

Nick Grunloh

14 March 2022



Outline

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Simulation
- 3 Results
 - Low Contrast
 - High Contrast
- 4 Proposals
 - Project #2: Growth & Productivity Extension
 - Project #3: Catch Interpolation
- 5 End

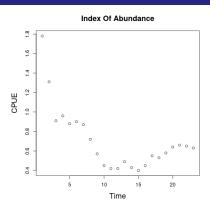


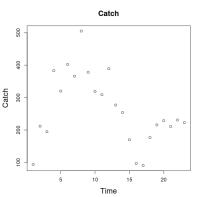
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$$I_t = qB_te^{\epsilon} \quad \epsilon \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$$

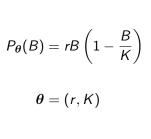
$$\frac{dB(t)}{dt} = P(B(t); \theta) - C(t)$$

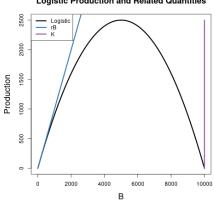


Introduction 00000

Introduction 00000

Logistic Production and Related Quantities



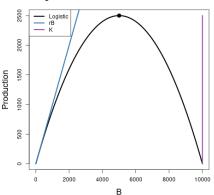




Schaefer Reference Points

$$MSY = \frac{rK}{4}$$

Logistic Production and Related Quantities





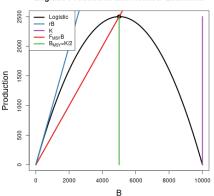
Introduction

$$MSY = \frac{rK}{4}$$

$$F_{MSY} = \frac{r}{2}$$

$$\frac{B_{MSY}}{B_0} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Logistic Production and Related Quantities





Introduction

Conceptually:

Introduction 00000

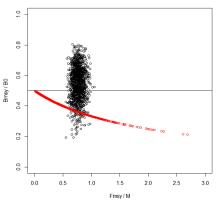
$$F_{MSY} \in \mathbb{R}^+ \quad \frac{B_{MSY}}{\bar{B}(0)} \in (0,1)$$

Mangel et al. 2013, CJFAS:

■ BH Model:

BH Model:
$$F_{MSY} \in \mathbb{R}^+$$
 $\frac{B_{MSY}}{\bar{B}(0)} = \frac{1}{F_{MSY}/M+2}$

 Similar Constraint for Ricker and other 2 Parameter Curves



Conceptually:

Introduction 00000

$$F_{MSY} \in \mathbb{R}^+ \quad \frac{B_{MSY}}{\bar{B}(0)} \in (0,1)$$

Mangel et al. 2013, CJFAS:

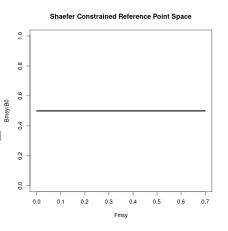
BH Model:

$$F_{MSY} \in \mathbb{R}^+$$
 $\frac{B_{MSY}}{\bar{B}(0)} = \frac{1}{F_{MSY}/M+2}$

 Similar Constraint for Ricker and other 2 Parameter Curves

Schaefer Model:

$$F_{MSY} \in \mathbb{R}^+$$
 $\frac{B_{MSY}}{\bar{B}(0)} = \frac{1}{2}$



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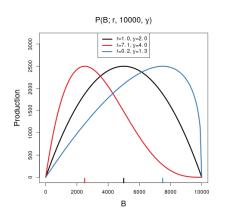


Pella-Tomlinson Production Model

$$I(t) \sim LN(qB(t), \sigma^2)$$
 $rac{dB(t)}{dt} = P_{\theta}(B(t)) - F(t)B(t)$

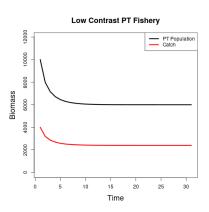
$$P_{\theta}(B) = \frac{rB}{\gamma - 1} \left(1 - \frac{B}{K} \right)^{\gamma - 1}$$
$$\theta = (r, K, \gamma)$$

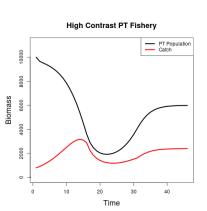
$$\gamma = 2 \Rightarrow \mathsf{Schaefer} \; \mathsf{Model}$$

