# ShopAll Return Module

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A Brief history of Business Intelligence

Where have we been?



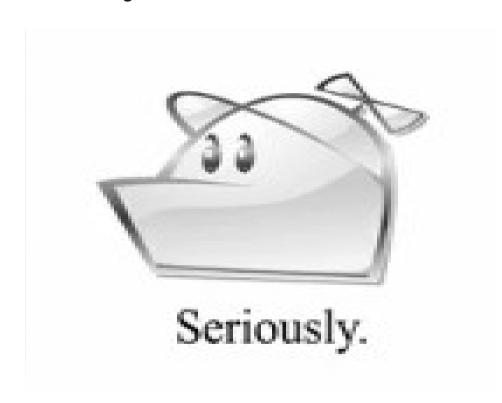
Where are we now?



Where are we going?



Why Should we care?



# According to Wikipedia



Business intelligence (BI) mainly refers to computer-based techniques used in identifying, extracting, and analyzing business data, such as sales revenue by products and/or departments, or by associated costs and incomes. BI technologies provide historical, current and predictive views of business operations.

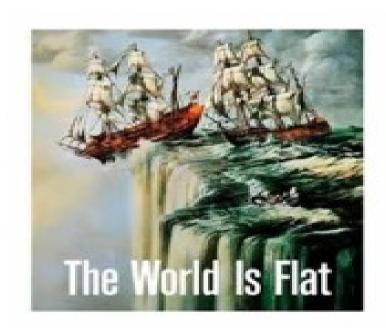
But that BI is still hard to understand?

Is what that what it took to make business intelligent?

What is Intelligence?



#### Knowledge and Understanding



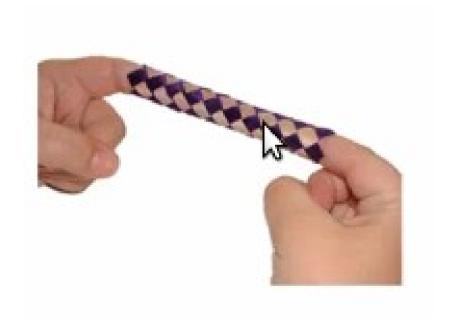
#### Meaning and Context



Foresight



#### Solve complex problems

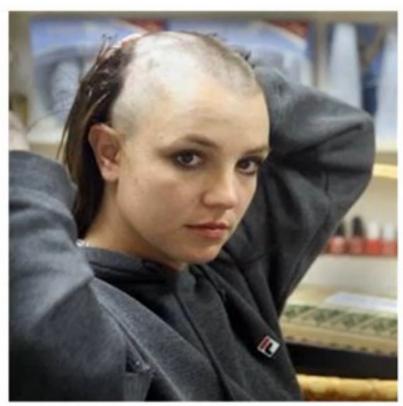


To make decisions.

We make decision every time?

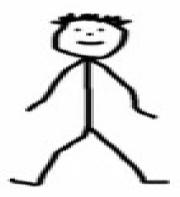
Sometimes good.

Sometimes bad.



Intelligence = Decision

Decision = People



Because people make decisions

What makes good decision?

Valuable information.

Intelligence + Information = Good Decision

Information provide answers

Information is distributed in various places.









You need to aggregate Information from various sources.

Solution is Informatica.

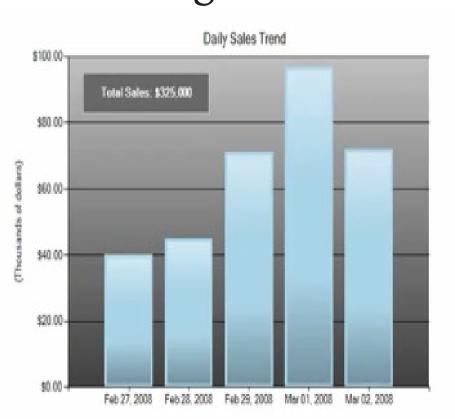
Decisions are made by Information Analysis.

But BI is about usability as business people don't have time and they need time line based analysis.

#### To turn data



#### Into right format



What you need is Business Objects.

