

Using Swift and C++ for image processing

CocoaHeads Lviv ep. 5



Link to slides

About me

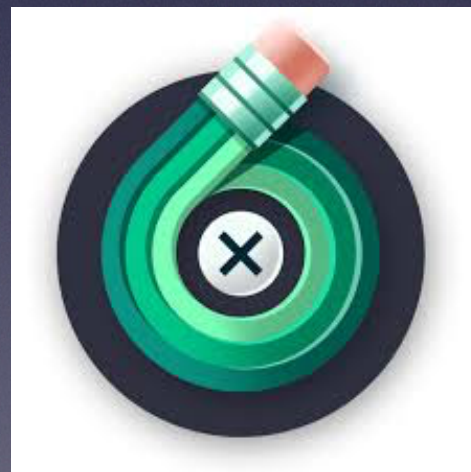
<https://www.goodreads.com/user/show/38693364-olha> - add me to friends 😊

Software engineer @ ADVA Soft

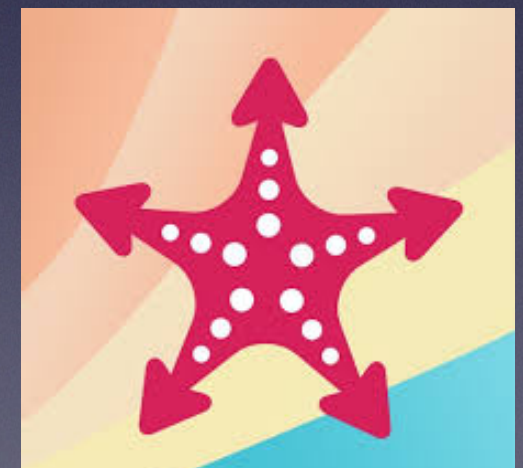
Some of the projects I've worked on:



HandyPhoto



TouchRetouch



Recrop

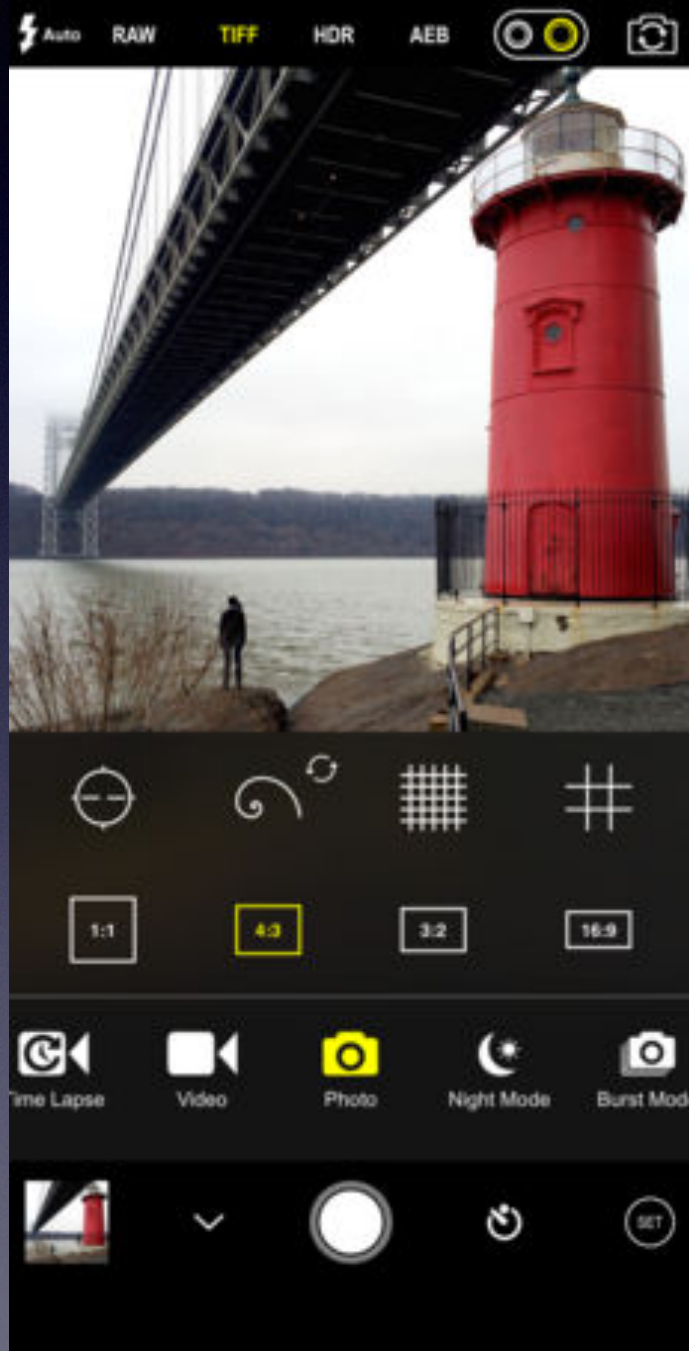
Why integrate Swift and C++?

