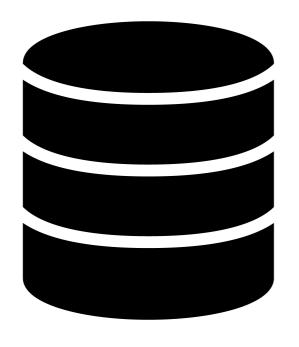
## Welcome

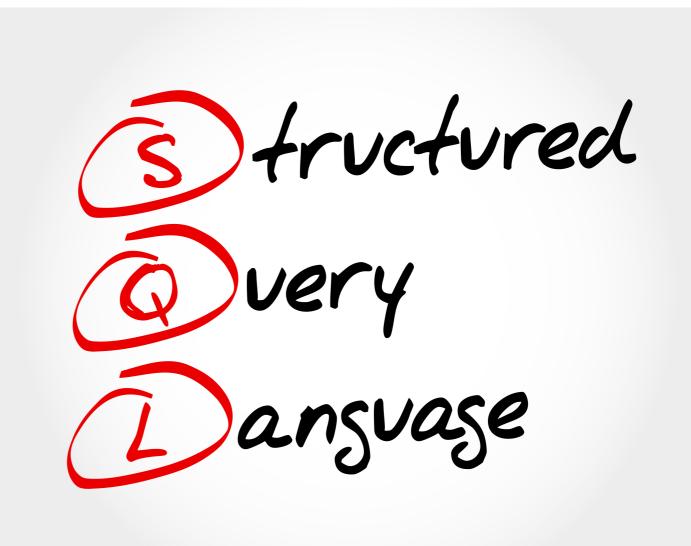
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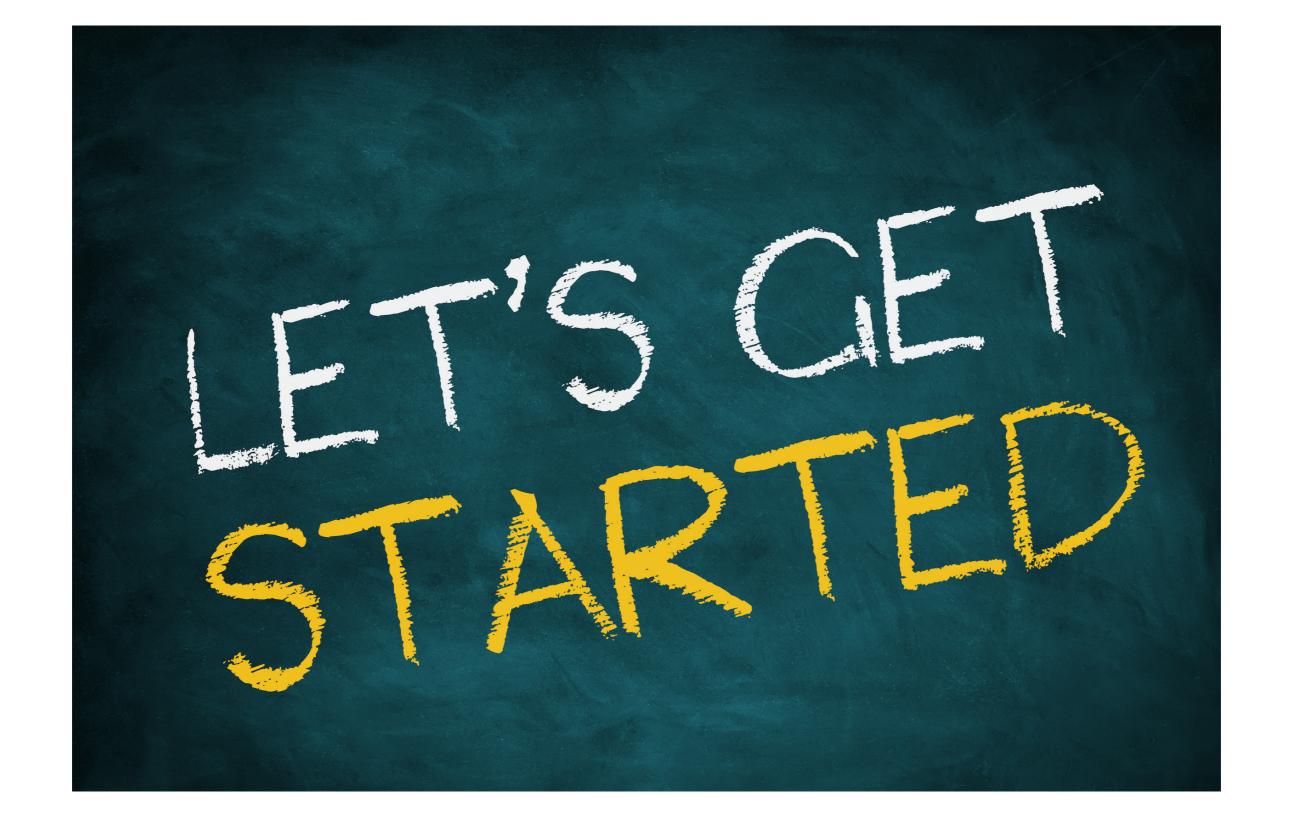






