

# Artificial Intelligence CSE 537

## Homework 4 Report

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### Question 1: DFS Algorithm

This function makes a generic implementation of DFS. Following variables are mainly used:

- `state_stack` - It is the stack class imported from `util` class. It keeps track of the nodes to be expanded and pops the nodes depth first.
- `parents` - It is used to backtrack the path of the node after it reaches the goal.
- `direction` - This is also used to backtrack the path of the node once it reaches goal. It gives the exact direction to trace back.
- `visited` - This keeps track of visited nodes so as to avoid a deadlock.
- `path` - This is used to return the path to the main function

Statistics:

- `python pacman.py -l tinyMaze -p SearchAgent`

#### Results:

Path Found With Total Cost Of 8 In 0.8 Seconds

Search Nodes Expanded:: 18

Pacman Emerges Victorious! Score: 502

game-run-trace 5

after calling game run()

Average Score: 502.0

Scores: 502

Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)

Record: Win

- `python pacman.py -l mediumMaze -p SearchAgent`

#### Results:

Path Found With Total Cost Of 68 In 0.8 Seconds

Search Nodes Expanded:: 282

Pacman Emerges Victorious! Score: 442

Average Score: 442.0

Scores: 442

Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)

Record: Win

- `python pacman.py -l bigMaze -z .5 -p SearchAgent`

**Results:**

Path Found With Total Cost Of 210 In 0.8 Seconds:

Search Nodes Expanded:: 648

Pacman Emerges Victorious! Score: 300

Average Score: 300.0

Scores: 300

Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)

Record: Win

- `python pacman.py -l tinyMaze -p SearchAgent -a fn=dfs`

**Results:**

Path Found With Total Cost Of 8 In 0.8 Seconds::

Search Nodes Expanded:: 18

Pacman Emerges Victorious! Score: 502

Average Score: 502.0

Scores: 502

Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)

Record: Win

- `python pacman.py -l mediumMaze -p SearchAgent -a fn=dfs`

**Results:**

Path Found With Total Cost Of 68 In 0.8 Seconds::

Search Nodes Expanded:: 282

game-run-trace 5

Pacman Emerges Victorious! Score: 442

game-run-trace 5

after calling game run()

Average Score: 442.0

Scores: 442

Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)

Record: Win

- `python pacman.py -l bigMaze -p SearchAgent -a fn=dfs -z .5`

**Results:**

Path Found With Total Cost Of 210 In 0.8 Seconds::

Search Nodes Expanded:: 648

Pacman Emerges Victorious! Score: 300

game-run-trace 5

after calling game run()

Average Score: 300.0

Scores: 300

Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)

Record: Win

## Question 2: BFS Algorithm

This function makes a generic implementation of BFS. Following variables are mainly used:

- state\_queue - It is the queue class imported from util class. It keeps track of the nodes to be expanded and pops the nodes breadth first.
- parents - It is used to backtrack the path of the node after it reaches the goal.
- direction - This is also used to backtrack the path of the node once it reaches goal. It gives the exact direction to trace back.
- visited - This keeps track of visited nodes so as to avoid a deadlock.
- path - This is used to return the path to the main function

Statistics:

- `python pacman.py -l tinyMaze -p SearchAgent -a fn=bfs`

### Results:

Path Found With Total Cost Of 8 In 0.8 Seconds::

Search Nodes Expanded:: 18

Pacman Emerges Victorious! Score: 502

game-run-trace 5

after calling game run()

Average Score: 502.0

Scores: 502

Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)

Record: Win

- `python pacman.py -l mediumMaze -p SearchAgent -a fn=bfs`

### Results:

Path Found With Total Cost Of 68 In 0.8 Seconds::

Search Nodes Expanded:: 282

Pacman Emerges Victorious! Score: 442

game-run-trace 5

after calling game run()

Average Score: 442.0

Scores: 442

Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)

Record: Win

- `python pacman.py -l bigMaze -p SearchAgent -a fn=bfs -z .5`

### Results:

Path Found With Total Cost Of 210 In 0.8 Seconds::

Search Nodes Expanded:: 648

Pacman Emerges Victorious! Score: 300  
Average Score: 300.0  
Scores: 300  
Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)  
Record: Win

### Question 3: A\* Algorithm

This function makes a generic implementation of A\*. Manhattan distance is used as the heuristic for distance calculation. Following variables are mainly used:

- `state_queue` - It is the queue class imported from `util` class. It keeps track of the nodes to be expanded and pops the nodes breadth first.
- `parents` - It is used to backtrack the path of the node after it reaches the goal.
- `direction` - This is also used to backtrack the path of the node once it reaches goal. It gives the exact direction to trace back.
- `visited` - This keeps track of visited nodes so as to avoid a deadlock.
- `path` - This is used to return the path to the main function

Statistics:

- `python pacman.py -l tinyMaze -z .5 -p SearchAgent -a fn=astar,heuristic=manhattanHeuristic`

#### Results:

Path Found With Total Cost Of 8 In 0.6 Seconds::  
Search Nodes Expanded:: 18  
Pacman Emerges Victorious! Score: 502  
Average Score: 502.0  
Scores: 502  
Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)  
Record: Win

- `python pacman.py -l mediumMaze -z .5 -p SearchAgent -a fn=astar,heuristic=manhattanHeuristic`

#### Results:

Path Found With Total Cost Of 68 In 0.6 Seconds::  
Search Nodes Expanded:: 282  
Pacman Emerges Victorious! Score: 442  
game-run-trace 5  
after calling game run()  
Average Score: 442.0  
Scores: 442  
Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)  
Record: Win

- `python pacman.py -l bigMaze -z .5 -p SearchAgent -a fn=astar, heuristic=manhattanHeuristic`

**Results:**

Path Found With Total Cost Of 210 In 0.6 Seconds::

Search Nodes Expanded:: 648

Pacman Emerges Victorious! Score: 300

game-run-trace 5

after calling game run()

Average Score: 300.0

Scores: 300

Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)

Record: Win

#### Question 4: Corner Problem

We are using BFS algorithm to find the shortest path that goes through all the corners of a maze. From python code we call BFS prolog file which gives the list of directions to be taken by pacman agent.

Statistics:

- `python pacman.py -l tinyCorners -p SearchAgent -a fn=bfs, prob=CornersProblem`

**Results:**

Path found with total cost of 28 in 0.0 seconds

Search nodes expanded: 253

Pacman Emerges Victorious! Score: 512

Average Score: 512.0

Scores: 512

Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)

Record: Win

- `python pacman.py -l mediumCorners -p SearchAgent -a fn=bfs, prob=CornersProblem`

**Results:**

Path found with total cost of 106 in 0.0 seconds

Search nodes expanded: 1967

Pacman Emerges Victorious! Score: 434

Average Score: 434.0

Scores: 434

Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)

Record: Win

- `python pacman.py -l bigCorners -p SearchAgent -a fn=bfs,prob=CornersProblem`

**Results:**

Path found with total cost of 162 in 0.1 seconds

Search nodes expanded: 7950

Pacman Emerges Victorious! Score: 378

Average Score: 378.0

Scores: 378

Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)

Record: Win

**Critical Analysis and Conclusion:**

Thus according to the expanded nodes and time taken by the algorithm A\* algorithm works better than BFS and DFS algorithm.