- cross-platform app (e.g. iOS/Android)
- nice library exists only in C++
- update Objc to Swift
- performance (= unsafe 😊)

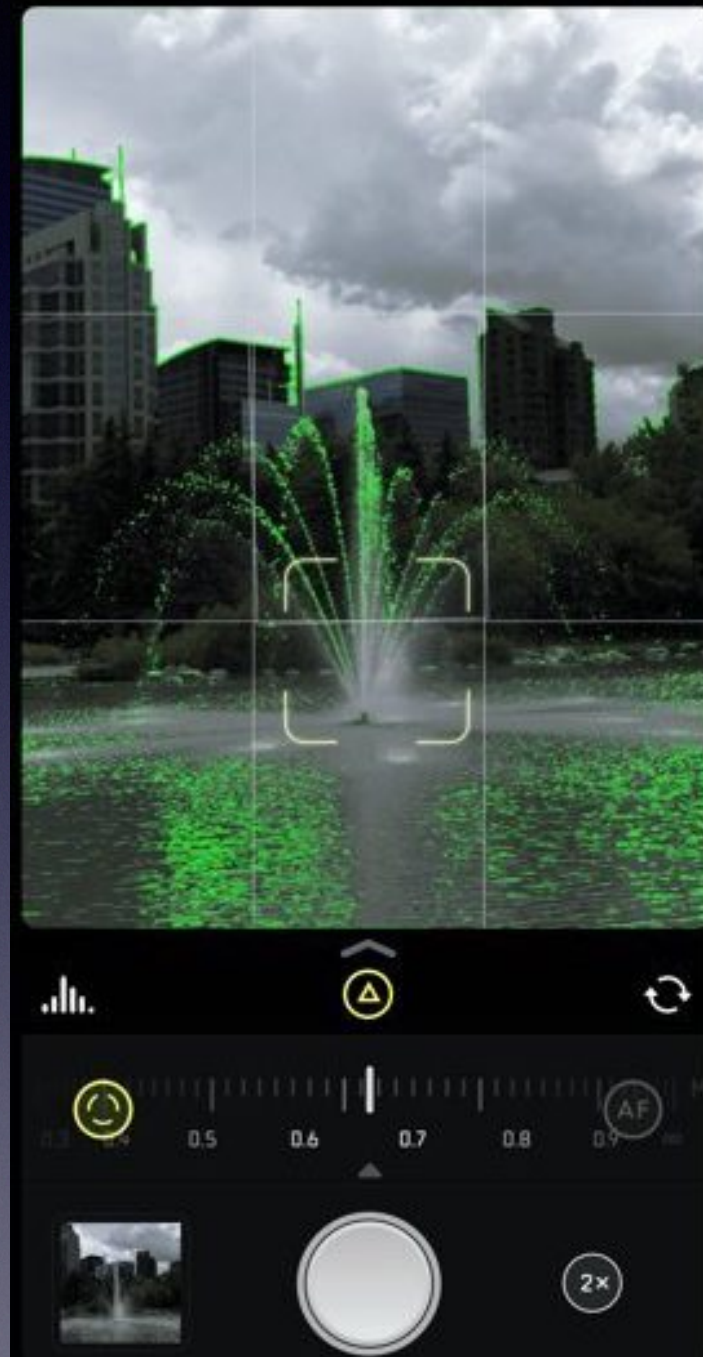
Main challenges

- memory management
- interoperability issues: ObjC → Swift
- interoperability issues: Swift → ObjC

