

## Exercise 3.7

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**1. The sum of two numbers is 8. If their sum is four times their difference, find the numbers.**

**Solution:**

Let's assume the two numbers to be  $x$  and  $y$ .

Also let's consider that,  $x$  is greater than or equal to  $y$ .

Now, according to the question

The sum of the two numbers,  $x + y = 8$ ..... (i)

Also given that, their sum is four times their difference. So, we can write;

$$\begin{aligned}x + y &= 4(x - y) \\ \Rightarrow x + y &= 4x - 4y \\ \Rightarrow 4x - 4y - x - y &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow 3x - 5y &= 0 \dots\dots\dots (ii)\end{aligned}$$

Solving (i) and (ii), we can find  $x$  and  $y$ , so the required two numbers.

On multiplying equation (i) by 5 and then add with equation (ii), we get here;

$$\begin{aligned}5(x + y) + (3x - 5y) &= 5 \times 8 + 0 \\ \Rightarrow 5x + 5y + 3x - 5y &= 40 \\ \Rightarrow 8x &= 40 \\ \Rightarrow x &= 5\end{aligned}$$

Putting the value of  $x$  in (i), we find  $y$

$$\begin{aligned}5 + y &= 8 \\ \Rightarrow y &= 8 - 5 \\ \Rightarrow y &= 3\end{aligned}$$

Therefore, the two numbers are 5 and 3.

**2. The sum of digits of a two-digit number is 13. If the number is subtracted from the one obtained by interchanging the digits, the result is 45. What is the number?**

**Solution:**

Let's assume the digit at the unit's place as  $x$  and at ten's place as  $y$ . Then the required number is  $10y + x$ .

Also it's given that, the sum of the digits of the number is 13,

So,  $x + y = 13$ ..... (i)

On interchanging the position of digits, the new number so formed will be  $10x + y$ .

Again it's given that, the difference between the new number so formed upon interchanging the digits and the original number is equal to 45. Therefore, this can be expressed as;

$$\begin{aligned}(10x + y) - (10y + x) &= 45 \\ \Rightarrow 10x + y - 10y - x &= 45 \\ \Rightarrow 9x - 9y &= 45\end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow 9(x - y) = 45$$
$$\Rightarrow x - y = 5 \dots\dots\dots(ii)$$

Solving (i) and (ii) we can find x and y,  
Now, adding (i) and (ii), we get;

$$(x + y) + (x - y) = 13 + 5$$
$$\Rightarrow x + y + x - y = 18$$
$$\Rightarrow 2x = 18$$
$$\Rightarrow x = 9$$

Putting the value of x in the equation (i), we find y;

$$9 + y = 13$$
$$\Rightarrow y = 13 - 9$$
$$\Rightarrow y = 4$$

Hence, the required number is,  $10 \times 4 + 9 = 49$ .

**3. A number consists of two digits whose sum is five. When the digits are reversed, the number becomes greater by nine. Find the number.**

**Solution:**

Let's assume the digit at unit's place as x and ten's place as y. Thus, the number to be found is  $10y + x$ .

From the question it's given as, the sum of the digits of the number is equal to 5.

Thus we can write,  $x + y = 5 \dots\dots\dots(i)$

On interchange the place of digits, the new number so formed will be  $10x + y$ .

Again from the question it's given as, the new number so obtained after interchanging the digits is greater by 9 from the original number. Therefore, this can be written as;

$$10x + y = 10y + x + 9$$
$$\Rightarrow 10x + y - 10y - x = 9$$
$$\Rightarrow 9x - 9y = 9$$
$$\Rightarrow 9(x - y) = 9$$
$$\Rightarrow x - y = 1 \dots\dots\dots(ii)$$

Solving (i) and (ii), we can find x and y

Adding the eq. 1 and 2, we get;

$$(x + y) + (x - y) = 5 + 1$$
$$\Rightarrow x + y + x - y = 5 + 1$$
$$\Rightarrow 2x = 6$$
$$\Rightarrow x = 6/2$$
$$\Rightarrow x = 3$$

Putting the value of x in the equation 1, we get;

$$3 + y = 5$$
$$\Rightarrow y = 5 - 3$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 2$$

Hence, the required number is  $10 \times 2 + 3 = 23$

**4. The sum of digits of a two-digit number is 15. The number obtained by reversing the order of digits of the given number exceeds the given number by 9. Find the given number.**

**Solution:**

Let the digits at unit's place be  $x$  and ten's place be  $y$ , respectively. Thus, the number we need to find is  $10y + x$ .

As per the given statement, the sum of the digits of the number is 15. Thus, we have;

$$x + y = 15 \dots\dots\dots(i)$$

Upon interchanging the digit's place, the new number will so be  $10x + y$ .