#### SQL Server & Transact-SQL

- SQL Server relational database system developed by Microsoft
- Transact-SQL (T-SQL) Microsoft's implementation of SQL, with additional functionality
- In this course: Master the fundamentals of T-SQL
- Learn how to write queries



### Querying 101

- SQL-Server: the *store* containing databases and tables
- Queries: how we pick different items, from different aisles, and load up our cart
- SELECT: key term for retrieving data



SELECT description
FROM grid;

```
description
Severe Weather Thunderstorms
Severe Weather Thunderstorms
Severe Weather Thunderstorms
Fuel Supply Emergency Coal
Physical Attack Vandalism
Physical Attack Vandalism
Physical Attack Vandalism
Severe Weather Thunderstorms
Severe Weather Thunderstorms
Suspected Physical Attack
Physical Attack Vandalism
```

#### Selecting more than one column

```
SELECT
  artist_id,
  artist_name
FROM
  artist;
```

```
artist_id | artist_name
           AC/DC
           Accept
           Aerosmith
          | Alanis Morissette
          | Alice In Chains
           Antônio Carlos Jobim
          | Apocalyptica
           Audioslave
           BackBeat
           Billy Cobham
```

### Query formatting

```
SELECT description, event_year, event_date
FROM grid;
```

```
SELECT
  description,
  event_year,
  event_date
FROM
  grid;
```

#### Select TOP ()

```
-- Return 5 rows

SELECT TOP(5) artist

FROM artists;

-- Return top 5% of rows

SELECT TOP(5) PERCENT artist

FROM artists;
```

```
artist
AC/DC
Accept
Aerosmith
Alanis Morissette
Alice in Chains
```

#### Select DISTINCT

```
-- Return all rows in the table
SELECT nerc_region
FROM grid;
```

```
+-----+
| nerc_region |
|-----|
| RFC |
| RFC |
| MRO |
| MRO |
| .... |
+-----+
```

```
-- Return unique rows

SELECT DISTINCT nerc_region

FROM grid;
```

```
+-----+
| nerc_region |
|-----|
| NPCC |
| NPCC RFC |
| RFC |
| ERCOT |
| ... |
+-----+
```

### Select \*

```
-- Return all rows

SELECT *

FROM grid;
```

• NOT suitable for large tables

#### Aliasing column names with AS

```
SELECT demand_loss_mw AS lost_demand
FROM grid;
```

```
SELECT description AS cause_of_outage
FROM grid;
```

```
lost_demand
424
217
494
338
3900
3300
```

```
+-----+
| cause_of_outage
|------|
| Severe Weather Thunderstorms |
| Fuel Supply Emergency Coal |
| Physical Attack Vandalism |
| Suspected Physical Attack |
| Electrical System Islanding |
+------
```



# Let's write some T-SQL!

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# Ordering and Filtering

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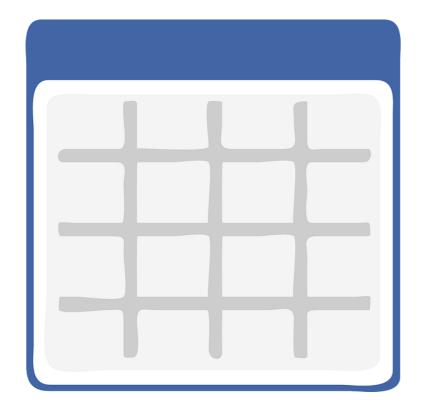


