

# Fake AD Click Detection by Identifying Anomalies

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# BACKGROUND

Click fraud is a black-hat technique of falsely inflating the number of clicks on a pay-per-click ad.

- ✓ Advertisers are trying to sabotage their competitors by driving up their costs and meeting their budget caps early on in the day
- ✓ Ad publishers are clicking on the ads displayed on their own sites to generate more revenue for themselves.

## Proposed Solution

```
graph TD; A[Proposed Solution] --> B[Identify Fake Clicks from Real]; A --> C[Perform and identify system to detect anomalies]; A --> D[Predict whether the user will download app after clicking on ad];
```

Identify Fake  
Clicks from Real

Perform and  
identify system to  
detect anomalies

Predict whether  
the user will  
download app after  
clicking on ad

# LITERATURE REVIEW

## ✓“Prediction of click frauds in mobile advertising – IC3 2015”

- feature selection using Recursive Feature Elimination (RFE)
- classification through Hellinger Distance Decision Tree (HDDT)
- $accuracy = \frac{TP+TN}{TP+TN+FP+FN}$
- accuracy achieved by proposed framework is 64.07 %

## ✓“Exposing click-fraud using a burst detection algorithm – IEEE 2011”

- Set of webpages selected and random visited
- No. of visits calculated between user visits
- Splay tree to store webpages/ip
- Realtime usage

# LITERATURE REVIEW

✓“Real Time Click Fraud Prevention using multi-level Data Fusion – WCECS 2010”

- Dempster-Shafer evidence theory
- multi level data fusion mechanism

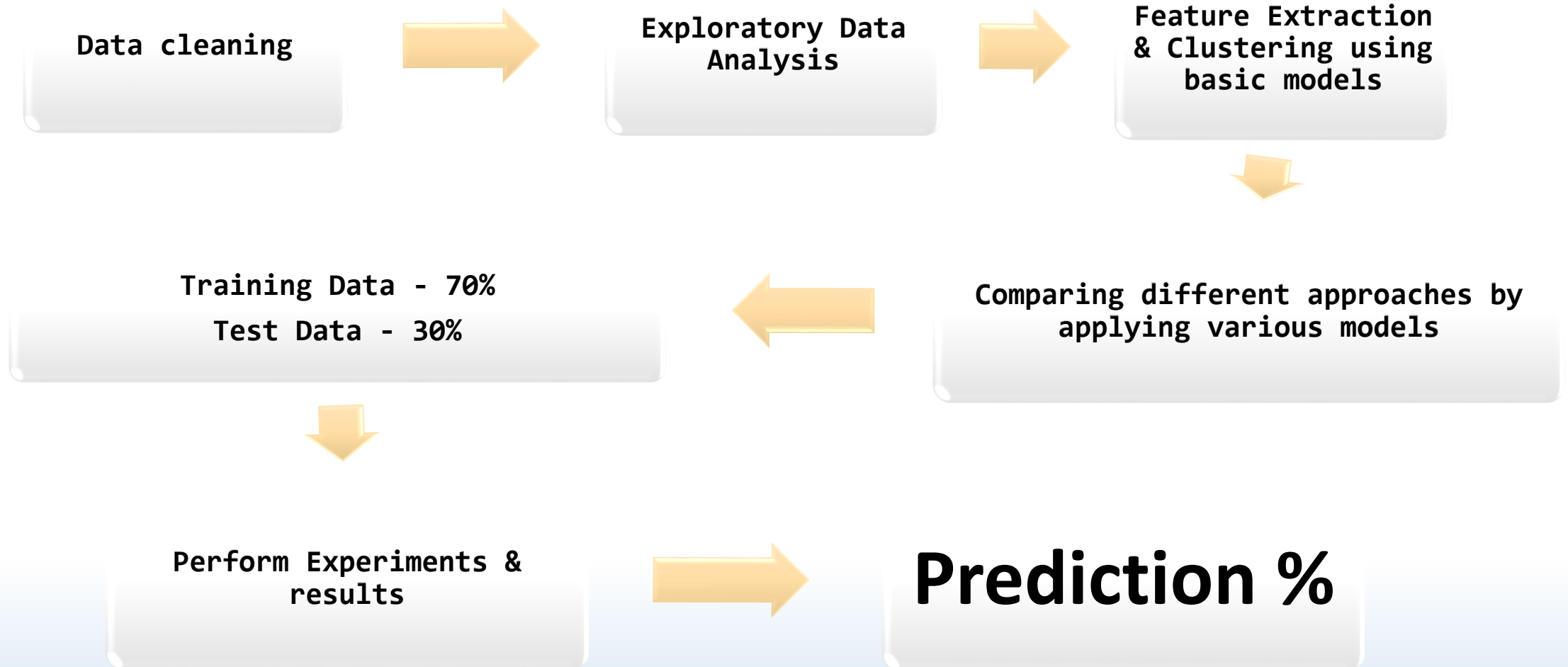
✓“Detecting insurance claims fraud using machine Learning techniques – ICCPT 2017”

✓“Machine Learning algorithms for document clustering and fraud detection – ICDSE 2016”

# DATASET

- ✓Dataset provided by TalkingData – China's Mobile Big data platform
- ✓More than 1 million records
- ✓Attributes like
  - id, timestamp, site\_id, site\_domain, app\_id,
  - app\_category, device\_id, device\_ip, device\_model,
  - device\_type, and other 10 categorical values,
  - is\_attributed.

# PLAN



Questions ?



# References

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