

COMPOUND DATA SHEET

FM140/0 Grey

General description

FM140/0 is a chlorobutyl compound with silicate filler. Unconventionally cured.

Identification as per Ph.Eur. 3.2.9., method A

A typical ATR-FTIR spectrum of a clean, cut surface of FM140/0 is enclosed on page 2.

Physical properties

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| Hardness ISO 7619-1(1sec Indentation). Avg of 3 measurements | 46 ± 5 Shore A |
| Density ISO 2781 | 1.323 ± 0.025 g/cm³ |
| Ash content Internal method. Calc. 4h @ 700°C | 45.5 ± 2.0 % |
| Compression set ISO 815, (typical value) | 32 % |
| Modulus 100 Internal method. 100mm/min, ISO 37 Dumb-bell 2, (typical value) | 1.3 N/mm² |
| Modulus 300 Internal method. 100mm/min, ISO 37 Dumb-bell 2, (typical value) | 2.0 N/mm² |
| Elongation @ Break Internal method. 200mm/min, ISO 37 Dumb-bell 2, (typical value) | 670 % |
| Tensile Strength Internal method. 200mm/min, ISO 37 Dumb-bell 2, (typical value) | 6.6 N/mm² |
| Water Vapor Transmission Rate Mocon, 38°C, 100%RH, 1.27 mm thickness, (typical value) | 0.06 g/m².24h |
| Oxygen Transmission Rate Mocon, 38°C, 90%RH, 100% O₂, 1.27 mm thickness, (typical value) | 71 cc/m².24h |

Compound ingredient declarations

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Latex | FM140/0 is not made with natural rubber latex. |
| Nitrosamines | FM140/0 is not made with chemicals that are associated with nitrosamine formation as per the ASTM F1313-90 list. |
| Phthalates | FM140/0 is not made using Di(2-EthylHexyl) Phthalate (DEHP) or other phthalates. |
| BSE/TSE | For the raw materials of FM140/0, certification confirming that such products are either of vegetable origin or are manufactured in severe process conditions for inactivation of prions as described in the EMA/410/01-rev.3 and in the European Pharmacopoeia 5.2.8. "Minimizing the risk of transmitting Animal Spongiform Encephalopathy Agents" is available. |
| MBT | FM140/0 is not made with 2-mercapto-benzothiazole (MCBT, also named MBT), or any of its derivatives. |
| Heavy Metals | FM140/0 fulfills the EC Guideline 94/62/EC for heavy metals in packaging materials and the CONEG regulation on reduction of toxics in Packaging Law: "packaging components shall not contain more than 100 ppm of Pb, Cd, Hg, and Cr(VI)". |

Biocompatibility

FM140/0 is non-cytotoxic and meets the requirements of the Elution Test as described in General Chapter <87>,"Biological Reactivity Tests, in vitro" of the USP. A typical USP<87> Elution Test certificate is enclosed on page 3.

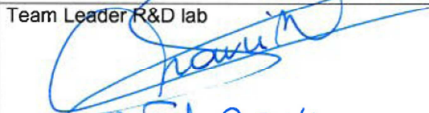


Chemical properties

FM140/0 meets the chemical requirements for Type I closures specified in Ph.Eur. 3.2.9 and in USP <381>. Typical results are given in the table below. A typical UV spectrum is enclosed on page 2.

| Characteristic | | Limits | | FM140/0 |
|--|---|---|------|---------|
| Appearance of solution | Turbidity | Type I: 6 NTU (*) Type II: 18 NTU (*) | | 0 |
| | Color | Solution S is not more intensely colored than reference | | Pass |
| Acidity or alkalinity (NA : Not applicable) | 0.8 ml 0.01M HCl | EP | NA | NA |
| | 0.3 ml 0.01M NaOH | USP° | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| UV Absorbance (max 220-360 nm) | Type I: 0.2 Type II: 4.0 | | | 0.0 |
| Reducing substances | Type I: 3.0 ml 0.01M Na₂S₂O₃ Type II: 7.0 ml 0.01M Na₂S₂O₃ | | | 0.2 |
| Extractable heavy metals | 2 ppm Pb²⁺ | EP USP | Pass | Pass |
| Extractable zinc | 5.0 ppm Zn²⁺ | | | 0.3 |
| Ammonium | 2 ppm NH₄⁺ | | | Pass |
| Residue on evaporation (only for EP) | Type I: 2.0 mg Type II: 4.0 mg | | | 0.1 |
| Volatile sulphides | Any black stain on the paper is not more intense than that produced by a control solution | | | Pass |

(*) By definition corresponding with reference suspensions II and III (for Ph.Eur.) or B and C (for USP) respectively
(°) corrected with blank
Note : Chemical testing is performed on non-post-treated standard test plates or products, prepared using representative process conditions.

