Passthru: Protocol Omni-multiplexer

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Special Thanks

- Thanks to Bailey
 - for switching presentation timeslot with us!



Overview

Background

Original Problem – Inefficiency in proxying TLS traffics

- A smarter way Passthru
 - Design
 - Implementation
 - Application Scenario



Background

- Reverse Proxy
 - Sits in front of back-end application servers and forward requests
- CDN
 - Geographically distributed network of (reverse) proxy servers
- International Private Leased Circuit (IPLC)

International Ethernet Private Line (IEPL)

Background

- Transport Layer Security (TLS)
 - CA-signed certificate-based cryptographic protocol
 - Integrity, Authenticity and Privacy per se, MITM attack prevented
 - The foundation of modern HTTP-over-TLS (https://)
 - Designed for TCP. UDP adaptations: DTLS(WebRTC), QUIC(HTTP3)



Traditional ways to proxy TLS

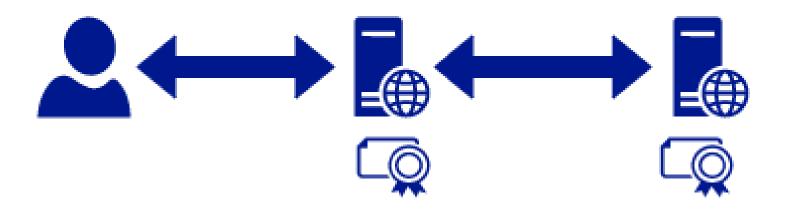
- Reverse Proxy for a TLS service, e.g., HAProxy
 - 2 TCP Connections, 1 TLS Session
 - Port Mapping/Forwarding + optional Load Balancer





Traditional ways to proxy TLS

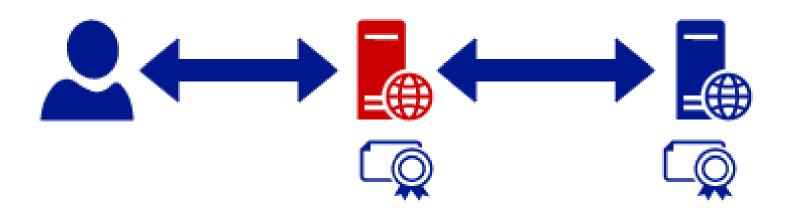
- CDN for a TLS Website (via HTTPS), e.g., Cloudflare
 - 2 TCP Connections, 2 TLS Sessions
 - Caching + Load Balancing + optional Attack Mitigation





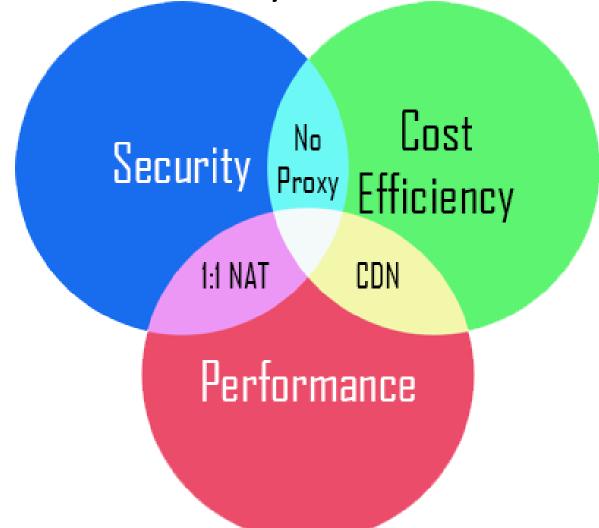
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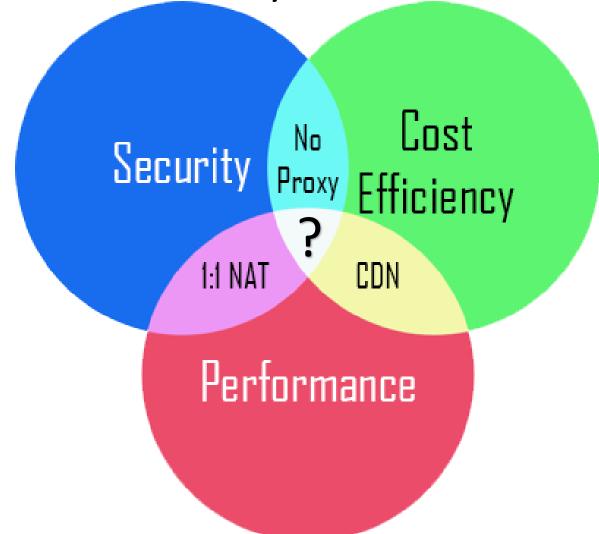


Trilemma: Security vs. Cost vs. Performance





Trilemma: Security vs. Cost vs. Performance



A smarter (yet simple) way

Deep Packet Inspection (DPI)

- Assumptions
 - Protocols MUST be distinguishable before a server responds
 - Protocol Identification MUST be deterministic and exclusive
 - Protocol identification SHOULD happen at line speed



Passthru

- Ad hoc DPI-based Protocol Omni-multiplexer
 - DPI: for Application Data Sniffing
 - Protocol: identified at Transport Layer or lower
 - Omni: Highly programmable/customizable

Prototype

- Unprivileged user space application at Transport Layer written in Go
- TCP Protocols only
- TLS Protocol Detection included in application, AND
- Allows custom pluggable Detection Modules to be added by user



Definition: Objects

- Server
 - Accepts incoming connections
 - Dials outgoing connections
 - Relaying data between clients and destination hosts
- Protocol
 - Performs DPI on incoming bytes
 - Tells Server if matching

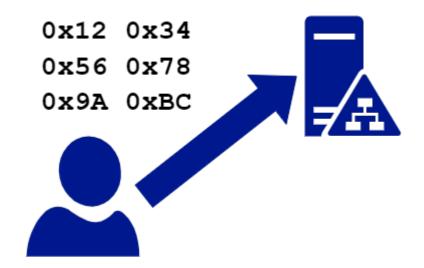
















0x12 0x34

0x56 0x78

0x9A 0xBC



Anyone recognize this? If so, tell me: what to do?













