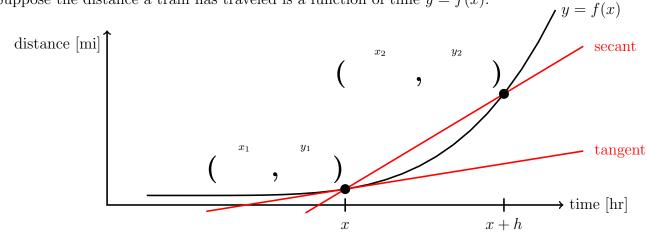
## N1. **Definition.** The Limit Definition of Derivative

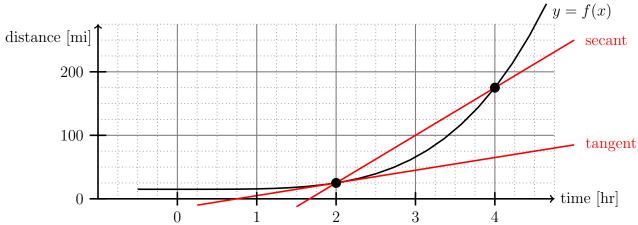
Suppose the distance a train has traveled is a function of time y = f(x).



average velocity over 
$$[x,x+h]$$
 =  $\begin{cases} \text{average} \\ \text{rate of} \\ \text{change} \\ \text{over} \\ [x,x+h] \end{cases}$  =  $\begin{cases} \text{slope of} \\ \text{secant} \\ \text{between} \\ x,x+h \end{cases}$  =  $\begin{cases} \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{y_2-y_1}{x_2-x_1} = \end{cases}$  =  $\begin{cases} \text{definition of} \\ \text{difference} \\ \text{quotient} \end{cases}$ 

N2. Exercise. Estimate from the diagram: the slope of the secant through 2 and 4.

## N3. Exercise. Estimate from the diagram: the slope of the tangent at 2.



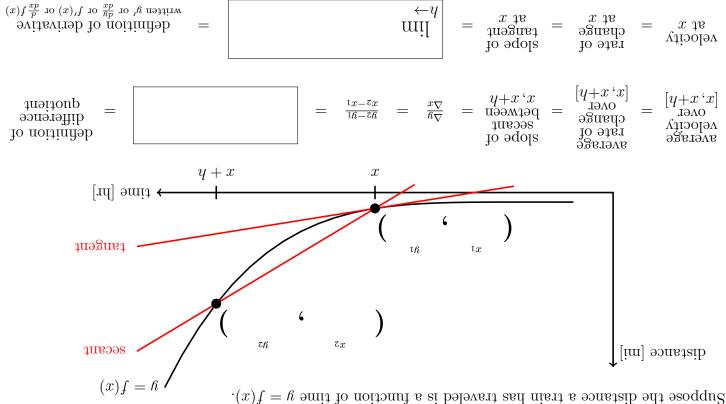
N4. Example. Suppose 
$$f(x) = 15 + \frac{5}{8}x^4$$
. Compute the slope of the **secant** through  $x$  and  $x + h$ .
$$f(x+h) = 15 + \frac{5}{8}(x+h)^4 = 15 + \frac{5}{8}x^4 + \frac{20}{8}x^3h + \frac{30}{8}x^2h^2 + \frac{20}{8}xh^3 + \frac{5}{8}h^4$$

$$\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h} =$$

N5. Exercise. Suppose  $f(x) = 15 + \frac{5}{8}x^4$ . Compute the slope of the **tangent** line at x.

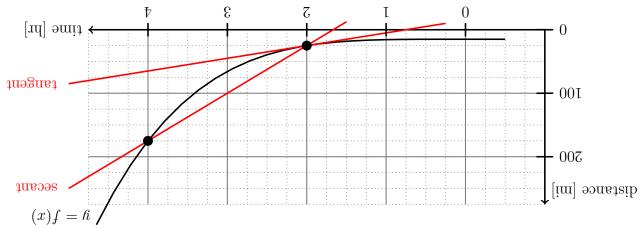
N6. Exercise. Use your answer to N5 to compute f'(2).

N1. **Definition.** The Limit Definition of Derivative



N2. Exercise. Estimate from the diagram: the slope of the secant through 2 and 4.

N3. Exercise. Estimate from the diagram: the slope of the tangent at 2.



N4. EXAMPLE. Suppose  $f(x) = 15 + \frac{5}{8}x^4$ . Compute the slope of the **secant** through x and x + h.  $f(x+h) = 15 + \frac{5}{8}(x+h)^4 = 15 + \frac{5}{8}x^4 + \frac{20}{8}x^3h + \frac{30}{8}x^2h^2 + \frac{20}{8}xh^3 + \frac{5}{8}h^4 = \frac{1}{8}h^4$ 

N5. Exercise. Suppose  $f(x) = 15 + \frac{5}{8}x^4$ . Compute the slope of the tangent line at x.

N6. Exercise. Use your answer to N5 to compute f'(2).