

$$f_i(x) \approx g_i(x) = f_i(x^k) + \nabla f_i|_{x^k} \cdot (x - x^k) + \frac{\rho_i}{2} \sum_{j=1}^n \left(\frac{x_j - x_j^k}{\sigma_j} \right)^2 \quad i \in \{0, 1, \dots, m\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} L(x, \lambda) &= g_0(x) + \sum_{i=1}^m \lambda_i g_i(x) \\ &= f_0(x^k) + \nabla f_0|_{x^k} \cdot (x - x^k) + \frac{\rho_0}{2} \sum_{j=1}^n \left(\frac{x_j - x_j^k}{\sigma_j} \right)^2 \\ &\quad + \sum_{i=1}^m \lambda_i \left(f_i(x^k) + \nabla f_i|_{x^k} \cdot (x - x^k) + \frac{\rho_i}{2} \sum_{j=1}^n \left(\frac{x_j - x_j^k}{\sigma_j} \right)^2 \right) \\ &= f_0(x^k) + \sum_{i=1}^m \lambda_i f_i(x^k) \\ &\quad + \sum_{j=1}^n \left(\left(\frac{\partial f_0}{\partial x_j} \Big|_{x^k} + \sum_{i=1}^m \lambda_i \frac{\partial f_i}{\partial x_j} \Big|_{x^k} \right) (x_j - x_j^k) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\rho_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m \lambda_i \rho_i \right) \left(\frac{x_j - x_j^k}{\sigma_j} \right)^2 \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial L}{\partial x_j} &= \frac{\partial f_0}{\partial x_j} \Big|_{x^k} + \sum_{i=1}^m \lambda_i \frac{\partial f_i}{\partial x_j} \Big|_{x^k} + \left(\rho_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m \lambda_i \rho_i \right) \frac{x_j - x_j^k}{\sigma_j^2} = 0 \\ \implies \quad \hat{x}_j &= x_j^k - \frac{\frac{\partial f_0}{\partial x_j} \Big|_{x^k} + \sum_{i=1}^m \lambda_i \frac{\partial f_i}{\partial x_j} \Big|_{x^k}}{\rho_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m \lambda_i \rho_i} \sigma_j^2 \\ \implies \quad \hat{x} &= x^k - (\nabla f_0|_{x^k} + J|_{x^k}^T \lambda) \cdot / (\rho_0 + \lambda \cdot \rho) \cdot \times \sigma.^2 \\ x_j^{\min} &= \max\{x_j^k - \sigma_j, \text{lower_bound}_j\} \\ x_j^{\max} &= \min\{x_j^k + \sigma_j, \text{upper_bound}_j\} \\ x_j^* &= x_j(\lambda) = \begin{cases} \hat{x}_j & \text{if } x_j^{\min} < \hat{x}_j < x_j^{\max} \\ x_j^{\min} & \text{if } \hat{x}_j \leq x_j^{\min} \\ x_j^{\max} & \text{if } x_j^{\max} \leq \hat{x}_j \end{cases} \\ x^* &= \min.\{\max.\{\hat{x}, x^{\min}\}, x^{\max}\} \end{aligned}$$

$$h(\lambda) = \min_{x \in T} L(x, \lambda) = L(x^*, \lambda) = g_0(x^*) + \sum_{i=1}^m \lambda_i g_i(x^*) = g_0(x^*) + \lambda \cdot g(x^*)$$

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial \lambda} = g(x^*)$$

$$\max_{\lambda \succeq 0} h(\lambda)$$