



3D TIC TAC TOE WITH 64 SLOTS

ITCS 6150 Intelligent Systems

-BY DR. ZBIGNIEW W RAS

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Project Description: The main purpose of this project is to implement the 3-dimensional TIC-TAC-TOE with 64 slots using minmax method with alpha-beta pruning with three difficulty levels easy, difficult, and insane with their respective looks ahead. Human and a computer will compete in the game.

The game begins with one of the players choosing their character. To create their respective cells, one player selects 'O', while the other selects 'X'. The player will also get to select the input difficulty and gets to select who plays the game first. The difficulty levels are:

- Easy
- Difficult
- Insane

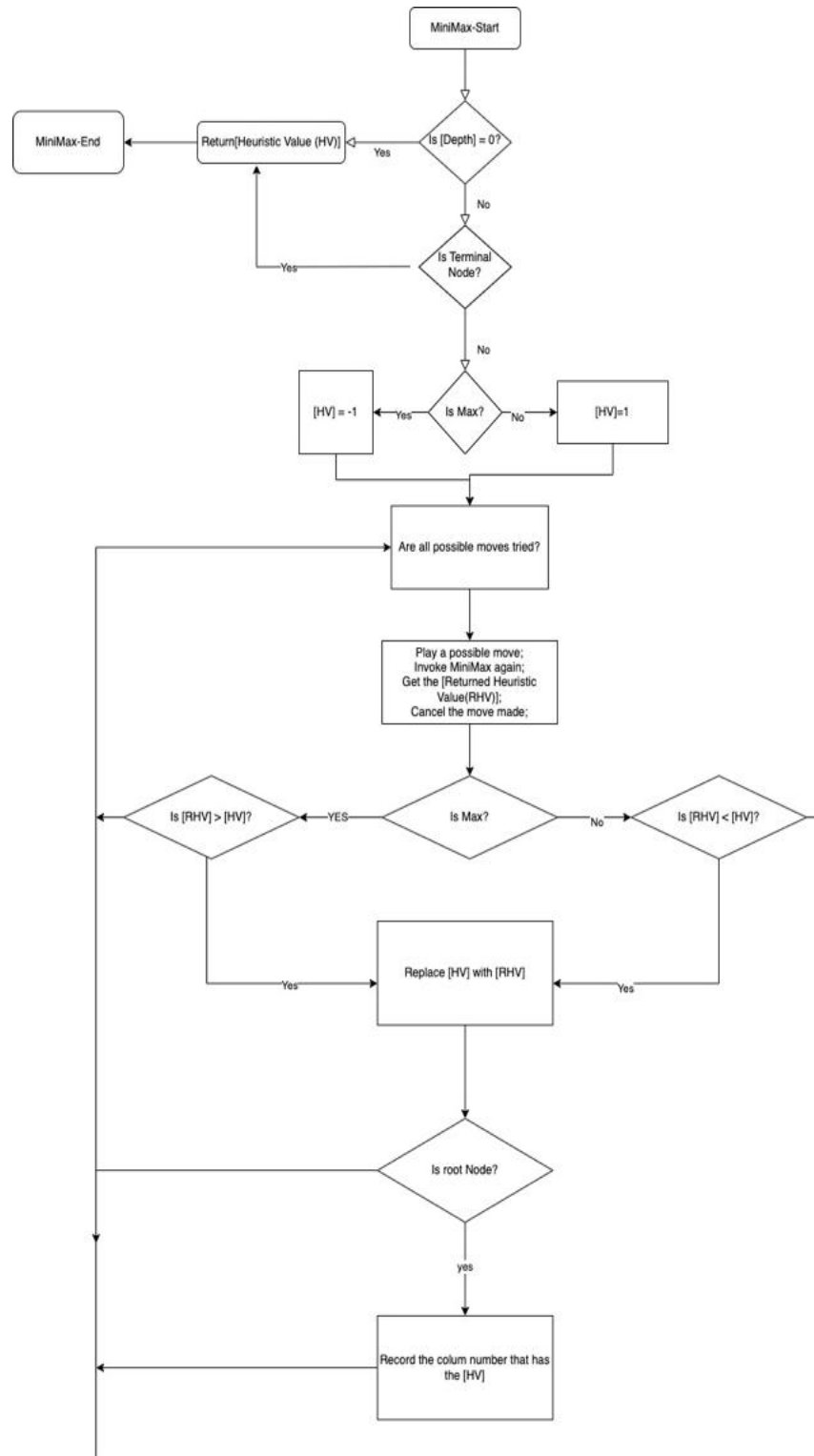
One of the players tries to block the square either in a row, column, or diagonally, if the opponent has three in a row. The game ends when one of the other players has filled a row, column, or diagonal through board or through boards with either the character 'X' or 'O'. The player can choose to play the new game at any moment while the game is being played.

