



CampNG Advanced

# Intros

# The plan

- Jasmine, protractor
- ngResource
- Directives, directives, directives
- UI Router

# The unplanned

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# Let's git started

- <http://github.com/gaslight/campng-advanced>
- Copy clone URL
- `git clone <url>`



# Lineman

- thin wrapper around grunt
- templates to get started fast
- somewhat like yeoman

# lineman commands

- lineman run
  - builds project and runs dev server
  - watches files to rebuild
- lineman spec
  - runs testem and waits for browsers to connect
  - lineman run needs to be running
  - watches tests and re-runs
- lineman spec-ci
  - runs tests in headless browser

# Installing lineman

- `npm install -g lineman`



# Next steps

- git checkout start
- npm install
- lineman run
- <http://localhost:8000>

# Jasmine

- Go to unit test framework for Angular
- Rspec/BDD style

# Jasmine basics

- `describe("a suite", function() { ... })`
- `it("a suite", function() { ... })`
- `expect(something).toXXX(something)`

# Expectation matchers

- toBe
- toEqual
- toBeDefined
- toBeTruthy
- toBeFalsy
- toMatch
- toContain
- toBeLessThan
- toBeGreaterThan
- not.toXXX

# Setup and teardown

- beforeEach
- afterEach
- `this` is the same object as in tests



Let's see

# angular-mocks.js

- Extra goodness for testing angular
  - module - sets the module in a test case
  - inject - lets angular give you deps in your test case

# \$controller

- Service that creates controllers
- Usually don't need to access explicitly
- Handy for tests

# Controller spec example

# ngResource

- `$resource(url, [paramDefaults], [actions], [options])`
- Gives you a class that interacts with REST back end



# \$resource operations

- Resource.query
- Resource.get
- instance.\$save
- instance.\$delete
- instance.\$remove

# Magic stubs

- `Resource.get` and `Resource.query` return right away
- Populated later
- Change detection and bindings make it work
- Contrast with promises

# Examples

- Candidate resource
- `server.js` code

# \$httpBackend

- From angular-mocks.js
- expectGET, expectPOST, etc
- whenGET, whenPOST, etc

# Resource spec example



# Lab 1

- `git checkout lab1_start`
- Create a jasmine spec for new Candidate
- in `candidate_resource_spec`
- On `$save` it should POST to `/candidates`
- Use `$httpBackend.expectPOST`

# spies

- `spyOn(object, "function")`
- `expectations`
  - `toHaveBeenCalled(With)`
  - `mostRecentCall.args`

spy example

# Lab 2

- Create jasmine spec for NewCandidateController
- Create a new Candidate in controller
- save should call \$save on candidate
- spies can help

# protractor

- end to end testing for angular
- wrapper around web-driver



# Installing protractor

- `npm install -g protractor`
- `webdriver-manager update`

# protractor API

- browser
  - navigate using `browser.get`
- element
  - interact with elements on the page
  - `click`, `sendKeys`

# protractor API

- locators - for finding elements
- by
  - id
  - CSS
  - binding
  - model

# Protractor example

- lab3\_start
- spec-e2e/candidates\_spec.js

# Running protractor

- webdriver-manager start
- protractor config/spec-e2e.js



# Lab 3

- Protractor spec for creating a Candidate
- Need template, controller, and route
- Should end up back on show view

# We have a problem

- Create a new candidate works
- But the list doesn't update :(

# Events

- Pub sub is built in
- Use methods on any \$scope
- \$rootScope can be injected anywhere

# \$broadcast/\$emit

- \$broadcast goes to this scope and down
- \$emit goes to this scope and up
- both take an event name and args
- Easiest to do \$rootScope.\$broadcast

# \$on

- Subscribes to an event
- Pass name, event handler
- Event handler receives event, any args



Event example

# Lab 4

- checkout lab4\_start
- Update the side list when the menu updates
- Use events
- Make the spec pass
- Need to restart lineman to see it fail :(

# Creating filters

- `module.filter("name", function(...) {...})`
- returns a function which takes `param(s)` and returns filtered value

```
checkout lab5_start
```

hello filter and spec



# \$sce

- `$sce.trustAsHtml`
- `$sce.getTrustedHtml`

# Lab 5

- Make a markdown filter
- Write a jasmine spec for it
- Use `markdown.toHTML`
- Use `$sce` to make it trusted

Services, factories,  
and providers

# Creating directives

- `module.directive("name", function...`
- function can get dependencies injected
- returns a directive definition object

# Directive naming

- strip any data- or x- prefix
- convert :, -, or \_ separated to camelCase
- resulting name is use to find directive



# Directive definition obj

- template or templateUrl
- restrict
  - E for element
  - A for attribute (default)
  - C for class
  - M for comment
  - any combination thereof

Hello directives

# Your turn

- Make a directive that lets create a `<hello-myname>` element
- Have it print out a greeting

# Directive scope

- Turns out inheriting scope is a bad idea
  - Leads to coupling
- Isolate scope to the rescue
- Scope property with a mapping object

# Mapping scope

- The “interface” to your directive
- Uses attributes to set in properties on directive scope
- Prefixes specify how to map attribute to scope property
- Can be abbreviated to “@”, “=”, “&” if scope property and attribute are the same



@

- foo: “@bar”
- The foo property of scope holds the string value of the bar attribute

=

- foo: “=bar”
- creates a scope property foo
- bound to parent scope property specified by bar attribute

# &

- evaluates an expression in parent scope
- foo: “&bar”
- foo property becomes a function
- bar is the expr to evaluate