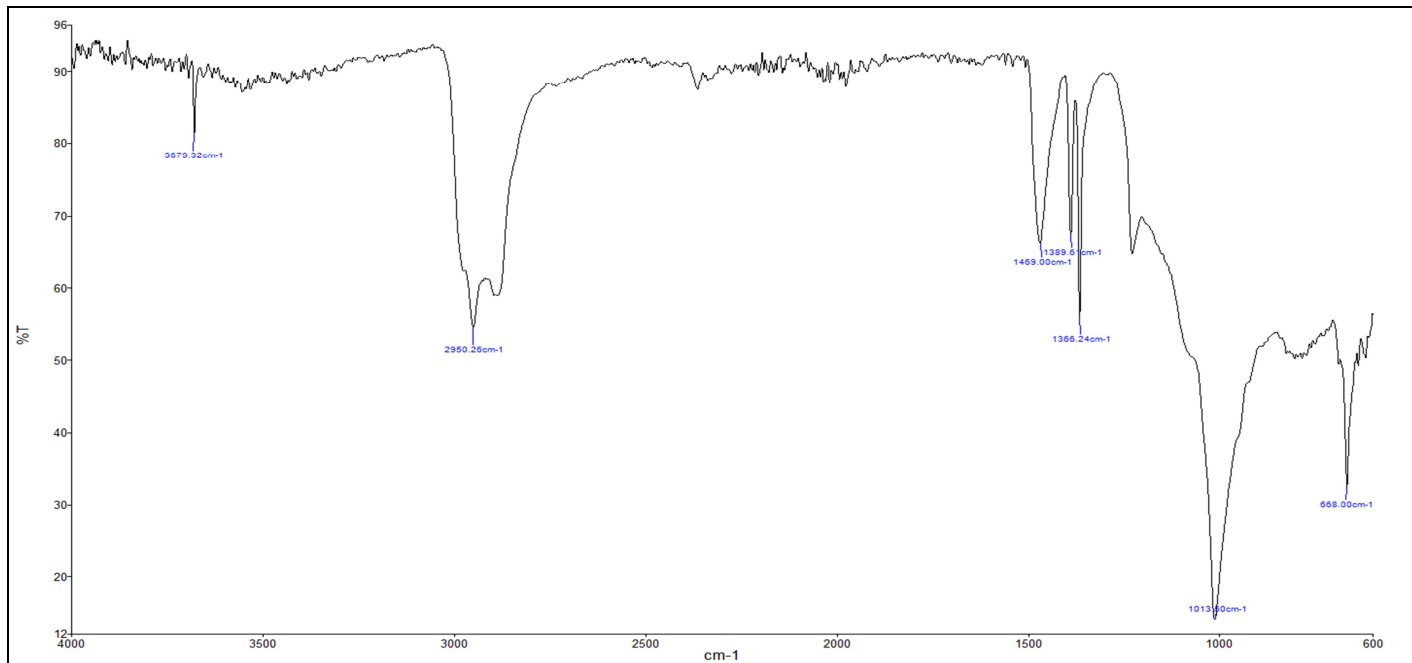
Note : "FMxxx" refers to the type of compound, the extension "x" refers to the color of the said compound. Differently colored compounds might be used for testing throughout this document. It is generally accepted that the color is irrelevant for the properties discussed, except Ash content and Density which are different per color.

| | | |
|--|---|--|
| Team Leader R&D lab  Date : 12 Feb 2014 | Senior Manager Material Development  Date : 12 FEB 2014 | Manager Global Quality & Regulatory Affairs  Date : 12 Feb 2014 |
|--|---|--|

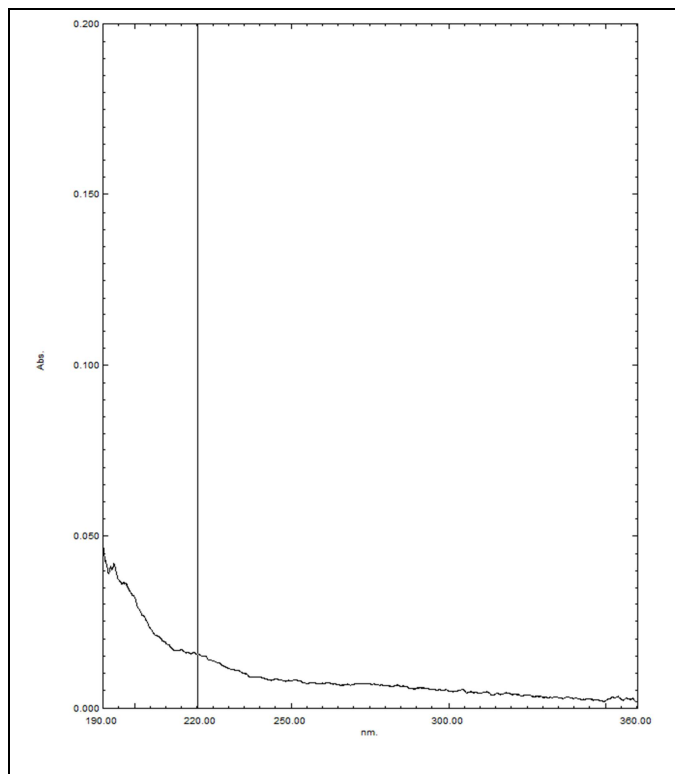
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Typical ATR-FTIR spectrum of a clean, cut surface of FM140/0:



Typical UV spectrum of the Solution S extract of FM140/0, measured as per the USP <381> / Ph.Eur. 3.2.9.:



COMPOUND DATA SHEET

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USP<87> Elution Test certificate for FM140/0:



TEST RESULT REPORT N°:10-B0277-N1

| | | | |
|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|
| Project Number: | TE 10118 | Study Number: | 10-B0277-N1 |
| Sponsor: | Helvoet Pharma Belgium NV | Report Date: | 18/02/2010 |
| Contact: | Mrs. Nadia Nouri | | |
| Address: | Industrieterrein Kolmen 1519 | Date Sample Arrival: | 10/02/2010 |
| | 3570 Alken, Belgium | Technical Initiation: | 15/02/2010 |
| PO.Number: | PB1000518 | Technical Completion: | 18/02/2010 |

| Study | Elution Test - ISO | Temp/Time | 37°C/24 hours |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| Test Item | FM140/0 V9025 SAF1 | Ratio | 25cm ² /20mL |
| Lot | 30194939 | Vehicle | MEM-Complete |

REFERENCE: According to "ISO 10993-5, 2009: Biological Evaluation of Medical Devices- Part 5: Tests for In Vitro Cytotoxicity." and "USP 32-NF 27, 2009: <87> Biological reactivity test, in vitro." Toxikon Reference: SOP 3.1.2.3, rev. 08

PROCEDURE: The biological reactivity of a mammalian monolayer, L929 mouse fibroblast cell culture, in response to the test item extract was determined. The samples and control articles were autoclaved prior to the preparation of the extracts. Extracts were prepared at 37±1°C for 24 hours in a humidified atmosphere containing 5±1% carbon dioxide (static). Positive (natural rubber) and negative (silicone) control articles were prepared to verify the proper functioning of the test system. The maintenance medium on the cell cultures is replaced by the extracts of the test item or control article in triplicate and the cultures are subsequently incubated for 48 hours, at 37±1°C, in a humidified atmosphere containing 5±1% carbon dioxide. Biological reactivity was rated on the following scale: Grade 0 (No reactivity); Grade 1 (Slight reactivity), Grade 2 (Mild reactivity), Grade 3 (Moderate reactivity) and Grade 4 (Severe reactivity). The test item is considered non-cytotoxic if none of the cultures exposed to the test item shows greater than mild reactivity (Grade 2).

OPINION AND INTERPRETATION: No reactivity (Grade 0) was exhibited by the cell cultures exposed to the test item at the 48 hours observation. Severe reactivity (Grade 4) was observed for the positive control article. The negative control article showed no signs of reactivity (Grade 0).

OPINION AND INTERPRETATION: Based on the evaluation criteria mentioned above, the test item is considered non-cytotoxic.

RECORD STORAGE: All raw data generated in this study will be archived at Toxikon Europe, according to SOP 4.2.8.

AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL



ir. Peter Cornelis
Study Director



Vanessa Ruymen
Quality Assurance

The test results on the enclosed report are only referring to the tested articles. Partly reproduction of this report can only be allowed after written permission of Toxikon. Toxikon guarantees that all results are acquired by testing according to officially accepted scientific methodology.

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