DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS LAB ASSIGNMAENT

Chain Matrix Multiplication and Its Time Complexity

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Source Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int minimum cost(int matrix[20], int t){
       int x, small;
       if(t == 1)
       return matrix[0];
       else{
               small = matrix[0];
               for(x = 1; x < t; x++){
                       if(matrix[x] < small)
                       small = matrix[x];
               return small;
        }
int main(){
       int t, i, l, j, k, limit,f;
       int matrix[30], multiplier[10][15]={0}, columns[15], rows[15], temp[15];
       printf("\nEnter Total Number of Matrices:\t");
       scanf("%d", &limit);
       for(i = 0; i < limit; i++)
               printf("\nEnter Number of Rows of Matrix %d:\t", i + 1);
               scanf("%d", &rows[i]);
               printf("Enter Number of Columns of Matrix %d:\t", i + 1);
               scanf("%d", &columns[i]);
       printf("\langle n \rangle n \rangle");
       for(i = 0; i < limit; i++)
               temp[i]=rows[i];
               temp[i] = columns[i - 1];
       for(1 = 2; 1 \le limit; 1++)
               for(j = 1, i = 1; j \le limit; j++, i++){
                  t = 0;
                       for(k = i; k < j; k++){
                               matrix[t] = (multiplier[i][k] + multiplier[k + 1][j]) + (temp[i - 1] *
temp[k] * temp[j]);
                               t++;
               multiplier[i][j] = minimum_cost(matrix, t);
               }
       printf("\nMinimum Scalar Multiplications:\t%d\n", multiplier[1][limit]);
       return 0;
}
```

Output:

> 5:

nter	Total	Mum)	ber of Ma	atr	ices:	5				
			Rows of Columns			- A	1:	2 2		
			Rows of Columns				2:	2 5		
			Rows of Columns				3:	5 7		
			Rows of Columns				4:	7 3		
			Rows of Columns				5:	3 6		
			Multiplia	320	. 80	25				

> 10:

```
Select C:\Users\gaura\Desktop\Chain.exe
Enter Total Number of Matrices: 10
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 1:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 1:
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 2:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 2:
                                                                  2
5
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 3:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 3:
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 4:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 4:
                                                                  73
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 5:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 5:
                                                                  36
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 6:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 6:
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 7:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 7:
                                                                  75
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 8:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 8:
                                                                  5
8
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 9:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 9:
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 10:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 10:
Minimum Scalar Multiplications: 1991919010
Process returned 0 (0x0)
                                            execution time: 55.013 s
Press any key to continue.
```

```
C:\Users\gaura\Desktop\Chain.exe
Enter Total Number of Matrices: 15
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 1:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 1:
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 2:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 2:
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 3:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 3:
                                                                      2
                                                                      4
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 4:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 4:
                                                                      43
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 5:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 5:
                                                                      3
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 6:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 6:
                                                                      1
                                                                      4
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 7:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 7:
                                                                      42
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 8:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 8:
                                                                      2
3
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 9:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 9:
                                                                      32
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 10:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 10:
                                                                      24
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 11:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 11:
                                                                      \hat{\mathbf{z}}
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 12:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 12:
                                                                      23
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 13:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 13:
                                                                      35
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 14:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 14:
                                                                      52
Enter Number of Rows of Matrix 15:
Enter Number of Columns of Matrix 15:
Minimum Scalar Multiplications: 119
Press any key to continue.
```

***** Time Complexity:

* Time Complexity:												
	0	2.	XU	×6								
M[1,4] Lime K=1 ton-1	0	0	150	xs								
· C*(n-1)	0			X6								
· 2* c*(n-2)	0	0	0	0								
	3* c* (n-3)											
	nxn											
(m-1)*(*(m-m-1))	: (n-1)* c*(n-(n-1)) where c's some											
(0)	Constant											
	$=) Ton = ((n-1) + 2(0n-2) + + (n-1) \cdot ((n-(n-1)))$											
$= ((n-1) + 2n-2) + - \cdots (n-1)(n-n)$ $= (2^{n-1}) + 2n-2) + - \cdots (n-1)(n-n)$												
1	_ (2 0 . (1 - 0)											
~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	= n 2 8 = - 5 6 2											
- 812 0 - 2												
$= 2n \cdot (n-1)(n-1)$	$= 2m \cdot (m-1)(m-1)$ $(m-1)(m-1)$											
2X3	$= 3n \cdot (n-1)(n-1) - (n-1)(n)(2n-1)$ $= 2x3$											
	$= 3n^{2}(n-1) - 2n^{2} - n(n-1)$ $= 3n^{3} - 3n^{2} - 2n^{3} - n^{2} + 2n^{2} + n$											
$= n^3 - 2n^2 + n$	1 - () ~	+ 2	- 9	+ 8 1							
\sim n^3												
$\Rightarrow T(m) = O(n^3) $												
-/ [((1) = O(1))												