Sealing Solutions



COMPOUND DATA SHEET FM457/1 Black

General description

FM457/1 is a bromobutyl compound with silicate filler. Unconventionally cured, free from MBT.

Identification as per Ph.Eur. 3.2.9., method A

A typical ATR-FTIR spectrum of a clean, cut surface of FM457/1 is enclosed on page 2.

Physical properties

Physical properties	
Hardness	47 ± 5 Shore A
ISO 7619-1(1sec Indentation)	
Density	1.257 ± 0.025 g/cm ³
ISO 2781	
Ash content	40.0 ± 2.0 %
Internal method. Calc.4h@700℃	
Compression set	26 %
ISO 815, (typical value)	
Modulus 100	1.3 N/mm ²
Internal method. 100mm/min,ISO 37 Dumb-bell 2, (typical value)	
Modulus 300	2.4 N/mm ²
Internal method. 100mm/min,ISO 37 Dumb-bell 2, (typical value)	
Elongation @ Break	562 %
Internal method. 200mm/min, ISO 37 Dumb-bell 2, (typical value)	
Tensile Strength	6.1 N/mm ²
Internal method. 200mm/min, ISO 37 Dumb-bell 2, (typical value)	
Water Vapor Transmission Rate	0.15 g/m ² .24h
Mocon, 38℃,90%RH, 1.23 mm thickness, (typical valu e)	- 3
Oxygen Transmission Rate	96 cc/m ² .24h
Mocon, 38°C, 90%RH, 100% O2, 1.23 mm thickness, (ty pical value)	

Compound ingredient declarations

Latex FM457/1 is not made with natural rubber latex.

Nitrosamines FM457/1 is not made with chemicals that are associated with

nitrosamine formation as per the ASTM F1313-90 list. **Phthalates**FM457/1 is not made using Di(2-EthylHexyl) Phthalate

(DEHP) or other phthalates.

For the raw materials of FM457/1, certification confirming that such products are either of vegetable origin or are

manufactured in severe process conditions for inactivation of prions as described in the EMA/410/01-rev.3 and in the European Pharmacopoeia 5.2.8. "Minimizing the risk of transmitting Animal Spongiform Encephalopathy Agents" is

available.

MBT FM457/1 is not made with 2-mercapto-benzothiazole (MCBT,

also named MBT), or any of its derivatives.

Heavy Metals FM457/1 fulfills the EC Guideline 94/62/EC for heavy metals in packaging materials and the CONEG regulation on

in packaging materials and the CONEG regulation of reduction of toxics in Packaging Law: "packaging components shall not contain more than 100 ppm of Pb, Cd, Hg, and

Cr(VI)".

Biocompatibility

FM457/1 is non-cytotoxic and meets the requirements of the Elution Test as described in General Chapter <87>,"Biological Reactivity Tests, in vitro" of the USP. A typical USP<87> Elution Test certificate is enclosed on page 3.

Chemical properties

FM457/1 meets the chemical requirements for Type I closures specified in Ph.Eur. 3.2.9 and in USP <381>.

Typical results are given in the table below.

A typical UV spectrum is enclosed on page 2.

Characte	eristic	Limits		FM457/1
Appearance of solution	Turbidity	Type I: 6 NTU (*) Type II: 18 NTU (*)		0
	Color	Solution S is not more intensely colored than reference		Pass
		0.8 ml 0.01M HCl	EP	NA
Acidity or alkalinity		0.8 IIII 0.0 IIVI I IOI	USP°	NA
(NA : Not applicab	ole)	0.0 1.0 044441-011	EP	0.0
		0.3 ml 0.01M NaOH	USP°	0.0
UV Absorbance (r nm)	max 220-360	Type I: 0.2 Type II: 4.0		0.0
Reducing substances		Type I: 3.0 mI 0.01M $Na_2S_2O_3$ Type II: 7.0 mI 0.01M $Na_2S_2O_3$		0.2
Extractable heavy	metals	2 ppm Pb ²⁺	EP USP	Pass Pass
Extractable zinc		5.0 ppm Zn ²⁺		0.0
Ammonium		2 ppm NH₄ ⁺		Pass
Residue on evapo (only for EP)	ration	Type I: 2.0 mg Type II: 4.0 mg		0.1
Volatile sulphides		Any black stain on the paper is not more intense than that produced by a control solution		Pass

^(*) By definition corresponding with reference suspensions II and III (for Ph.Eur.) or B and C (for USP) respectively

Note: "FMxxx" refers to the type of compound, the extension "/x" refers to the color of the said compound. Differently colored compounds might be used for testing throughout this document. It is generally accepted that the color is irrelevant for the properties discussed, except Ash content and Density which are different per color.

