

# building amazing CLI with \_

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# We'll talk about\_

- Why to build CLI\_
- How to design one\_
- What is oclif\_
- How to create an extensible CLI\_
- How to beautify\_
- What? How? Why? When? Where?\_

# Why to build CLI\_

- **CLI Superpowers**
  - For the users
    - Quick to use
    - Repeatable and Composable Tasks
  - For the developers
    - CURL vs CLI
    - Quick to build compared to Web UI



<https://nmnap.org/6/>

Image courtesy of Fuel VFX  
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# How to design one

- Command Structure



```
aws
usage: aws [options] <command> <subcommand> [<subcommand> ...] [parameters]
To see help text, you can run:

aws help
aws <command> help
aws <command> <subcommand> help
aws: error: too few arguments
```

# How to design one

- Command Structure



gcloud

**ERROR:** (gcloud) Command name argument expected.

Command name argument expected.

Available commands for gcloud:

## AI and Machine Learning

ai-platform	Manage AI Platform jobs and models.
ml	Use Google Cloud machine learning capabilities.
ml-engine	Manage AI Platform jobs and models.

## API Platform and Ecosystems

endpoints	Create, enable and manage API services.
service-management	Create, enable and manage API services.

# How to design one

- Command Structure

```
~ $ firebase
Usage: firebase [options] [command]

Options:
  -V, --version           output the version number
  -P, --project <alias_or_project_id>   the Firebase project to use for this command
  -j, --json               output JSON instead of text, also triggers non-interactive mode
  --token <token>          supply an auth token for this command
  --non-interactive        error out of the command instead of waiting for prompts
  --interactive            force interactive shell treatment even when not detected
  --debug                 print verbose debug output and keep a debug log file
  -h, --help                output usage information

Commands:
  auth:export [options] [dataFile]      Export accounts from your Firebase project into a data file
  auth:import [options] [dataFile]      import users into your Firebase project from a data file(.csv or .json)
  database:get [options] <path>         fetch and print JSON data at the specified path
  database:instances:create <instanceName>  create a realtime database instance
  database:instances:list            list realtime database instances
  database:profile [options]          profile the Realtime Database and generate a usage report
  database:push [options] <path> [infile] add a new JSON object to a list of data in your Firebase
  database:remove [options] <path>      remove data from your Firebase at the specified path
  database:set [options] <path> [infile] store JSON data at the specified path via STDIN, arg, or file
  database:settings:get [options] <path> read the realtime database setting at path
```

# How to design one

- Command Structure

```
~ $ heroku
CLI to interact with Heroku

VERSION
heroku/7.29.0 darwin-x64 node-v11.14.0

USAGE
$ heroku [COMMAND]

COMMANDS
access      manage user access to apps
addons      tools and services for developing, extending, and operating your app
apps       manage apps on Heroku
auth        check 2fa status
authorizations OAuth authorizations
autocomplete display autocomplete installation instructions
base
buildpacks   scripts used to compile apps
certs        a topic for the ssl plugin
ci           run an application test suite on Heroku
```

# How to design one

- Command Structure

```
~$ heroku access --help
list who has access to an app

USAGE
$ heroku access

OPTIONS
-a, --app=app      (required) app to run command against
-r, --remote=remote git remote of app to use
--json            output in json format

COMMANDS
access:add      add new users to your app
access:remove    remove users from a team app
access:update    update existing collaborators on an team app
```

# How to design one

- Command Structure
- Args vs Flags

The syntax for `scp` is:

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If you are on the computer from which you want to send file to a remote computer:

`scp /file/to/send username@remote:/where/to/put`

Here the `remote` can be a FQDN or an IP address.

On the other hand if you are on the computer wanting to receive file from a remote computer:

`scp username@remote:/file/to/send /where/to/put`

`scp` can also send files between two remote hosts:

`scp username@remote_1:/file/to/send username@remote_2:/where/to/put`

So the basic syntax is:

`scp username@source:/location/to/file username@destination:/where/to/put`

You can read `man scp` to get more ideas on this.

# How to design one

- Command Structure
- Args vs Flags

Funny story about -v. I was using pkill to get rid of some hung processes on a remote server. For some reason I decided to get verbose output and run pkill -v.