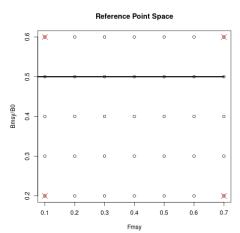




Catch

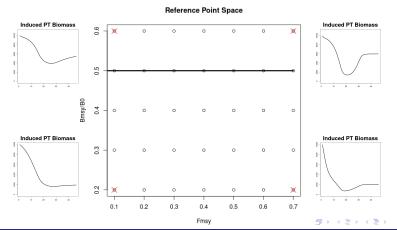






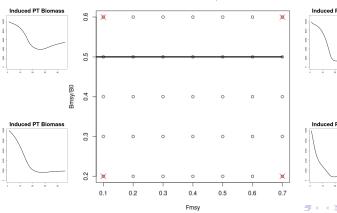


₹



$$\theta = \left[r = F^* \left(\frac{1 - \frac{B^*}{\bar{B}(0)}}{\frac{B^*}{\bar{B}(0)}} \right) \left(1 - \frac{B^*}{\bar{B}(0)} \right)^{\left(\frac{B^*}{\bar{B}(0)} - 1 \right)}, \ K = 10000, \ \gamma = \frac{1}{\frac{B^*}{\bar{B}(0)}} \right]$$

Reference Point Space









Metamodel

$$\underbrace{\left(F_{MSY}, \frac{B_{MSY}}{\bar{B}(0)}\right)}_{\text{PT Truth}} \overset{\mathsf{GP}}{\mapsto} \underbrace{\left(\hat{F}_{MSY}, \frac{\hat{B}_{MSY}}{\bar{B}(0)}\right)}_{\text{Shaefer Estimate}}$$

- GP approximates constrained RP inference.
- Propogation of estimator uncertainty smooths bias estimation.
- Explicitly highlights trade-offs induced in infered RPs.

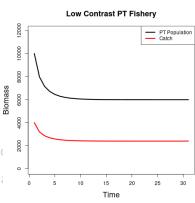


Results 00000000

Outline

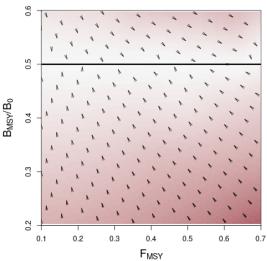
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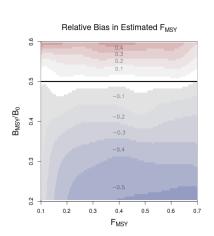


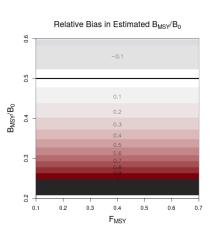
Results 00000000





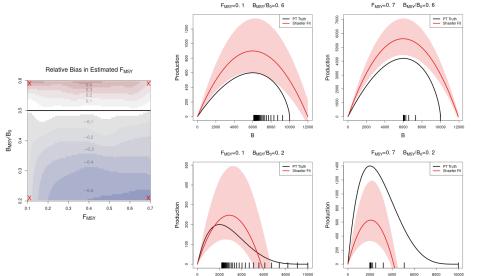
Components of Bias







Low Contrast

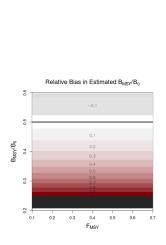


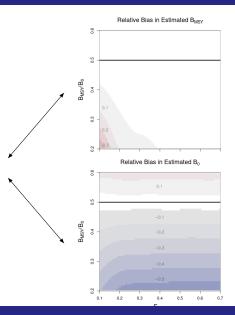
В



Results 0000•000 Proposals DOOOOOOOO





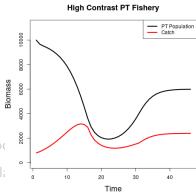


Results 00000000

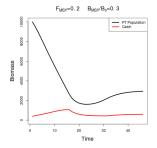
High Contrast Outline

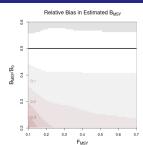
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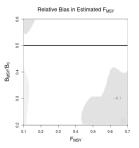