When either the computer or the person has four in a row, the player wins the game and the scores for both are updated and displayed. Due to the special properties of 3D Tic-Tac-Toe, a tie cannot occur, hence a tie counter is not necessary.

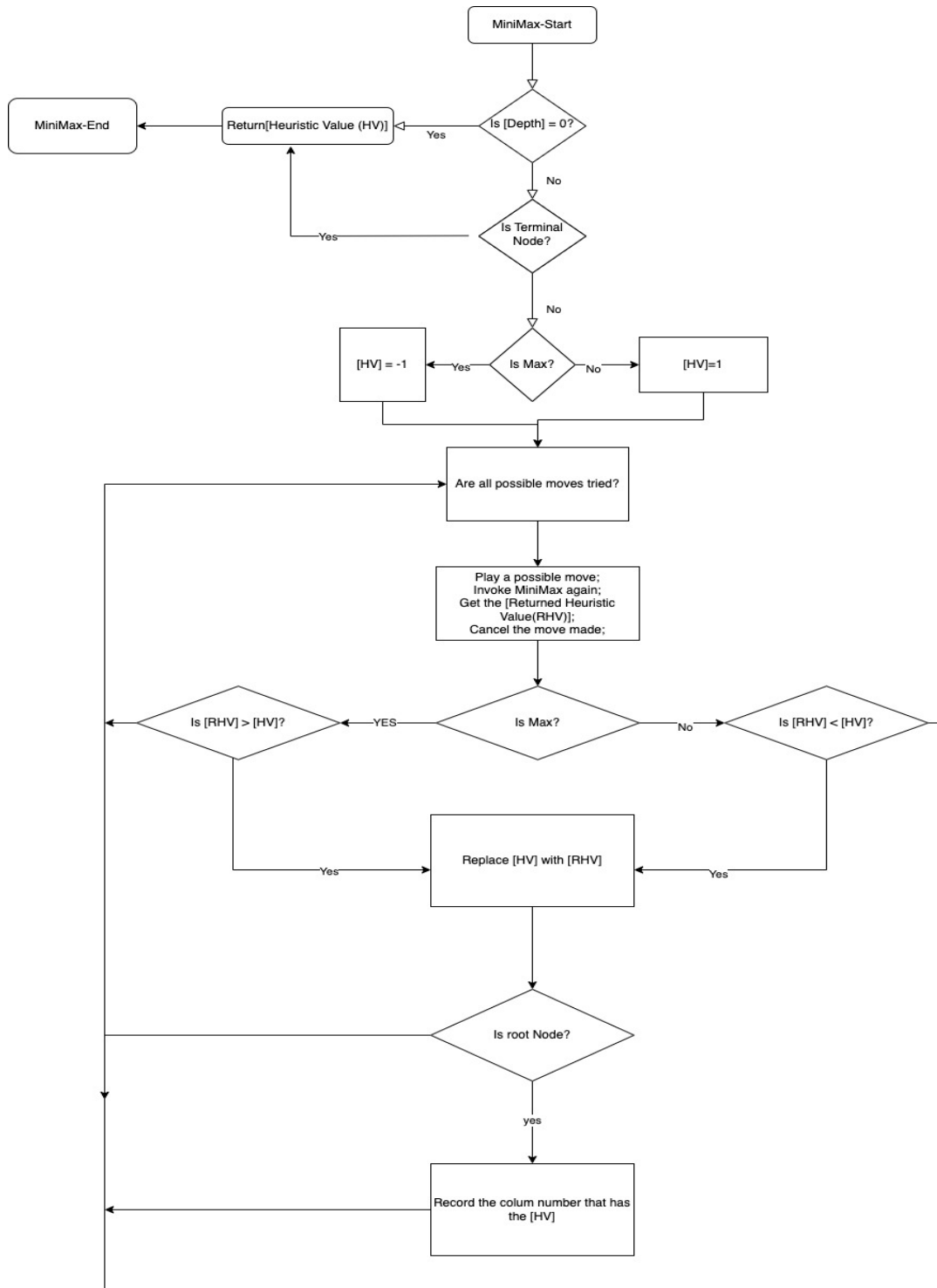
In this project, we will use minmax method with alpha-beta pruning to implement the decision tree. This is a search algorithm that seeks to reduce the evaluation of the nodes. The degree of difficulty directly determines how many times the machine looks ahead perform up to 6. If the player selects difficult level as 'Easy' then 2 looks ahead are performed, if the 'Medium' difficulty level is selected then 4 looks ahead are performed and if 'Hard' difficulty level is selected then 6 looks ahead are performed.