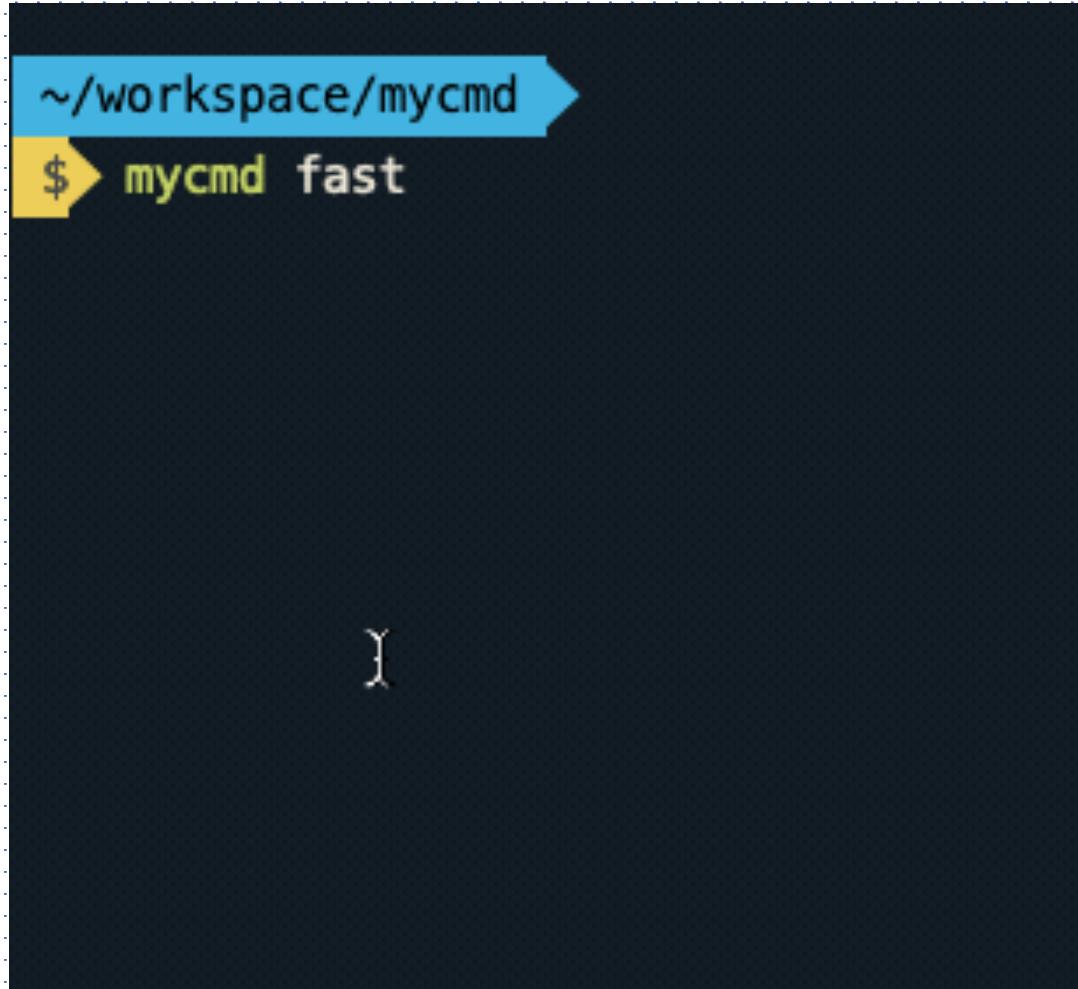
Turns out -v negates the match so I killed every process on the box but one.  
I had to email someone to reboot the server.

# How to design one\_

- Command Structure\_
- Args vs Flags\_
- Use Prompts\_
  - [https://www.npmjs.com/pack  
age/inquirer](https://www.npmjs.com/package/inquirer)
  - [https://www.npmjs.com/pack  
age/enquirer](https://www.npmjs.com/package/enquirer)

# How to design one

- Command Structure
- Args vs Flags
- Use Prompts
- Spinners



A screenshot of a terminal window with a black background. At the top left, there is a blue arrow-shaped bar containing the text `~/workspace/mycmd`. Below it, a yellow arrow-shaped bar contains the text `$ mycmd fast`. In the bottom right corner of the terminal window, there is a small white curly brace character.