Also it's given from the question that, the new number obtained exceeds from the original number by 9. Therefore, we can write this as;

$$\begin{aligned} 10x + y &= 10y + x + 9 \\ \Rightarrow 10x + y - 10y - x &= 9 \\ \Rightarrow 9x - 9y &= 9 \\ \Rightarrow 9(x - y) &= 9 \\ \Rightarrow x - y &= 9/9 \\ \Rightarrow x - y &= 1 \dots\dots\dots(ii) \end{aligned}$$

Solving (i) and (ii), we can find  $x$  and  $y$

Now, adding the equations (i) and (ii), we get;

$$\begin{aligned} (x + y) + (x - y) &= 15 + 1 \\ \Rightarrow x + y + x - y &= 16 \\ \Rightarrow 2x &= 16 \\ \Rightarrow x &= 16/2 \\ \Rightarrow x &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

Putting the value of  $x$  in the equation (i), to get  $y$

$$\begin{aligned} 8 + y &= 15 \\ \Rightarrow y &= 15 - 8 \\ \Rightarrow y &= 7 \end{aligned}$$

Hence, the required number is,  $10 \times 7 + 8 = 78$

**5. The sum of a two-digit number and the number formed by reversing the order of digits is 66. If the two digits differ by 2, find the number. How many such numbers are there?**

**Solution:**

Let's assume the digit at unit's place as  $x$  and ten's place as  $y$ . Thus from the question, the number needed to be found is  $10y + x$ .

From the question it's told as, the two digits of the number are differing by 2. Thus, we can write

$$x - y = \pm 2 \dots\dots\dots(i)$$

Now after reversing the order of the digits, the number becomes  $10x + y$ .

Again from the question it's given that, the sum of the numbers obtained by reversing the digits and the original number is 66. Thus, this can be written as;

$$\begin{aligned}(10x + y) + (10y + x) &= 66 \\ \Rightarrow 10x + y + 10y + x &= 66 \\ \Rightarrow 11x + 11y &= 66 \\ \Rightarrow 11(x + y) &= 66 \\ \Rightarrow x + y &= 66/11 \\ \Rightarrow x + y &= 6 \dots\dots\dots (ii)\end{aligned}$$

Now, we have two sets of systems of simultaneous equations

$$\begin{aligned}x - y &= 2 \text{ and } x + y = 6 \\ x - y &= -2 \text{ and } x + y = 6\end{aligned}$$

Let's first solve the first set of system of equations;

$$\begin{aligned}x - y &= 2 \dots\dots\dots (iii) \\ x + y &= 6 \dots\dots\dots (iv)\end{aligned}$$

On adding the equations (iii) and (iv), we get;

$$\begin{aligned}(x - y) + (x + y) &= 2 + 6 \\ \Rightarrow x - y + x + y &= 8 \\ \Rightarrow 2x &= 8 \\ \Rightarrow x &= 8/2 \\ \Rightarrow x &= 4\end{aligned}$$

Putting the value of  $x$  in equation (iii), we get

$$\begin{aligned}4 - y &= 2 \\ \Rightarrow y &= 4 - 2 \\ \Rightarrow y &= 2\end{aligned}$$

Hence, the required number is  $10 \times 2 + 4 = 24$

Now, let's solve the second set of system of equations,

$$\begin{aligned}x - y &= -2 \dots\dots\dots (v) \\ x + y &= 6 \dots\dots\dots (vi)\end{aligned}$$

On adding the equations (v) and (vi), we get

$$\begin{aligned}(x - y) + (x + y) &= -2 + 6 \\ \Rightarrow x - y + x + y &= 4 \\ \Rightarrow 2x &= 4 \\ \Rightarrow x &= 4/2 \\ \Rightarrow x &= 2\end{aligned}$$

Putting the value of  $x$  in equation 5, we get;

$$\begin{aligned}2 - y &= -2 \\ \Rightarrow y &= 2 + 2 \\ \Rightarrow y &= 4\end{aligned}$$

Hence, the required number is  $10 \times 4 + 2 = 42$

Therefore, there are two such possible numbers i.e, 24 and 42.

**6. The sum of two numbers is 1000 and the difference between their square is 256000. Find the numbers.**

**Solution:**

Let's assume the two numbers be  $x$  and  $y$ . And also assume that  $x$  is greater than or equal to  $y$ . So as per the question, we can write the sum of the two numbers as

$$x + y = 1000 \dots\dots\dots (i)$$

Again it's given that, the difference between the squares of the two numbers, thus writing it

$$x^2 - y^2 = 256000$$

$$\Rightarrow (x + y)(x - y) = 256000$$

$$\Rightarrow 1000(x - y) = 256000$$

$$\Rightarrow x - y = 256000/1000$$

$$\Rightarrow x - y = 256 \dots\dots\dots (ii)$$

By solving (i) and (ii), we can find the two numbers

On adding the equations (i) and (ii), we get;

$$(x + y) + (x - y) = 1000 + 256$$

$$\Rightarrow x + y + x - y = 1256$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x = 1256$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 1256/2$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 628$$

Now, putting the value of  $x$  in equation (i), we get

$$628 + y = 1000$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 1000 - 628$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 372$$

Hence, the two required numbers are 628 and 372.