Let's build a custom camera



ProCam 6



Halide



Spectre camera

What we'll do

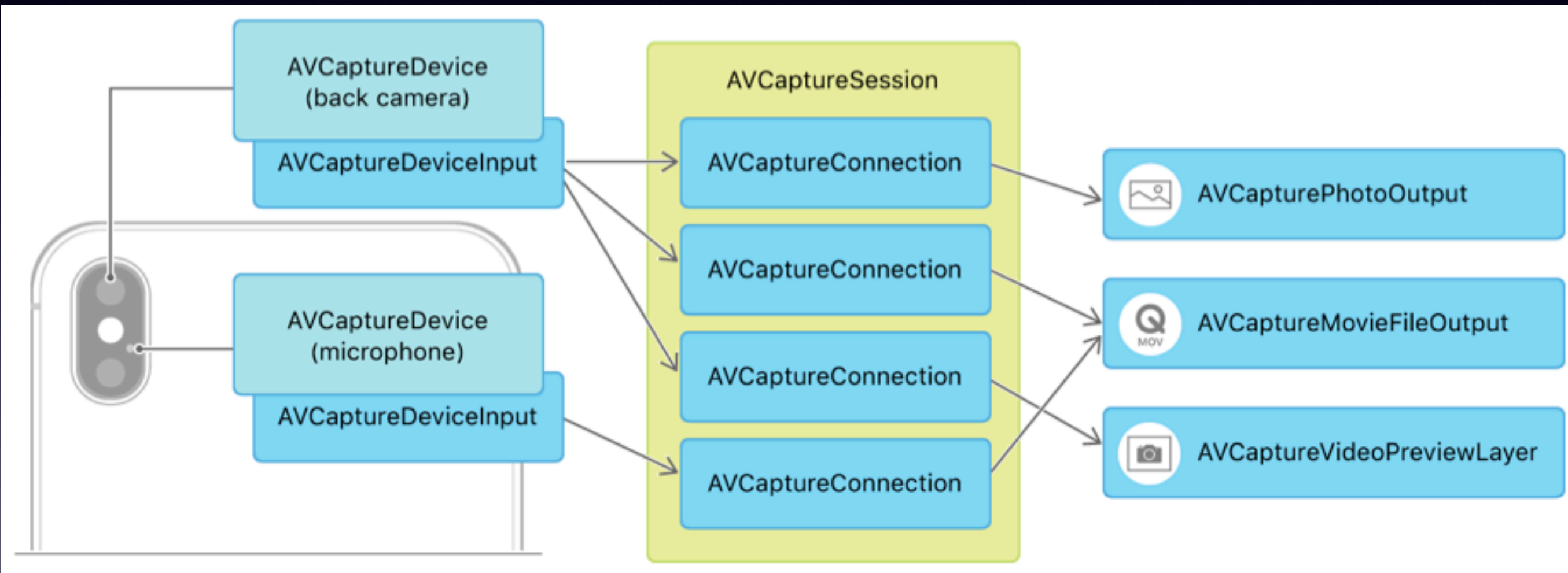
receive video stream (AVFoundation)

apply simple filter (C++)

detect edges (OpenCV)

