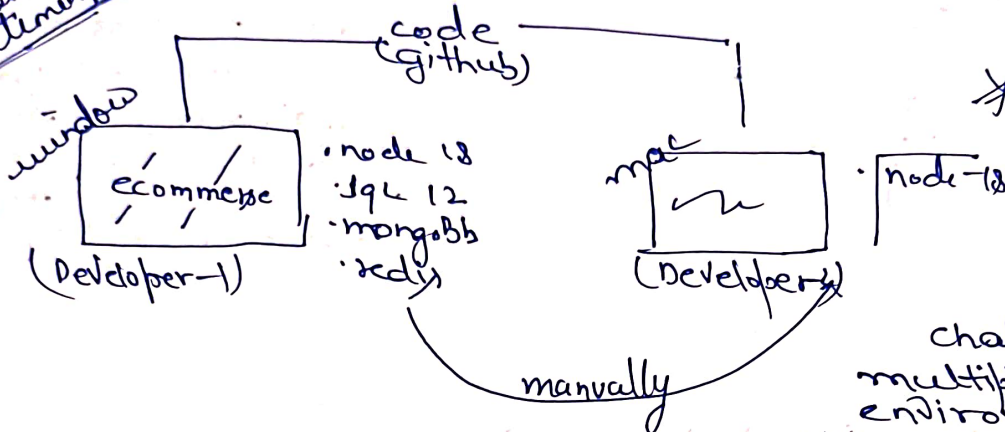


Docker

what problem it is trying to solve = ??

problem statement:

linux
server



challenges with multiple Development environment

- (i) it works on my machine
- (ii) Dependency conflict
node v-18, v-20
- (iii) OS-specific issues
eg: Window, mac, linux

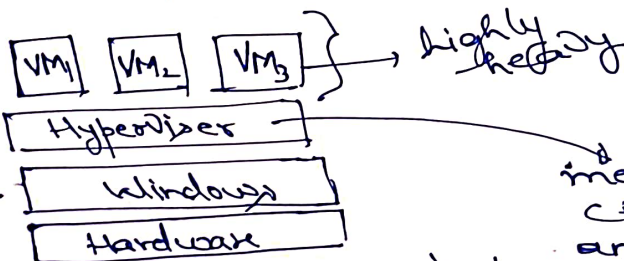
possible solutions

(i) Virtualization

same same in all and by all developer as well as server (production)

highly expensive.
very heavy.

full blown
operating
system



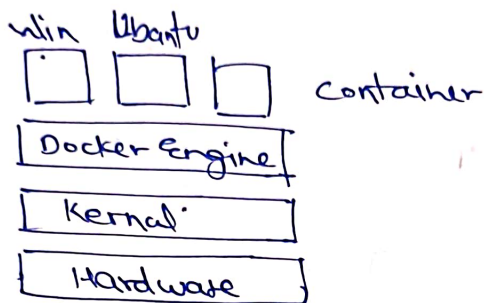
hardware level
virtualisation

mediates access to real CPU, memory, storage and device.

actual
operating
system

VM gives container there own kernel.

(ii) Dockerization :



Note:
Kernel talks directly to the hardware.

- Docker shares that kernel for all its containers, that makes container much lighter and faster than VM.

Key Difference:

Docker uses isolated container while virtualisation use VMs.

Installation of Docker

It means ??

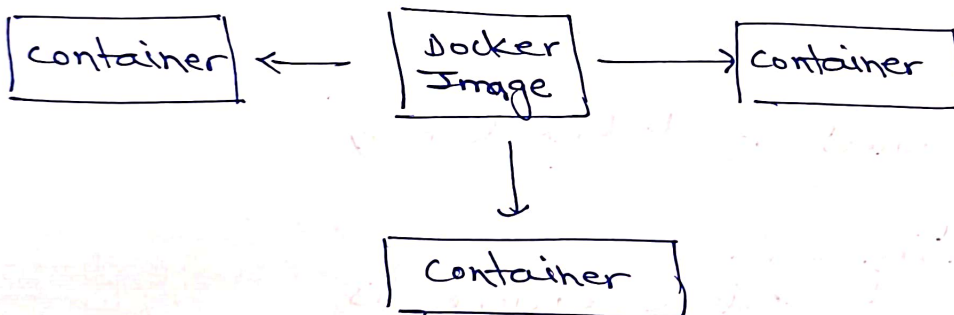
installing docker engine

docker container v/s image

→ doesn't have any data

isolated environment for running docker images

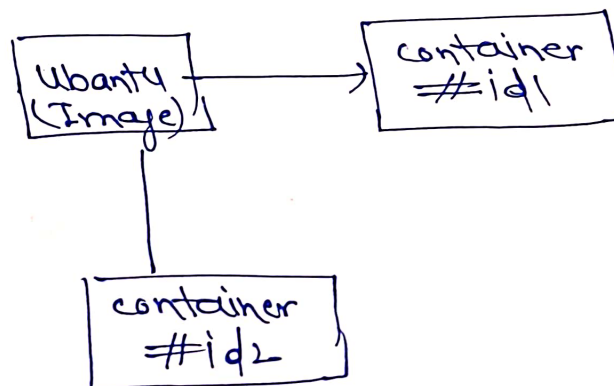
It is like a blueprint/template that contains everything to run a piece of ~~code~~ software or machine



