1. Without using trigonometric tables, evaluate:

(i)
$$\frac{\sin 16^0}{\cos 74^0}$$
 (ii) $\frac{\sec 11^0}{\csc 79^0}$ (iii) $\frac{\tan 27^0}{\cot 63^0}$

$$(ii) \frac{\sec 11^0}{\csc 79^0}$$

(iii)
$$\frac{\tan 27^{\circ}}{\cot 63^{\circ}}$$

(iv)
$$\frac{\cos 35^0}{\sin 55^0}$$
 (v) $\frac{\csc 42^0}{\sec 48^0}$ (vi) $\frac{\cot 38^0}{\tan 52^0}$

$$(v) \frac{\text{cosec } 42^{\circ}}{\text{sec } 48^{\circ}}$$

$$(vi) \frac{\cot 38^0}{\tan 52^0}$$

(i)
$$\frac{\sin 16^{0}}{\cos 74^{0}}$$

$$= \frac{\sin (90^{0} - 74^{0})}{\cos 74^{0}}$$

$$= \frac{\cos 74^{0}}{\cos 74^{0}} \quad [\because \sin (90 - \theta) = \cos \theta]$$

$$= 1$$

(ii)
$$\frac{\sec 11^{0}}{\csc 79^{0}} = \frac{\sec (90^{0} - 79^{0})}{\csc 79^{0}} = \frac{\csc 79^{0}}{\csc 79^{0}} \quad [\because \sec (90 - \theta) = \csc \theta] = 1$$

(iii)
$$\frac{\tan 27^{0}}{\cot 63^{0}}$$

$$= \frac{\tan (90^{0} - 63^{0})}{\cot 63^{0}}$$

$$= \frac{\cos 63^{0}}{\cos 63^{0}} \quad [\because \tan (90 - \theta) = \cot \theta]$$

$$= 1$$

(iv)
$$\frac{\cos 35^{0}}{\sin 55^{0}}$$

$$= \frac{\cos (90^{0} - 55^{0})}{\sin 55^{0}}$$

$$= \frac{\sin 55^{0}}{\sin 55^{0}} \quad [\because \sin (90 - \theta) = \cos \theta]$$

$$= 1$$

$$(v) \frac{\frac{\text{cosec } 42^{0}}{\text{sec } 48^{0}}}{= \frac{\text{cosec } (90^{0} - 48^{0})}{\text{sec } 48^{0}}}$$
$$= \frac{\frac{\text{sec } 48^{0}}{\text{sec } 48^{0}}}{\text{sec } 48^{0}} \quad [\because \text{sec } (90 - \theta) = \text{cosec } \theta]$$
$$= 1$$

$$(vi) \frac{\cot 38^{0}}{\tan 52^{0}}$$
$$= \frac{\cot (90^{0} - 52^{0})}{\tan 52^{0}}$$

$$= \frac{\tan 52^{0}}{\tan 52^{0}} \qquad [\because \tan (90 - \theta) = \cot \theta]$$
$$= 1$$

- **2.** Without using trigonometric tables, prove that:
 - (i) $\cos 81^0 \sin 9^0 = 0$
- (ii) $\tan 71^0 \cot 19^0 = 0$
- (iii) $\csc 80^{0} \sec 10^{0} = 0$
- (iv) $\csc^2 72^0 \tan^2 18^0 = 1$
- (v) $\cos^2 75^0 + \cos^2 15^0 = 1$
- (vi) $\tan^2 66^0 \cot^2 24^0 = 0$
- (vii) $\sin^2 48^0 + \sin^2 42^0 = 1$
- (viii) $\cos^2 57^0 \sin^2 33^0 = 0$
- (ix) $(\sin 65^0 + \cos 25^0)$ $(\sin 65^0 \cos 25^0) = 0$

