Sealing Solutions



COMPOUND DATA SHEET FM140/1 Red

General description

FM140/1 is a chlorobutyl compound with silicate filler. Unconventionally cured.

Identification as per Ph.Eur. 3.2.9., method A

A typical ATR-FTIR spectrum of a clean, cut surface of FM140/1 is enclosed on page 2.

Physical properties

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Hardness	46 ± 5 Shore A
ISO 7619-1(1sec Indentation). Avg of 3 measurements	
Density	1.323 ± 0.025 g/cm ³
ISO 2781	
Ash content	45.0 ± 2.0 %
Internal method. Calc.4h@700℃	
Compression set	32 %
ISO 815, (maximum value)	
Modulus 100	1.3 N/mm ²
Internal method. 100mm/min,ISO 37 Dumb-bell 2, (typical value)	
Modulus 300	2.0 N/mm ²
Internal method. 100mm/min,ISO 37 Dumb-bell 2, (typical value)	
Elongation @ Break	670 %
Internal method. 200mm/min, ISO 37 Dumb-bell 2, (typical value)	
Tensile Strength	6.6 N/mm ²
Internal method. 200mm/min, ISO 37 Dumb-bell 2, (typical value)	
Water Vapor Transmission Rate	0.06 g/m ² .24h
Mocon, 38℃,100%RH, 1.27 mm thickness, (typical value)	
Oxygen Transmission Rate	71 cc/m ² .24h
Mocon, 38°C, 90%RH, 100% O2, 1.27 mm thickness, (ty pical value)	

Compound ingredient declarations

Latex FM140/1 is not made with natural rubber latex.

Nitrosamines FM140/1 is not made with chemicals that are associated with

nitrosamine formation as per the ASTM F1313-90 list. FM140/1 is not made using Di(2-EthylHexyl) Phthalate **Phthalates**

(DEHP) or other phthalates.

BSE/TSE For the raw materials of FM140/1, certification confirming that such products are either of vegetable origin or are

manufactured in severe process conditions for inactivation of prions as described in the EMA/410/01-rev.3 and in the European Pharmacopoeia 5.2.8. "Minimizing the risk of transmitting Animal Spongiform Encephalopathy Agents" is

available.

FM140/1 is not made with 2-mercapto-benzothiazole (MCBT, also named MBT), or any of its derivatives. MBT

Heavy Metals FM140/1 fulfills the EC Guideline 94/62/EC for heavy metals in packaging materials and the CONEG regulation on

reduction of toxics in Packaging Law: "packaging components shall not contain more than 100 ppm of Pb, Cd, Hg, and

Cr(VI)".

Biocompatibility

FM140/1 is non-cytotoxic and meets the requirements of the Elution Test as described in General Chapter <87>,"Biological Reactivity Tests, in vitro" of the USP. A typical USP<87> Elution Test certificate is enclosed on page 3.

Chemical properties

FM140/1 meets the chemical requirements for Type I closures specified in Ph.Eur. 3.2.9 and in USP <381>. Typical results are given in the table below. A typical UV spectrum is enclosed on page 2.

Characte	eristic	Limits		FM140/1
Appearance of	Turbidity	Type I: 6 NTU (*) Type II: 18 NTU (*)		0
solution	Color	Solution S is not more intensely colored than reference		Pass
		0.9 ml 0.01M HCI	EP	NA
Acidity or alkalinity	/	0.8 ml 0.01M HCl	USP°	NA
(NA: Not applicable)	ole)	0.3 ml 0.01M NaOH	EP	0.1
			USP°	0.0
UV Absorbance (r nm)	max 220-360	Type I: 0.2 Type II: 4.0		0.0
Reducing substances		Type I: 3.0 ml 0.01M $Na_2S_2O_3$ Type II: 7.0 ml 0.01M $Na_2S_2O_3$		0.2
Extractable heavy	metals	2 ppm Pb ²⁺	EP USP	Pass Pass
Extractable zinc		5.0 ppm Zn ²⁺		0.3
Ammonium		2 ppm NH₄ ⁺		Pass
Residue on evapo (only for EP)	oration	Type I: 2.0 mg Type II: 4.0 mg		0.1
Volatile sulphides		Any black stain on the paper is not more intense than that produced by a control solution		Pass

^(*) By definition corresponding with reference suspensions II and III (for Ph.Eur.) or B and C (for USP) respectively

Note: "FMxxx" refers to the type of compound, the extension "/x" refers to the color of the said compound. Differently colored compounds might be used for testing throughout this document. It is generally accepted that the color is irrelevant for the properties discussed, except Ash content and Density which are different per color.