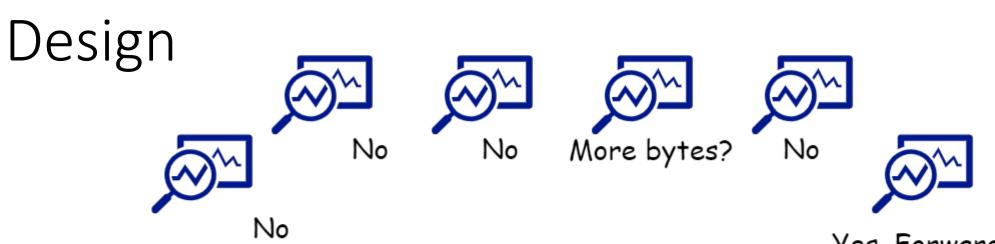




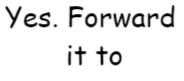
Design

No No More bytes? No No



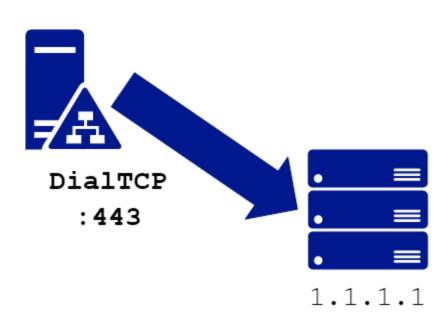




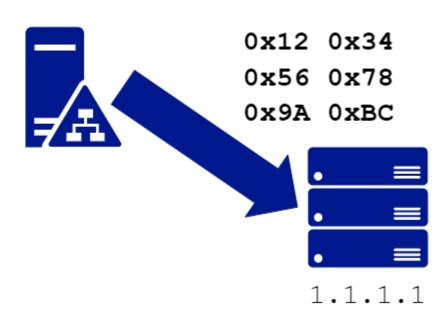


1.1.1.1:443

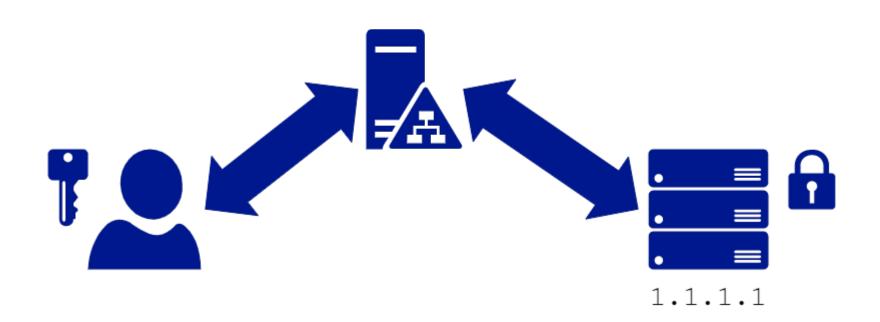














Implementation

- Configuration File
 - Standard JSON Format
- Config File Structure
 - Versioning
 - Server Group
 - Server
 - Protocol
 - Rules
 - Action

```
"version": "v0.2.0",
          "servers": {
              "127.0.0.1:443": {
                  "TLS": {
                      "SNI gaukas.wang": {
                          "action": "FORWARD",
                          "to_addr": "185.199.111.153:443"
                      },
                      "APLN h2": {
10
11
                          "action": "FORWARD",
                          "to addr": "1.1.1.1:443"
12
13
                      "CATCHALL": {
14
15
                          "action": "REJECT"
17
                  "CATCHALL": {
18
19
                      "CATCHALL": {
20
                          "action": "FORWARD",
                          "to_addr": "neverssl.com:443"
21
22
23
24
25
```

Implementation

- Connection Handler
 - Creates Server
 - Creates a Protocol Manager for each Server
 - Asks Protocol Manager to match connection to Action
 - Applies matched Action to the connection
 - REJECT: close the connection
 - FORWARD: copy (or zero-copy?) all bytes from the client to a remote target
 - ...more possible actions



Implementation

- Protocol Manager
 - Keeps the config including the mapping from Rules to Actions
 - Keeps a list of known Protocols, configure them with their Rules
 - When asked to match bytes to Action
 - Ask all known Protocols: Is this byte stream matching any of your known Rules? And what is that Rule?
 - As soon as a Protocol returns a Rule, look for the corresponding Action
 - Return the Action to caller

Application Scenario

- (Virtual) Gateway Integration
 - Enables IP-layer forwarding to Passthru to preserve Client IP
- Flexible Reverse Proxy/IPLC/IEPL Integration
 - Better utilizations of shared infrastructures
- Better Security
 - Hides services from probes and consequential attacks



Recap

• Passthru: a protocol omni-multiplexor

- Prototype
 - Go based, unprivileged user space application
 - Open-source under GPL 3.0 on GitHub (github.com/gaukas/passthru)
- Application



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Questions?