- (i) LHS = $\cos 81^{0} \sin 9^{0}$ = $\cos(90^{0} - 9^{0}) - \sin 9^{0}$ = $\sin 9^{0} - \sin 9^{0}$ = 0 = RHS
- (ii) LHS = $\tan 71^0 \cot 19^0$ = $\tan (90^0 - 19^0) - \cot 19^0$ = $\cot 19^0 - \cot 19^0$ = 0= RHS
- (iii) LHS = $\csc 80^{0} \sec 10^{0}$ = $\csc (90^{0} - 10^{0}) - \sec 10^{0}$ = $\sec 10^{0} - \sec 10^{0}$ = 0= RHS
- (iv) LHS = $\csc^2 72^0 \tan^2 18^0$ = $\csc^2 (90^0 - 18^0) - \tan^2 18^0$ = $\sec^2 18^0 - \tan^2 18^0$ = 1 = RHS
- (v) LHS = $\cos^2 75^0 + \cos^2 15^0$ = $\cos^2 (90^0 - 15^0) + \cos^2 15^0$ = $\sin^2 15^0 + \cos^2 15^0$ = 1 = RHS
- (vi) LHS = $\tan^2 66^0$ $\cot^2 24^0$ = $\tan^2 (90^0 - 24^0)$ - $\cot^2 24^0$ = $\cot^2 24^0$ - $\cot^2 24^0$ = 0 = RHS

(vii) LHS =
$$\sin^2 48^0 + \sin^2 42^0$$

= $\sin^2(90^0 - 42^0) + \sin^2 42^0$
= $\cos^2 42^0 + \sin^2 42^0$
= 1
= RHS
(viii) LHS = $\cos^2 57^0 - \sin^2 33^0$
= $\cos^2(90^0 - 33^0) - \sin^2 33^0$
= $\sin^2 33^0 - \sin^2 33^0$
= 0
= RHS
(ix) LHS = $(\sin 65^0 + \cos 25^0)$ ($\sin 65^0 - \cos 25^0$)
= $\sin^2 65^0 - \cos^2 25^0$
= $\sin^2 (90^0 - 25^0) - \cos^2 25^0$
= $\cos^2 25^0 - \cos^2 25^0$
= 0
= RHS

3. Without using trigonometric tables, prove that:

(i)
$$\sin 53^{\circ}\cos 37^{\circ} + \cos 53^{\circ}\sin 37^{\circ} = 1$$

(ii)
$$\cos 54^{\circ} \cos 36^{\circ} - \sin 54^{\circ} \sin 36^{\circ} = 0$$

(iii)
$$sec70^0 sin20^0 + cos20^0 cosec70^0 = 2$$

(iv)
$$\sin 35^0 \sin 55^0 - \cos 35^0 \cos 55^0 = 0$$

(v)
$$(\sin 72^0 + \cos 18^0)$$
 $(\sin 72^0 - \cos 18^0) = 0$

(vi)
$$\tan 48^0 \tan 23^0 \tan 42^0 \tan 67^0 = 1$$

(i) LHS =
$$\sin 53^{0}\cos 37^{0} + \cos 53^{0}\sin 37^{0}$$

= $\sin (90^{0} - 37^{0})\cos 37^{0} + \cos(90^{0} - 37^{0})\sin 37^{0}$
= $\cos 37^{0}\cos 37^{0} + \sin 37^{0}\sin 37^{0}$
= $\cos^{2}37^{0} + \sin^{2}37^{0}$
= 1
= RHS

(ii) LHS =
$$\cos 54^{0} \cos 36^{0} - \sin 54^{0} \sin 36^{0}$$

= $\cos (90^{0} - 36^{0}) \cos 36^{0} - \sin (90^{0} - 36^{0}) \sin 36^{0}$
= $\sin 36^{0} \cos 36^{0} - \cos 36^{0} \sin 36^{0}$
= 0
= RHS

(iii) LHS =
$$\sec 70^{0} \sin 20^{0} + \cos 20^{0} \csc 70^{0}$$

= $\sec (90^{0} - 20^{0}) \sin 20^{0} + \cos 20^{0} \csc (90^{0} - 20^{0})$
= $\csc 20^{0} \cdot \frac{1}{\csc 20^{0}} + \frac{1}{\sec 20^{0}} \cdot \sec 20^{0}$
= $1 + 1$