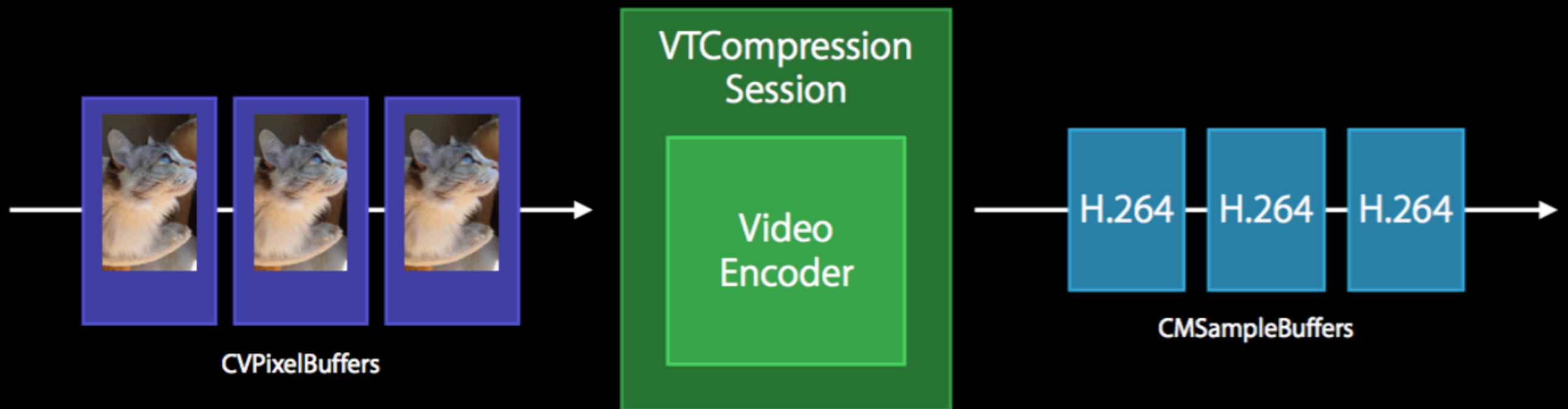


AVFoundation: input & output