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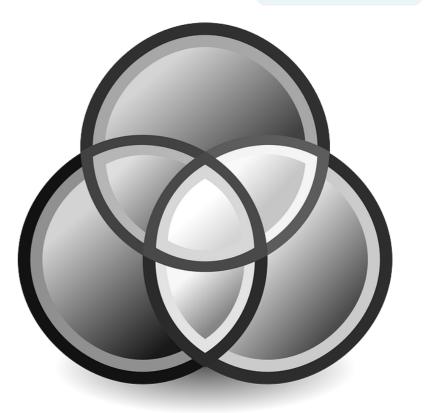


#### Order! Order!

- Tables comprise of rows and columns
- Queries return sets, or subsets



- Sets have no inherent order
- If order is important, use ORDER BY



```
SELECT TOP (10) prod_id, year_intro
FROM products
-- Order in ascending order
ORDER BY year_intro, product_id;
```

```
product_id | year_intro |
36
         | 1981
37
         | 1982
38
         | 1983
           1984
39
           1984
40
41
         | 1984
52
           1985
43
           1986
           1987
54
           1987
```



```
SELECT TOP (10) product_id, year_intro
FROM products
-- Order year_intro in descending order
ORDER BY year_intro DESC, product_id;
```

```
product_id | year_intro |
158
     | 2015
173
     | 2015
     | 2014
170
     2014
171
     | 2014
172
      | 2013
144
146
      | 2013
147
      | 2013
148
         2013
         2013
149
```



```
SELECT

TOP (10) channels,
year_intro

FROM products
-- Order in different directions

ORDER BY
year_intro DESC,
channels;
```

```
channels
             | year_intro |
35
             | 2015
74
             | 2015
29
            | 2014
45
            | 2014
48
            | 2014
12
            | 2013
13
             | 2013
14
              2013
22
              2013
24
              2013
```

```
SELECT
   TOP (10) channels,
   year_intro
FROM products
-- Both columns in descending order
ORDER BY
   year_intro DESC,
   channels DESC;
```

```
channels
            | year_intro
74
            | 2015
35
            | 2015
48
            | 2014
45
            | 2014
29
            | 2014
837
            | 2013
642
            | 2013
561
             | 2013
491
             | 2013
198
             2013
```

```
SELECT city_id, name_alias
FROM invoice
-- Ordering text (Ascending order)
ORDER BY name_alias;
```

```
SELECT city_id, name_alias
FROM invoice
-- Ordering text (Descending order)
ORDER BY name_alias DESC;
```

```
city_id | name_alias
           | Amsterdam
 48
           | Bangalore
 59
            | Berlin
 36
            | Berlin
 38
            | Bordeaux
 42
 23
            | Boston
            | Brasília
 13
            | Brussels
 45
            | Budapest
            | Buenos Aires
 56
```

```
city_id | name_alias
 33 | Yellowknife
           | Winnipeg
 32
           | Warsaw
           | Vienne
 15
           | Vancouver
 27
           I Tucson
           | Toronto
 29
           | Stuttgart
 51
           | Stockholm
           | Sydney
 55
```

What if we only wanted to return rows that met certain criteria?

```
SELECT customer_id, total
FROM invoice
WHERE total > 15;
```

First 3 customers with invoice value > 15

```
-- Rows with points greater than 10
WHERE points > 10
-- Rows with points less than 10
WHERE points < 10
-- Rows with points greater than or equal to 10
WHERE points >= 10
-- Rows with points less than or equal to 20
WHERE points <= 20
-- Character data type
WHERE country = 'Spain'
-- Date data type
WHERE event_date = '2012-01-02'
```

```
SELECT customer_id, total
FROM invoice
-- Testing for non-equality
WHERE total <> 10;
```

```
customerid | total |
         | 1.98 |
         | 3.96 |
       | 5.94 |
     | 8.91 |
      | 13.86 |
23
37
         0.99
```



#### Between

```
SELECT customer_id, total
FROM invoice
WHERE total BETWEEN 20 AND 30;
```

```
SELECT customer_id, total
FROM invoice
WHERE total NOT BETWEEN 20 AND 30;
```

#### What is NULL?

- NULL indicates there is no value for that record
- NULLs help highlight gaps in our data

```
SELECT
  TOP (6) total,
  billing_state
FROM invoice
WHERE billing_state IS NULL;
```

```
SELECT
  TOP (6) total,
  billing_state
FROM invoice
WHERE billing_state IS NOT NULL;
```

```
total | billing_state |
  ----+------
     | NULL
1.98
      | NULL
3.96
5.94
      | NULL
0.99
      | NULL
1.98
      | NULL
      | NULL
1.98
```

```
total | billing_state |
 8.91 | AB
13.96
      | MA
 5.94
      | Dublin
 0.99
       | CA
       | WA
 1.98
       | CA
 1.98
```