Hello scopes

templateUrl



# \$compile

- Compiles string of html into angular
- Returns a function that takes a scope and returns an element
- Useful for testing directives and building very dynamic things

# ng-bind-html

- Sets the innerHTML of it's element
- Uses \$sanitize unless it receives trusted HTML
- Use in place of `{{}}` if you want to output HTML

# Directive spec

- checkout lab6\_start
- Let's see our hello\_directive\_spec

# Lab 6

- Make a markdown editor directive
- Directive should:
  - Pass in the markdown via scope mapping
  - Edit markdown in a textarea
  - Display the rendered markdown below
- With a jasmine spec
- Add it to newCandidate.html



# link function

- `link: function(scope, element, attrs, ...)`
- Called after the resulting element is in the DOM
- Do DOM manipulation or event listening here
- The right place for any jQuery calls
- But you need to `$(element)`



# raty

- A jquery plugin to do star ratings
- <http://wbotelhos.com/raty>
- Let's see a demo!

# Lab 7

- Make a raty directive
- Use a link function
- Be sure to {path: “/img”}
- Just get as far as plugin appearing

# \$scope.\$watch

- Two args
  - An expression to watch
  - A function to execute on change
    - receives newval, oldval as params

# Lab 7a

- Add a rating scope mapping
- watch the rating mapping
- call `$().raty("score", newValue)`
- Use an input to check your work

# scope.\$apply()

- Triggers a \$digest() cycle
  - This is where dirty checking happens
  - Normally not needed
  - Except to coordinate with external APIs
- Takes a function as arg



# Lab 8

- Pass a click function into raty
- Use `scope.$apply` to update the rating property and have angular know about it
- Raty directive should work!

# Directive controllers

- Specified with controller attribute
- Can be name or function

Directive with  
controller

# require

- Allows directives to collaborate
- Specifies a directive this directive needs
  - “otherDirective” should be located on this element
  - “^parentDirective” search for directive on parent elements
  - “?maybeDirective” pass null if maybeDirective isn’t found instead of throwing error
- required directives have their controller passed to requiring directive

Require example



# ngModelController

- Use require: “ngModel” to get handed an ngModelController
- Exposes form component API
- Manages model and view values
- Allows for building custom form controls that first class “angular form citizens”

# ngModelController

- \$render
  - set this to function which gets passed the view value to render.
- \$setViewValue
  - Call this to update the model controllers view value

# Lab 9

- Turn raty into a “real” angular form control
- Require ngModel and get passed an ngModelController
- User \$render to update raty
- Use \$setViewValue to update ng-model

# \$formatters

- pipeline (array) of functions
- Converts model values to view value
- Each function gets passed model value, returns view value



# \$parsers

- pipeline (array) of functions
- Converts view value to model value
- Each function gets passed view value, returns model value



parse/format example

# Lab 10

- Let's make raty convert from percentage
- Model value is 0 to 100
- Stars are 0 to 5

# Transclusion

- The inclusion of one thing in something else
- `transclude: true`
- Allows directive to wrap arbitrary angular template content
- Use `ng-transclude` to specify where the original body content goes

# Transclusion example

# Lab 11

- Build a dollar input group directive
- Wrap a normal input with twitter bootstrap input group formatting
- Use it to enter a candidates expected salary



# Lab 12

- Add message property to scope on save and create
- Create a directive to display it
- Allow directive to take dismiss handler
- Remember “&”?

# validation directives

- require ngModel
- \$setValidity(validationErrorKey, isValid)
- called during \$parsers function

# Lab 13

- Write an ssn directive
- Should validate ssn with regex and add an ssn error in case of failure
- Use it on edit and display appropriate error message

# UI Router

- A replacement for ngRouter
- Allows for nested and multiple views

# Switching

- `ngRouter => ui.router`
- `$routeParams => $stateParams`
- `ng-view => ui-view`



# \$stateProvider

- very close to \$routeProvider API
- when => state
- state(stateName, options)
- url goes in options

Let's see!

# ui-sref

- directive to build links
- pass a state name
  - `ui-sref="state"`
- with params
  - `ui-sref="state({id: 1})"`

# Lab 14

- Convert the links to ui-sref

# Nested routes

- Name with “parentState.childState”
- url is relative to parent state
- Add a ui-view to parent template



Example me!

# Lab 15

- Candidates now have comments
- List comments on the show candidate view
- Click on a comment title to view details
- Use nested routes make it happen!

# \$stateChangeStart

- called when a route change is about to happen
- listener function gets event, toState, toParams, fromState, fromParams as args
- event.preventDefault() will cancel

# module.run()

- pass in a function which can be injected
- Useful place to listen for \$stateChangeStart event

# Lab 16

- Use this knowledge to implement authentication



# Angular2

All about the web components

# It's totally different!

- Web components
- ES6/Typescript
- Routing
- Injection system
- bindings

# It's not done yet!

- Some of what I will show you is already obsolete!
- Even more of it will become obsolete soon!
- Yay! Let's get started!

# Angular2

- git clone:
- [https://github.com/gaslight/angular2\\_labs](https://github.com/gaslight/angular2_labs)
- inside that dir
  - git clone:
  - <https://github.com/angular/quickstart.git>

```
npm install -g http-server
```



SystemJS

App component

# ES6 Modules

# Typescript

bootstrap



Woot! We can haz  
angular2

# You try!

- git checkout start
- Make your app element <name>-app
- Where <name> is your name
- Have it say something!

# Components

- The class is the “controller”
- It is in scope in the template
- Expressions are still `{{}}`

Let's see!

You try!



# Nested components

Super weird for loop  
syntax

You try!

attribute bindings

Make a sub subcomponent



# Event bindings

Add a button!