The user may pick who goes first (Human by default), whether they want to be "X" or "O" (X by default), and what level of difficulty they want to play on (Medium by default). By adjusting how far into the move tree the algorithm looks ahead, different levels of difficulty can be achieved. This is integrated with a user-friendly Graphical User Interface.

System Flow Diagram:



Data Flow Diagram:



Input Designs:

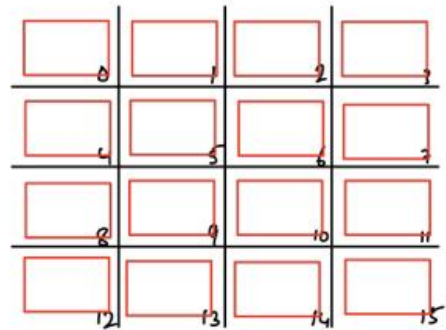
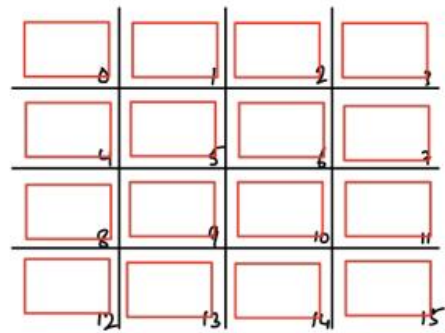
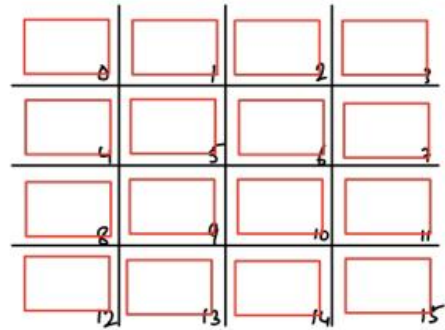
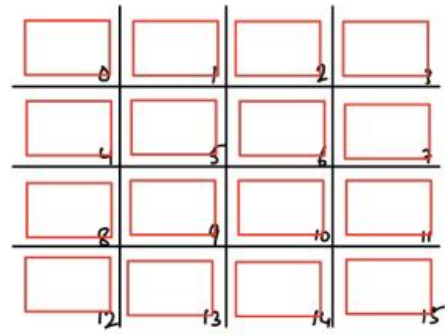
→ Initial Design with one board

0	1	2	3
4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15

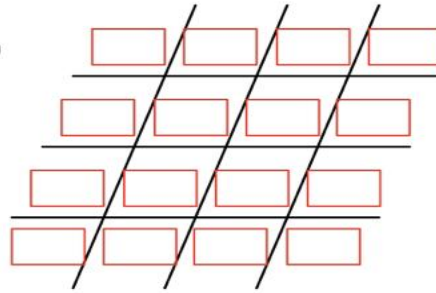
→ Initial design with buttons
on only board 1