## Let's sort it!

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# WHERE the wild things are

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```
SELECT song, artist
FROM songlist
WHERE
artist = 'AC/DC';
```

```
song
                | artist |
Baby, Please Don't Go | AC/DC |
Back In Black | AC/DC |
Big Gun | AC/DC |
CAN'T STOP ROCK'N'ROLL | AC/DC |
Girls Got Rhythm | AC/DC |
Hard As A Rock | AC/DC |
Have a Drink On Me | AC/DC |
Hells Bells | AC/DC |
```

```
SELECT song, artist
FROM songlist
WHERE
  artist = 'AC/DC'
  AND release_year < 1980;</pre>
```

```
song
                    | artist |
-----+-----
Dirty Deeds Done Dirt Cheap | AC/DC
Highway To Hell | AC/DC
It's A Long Way To The Top | AC/DC
Let There Be Rock | AC/DC
Night Prowler | AC/DC
T.N.T.
                    | AC/DC
Touch Too Much | AC/DC
Whole Lotta Rosie | AC/DC
```

#### **AND** again

• Returns 3 rows:

```
SELECT *
FROM songlist
WHERE
  release_year = 1994
AND artist = 'Green Day';
```

• Returns 1 row:

```
SELECT *
FROM songlist
WHERE
  release_year = 1994
  AND artist = 'Green Day'
  AND song = 'Basket Case';
```

```
SELECT
   song,
   artist,
   release_year
FROM songlist
WHERE release_year = 1994;
```



```
SELECT
   song,
   artist,
   release_year
FROM songlist
WHERE
   release_year = 1994
   OR release_year > 2000;
```

```
| artist
                                        | release_year
song
Doom And Gloom
               | Rolling Stones
                                        | 2012
Remedy
                   | Seether
                                          2005
                    | Shinedown
45
                                          2003
Black Hole Sun
                  | Soundgarden
                                         1994
Fell On Black Days | Soundgarden
                                        | 1994
                   | Soundgarden
Spoonman
                                        | 1994
It's Been Awhile
                  | Staind
                                         2001
           | Stone Temple Pilots | 1994
Big Empty
Interstate Love Song | Stone Temple Pilots | 1994
                    | Stone Temple Pilots | 1994
Vasoline
```

```
SELECT song
FROM songlist
WHERE
  artist = 'Green Day'
AND release_year = 1994;
```

```
SELECT song
FROM songlist
WHERE
  artist = 'Green Day'
  AND release_year > 2000;
```

```
SELECT song
FROM songlist
WHERE
  artist = 'Green Day'
  AND release_year = 1994
  OR release_year > 2000;
```

```
song
Doom And Gloom
Remedy
45
It's Been Awhile
Goodbye Daughters of the Revolution
Gold On The Ceiling
Lonely Boy
Seven Nation Army
Get Together
Vertigo
When I'm Gone
```

### What went wrong?

```
SELECT *
FROM songlist
WHERE
  artist = 'Green Day'
  AND release_year = 1994
  OR release_year > 2000;
```

```
SELECT *
FROM songlist
WHERE
  artist = 'Green Day'
AND release_year = 1994;
```

#### OR

```
SELECT *
FROM songlist
WHERE
  release_year > 2000;
```

```
SELECT song
FROM songlist
WHERE
  artist = 'Green Day'
AND (
   release_year = 1994
   OR release_year > 2000
);
```

#### Another way of writing the query:

```
SELECT song
FROM songlist
WHERE
  (
    artist = 'Green Day'
    AND release_year = 1994
  )
  OR (
    artist = 'Green Day'
    AND release_year > 2000
  );
```

```
SELECT song, artist
FROM songlist
WHERE
  artist IN ('Van Halen', 'ZZ Top')
ORDER BY song;
```

```
SELECT song, release_year
FROM songlist
WHERE
  release_year IN (1985, 1991, 1992);
```

```
song
                  | release_year |
Addicted to Love | 1985
Don't You | 1985
Come As You Are | 1991
Money for Nothing
                 | 1985
Walk of Life | 1985
Man On the Moon | 1992
Breaking the Girl | 1992
You Belong to the City | 1985
Enter Sandman | 1991
In Bloom
                  1 1991
```

```
SELECT song
FROM songlist
WHERE song LIKE 'a%';
```

```
SELECT artist
FROM songlist
WHERE artist LIKE 'f%';
```

## Let's practice!

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