{1}{\frac{F_{MSY}}{M}+2}$$



Growth Extension

$$\frac{dB}{dt} = \overbrace{w(a_0)R(B;\theta)}^{\text{Recruitment Biomass}} + \overbrace{\kappa\left[w_\infty N - B\right]}^{\text{Net Growth}} - \overbrace{(M+F)B}^{\text{Mortality}}$$

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = R(B;\theta) - (M+F)N$$

$$R(B;[\alpha,\beta,\gamma]) = \alpha B(t-a_0)(1-\beta\gamma B(t-a_0))^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}$$

$$w(a) = w_\infty(1-e^{-\kappa a})$$

$\theta' = [\alpha,\beta,\gamma]$ Species Properties: $a_0,\ \kappa,\ w_\infty,\ M$

Outline

Common Discretization

$$\frac{dB}{dt} = P_\theta(B(t)) - C(t)$$

$$c(\tau) = \int_{\tau}^{\tau+1} C(t)dt$$

$$B(\tau + 1) \approx B(\tau) + P_\theta(B(\tau)) - c(\tau)$$

Common Discretization

Instantaneous

$$\frac{dB}{dt} = P_\theta(B(t)) - C(t)$$

$$c(\tau) = \int_{\tau}^{\tau+1} C(t)dt$$

$$B(\tau + 1) \approx B(\tau) + P_\theta(B(\tau)) - c(\tau)$$

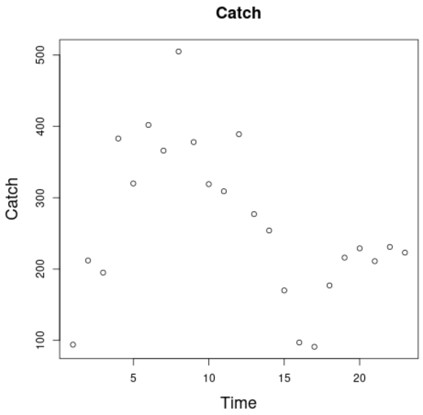
Yearly

Catch Interpolation

$$t \in \mathbb{R}^+ \qquad \tau = \lceil t \rceil - 1$$

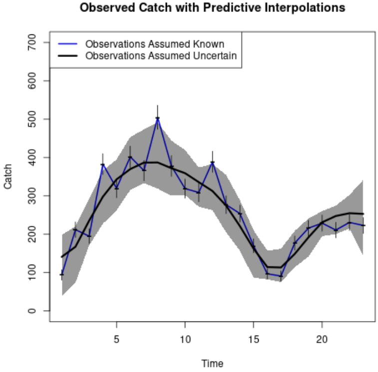
$$\mathbb{E}[c(t)] = \int_\tau^t C(t^*)dt^*$$

$$C(t) = \beta_0 + \sum_{j=1}^{T-1} \beta_j (t - \tau_j) \mathbb{1}_{t>\tau_j}$$



$$c(\tau_i) = \beta_0 + \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} \beta_j \left[\left(\frac{\tau_i^2}{2} - \tau_j \tau_i \right) \mathbb{1}_{\tau_i > \tau_j} - \left(\frac{\tau_{i-1}^2}{2} - \tau_j \tau_{i-1} \right) \mathbb{1}_{\tau_{i-1} > \tau_j} \right] + \epsilon_i$$

$$\beta_j \sim N(0, \phi) \qquad \phi \sim \text{Half-Cauchy}(0, 1) \qquad \epsilon_i \sim N(0, \sigma_i^2)$$



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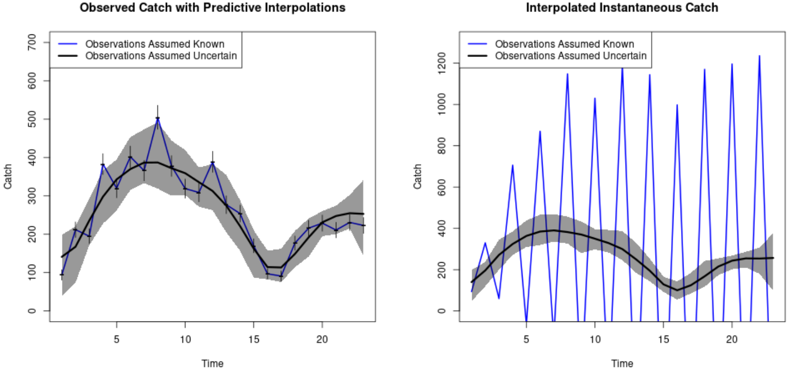
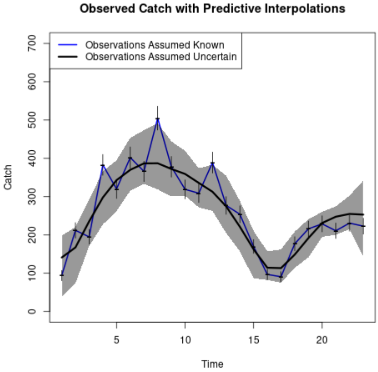
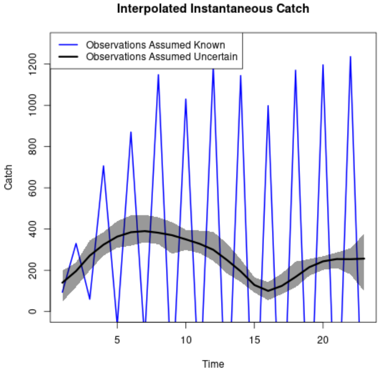