<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
0	1	2	3
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
4	5	6	7
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
8	9	10	11
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
12	13	14	15

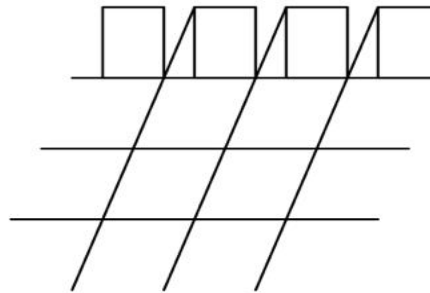
→ We made multiple boards
which now has 64 spaces.



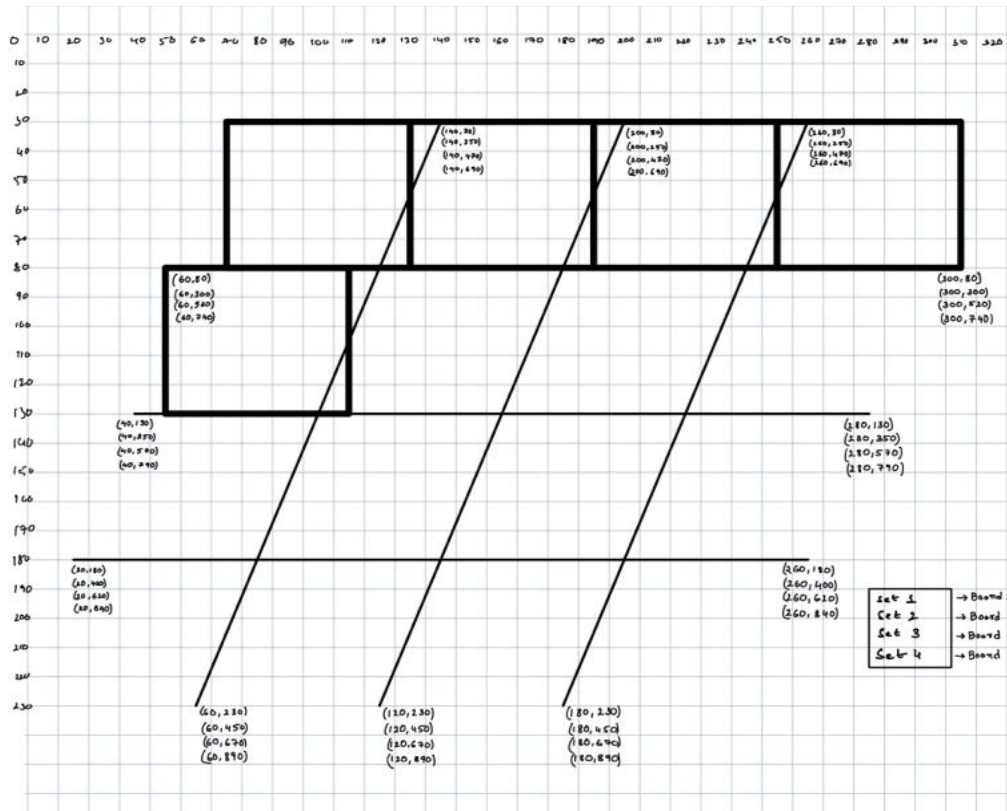
→ Changed the board view to little slant for easy representation of 3D dimension of $4 \times 4 \times 4$.



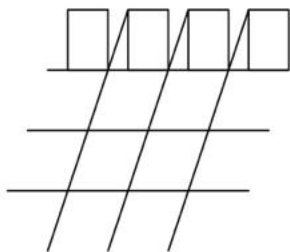
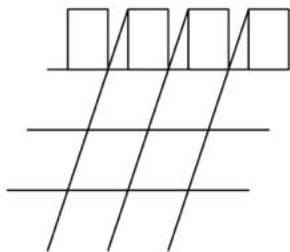
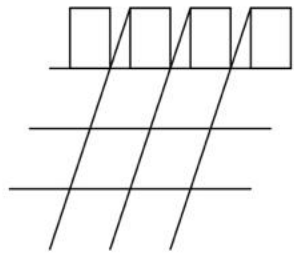
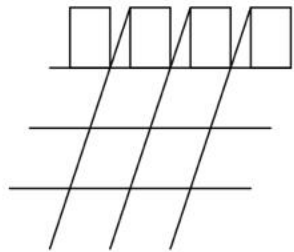
→ Then redesigned the buttons again