1. Shyam owns a shop.





- 2. His shop has 3 floors.
- 3. Jam and bread are on same floor adjacent to each other.
- 4. Butter is on different floor.



5. He gives all his sales data to the abc organization.

Sales Data → Raw Information

6. abc organization observed that 25% of the people who bought bread also bought jam.

7. But 50% of the people who bought bread also bought butter.

8. Prediction can be made that bread and butter combination is more likely purchased compared to the bread and jam combination.

He then exchanged the butter with the jam location.

#### What is Business Intelligence?

9. This is called Business Intelligence.

10. And the outcome is Happy Customers and Better revenues.



#### What is Business Intelligence?

BI helps in the following processes:

- 1. Decision support system
- 2. Future trends analysis
- 3. Business patterns etc.

#### ETL Process

1. ETL stands for Extraction – Transformation – Loading.

#### **ETL**

- 1. Data is taken from different sources, lets say US and UK.
- 2. In US database the shoe size is in mm size, In UK database it is in cm size.
- 3. We need both of them in common format, so that we can use it for future predictions

#### **Extraction**

```
UK(mm) ---->

→ Source ---> Intermediate State

US(cm) ---->
```

#### **Transformation**

```
Source UK(mm) ----> Common format(mm) Source US(cm) ---->
```

#### Type of Transformation

Types of Transformations:

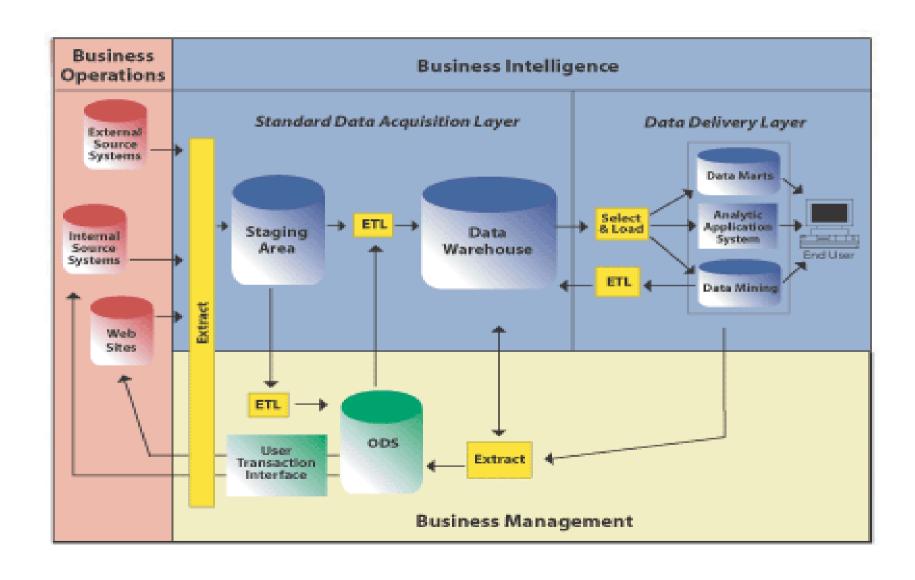
- 1.1. Active
- 1.2. Passive

# Loading

Common format(mm)

Data Warehouse (OLAP)