Project #3: Catch Interpolation

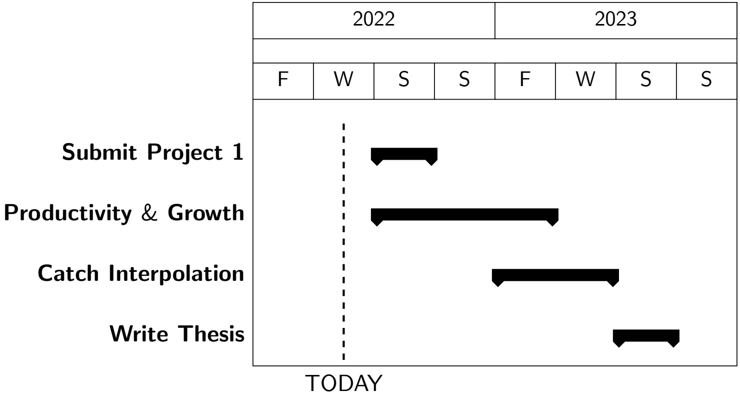
$$\frac{dB}{dt} = P_\theta(B(t)) - C(t)$$

$$B(\tau+1) \approx B(\tau) + P_\theta(B(\tau)) - c(\tau)$$





Timeline


2022
2023
F
W
S
S
F
W
S
S
Submit Project 1
Productivity & Growth
Catch Interpolation
Write Thesis
TODAY

Many Thanks:

- Dr. Marc Mangel
- Collaborators at NOAA
- NMFS Sea Grant

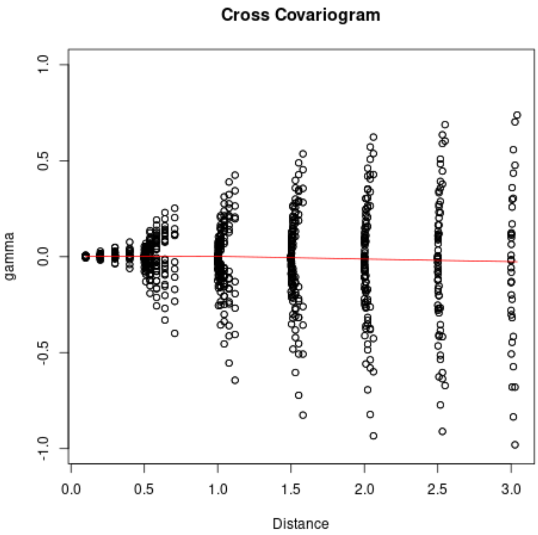
Metamodel Details

$$\hat{\mu} = \widehat{log(r)} \quad -\ or\ - \quad \hat{\mu} = \widehat{log(K)}$$

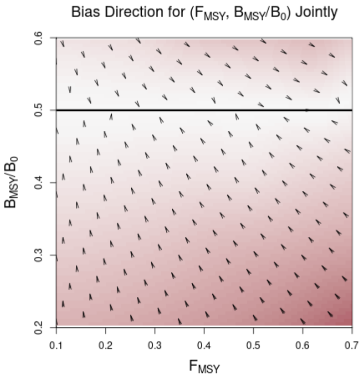
$$\boldsymbol{x} = \left(F_{MSY}, \frac{B_{MSY}}{\bar{B}(0)} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{\mu} &= \beta_0 + \boldsymbol{\beta}'\boldsymbol{x} + f(\boldsymbol{x}) + \epsilon \\ f(\boldsymbol{x}) &\sim \mathrm{GP}(0, \tau^2 R(\boldsymbol{x}, \boldsymbol{x'})) \\ \epsilon_i &\sim \mathrm{N}(0, \hat{\omega}_i). \end{aligned}$$

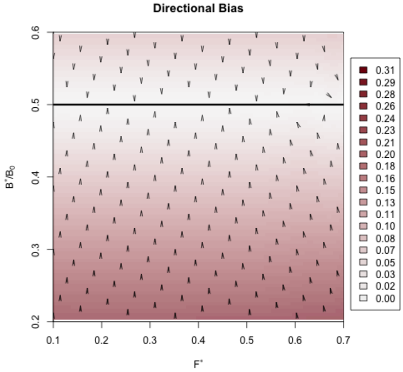
$$R(\boldsymbol{x}, \boldsymbol{x'}) = \exp\left(\sum_{j=1}^{2} \frac{-(x_j - x_j')^2}{2\ell_j^2} \right)$$


Cross Covariogram
gamma
1.0
0.5
0.0
-0.5
-1.0
0.0
0.5
1.0
1.5
2.0
2.5
3.0
Distance

Low Contrast



High Contrast



Deriso RP-Parameter System

$$\frac{B_{MSY}}{\bar{B}(0)} = \frac{\left(\frac{\alpha}{M+F_{MSY}}\right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} - 1}{\left(\frac{\alpha}{M}\right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} - 1}$$

$$\alpha = (M + F_{MSY})\left[1 - \frac{1}{\gamma}\left(\frac{F_{MSY}}{M + F_{MSY}}\right)\right]^{-\gamma}$$

$$\beta = \frac{1}{\gamma\bar{B}(0)}\left(1 - \left(\frac{\alpha}{M}\right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}\right)$$

Common Discretization

$$\frac{dB}{dt} = P_\theta(B(t)) - C(t)$$

$$B(\tau + 1) \approx B(\tau) + P_\theta(B(\tau)) - c(\tau)$$