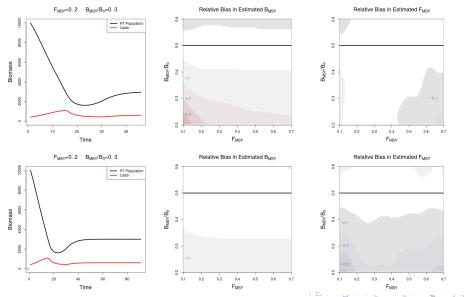
High Contrast











Summary

- A rich simulation-based method for describing global RP bias and a stepping stone for understanding other models
 - ⇒ Productivity Extensions
 - ⇒ Individual growth and maturity dynamics
- In this severly constrained settings we pay for our modeling mistakes primarily in estimate bias.
- In practice the Schaefer model is at best only likely to reasonably estimate one of either B_{MSY} or F_{MSY} .
- The observed contrast serves to distribute the available information among B_{MSY} and F_{MSY} .
 - ⇒ Models of catch contextulize interpretation of RP estimation.



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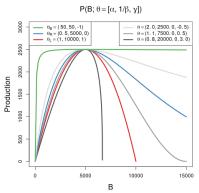
Project #2: Growth & Productivity Extension

Productivity Extension

$$\frac{dB}{dt} = P(B; \theta) - (M + F)B$$

$$P(B; [\alpha, \beta, \gamma]) = \alpha B(1 - \beta \gamma B)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \stackrel{\text{figure}}{\underset{\text{dec}}{\text{prop}}}$$

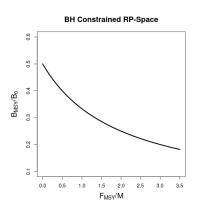
$$\gamma = -1 \Rightarrow$$
 Beverton-Holt $\gamma \to 0 \Rightarrow$ Ricker $\gamma = 1 \Rightarrow$ Logistic



Productivity Extension

$$P_{\mathsf{BH}}(B; [\alpha, \beta, -1]) = \frac{\alpha B}{(1 + \beta B)}$$

$$\frac{B_{MSY}}{\bar{B}(0)} = \frac{1}{\frac{F_{MSY}}{M} + 2}$$



Growth Extension

$$\frac{dB}{dt} = \underbrace{w(a_0)R(B;\theta)}^{\text{Recruitment Biomass}} + \underbrace{\kappa \left[w_{\infty}N - B\right]}^{\text{Net Growth}} - \underbrace{(M+F)B}^{\text{Mortality}}$$

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = R(B;\theta) - (M+F)N$$

$$R(B; [\alpha, \beta, \gamma]) = \alpha B(t - a_0)(1 - \beta \gamma B(t - a_0))^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}$$

$$w(a) = w_{\infty}(1 - e^{-\kappa a})$$

$$\theta' = [\alpha, \beta, \gamma]$$
 Species Properties: a_0, κ, w_∞, M



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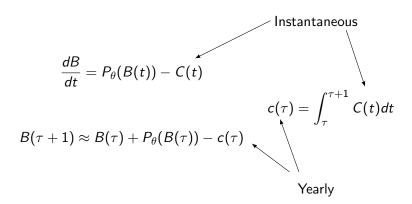
Common Discretization

$$\frac{dB}{dt} = P_{\theta}(B(t)) - C(t)$$

$$c(\tau) = \int_{\tau}^{\tau+1} C(t) dt$$

$$B(\tau+1) \approx B(\tau) + P_{\theta}(B(\tau)) - c(\tau)$$

Common Discretization



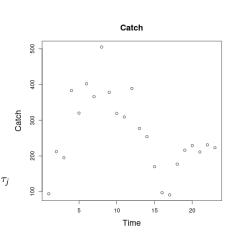


Catch Interpolation

$$t \in \mathbb{R}^+$$
 $au = \lceil t
ceil - 1$

$$\mathbb{E}[c(t)] = \int_{\tau}^{t} C(t^*) dt^*$$

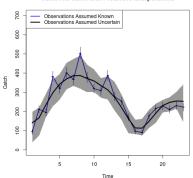
$$C(t) = \beta_0 + \sum_{i=1}^{T-1} \beta_j (t - \tau_j) \mathbb{1}_{t > \tau_j}$$





$$c(\tau_i) = \beta_0 + \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} \beta_j \left[\left(\frac{\tau_i^2}{2} - \tau_j \tau_i \right) \mathbb{1}_{\tau_i > \tau_j} - \left(\frac{\tau_{i-1}^2}{2} - \tau_j \tau_{i-1} \right) \mathbb{1}_{\tau_{i-1} > \tau_j} \right] + \epsilon_i$$
$$\beta_j \sim \textit{N}(0, \phi) \qquad \phi \sim \mathsf{Half-Cauchy}(0, 1) \qquad \epsilon_i \sim \textit{N}(0, \sigma_i^2)$$