#### ETL



# Tools for ETL

Informatica

#### Benefits of Informatica

Data Migration

Legacy Retirement

Data Synchronization

Data Replication

Data Consolidation Test

Data Management

Data Archiving

Complex Event Processing

B2B Data Exchange

Master Data Management

**Identity Resolution** 

Cloud Data Integration

Data Warehousing

Data Quality

# ShopAll Example

http://gauravpaliwal.com/LiveExamples/CustomerIndex.html

# ShopAll Scenario

Populating Data Warehouse

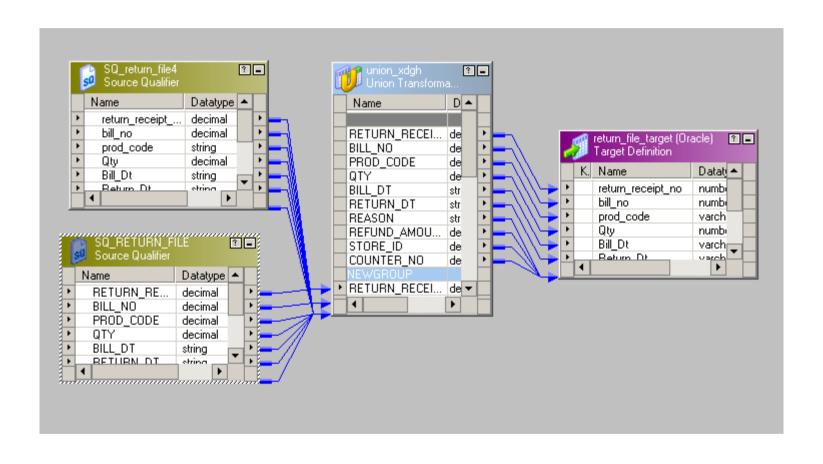
#### Preserving history for trends analysis

#### 1. Methods:

- Slowly Changing Dimensions 0
- 1.2. Slowly Changing Dimensions 1
- 1.3. Slowly Changing Dimensions 2
- 1.4. Slowly Changing Dimensions 3

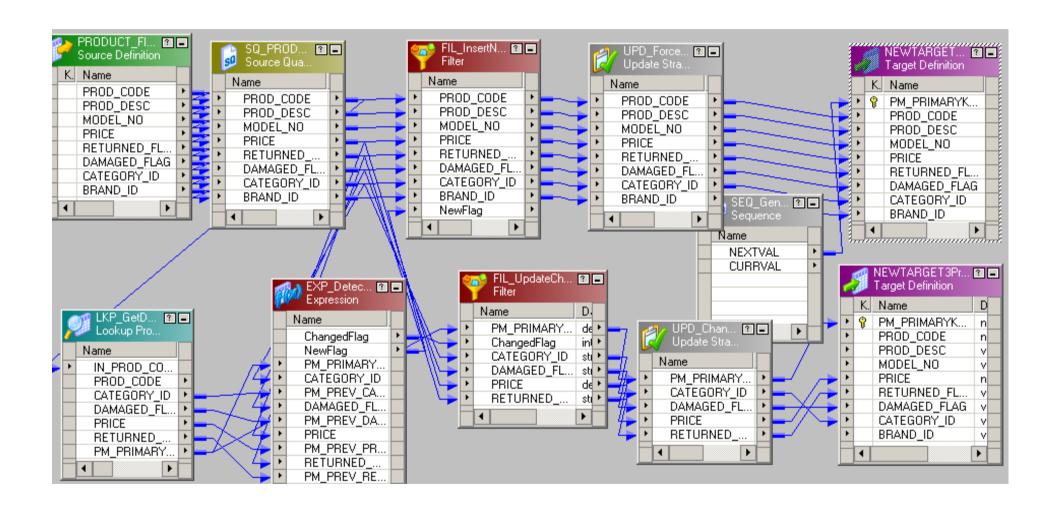
The **Type 0** method is a passive approach to managing dimension value changes, in which no action is taken. Values remain as they were at the time of the dimension record was first entered.

Example



The **Type 1** methodology overwrites old data with new data, and therefore does not track historical data at all. This is most appropriate when correcting certain types of data errors, such as the spelling of a name.