Team Leader R&D lab Senior Manager Material Development Manager Global Quality & Regulatory Affairs 17 Pel 2019 Date:

Version: January 1, 2014 1/3

(replaces CDS of August 16, 2010)

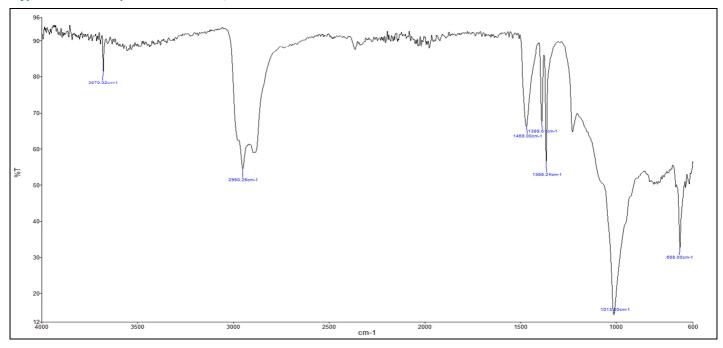
⁽⁹ corrected with blank

Note : Chemical testing is performed on non-post-treated standard test plates or products, prepared using representative process conditions.

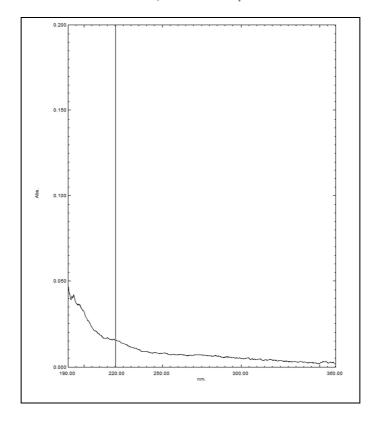


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Typical ATR-FTIR spectrum of a clean, cut surface of FM140/1:



Typical UV spectrum of the Solution S extract of FM140/1, measured as per the USP <381> / Ph.Eur. 3.2.9.:





COMPOUND DATA SHEET FM140/1 Red

USP<87> Elution Test certificate for FM140/1:



TEST RESULT REPORT N°:10-B0277-N1



Project Number: TE 10118 Study Number: 10-B0277-N1 Sponsor: Helvoet Pharma Belgium NV Report Date: 18/02/2010 Contact: Mrs. Nadia Nouri Industrieterrein Kolmen 1519 Address: Date Sample Arrival: 10/02/2010 3570 Alken, Belgium PB1000518 Technical Initiation 15/02/2010 PO.Number: **Technical Completion:** 18/02/2010

Study	Elution Test - ISO	Temp/Time	37°C/24 hours	
Test Item	FM140/0 V9025 SAF1	Ratio	25cm²/20mL	
Lot	30194939	Vehicle	MEM-Complete	

REFERENCE: According to "ISO 10993-5, 2009: Biological Evaluation of Medical Devices- Part 5:Tests for In Vitro Cytotoxicity." and "USP 32-NF 27, 2009: <87> Biological reactivity test, in vitro." Toxikon Reference: SOP 3.1.2.3, rev. 08

PROCEDURE: The biological reactivity of a mammalian monolayer, L929 mouse fibroblast cell culture, in response to the test item extract was determined. The samples and control articles were autoclaved prior to the preparation of the extracts. Extracts were prepared at $37\pm1^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ for 24 hours in a humidified atmosphere containing $5\pm1\%$ carbon dioxide (static). Positive (natural rubber) and negative (silicone) control articles were prepared to verify the proper functioning of the test system. The maintenance medium on the cell cultures is replaced by the extracts of the test item or control article in triplicate and the cultures are subsequently incubated for 48 hours, at $37\pm1^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$, in a humidified atmosphere containing $5\pm1\%$ carbon dioxide. Biological reactivity was rated on the following scale: Grade 0 (No reactivity); Grade 1 (Slight reactivity), Grade 2 (Mild reactivity), Grade 3 (Moderate reactivity) and Grade 4 (Severe reactivity). The test item is considered non-cytotoxic if none of the cultures exposed to the test item shows greater than mild reactivity (Grade 2).

OPINION AND INTERPRETATION: No reactivity (Grade 0) was exhibited by the cell cultures exposed to the test item at the 48 hours observation. Severe reactivity (Grade 4) was observed for the positive control article. The negative control article showed no signs of reactivity (Grade 0).

OPINION AND INTERPRETATION: Based on the evaluation criteria mentioned above, the test item is considered non-cytotoxic.

RECORD STORAGE: All raw data generated in this study will be archived at Toxikon Europe, according to SOP 4.2.8.

AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL

ir. Peter Cornelis Study Director Vanessa Ruymen Quality Assurance

The test results on the enclosed report are only referring to the tested articles. Partly reproduction of this report can only be allowed after written permission of Toxikon. Toxikon guarantees that all results are acquired by testing according to officially accepted scientific methodology.

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