**7. The sum of a two digit number and the number obtained by reversing the order of its digits is 99. If the digits differ by 3, find the number.**

**Solution:**

Let's assume the digit at unit's place is  $x$  and ten's place is  $y$ . Thus from the question, the number we need to find is  $10y + x$ .

From the question since the two digits of the number are differing by 3. Therefore,

$$x - y = \pm 3 \dots\dots\dots (i)$$

And, after reversing the digits, the number so obtained is  $10x + y$ .

Again it's given from the question that, the sum of the numbers obtained by reversing the digit's

places and the original number is 99. Thus, this can be written as;

$$\begin{aligned}(10x + y) + (10y + x) &= 99 \\ \Rightarrow 10x + y + 10y + x &= 99 \\ \Rightarrow 11x + 11y &= 99 \\ \Rightarrow 11(x + y) &= 99 \\ \Rightarrow x + y &= 99/11 \\ \Rightarrow x + y &= 9 \dots\dots\dots (ii)\end{aligned}$$

So, finally we have two sets of systems of equations to solve. Those are,

$$\begin{aligned}x - y &= 3 \text{ and } x + y = 9 \\ x - y &= -3 \text{ and } x + y = 9\end{aligned}$$

Now, let's solve the first set of system of equations;

$$\begin{aligned}x - y &= 3 \dots\dots\dots (iii) \\ x + y &= 9 \dots\dots\dots (iv)\end{aligned}$$

Adding the equations (iii) and (iv), we get;

$$\begin{aligned}(x - y) + (x + y) &= 3 + 9 \\ \Rightarrow x - y + x + y &= 12 \\ \Rightarrow 2x &= 12 \\ \Rightarrow x &= 12/2 \\ \Rightarrow x &= 6\end{aligned}$$

Putting the value of x in equation (iii), we find y

$$\begin{aligned}6 - y &= 3 \\ \Rightarrow y &= 6 - 3 \\ \Rightarrow y &= 3\end{aligned}$$

Hence, when considering this set the required number should be  $10 \times 3 + 6 = 36$

Now, when solving the second set of system of equations,

$$\begin{aligned}x - y &= -3 \dots\dots\dots (v) \\ x + y &= 9 \dots\dots\dots (vi)\end{aligned}$$

Adding the equations (v) and (vi), we get;

$$\begin{aligned}(x - y) + (x + y) &= -3 + 9 \\ x - y + x + y &= 6 \\ 2x &= 6 \\ x &= 3\end{aligned}$$

Putting the value of x in equation 5, we get;

$$\begin{aligned}3 - y &= -3 \\ \Rightarrow y &= 3 + 3 \\ \Rightarrow y &= 6\end{aligned}$$

Hence, when considering this set the required number should be  $10 \times 6 + 3 = 63$

Therefore, there are two such numbers for the given question.

**8. A two- digit number is 4 times the sum of its digits. If 18 is added to the number, the digits are reversed. Find the number.**

## Solution:

Let's assume the digit at unit's place is  $x$  and at ten's place is  $y$ . Thus from the question, the number we need to find is  $10y + x$ .

From the question since the number is 4 times the sum of the two digits. We can write,

$$\begin{aligned}10y + x &= 4(x + y) \\ \Rightarrow 10y + x &= 4x + 4y \\ \Rightarrow 4x + 4y - 10y - x &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow 3x - 6y &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow 3(x - 2y) &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x - 2y &= 0 \dots\dots\dots (i)\end{aligned}$$

Secondly, after reversing the digits, the new number formed is  $10x + y$ .

Again it's given from the question that if 18 is added to the original number, the digits are reversed. Thus, we have

$$\begin{aligned}(10y + x) + 18 &= 10x + y \\ \Rightarrow 10y + y - 10y - x &= 18 \\ \Rightarrow 9x - 9y &= 18 \\ \Rightarrow 9(x - y) &= 18 \\ \Rightarrow x - y &= 18/9 \\ \Rightarrow x - y &= 2 \dots\dots\dots (ii)\end{aligned}$$

Now by solving equation (i) and (ii) we can find the value of  $x$  and  $y$  and thus the number.

On subtracting the equation (i) from equation (ii), we get;

$$\begin{aligned}(x - y) - (x - 2y) &= 2 - 0 \\ \Rightarrow x - y - x + 2y &= 2 \\ \Rightarrow y &= 2\end{aligned}$$

Putting the value of  $y$  in the equation (i) to find  $x$ , we get

$$\begin{aligned}x - 2 \times 2 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x - 4 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x &= 4\end{aligned}$$

Hence, the required number is  $10 \times 2 + 4 = 24$