$$= 2$$

$$= RHS$$
(iv) LHS = $\sin 35^{0} \sin 55^{0} - \cos 35^{0} \cos 55^{0}$

$$= \sin 35^{0} \cos (90^{0} - 55^{0}) - \cos 35^{0} \sin (90^{0} - 55^{0})$$

$$= \sin 35^{0} \cos 35^{0} - \cos 35^{0} \sin 35^{0}$$

$$= 0$$

$$= RHS$$
(v) LHS = $(\sin 72^{0} + \cos 18^{0}) (\sin 72^{0} - \cos 18^{0})$

$$= (\sin 72^{0} + \cos 18^{0}) [\cos (90^{0} - 72^{0}) - \cos 18^{0}]$$

$$= (\sin 72^{0} + \cos 18^{0}) (\cos 18^{0} - \cos 18^{0})$$

$$= (\sin 72^{0} + \cos 18^{0}) (0)$$

$$= RHS$$
(vi) LHS = $\tan 48^{0} \tan 23^{0} \tan 42^{0} \tan 67^{0}$

$$= \cot (90^{0} - 48^{0}) \cot (90^{0} - 23^{0}) \tan 42^{0} \tan 67^{0}$$

$$= \cot 42^{0} \cot 67^{0} \tan 42^{0} \tan 67^{0}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\tan 42^{0}} \times \frac{1}{\tan 67^{0}} \times \tan 42^{0} \times \tan 67^{0}$$

$$= 1$$

$$= RHS$$

4. Without using trigonometric tables, prove that:

$$\begin{aligned} &(\mathrm{i}) \, \frac{\sin 70^0}{\cos 20^0} + \frac{\cos 20^0}{\sec 70^0} - 2\cos 70^0 \, \csc 20^0 = 0 \\ &(\mathrm{ii}) \, \frac{\cos 80^0}{\sin 10^0} + \cos 59^0 \, \csc 31^0 = 2 \\ &(\mathrm{iii}) \, \frac{2\sin 68^0}{\cos 22^0} - \frac{2\cot 15^0}{5\tan 75^0} - \frac{3\tan 45^0 \tan 20^0 \tan 40^0 \tan 50^0 \tan 70^0}{5} = 1 \\ &(\mathrm{iv}) \, \frac{\sin 18^0}{\cos 72^0} + \sqrt{3} \, (\tan 10^0 \tan 30^0 \tan 40^0 \tan 50^0 \tan 80^0) = 2 \\ &(\mathrm{v}) \, \frac{7\cos 55^0}{3\sin 35^0} - \frac{4 \, (\cos 70^0 \csc 20^0)}{3(\tan 5^0 \tan 25^0 \tan 45^0 \tan 65^0 \tan 85^0)} = 1 \end{aligned}$$

(i) LHS =
$$\frac{\sin 70^{0}}{\cos 20^{0}} + \frac{\csc 20^{0}}{\sec 70^{0}} - 2\cos 70^{0} \csc 20^{0}$$

= $\frac{\sin 70^{0}}{\sin (90^{0} - 20^{0})} + \frac{\sec (90^{0} - 20^{0})}{\sec 70^{0}} - 2\cos 70^{0} \sec (90^{0} - 20^{0})$
= $\frac{\sin 70^{0}}{\sin 70^{0}} + \frac{\sec 70^{0}}{\sec 70^{0}} - 2\cos 70^{0} \sec 70^{0}$
= $1 + 1 - 2 \times \cos 70^{0} \times \frac{1}{\cos 70^{0}}$
= $2 - 2$
= 0
= RHS