Concept:

docker run -it ubuntu

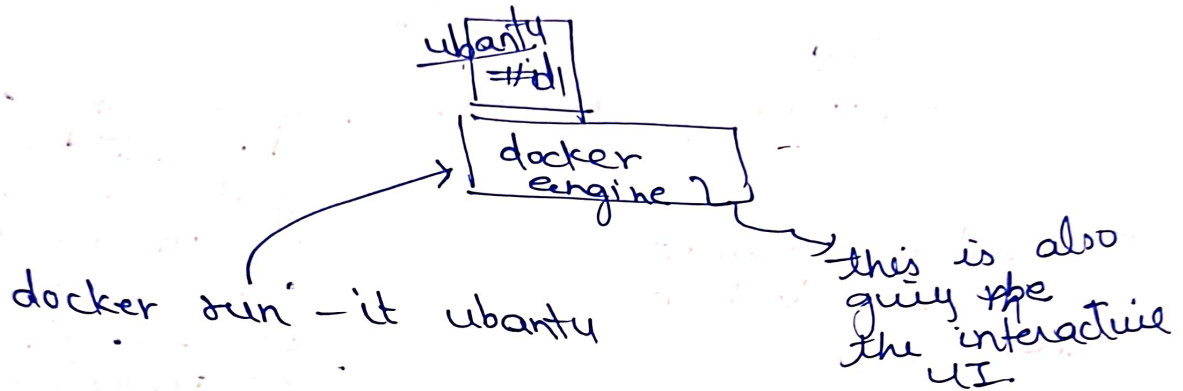
Visualize:



Docker Engine and CLI

Note:

You do not have docker UI when working in a company (server in production)



Note:

Error:

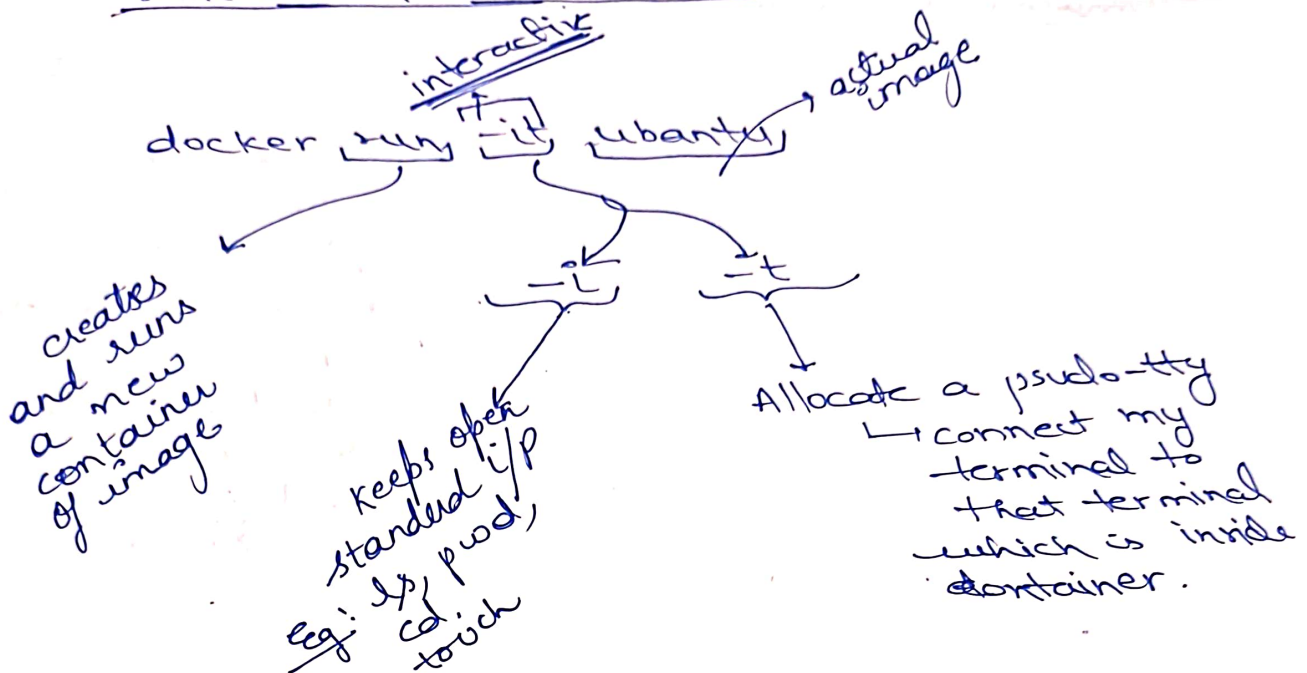
cannot connect to docker daemon

means = ?

↳ docker engine is not running

③

concept → Docker run CLI command



Note:

docker pull <Image>
pulls the image (manual pull)

concept

Managing Images with CLI

- build
- inspect
- ls
- prune
- rm

Docker Engine and CLI

Concept:

managing container with CLI

Note:

↳ opening the terminal automatically where doing docker run it is

↳ entry point (Image) is bash.

check:

↳ inspect