

# LENDING CLUB CASE STUDY

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### Introduction

A **consumer finance company** which specialises in lending various types of loans to urban customers.

When the company receives a loan application, the company has to make a decision for loan approval based on the applicant's profile.

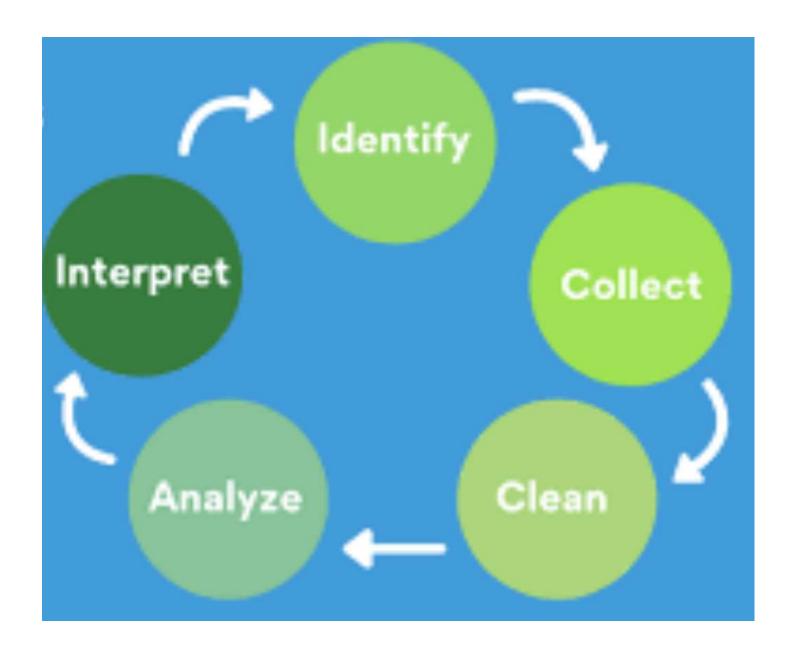
Two **types of risks** are associated with the bank's decision:

- •If the applicant is **likely to repay the loan**, then not approving the loan results in a **loss of business** to the company
- •If the applicant is **not likely to repay the loan**, i.e. he/she is likely to default, then approving the loan may lead to a **financial loss** for the company

# Objective

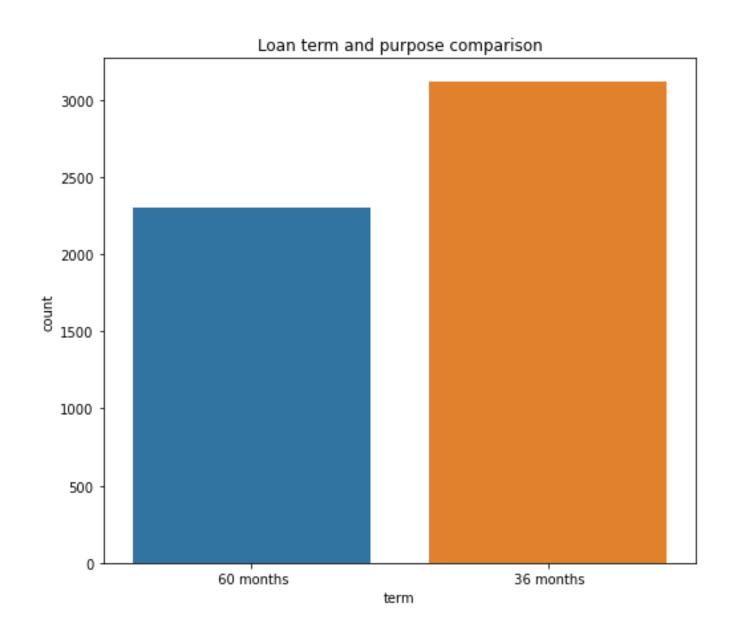
- We need to analyse the data and get to pattern/conclusion on which all factors we can decide if a particular customer who is applying for a loan will fall under defaulter's category, and based on that the lending company can take a call like reject the loan, increase the interest percentage, or reducing the loan amount, inc/dec the loan tenure.
- We need to analyse the loan, customer parameters and get insight out of it.
- •Also lending company should be getting details on factors which can help in decision making.