<https://www.npmjs.com/package/cli-spinners>

# How to design one

- Command Structure
- Args vs Flags
- Use Prompts
- Spinners
- Tables

```
$ mycmd table
```

# How to design one

- Command Structure
- Args vs Flags
- Use Prompts
- Spinners
- Tables
- Errors

```
~/workspace/mycmd
$ mycmd upload
> Error: Error: ENOENT: no such file or directory, stat '/Users/gchodwadia/workspace/mycmd/package.json'
> Make sure that /Users/gchodwadia/workspace/mycmd/package.json exists
> OR
> Run mycmd upload [PACKAGE_JSON_PATH]
>
> To know more visit: https://cli-docs/errors
```

What is  \_

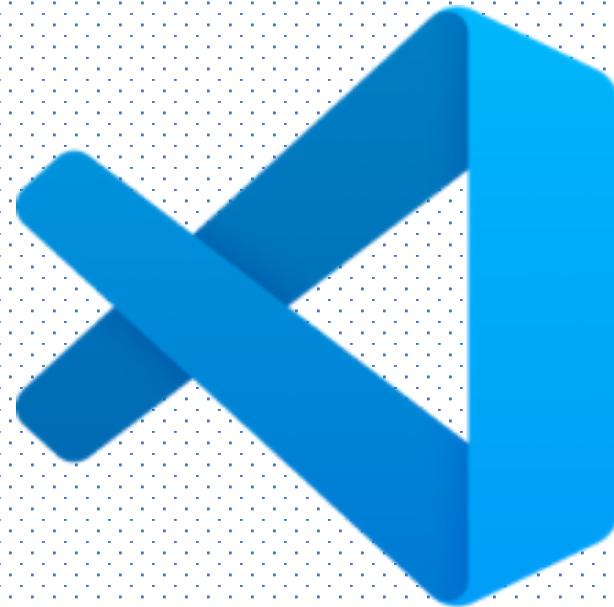
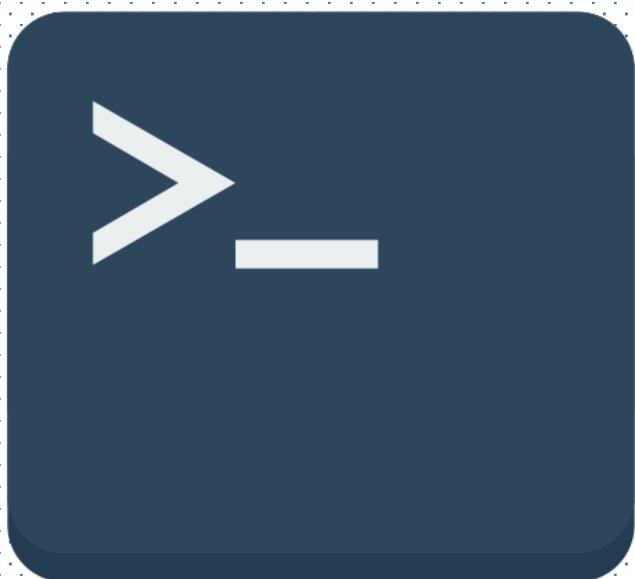
## Open cli framework

- Scaffolding
- Single / Multi Commands
- Plugins
- Hooks
- Parsing Args and Flags

Made with ❤ by [Heroku](#) – [MIT License](#)

