1

AI1103: Assignment 4

Tanmay Garg CS20BTECH11063 EE20BTECH11048

Download all python codes from

https://github.com/tanmaygar/AI-Course/blob/main/Assignment4/codes/GATE-2015(CS-SET-3)-Q37.py

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/tanmaygar/AI-Course/blob/main/Assignment4/Assignment4.tex

Problem GATE 2015(CS-SET 3), Q.37:

Suppose X_i for i = 1, 2, 3 are independent and identically distributed random variables whose probability mass functions are $Pr(X_i = 0) = Pr(X_i = 1) = \frac{1}{2}$ for i = 1, 2, 3. Define another random variable $Y = X_1X_2 \oplus X_3$, where \oplus denotes XOR. Then $Pr(Y = 0|X_3 = 0) =$

SOLUTION:

We know that

$$\Pr(Y = 0 | X_3 = 0) = \frac{\Pr(Y = 0, X_3 = 0)}{\Pr(X_3 = 0)} \quad (0.0.1)$$

$$\Pr(X_3 = 0) = \frac{1}{2} \tag{0.0.2}$$

For

$$Y = 0$$
 (0.0.3)

$$X_1 X_2 \oplus X_3 = 0 \tag{0.0.4}$$

$$X_3 = 0, \quad X_1 X_2 = 0 \quad (0.0.5)$$

The number of possibilities for $X_1X_2 = 0$

$$(X_1, X_2) = \begin{cases} (0,0) \\ (0,1) \\ (1,0) \end{cases}$$
 (0.0.6)

Since the random variables are independent of each other

$$\Pr(X_i = a, X_j = b) = \Pr(X_i = a) \cdot \Pr(X_j = b)$$
(0.0.7)

$$i \neq j \tag{0.0.8}$$

$$a, b \in \{0, 1\} \tag{0.0.9}$$

$$i, j \in \{1, 2, 3\}$$
 (0.0.10)

$$\begin{array}{c|ccc} \Pr{(X_1 = 0, X_2 = 0)} & \Pr{(X_1 = 0)} \cdot \Pr{(X_2 = 0)} & 0.25 \\ \Pr{(X_1 = 1, X_2 = 0)} & \Pr{(X_1 = 1)} \cdot \Pr{(X_2 = 0)} & 0.25 \\ \Pr{(X_1 = 0, X_2 = 1)} & \Pr{(X_1 = 0)} \cdot \Pr{(X_2 = 1)} & 0.25 \end{array}$$

TABLE 0: Probabilities for each required case

$$Pr(X_1 X_2 = 0) = Pr(X_1 = 0, X_2 = 0) + Pr(X_1 = 0, X_2 = 1) + Pr(X_1 = 1, X_2 = 0) (0.0.11) = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$
 (0.0.12)

$$Pr(Y = 0, X_3 = 0) = Pr(X_1 X_2 = 0) \cdot Pr(X_3 = 0)$$
(0.0.13)

$$= \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$
 (0.0.14)
$$= \frac{3}{8}$$
 (0.0.15)

Upon substituting (0.0.15) and (0.0.2) in (0.0.1)

$$\Pr(Y = 0|X_3 = 0) = \frac{3}{4} = 0.75 \tag{0.0.16}$$