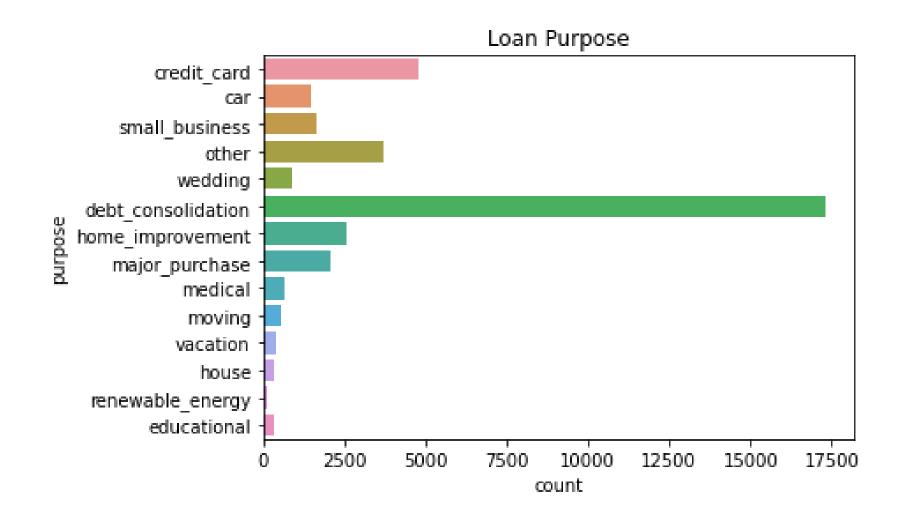
Data Analysis



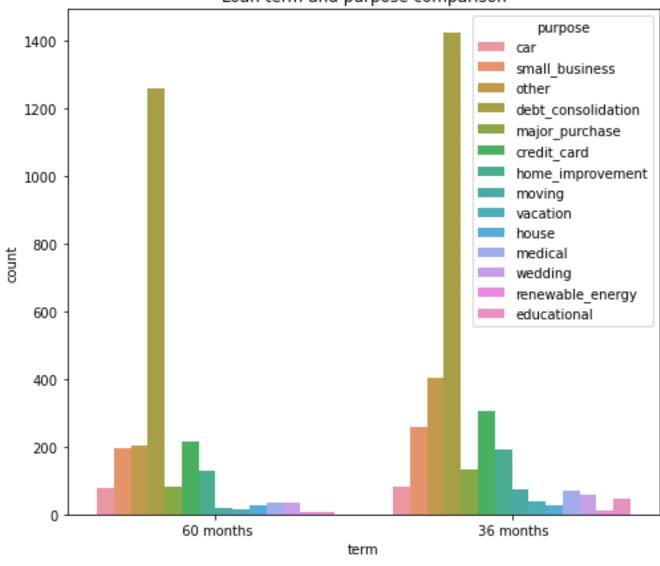
## Steps

- Read the data.
- •Understand the columns available and there definition.
- Remove column with all blank/null values.
- Generate list of columns having max count of missing data and purge those columns.
- •Fix missing values for available columns based on mean/median.
- •Generate derived columns if required.
- •Fix data type for required columns.
- Retain columns which can actually generate insight and purge behavioural columns.
- •Find outliers and fix them.
- •Plot the data and do comparision.
- •Generate univariant, bivariant, multivariant plot and understand the pattern.
- Understand the results of all plots and patterns.
- Final verdict.



