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## AI1103: Assignment 4

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### Download all python codes from

https://github.com/tanmaygar/AI-Course/blob/main /Assignment4/codes/GATE-2015(CS-SET-3) -Q37.py

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/tanmaygar/AI-Course/blob/main/Assignment4/Assignment4.tex

#### PROBLEM GATE 2015(CS-SET 3), Q.37:

Suppose  $X_i$  for i = 1, 2, 3 are independent and identically distributed random variables whose probability mass functions are  $\Pr(X_i = 0) = \Pr(X_i = 1) = \frac{1}{2}$  for i = 1, 2, 3. Define another random variable  $Y = X_1X_2 \oplus X_3$ , where  $\oplus$  denotes XOR. Then  $\Pr(Y = 0|X_3 = 0) =$ 

#### SOLUTION:

We know that

$$\Pr(Y = 0 | X_3 = 0) = \frac{\Pr(Y = 0, X_3 = 0)}{\Pr(X_3 = 0)} \quad (0.0.1)$$

$$\Pr(X_3 = 0) = \frac{1}{2} \tag{0.0.2}$$

For

$$Y = (X_1 X_2) \oplus X_3 = 0$$
 (0.0.3)

$$\implies X_1 X_2 = X_3 \qquad (0.0.4)$$

$$X_3 = 0, \quad X_1 X_2 = 0$$
 (0.0.5)

The random variables are independent of each other:

| $Pr(X_1 = 0, X_2 = 0)$ | $\Pr\left(X_1=0\right)\cdot\Pr\left(X_2=0\right)$ | 0.25 |
|------------------------|---|------|
| $Pr(X_1 = 1, X_2 = 0)$ | $\Pr(X_1 = 1) \cdot \Pr(X_2 = 0)$                 | 0.25 |
| $Pr(X_1 = 0, X_2 = 1)$ | $\Pr\left(X_1=0\right)\cdot\Pr\left(X_2=1\right)$ | 0.25 |

TABLE 0: Probabilities

$$Pr(X_1X_2 = 0) = Pr(X_1 = 0, X_2 = 0) + Pr(X_1 = 0, X_2 = 1) + Pr(X_1 = 1, X_2 = 0) (0.0.6) = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$
(0.0.7)

$$Pr(Y = 0, X_3 = 0) = Pr(X_1 X_2 = X_3 = 0) (0.0.8)$$
$$= Pr(X_1 X_2 = 0) \cdot Pr(X_3 = 0) (0.0.9)$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$
 (0.0.10)  
=  $\frac{3}{8}$  (0.0.11)

Upon substituting (0.0.11) and (0.0.2) in (0.0.1)

$$\Pr(Y = 0|X_3 = 0) = \frac{3}{4} = 0.75 \tag{0.0.12}$$