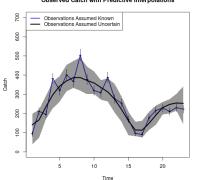
Observed Catch with Predictive Interpolations



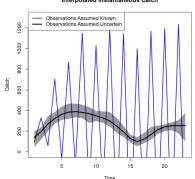


$$c(\tau_i) = \beta_0 + \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} \beta_j \left[\left(\frac{\tau_i^2}{2} - \tau_j \tau_i \right) \mathbb{1}_{\tau_i > \tau_j} - \left(\frac{\tau_{i-1}^2}{2} - \tau_j \tau_{i-1} \right) \mathbb{1}_{\tau_{i-1} > \tau_j} \right] + \epsilon_i$$
$$\beta_j \sim N(0, \phi) \qquad \phi \sim \mathsf{Half-Cauchy}(0, 1) \qquad \epsilon_i \sim N(0, \sigma_i^2)$$

Observed Catch with Predictive Interpolations



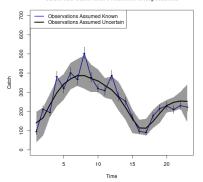
Interpolated Instantaneous Catch



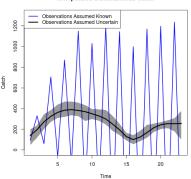


$$egin{aligned} rac{dB}{dt} &= P_{ heta}(B(t)) - C(t) \ B(au+1) &pprox B(au) + P_{ heta}(B(au)) - c(au) \end{aligned}$$

Observed Catch with Predictive Interpolations

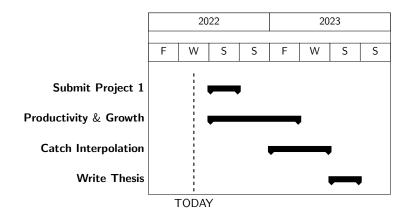


Interpolated Instantaneous Catch





Timeline





Many Thanks:

- Dr. Marc Mangel
- Collaborators at NOAA
- NMFS Sea Grant











Metamodel Details

$$\hat{\mu} = \widehat{\log(r)} - or - \hat{\mu} = \widehat{\log(K)}$$

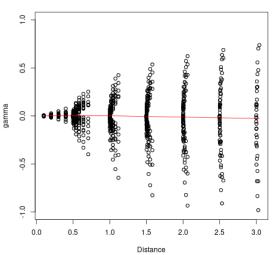
$$\mathbf{x} = \left(F_{MSY}, \frac{B_{MSY}}{\bar{B}(0)}\right)$$

$$\hat{\mu} = \beta_0 + \beta' \mathbf{x} + f(\mathbf{x}) + \epsilon$$
$$f(\mathbf{x}) \sim \mathsf{GP}(0, \tau^2 R(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x'}))$$
$$\epsilon_i \sim \mathsf{N}(0, \hat{\omega}_i).$$

$$R(\boldsymbol{x}, \boldsymbol{x'}) = \exp\left(\sum_{j=1}^{2} \frac{-(x_j - x_j')^2}{2\ell_j^2}\right)$$

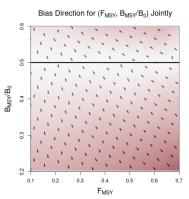


Cross Covariogram

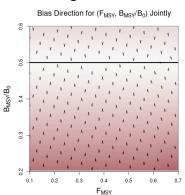




Low Contrast



High Contrast



Deriso RP-Parameter System

$$\frac{B_{MSY}}{\bar{B}(0)} = \frac{\left(\frac{\alpha}{M + F_{MSY}}\right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} - 1}{\left(\frac{\alpha}{M}\right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} - 1}$$

$$\alpha = (M + F_{MSY}) \left[1 - \frac{1}{\gamma} \left(\frac{F_{MSY}}{M + F_{MSY}}\right)\right]^{-\gamma}$$

$$\beta = \frac{1}{\gamma \bar{B}(0)} \left(1 - \left(\frac{\alpha}{M}\right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}\right)$$



Common Discretization

$$\frac{dB}{dt} = P_{\theta}(B(t)) - C(t)$$

$$B(au+1)pprox B(au)+P_{ heta}(B(au))-c(au)$$