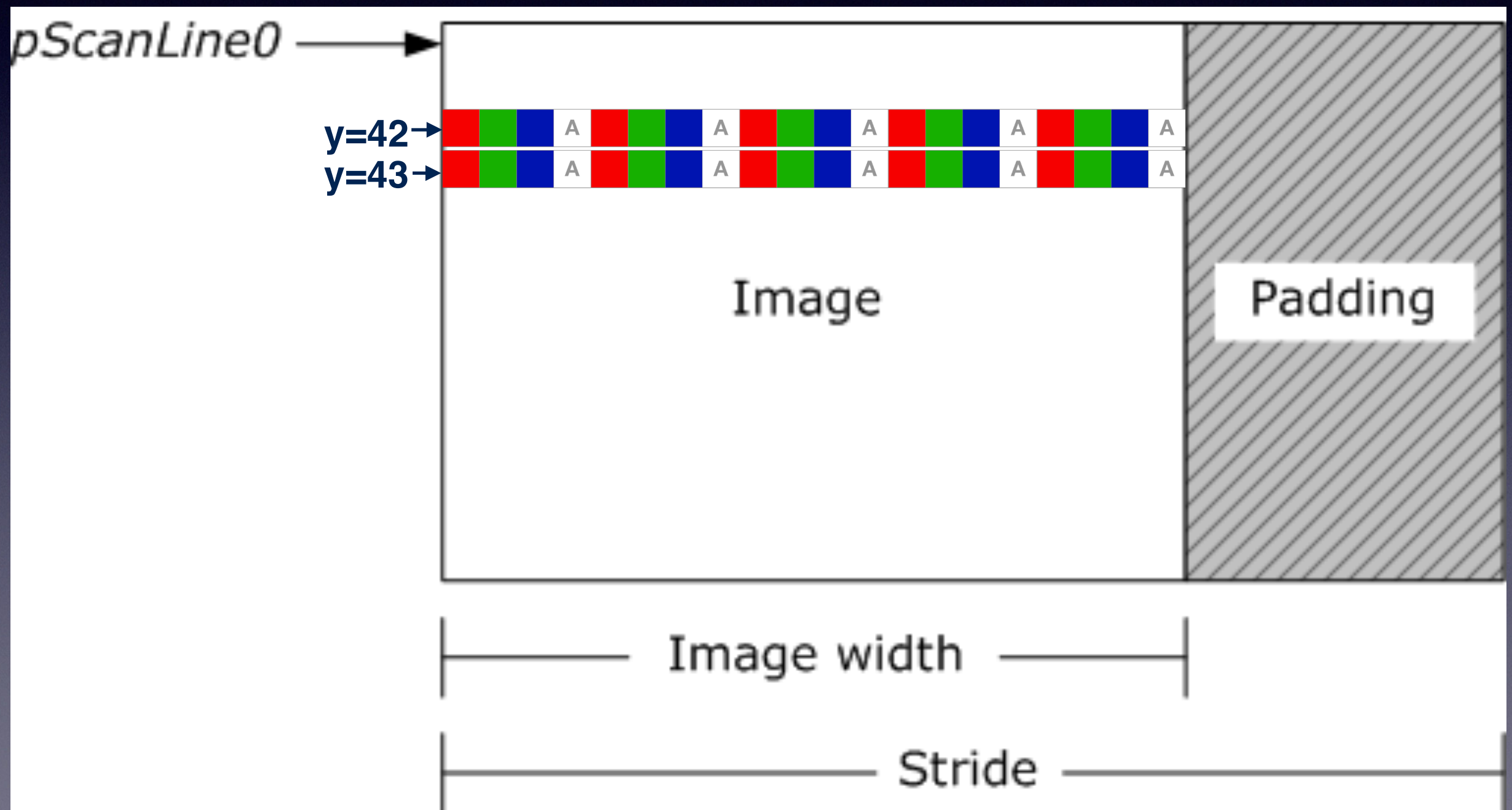
```
class AVSampleBufferDisplayLayer : CALayer
```