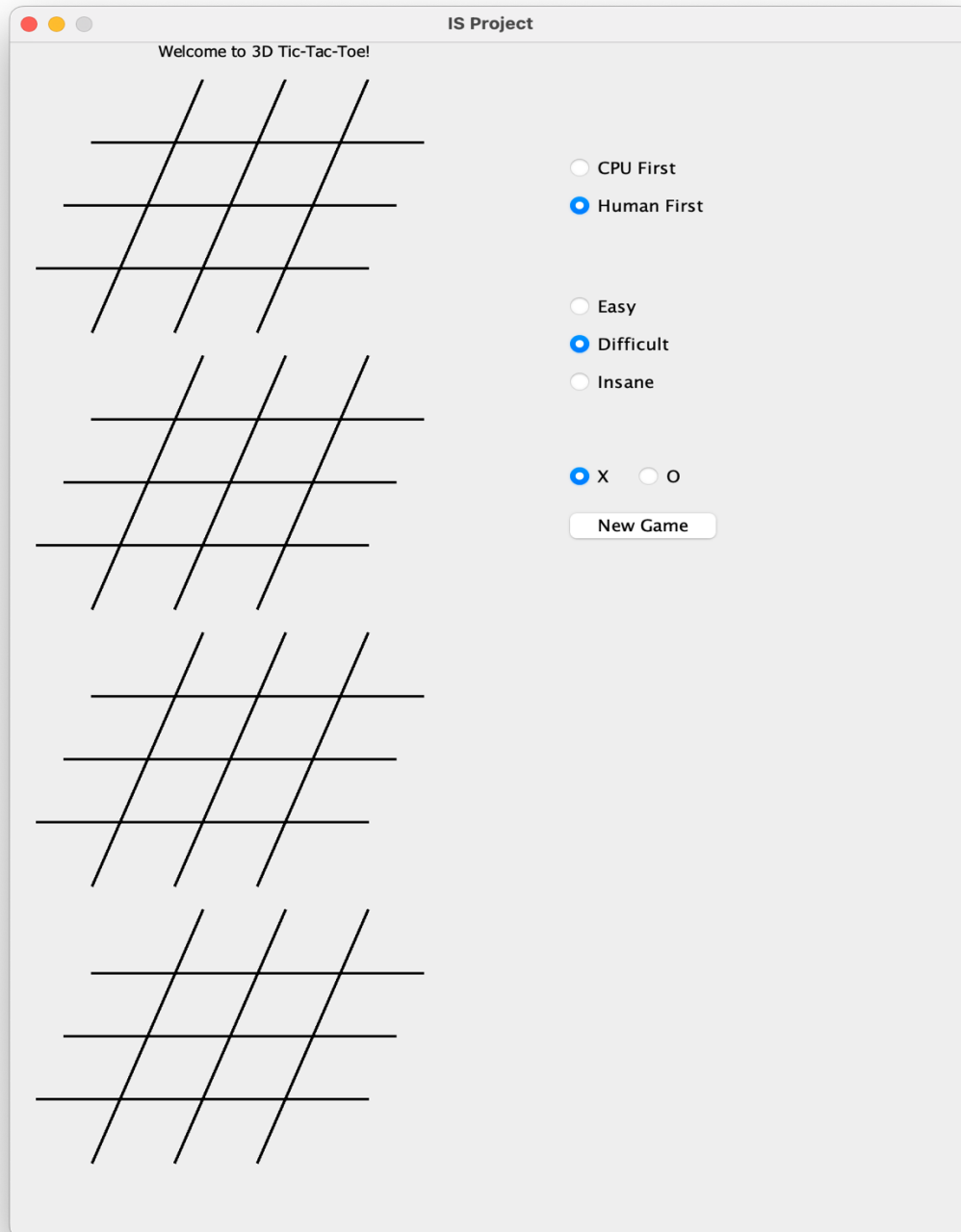
Output Design