- Auto Documentation
- Configurations
- Releasing
- Testing
- TypeScript

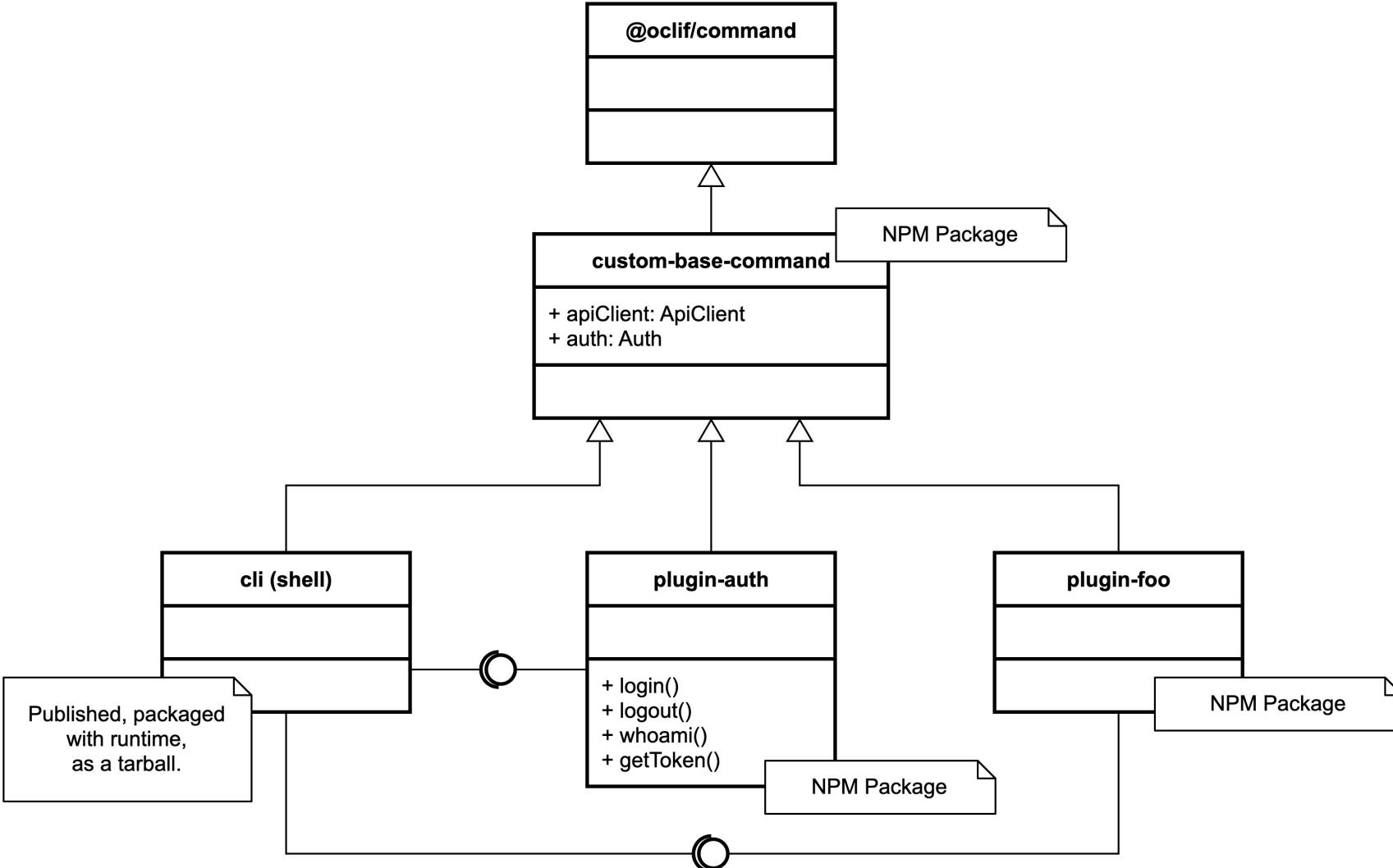
# How to create an extensible CLI\_



# What we're doing at PayPal\_

- Developer Console
- Federated Development
- Everything extension
- Extensible CLI

# What we did at PayPal



# what else

[@oclif/plugin-not-found](#) - Display a friendly "did you mean" message if a command is not found.  
[@oclif/plugin-plugins](#) - Allow users to add plugins to extend your CLI.  
[@oclif/plugin-update](#) - Add autoupdate support to the CLI.  
[@oclif/plugin-help](#) - Help plugin for oclif.  
[@oclif/plugin-warn-if-update-available](#) - Show a warning message if user is running an out of date CLI.  
[@oclif/plugin-which](#) - Show which plugin a command comes from.  
[@oclif/plugin-commands](#) - Add a commands command to list all the commands.  
[@oclif/plugin-autocomplete](#) - Add bash/zsh autocomplete.

[@oclif/command](#) - Base command for oclif. This can be used directly without the generator.  
[@oclif/config](#) - Most of the core setup for oclif lives here.  
[@oclif/errors](#) - Renders and logs errors from commands.  
[@oclif/cli-ux](#) - Library for common CLI UI utilities.  
[@oclif/test](#) - Test helper for oclif.

**What? How? Why? When? Where?\_**



# Thank You



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