Team Leader R&D lab	Senior Manager Material Development	Manager Global Quality & Regulatory Affairs
TOTAL (PATILIE
(June	Tanderhey"	Tour State of the
Date: 24 Nan 2014	Date: 03 Feb 2014	Date: 05 Feb 2014

Version: January 1, 2014 1/3

(replaces CDS of October 11, 2010)

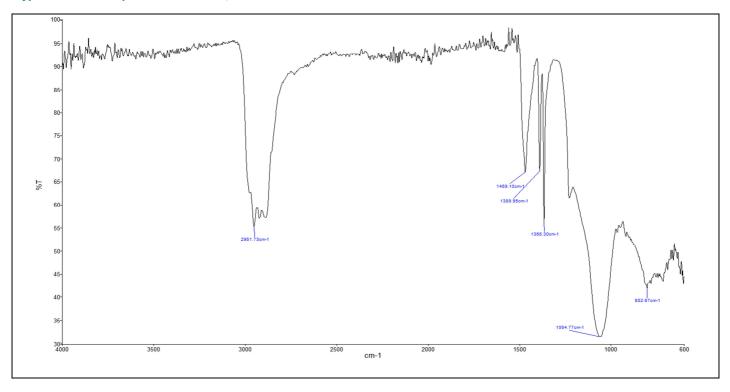
^(°) corrected with blank

Note: Chemical testing is performed on non-post-treated standard test plates or products, prepared using representative process conditions.

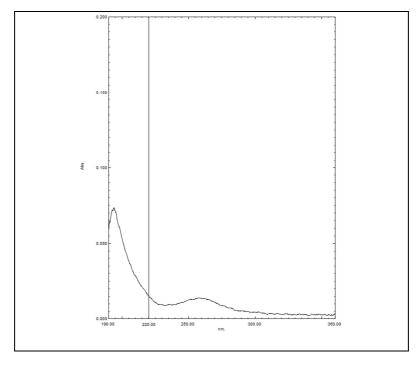


COMPOUND DATA SHEET FM457/1 Black

Typical ATR-FTIR spectrum of a clean, cut surface of FM457/1:



Typical UV spectrum of the Solution S extract of FM457/1, measured as per the USP <381> / Ph.Eur. 3.2.9.:



Version: January 1, 2014 (replaces CDS of October 11, 2010)



COMPOUND DATA SHEET FM457/1 **Black**

USP<87> Elution Test certificate for FM457/1:



TEST RESULT REPORT N°10-B1030-N1



Project Number: TE 10445 Study Number: 10-B1030-N1 Helvoet Pharma Belgium NV Report Date: 20/05/2010 Contact: Mrs. Nadia Nouri

Industrieterrein Kolmen 1519 3570 Alken, Belgium Address: Date Sample Arrival: 12/05/2010

Technical Initiation: 17/05/2010 PO.Number: PB1001706 Technical Completion: 20/05/2010

Study	Elution Test - ISO	Temp/Time	37°C/24 hours
Test Item	V9341 FM457/0 0 kGy Gamma t=24m	Ratio	25cm²/20mL
Lot	Ch808934	Vehicle	MEM-Complete

REFERENCE: According to "ISO 10993-5, 2009: Biological Evaluation of Medical Devices- Part 5:Tests for In Vitro Cytotoxicity." and "USP 32-NF 27, 2009: <87> Biological reactivity test, in vitro." Toxikon Reference: SOP 3.1.2.3, rev. 08

PROCEDURE: The biological reactivity of a mammalian monolayer, L929 mouse fibroblast cell culture, in response to the test item extract was determined. The samples and control articles were autoclaved prior to the preparation of the extracts. Extracts were prepared at $37\pm1^{\circ}$ C for 24 hours in a humidified atmosphere containing $5\pm1\%$ carbon dioxide (static). Positive (natural rubber) and negative (silicone) control articles were prepared to verify the proper functioning of the test system. The maintenance medium on the cell cultures is replaced by the extracts of the test item or control article in triplicate and the cultures are subsequently incubated for 48 hours, at 37±1°C, in a humidified atmosphere containing 5±1% carbon dioxide. Biological reactivity was rated on the following scale: Grade 0 (No reactivity); Grade 1 (Slight reactivity), Grade 2 (Mild reactivity), Grade 3 (Moderate reactivity) and Grade 4 (Severe reactivity). The test item is considered non-cytotoxic if none of the cultures exposed to the test item shows greater than mild reactivity (Grade 2).

RESULTS: No reactivity (Grade 0) was exhibited by the cell cultures exposed to the test item at the 48 hours observation. Severe reactivity (Grade 4) was observed for the positive control article. The negative control article showed no signs of reactivity (Grade 0).

OPINION AND INTERPRETATION: Based on the evaluation criteria mentioned above, the test item is considered non-cytotoxic.

RECORD STORAGE: All raw data generated in this study will be archived at Toxikon Europe, according to SOP 4.2.8.

AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL

ir. Peter Cornelis Study Director

Vanessa Ruymen Quality Assurance

The test results on the enclosed report are only referring to the tested articles. Partly reproduction of this report can only be allowed after written permission of Toxikon. Toxikon guarantees that all results are acquired by testing according to officially accepted scientific methodology.

Toxikon Europe nv - Researchpark Haasrode 1724 - Romeinsestraat 12, B 3001 Leuven, Belgium - Tel. 32-16-40 04 84 - Fax 32-16-40 13 04 Fortis 230-0391575-06 - KBC 431-0597001-33 - BTW/TVA BE 0442.395.719 - H.R. Leuven 80.154 - www.toxikon.be