Struts2 Framework Interceptors

Struts 2 framework provides a good list of out-of-the-box interceptors that come preconfigured and ready to use. Few of the important interceptors are listed below –

Sr.No	Interceptor & Description
1	alias Allows parameters to have different name aliases across requests.
2	checkbox Assists in managing check boxes by adding a parameter value of false for check boxes that are not checked.
3	conversionError Places error information from converting strings to parameter types into the action's field errors.
4	createSession Automatically creates an HTTP session if one does not already exist.
5	debugging Provides several different debugging screens to the developer.
6	execAndWait Sends the user to an intermediary waiting page while the action executes in the background.
7	exception Maps exceptions that are thrown from an action to a result, allowing automatic exception handling via redirection.
8	fileUpload Facilitates easy file uploading.
9	i18n Keeps track of the selected locale during a user's session.
10	logger Provides simple logging by outputting the name of the action being executed.

11	params
	Sets the request parameters on the action.
12	prepare
	This is typically used to do pre-processing work, such as setup database connections.
13	profile
	Allows simple profiling information to be logged for actions.
14	scope
	Stores and retrieves the action's state in the session or application scope.
15	ServletConfig
	Provides the action with access to various servlet-based information.
16	timer
	Provides simple profiling information in the form of how long the action takes to execute.
17	token
	Checks the action for a valid token to prevent duplicate form submission.
18	validation
	Provides validation support for actions

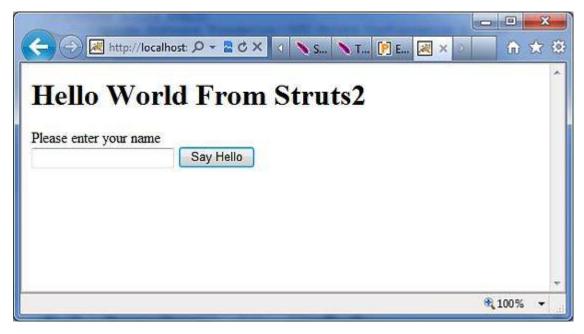
Please look into Struts 2 documentation for complete detail on the abovementioned interceptors. But I will show you how to use an interceptor in general in your Struts application.

How to Use Interceptors?

Let us see how to use an already existing interceptor to our "Hello World" program. We will use the **timer** interceptor whose purpose is to measure how long it took to execute an action method. At the same time, I'm using **params** interceptor whose purpose is to send the request parameters to the action. You can try your example without using this interceptor and you will find that **name** property is not being set because parameter is not able to reach to the action.

We will keep HelloWorldAction.java, web.xml, HelloWorld.jsp and index.jsp files as they have been created in **Examples** chapter but let us modify the **struts.xml** file to add an interceptor as follows –

Right click on the project name and click **Export > WAR File** to create a War file. Then deploy this WAR in the Tomcat's webapps directory. Finally, start Tomcat server and try to access URL **http://localhost:8080/HelloWorldStruts2/index.jsp**. This will produce the following screen –



Now enter any word in the given text box and click Say Hello button to execute the defined action. Now if you will check the log generated, you will find the following text –

INFO: Server startup in 3539 ms

27/08/2011 8:40:53 PM

com.opensymphony.xwork2.util.logging.commons.CommonsLogger info

INFO: Executed action [//hello!execute] took 109 ms.

Here bottom line is being generated because of **timer** interceptor which is telling that action took total 109ms to be executed