AVFoundation: CVPixelBuffer



CVPixelBuffer memory layout

BGRA: each pixel takes 4 bytes = 32 bits



CVPixelBuffer memory layout

Line padding = more efficient processing (SSE/MMX)

Accelerate.framework: vImage, vDSP



normal



after

the **stride** was ignored

Example #0: simple filter

UnsafePointer:

- interoperability
- building high performance data structures

Unsafe**[Mutable]****[Raw]****[Buffer]**Pointer<T>

Pointers are just memory addresses.

Direct memory access is **Unsafe**.

Mutable means you can write to it.

Raw means it points to a blob of bytes.

Buffer means that it works like a collection.

Generic <T> pointers are typed.

Example #0: simple filter

Why not just cast them?

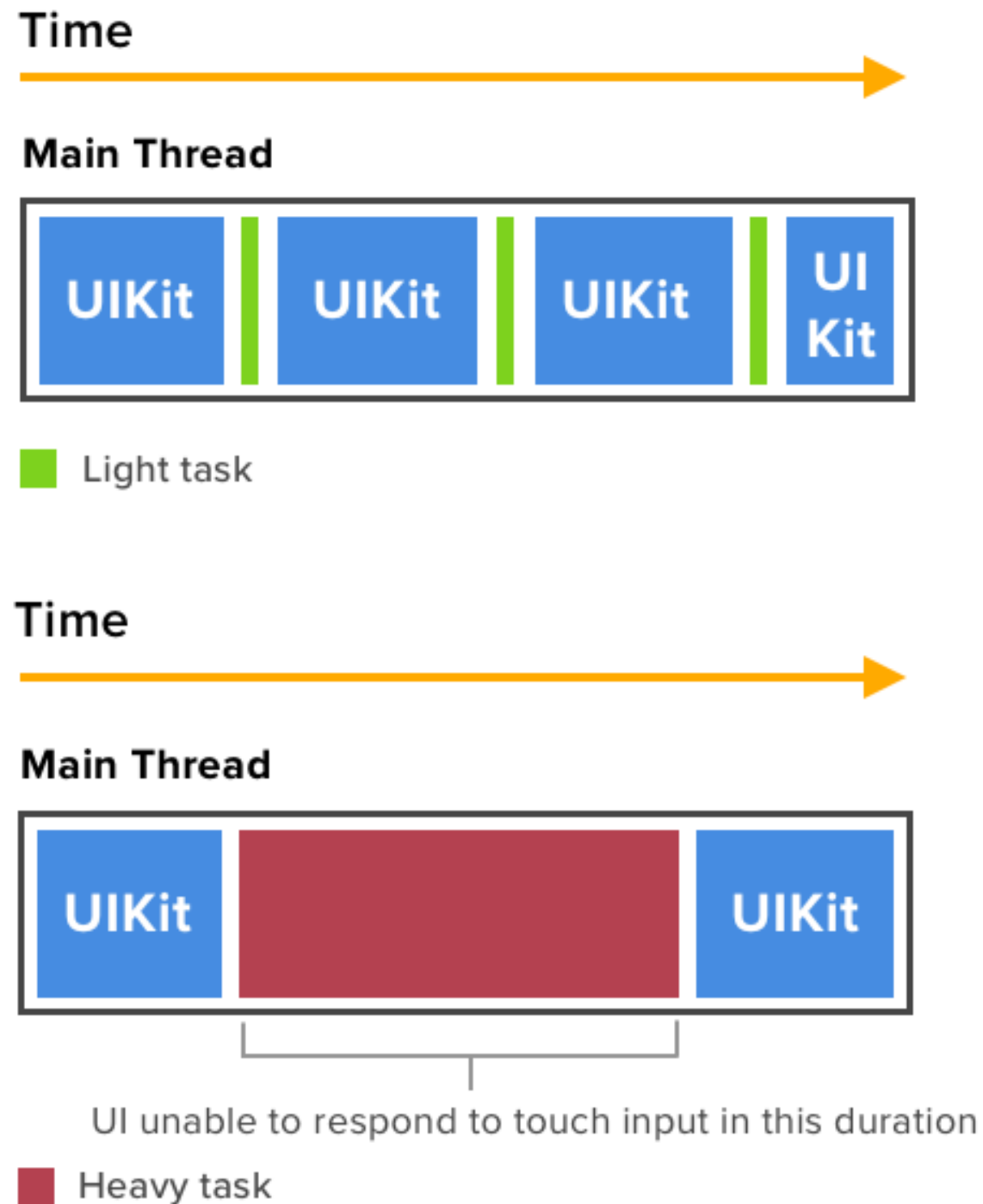
```
UnsafeMutableRawPointer = void*
```

```
UnsafeMutablePointer<UInt8> = unsigned char*
```

Type punning: undefined behavior 🤔

```
let ptrT: UnsafeMutablePointer<T> = ...  
// Store T at this address.  
ptrT[0] = T()  
// Load U at this address  
let u = UnsafePointer<U>(ptrT)[0]
```