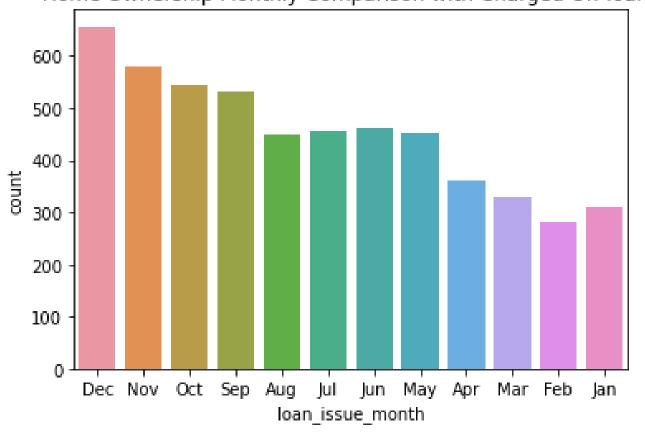


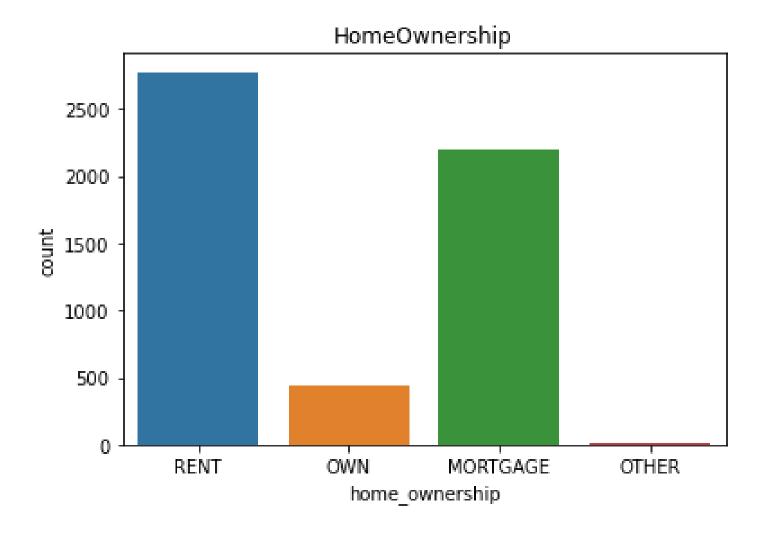
#### Loan term and purpose comparison

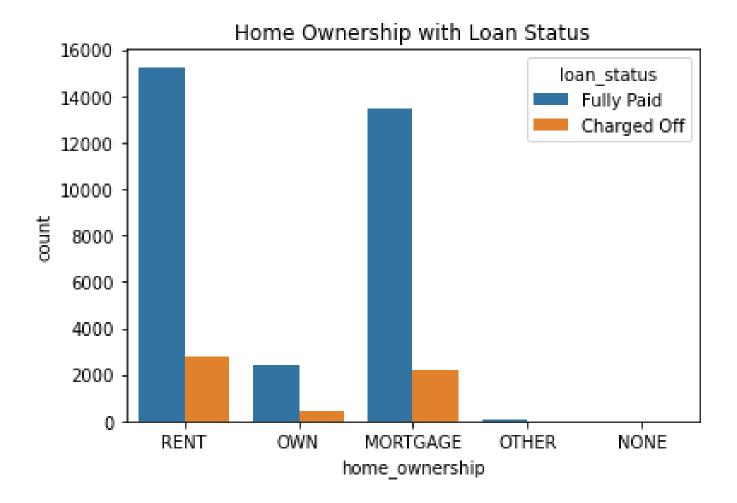


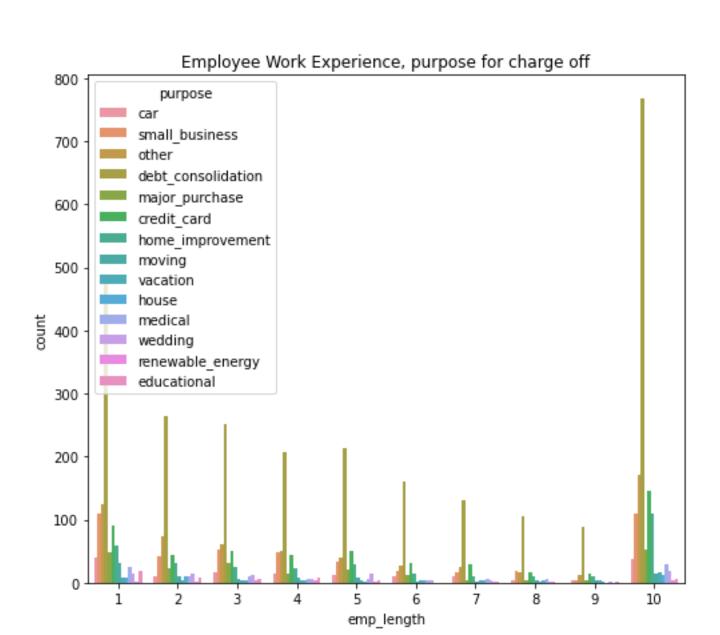
Home Ownership Monthly Comparison with Fully Paid loans # 8 1500 loan\_issue\_year

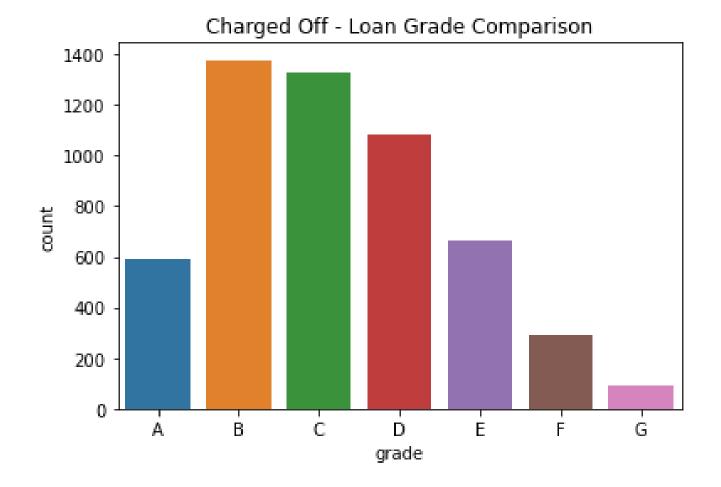
Home Ownership Monthly Comparison with Charged Off loans











### Conclusion

Under below condition there is high likely chances that the person will fall under defaulter list and the loan will be charged off

- If the tenure of loan is 36 months then the changes of defaulter is more.
- If the grade is 'B' then chances are more for being defaulter.
- Debt-consolidation purpose is the one where we have majority of defaulters.
- Also is employee is 10+year experience and purpose of loan "debt-consolidation" then chances are high for being defaulter
- Home\_ownership with rent status has high change of defaulter
- Loan applied/sanctioned in month of december has high change of defaulter
- Every year the count of defaulter is increasing as a pattern and majority of them comes from debtconsolidation