Gaurav Venkatesh 28826069 EECS 101

Homework3

Consider a region growing method that uses the homogeneity measure

$$H(R_i) = TRUE$$
 if $\sigma_i^2 \le 1$
 $H(R_i) = FALSE$ if $\sigma_i^2 > 1$

where σ_i^2 is the sample variance of the pixels in region R_i . Assume that the method starts with the upper left pixel and always attempts to grow to a new connected pixel (assuming eight neighbors) whose gray level is closest to the average of the gray levels of the current region. For the grayscale image below, find the first region that will be generated using this algorithm (grow from the upper left pixel until $H(R_1)$ is FALSE). Circle this region in the image and compute the mean and sample variance of the region. For each step in the region growing process, write down the pixel values in the current region and their mean and variance.

Assume that the sample variance σ_i^2 of a region R_i is defined by

$$\sigma_i^2 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_j (I_j - \mu)^2$$

where N is the number of pixels in R_i , I_j are the pixel values in R_i , and μ is the mean of the pixel values in R_i . The sum is over the pixels in R_i . The gray-level image is

In order to start this problem we will take the upper left pixel of value 8 as part of Ri.

8	8	14	10	11
12	9	12	10	10
12	10	12	12	8
14	11	8	9	11

Step number	Pixels part of the image	Mean	Variance
1	[8]	8	0
'\2	[8,8]	8	0

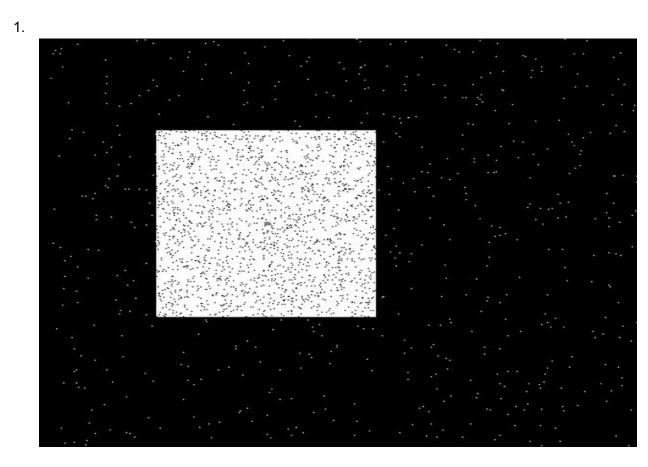
3	[8,8,9]	8.33	0.33
4	[8,8,9,10]	8.75	0.72
5	[8,8,9,10,8]	8.6	0.8
6	[8,8,9,10,8,9]	8.67	0.67
7	[8,8,9,10,8,9,8]	8.57	0.62
8	[8,8,9,10,8,9,8,10]	8.75	0.786
9	[8,8,9,10,8,9,8,10,10]	8.89	0.86
10	[8,8,9,10,8,9,8,10,10, 10]	9	.89
11	[8,8,9,10,8,9,8,10,10, 10,11]	9.16	1.16(not part of image)

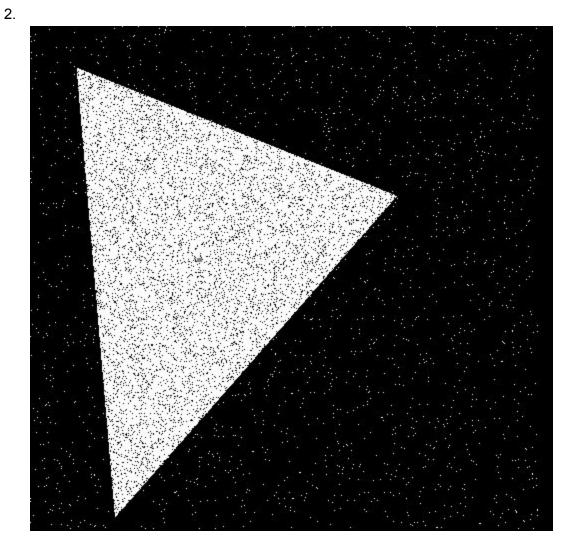
8 8 14 10 11 12 9 12 10 10 12 10 12 12 8 14 11 8 9 11

8	8		10	
	9		10	10
	10			8
	11	8	9	

The table above would be the resulting image.

2.





3.