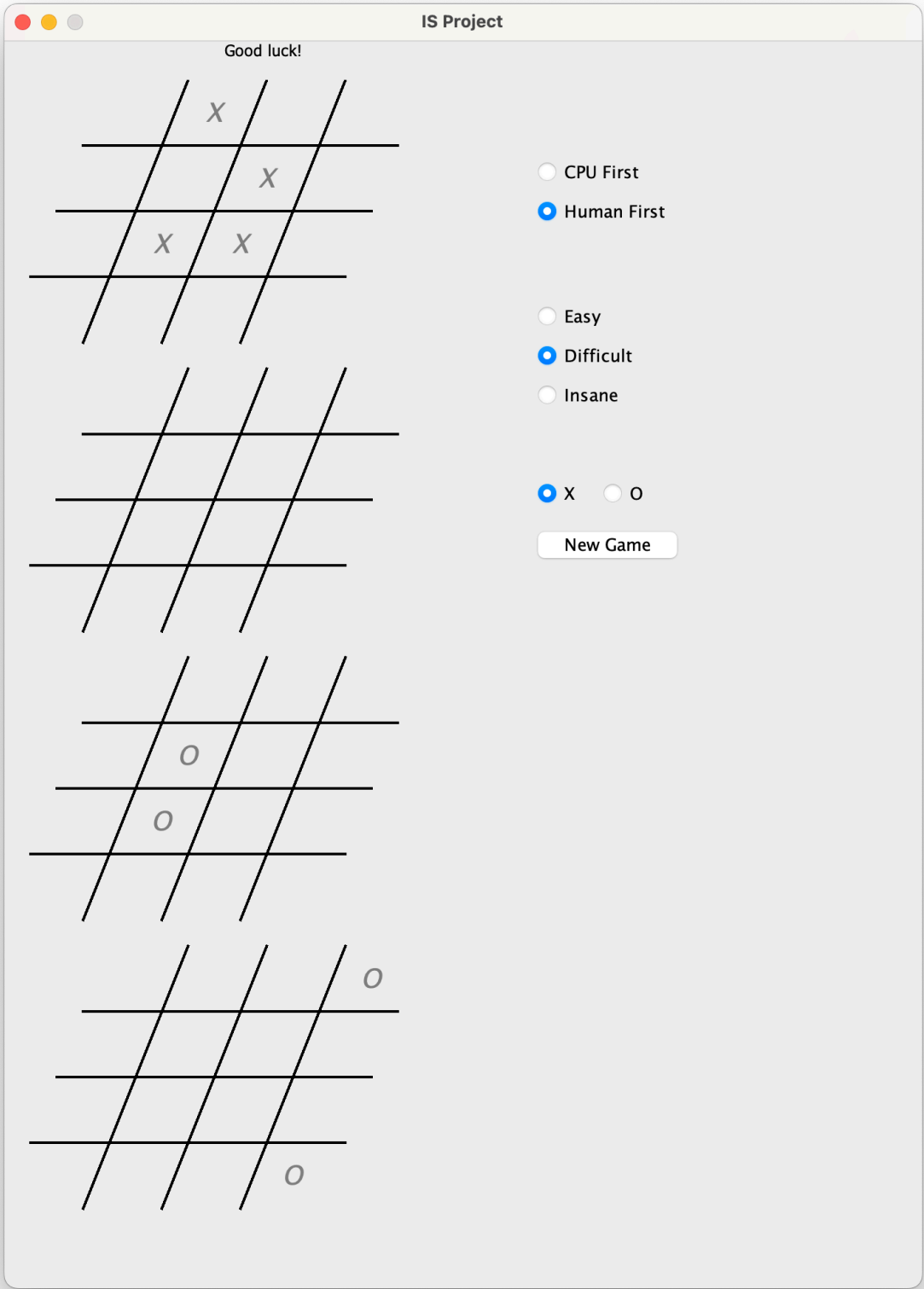
Output design for Tic Tac Toe with 64 slots:



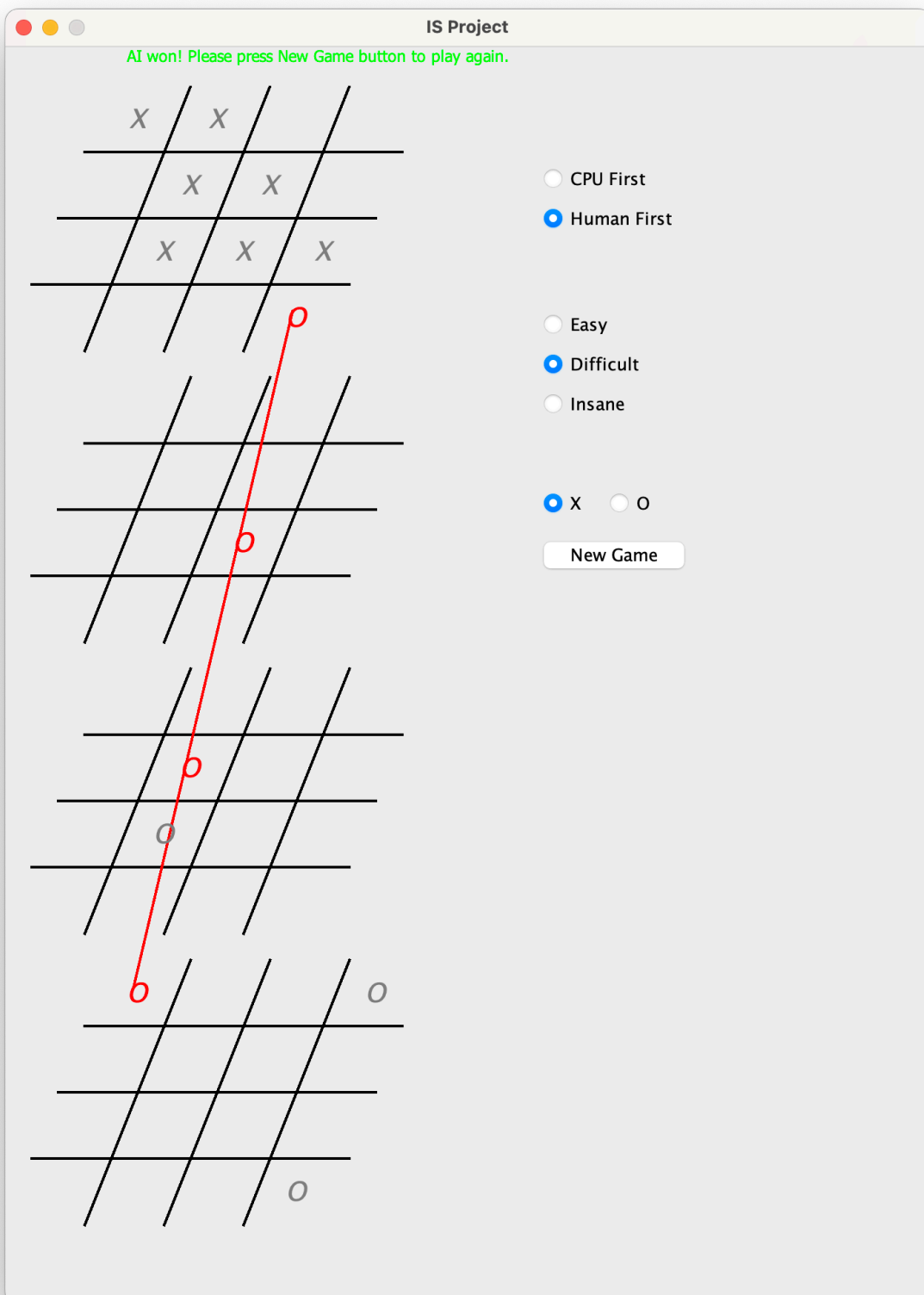
TIC-TAC-TOE Graphical User Interface



TIC TAC TOE GAME:



AI WON:



HUMAN WON:

