## Pseudo Code:

- 1) First intialize t
- 2) And applying a loop on t,
- 3) Intialize an array
- 4) Perform a loop and get the value of array
- 5) Applying sorting in array
- 6) Then perform a loop and inside a loop apply if check ie, if if (arr[j] == arr[j 1]) then b = arr[j] and then break;
- 7) And after that check I\*b is greater than 0 then print I\*b
- 8) Else -1

```
Implementation:
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

#define int long long int

main()
{
    int t;
    cin >> t;

    while (t--)
    {
        int n, l = 0, b = 0;
        cin >> n;

        int arr[n], x;
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
            cin >> arr[i];
        }

        sort(arr, arr + n);
        int i;
```

```
for (i = n - 1; i > 0; i--)
         if (arr[i] == arr[i - 1])
           I = arr[i];
           break;
        }
for (int j = i - 2; j > 0; j--)
        if (arr[j] == arr[j - 1])
           b = arr[j];
           break;
        }
      if (1 * b > 0)
        cout << I * b << endl;
      else
        cout << -1 << endl;
  }
}
```