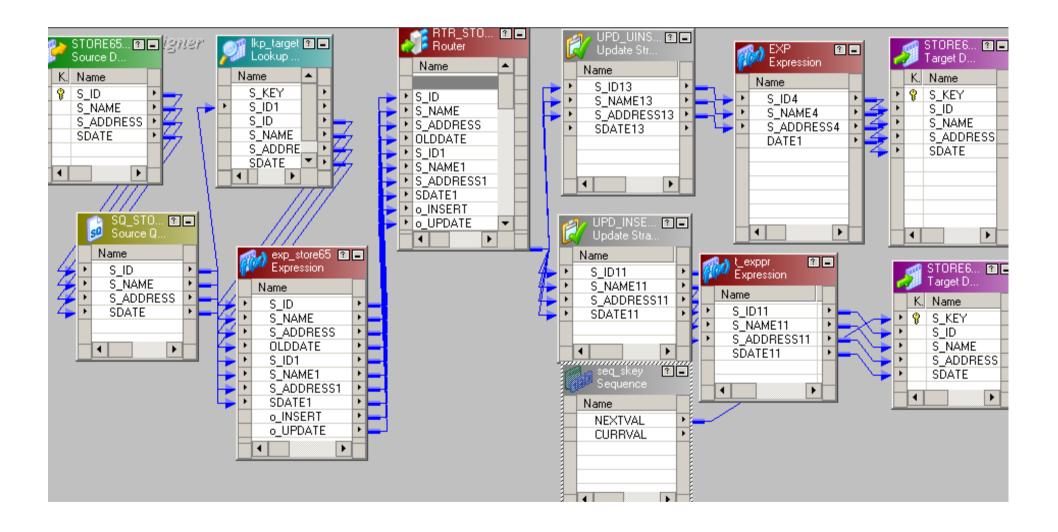
Example



The **Type 2** method tracks historical data by creating multiple records for a given natural key in the dimensional tables with separate surrogate key and/or different version numbers. With Type 2, we have unlimited history preservation as a new record is inserted each time a change is made.

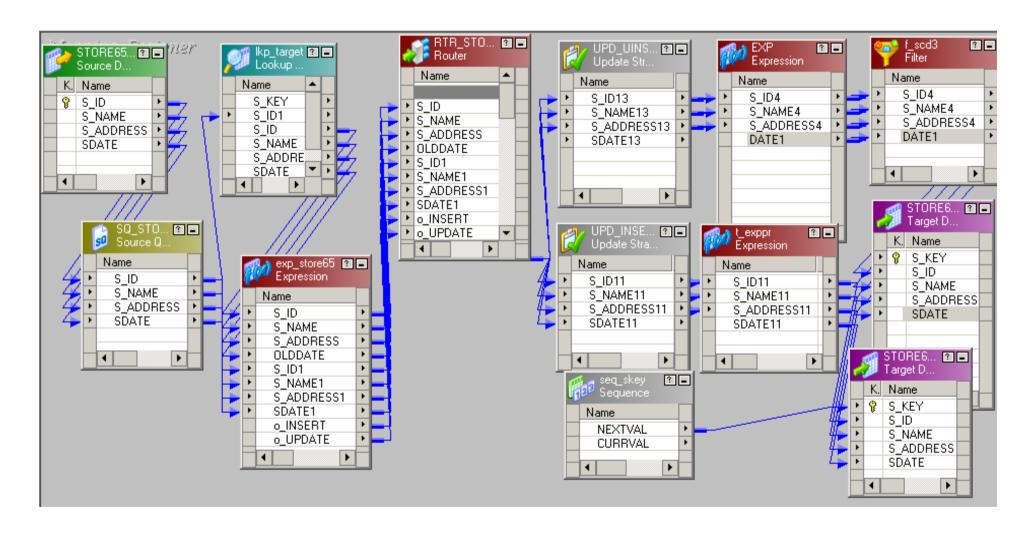
Example

# Slowly Changing Dimensions 2 (Store)



The **Type 3** method tracks changes using separate columns. Whereas Type 2 had unlimited history preservation, Type 3 has limited history preservation, as it's limited to the number of columns designated for storing historical data.