Example #1: slow operation on Main thread

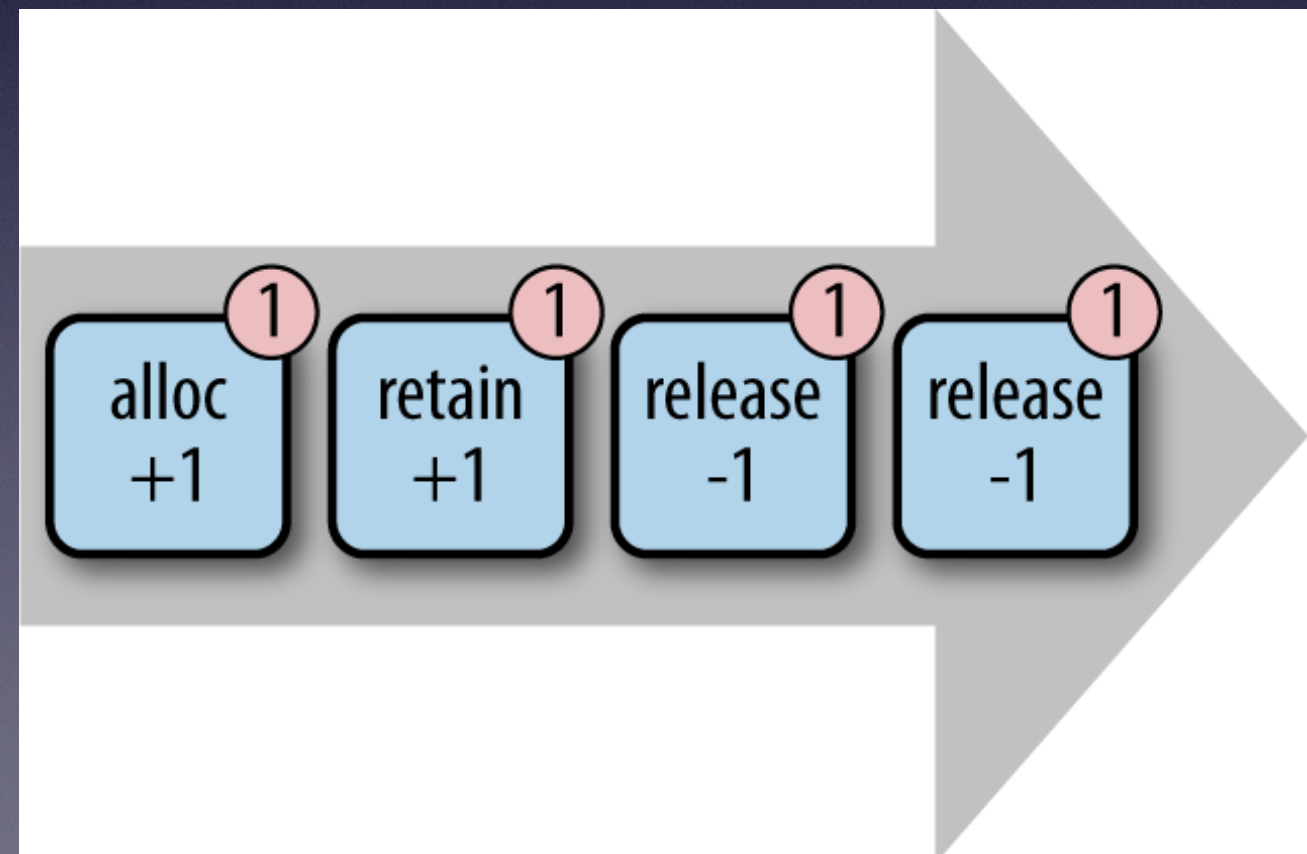


Example #2: Dispatch algorithm to background thread

C++ **object allocation**: stack vs heap

Unmanaged:

- takeRetainedValue
- takeUnretainedValue
- toOpaque, fromOpaque
- passRetained
- passUnretained



Example #2: Retain (Spoiler 🤔)

Visual Example of Object Pooling

Cool 1980's
Hair Style →

Gun →

Create

Destroy

Bad

Reuse

Pew
Pew

Good

by Mike Geig



Example #3: Copy PixelBuffer (when we need a few of them)

ARC != CoreFoundation memory management

we are responsible for CFRetain/CFRelease/malloc/...

Questions?

References

- <https://www.raywenderlich.com/780-unsafe-swift-using-pointers-and-interacting-with-c>
- <https://github.com/apple/swift-evolution/blob/master/proposals/0107-unsafepointer.md>
- <https://nshipster.com/unmanaged/>
- https://developer.apple.com/documentation/accelerate/vimage/applying_vimage_operations_to_video_sample_buffers

Feedback



<https://forms.gle/yc5tDDy7xFw9DSXw7>