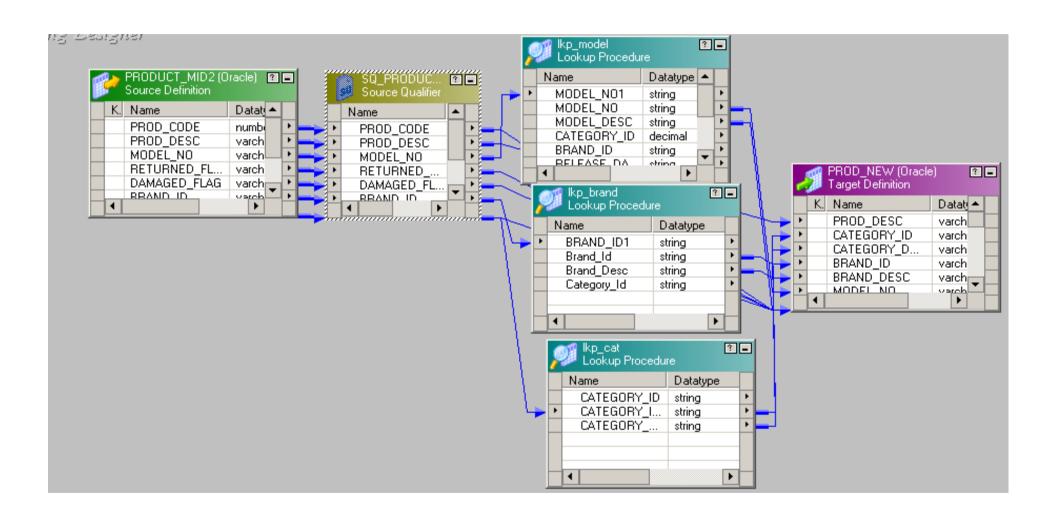
Example



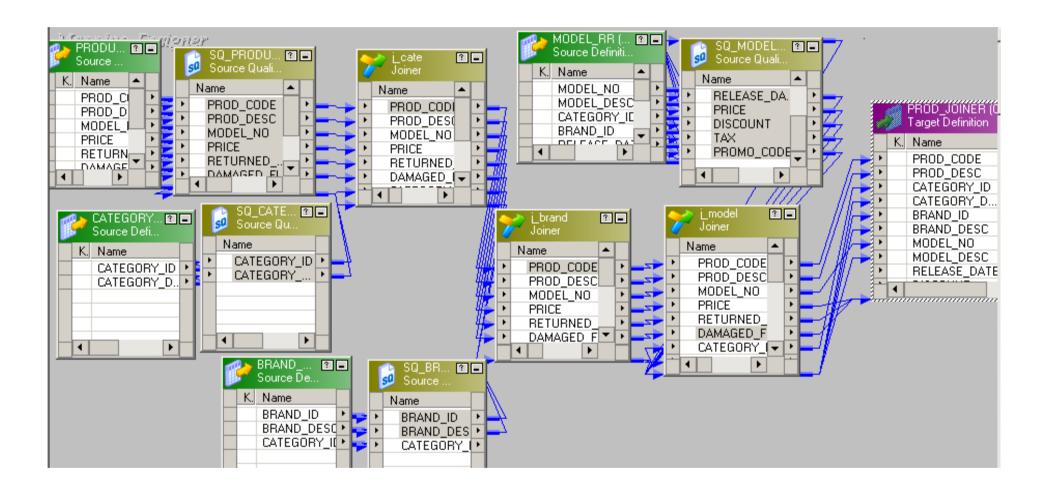
# ShopAll Scenario

- 1. ETL process for populating following tables:
  - 1.1. Loading product table using lookup.
  - 1.2. Loading product table using joins.
  - 1.3. Return fact table loading using one to one mapping.
  - 1.4. Return fact table loading using heterogeneous source.

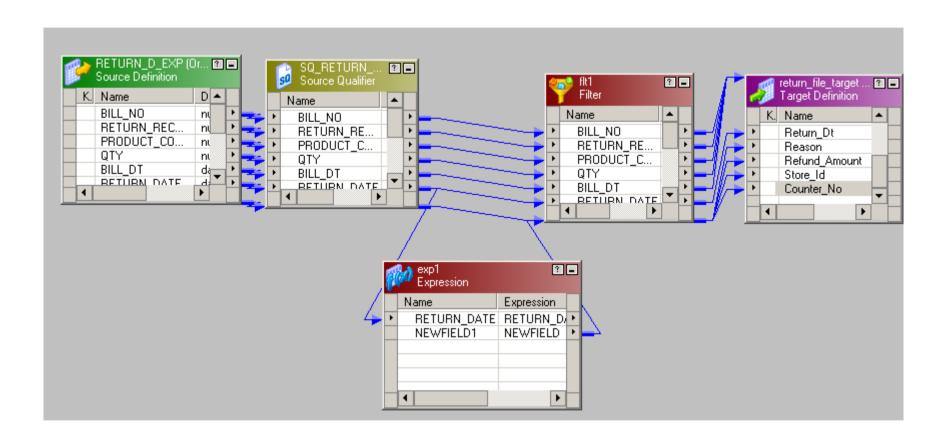
#### Loading product table using lookups



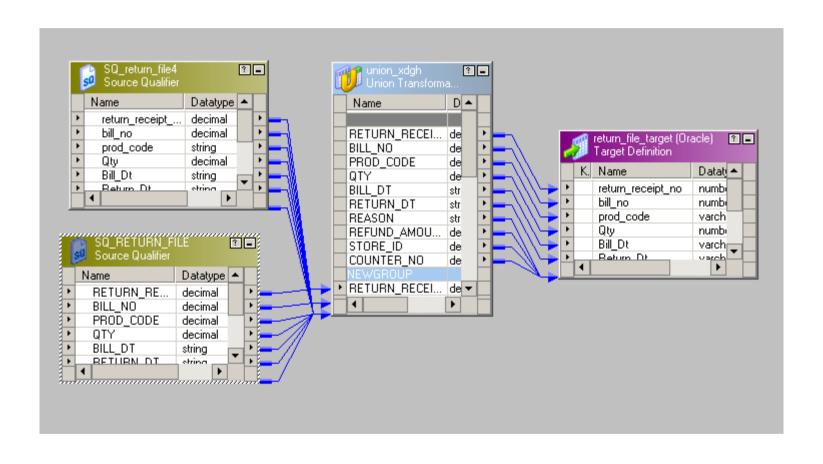
# Loading product table using joins



# Loading using one to one mapping



#### Loading using heterogeneous source



#### Test Cases (Informatica)

Test Case ID	Instance Name	Mapping Name	Source Success Rows	Source Failed Rows	Target Success Rows	Target Failed Rows	Total Transformation Errors	Status
TC_1	s_m_category_final	m_category_final	20	0	20	0	0	Succeeded
TC_2	s_m_brand_final	m_brand_final	80	0	80	0	0	Succeeded
TC_3	s_m_model_final	m_model_final	318	0	318	0	0	Succeeded
TC_4	s_m_date_dim	m_date_dim	3285	0	3285	0	0	Succeeded
TC_5	s_m_product_final	m_product_final	6081	0	6081	0	0	Succeeded
TC_6	s_m_return_final	m_return_final	128	0	128	0	0	Succeeded

#### Reports Generation

Reports Generation for fast analyzing of data

#### Reports Generation

We use Business Object

#### Benefits of Business Object

Real-Time Messaging

Guides Users

Enables Priority Access Manages Qwery scheduling

Increase Reporting Accuracy

Delivers SQL Alerts

Tune Universes

Optimize Reports

Analyze Data Usage

Audit Data Usage

Audit for Compliance

Budget based on usage

Manage Service Levels

Reduce ETL Load Times

Improve Resource Efficiency

#### Reports Identified

- 1. Maximum Returned Products
- 2. Store wise Returned Product
- 3. Brand wise Returned Products
- 4. Yearly / Monthly / Weekly Returned Products

#### Test Cases (BO)

http://gauravpaliwal.com/maptestcase.html

# Reports Analyzed

#### BO Reports:

http://inhydqcybipm01:8080/businessobjects/enterprise115/desktoplaunch/InfoView/logon/logon.do

Interactive Dashboard (Business Values):

http://gauravpaliwal.com/FusionCharts\_Evaluation/Code/jquery/creatingcharts/

**Problem:** Session Related Error (Informatica)

**Solution**: Logout all sessions and follow naming convention

**Problem:** Flat File not found (Informatica)

**Solution**: The location of files are on the Server not on the local machine.

**Problem:** Divergence Problem (BO)

**Solution**: The database schema should be consistent.

**Problem**: Object not found (BO)

**Solution**: Database is inconsistent

#### Miscellaneous

Interactive Dashboards

# Suggestions and Questions

# Thank You