$$\begin{aligned} &(\text{ii}) \text{ LHS} = \frac{\cos 80^{\circ}}{\sin 10^{\circ}} + \cos 59^{\circ} \csc 31^{\circ} \\ &= \frac{\cos 80^{\circ}}{\sin (90^{\circ} - 10^{\circ})} + \sin (90^{\circ} - 59^{\circ}) \csc 31^{\circ} \\ &= \frac{\cos 80^{\circ}}{\cos 80^{\circ}} + \sin 31^{\circ} \csc 31^{\circ} \\ &= 1 + \sin 31^{\circ} \times \frac{1}{\sin 31^{\circ}} \\ &= 1 + 1 \\ &= 2 \\ &= \text{RHS} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &(\text{iii}) \text{ LHS} = \frac{2 \sin 68^{\circ}}{\cos 22^{\circ}} - \frac{2 \cot 15^{\circ}}{5 \tan 75^{\circ}} - \frac{3 \tan 45^{\circ} \tan 20^{\circ} \tan 40^{\circ} \tan 50^{\circ} \tan 70^{\circ}}{5} \\ &= \frac{2 \sin 68^{\circ}}{\sin (90^{\circ} - 22^{\circ})} - \frac{2 \cot 15^{\circ}}{5 \tan (90^{\circ} - 75^{\circ})} - \frac{3 \times 1 \times \cot (90^{\circ} - 20^{\circ}) \times \cot (90^{\circ} - 40^{\circ}) \times \tan 50^{\circ} \times \tan 70^{\circ}}{5} \\ &= \frac{2 \sin 68^{\circ}}{\sin (90^{\circ} - 22^{\circ})} - \frac{2 \cot 15^{\circ}}{5 \tan (90^{\circ} - 75^{\circ})} - \frac{3 \times 1 \times \cot (90^{\circ} - 20^{\circ}) \times \cot (90^{\circ} - 40^{\circ}) \times \tan 50^{\circ} \times \tan 70^{\circ}}{5} \\ &= \frac{2 \sin 68^{\circ}}{\sin (90^{\circ} - 22^{\circ})} - \frac{3 \times \cot 70^{\circ}}{5 \cot 15^{\circ}} - \frac{3 \times 1 \times \cot (90^{\circ} - 20^{\circ}) \times \cot (90^{\circ} - 40^{\circ}) \times \tan 50^{\circ} \times \tan 70^{\circ}}{5} \\ &= \frac{2 \sin 68^{\circ}}{5 \cot 15^{\circ}} - \frac{3 \times \cot 70^{\circ}}{5 \cot 15^{\circ}} - \frac{3 \times \cot 70^{\circ}}{5} \times \tan 70^{\circ}}{5} \\ &= 2 - \frac{2}{5} - \frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{5} \\ &= \frac{10 - 2 - 3}{5} \\ &= \frac{5}{5} \\ &= 1 \\ &= \text{RHS} \end{aligned}$$

$$(\text{iv) LHS} = \frac{\sin 18^{\circ}}{\cos 72^{\circ}} + \sqrt{3} \left[\cot (90^{\circ} - 10^{\circ}) \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \times \cot (90^{\circ} - 40^{\circ}) \times \tan 80^{\circ}\right) \\ &= \frac{\sin 18^{\circ}}{\sin 18^{\circ}} + \sqrt{3} \left(\frac{\cot 80^{\circ} \times \cot 50^{\circ} \times \tan 50^{\circ} \times \tan 80^{\circ}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \\ &= 1 + \left(\frac{1}{\tan 80^{\circ}} \times \frac{1}{\tan 50^{\circ}} \times \tan 50^{\circ} \times \tan 80^{\circ}\right) \\ &= 1 + 1 \\ &= 2 \\ &= \text{RHS} \end{aligned}$$

$$(\text{v) LHS} = \frac{7 \cos 55^{\circ}}{3 \cos 30^{\circ}} - \frac{4 (\cos 70^{\circ} \csc 20^{\circ})}{3 (\tan 5^{\circ} \tan 45^{\circ} \tan 65^{\circ} \tan 85^{\circ})} \\ &= \frac{7 \cos 55^{\circ}}{3 \cos 55^{\circ}} - \frac{4 (\sin 20^{\circ} \times \cot 50^{\circ} \times \tan 85^{\circ} \times \tan 85^{\circ})}{3 (\cot 80^{\circ} \times \cos 20^{\circ}) \times 1 \times \tan 65^{\circ} \times \tan 85^{\circ}} \\ &= \frac{7 \cos 55^{\circ}}{3 \cos 55^{\circ}} - \frac{4 (\sin 20^{\circ} \times \sin 20^{\circ} \times \tan 85^{\circ})}{3 (\cot 80^{\circ} \times \cos 20^{\circ}) \times 1 \times \tan 65^{\circ} \times \tan 85^{\circ}} \\ &= \frac{7}{3} - \frac{4}{3} \frac{(\sin 80^{\circ} \times \sin 80^{\circ} \times \tan 85^{\circ})}{(1 \cos 80^{\circ} \times \sin 80^{\circ} \times \tan 85^{\circ})} \\ &= \frac{7}{3} - \frac{4}{3} \frac{(\sin 80^{\circ} \times \sin 80^{\circ} \times \tan 85^{\circ})}{(1 \cos 80^{\circ} \times \sin 80^{\circ})} \\ &= \frac{7}{3} - \frac{4}{3} \frac{(\sin 80^{\circ} \times \sin 80^{\circ} \times \tan 85^{\circ})}{(1 \cos 80^{\circ} \times \sin 80^{\circ})} \\ &= \frac{7}{3} - \frac{4}{3} \frac{(\sin 80^{\circ} \times \sin 80^{\circ} \times \tan 80^{\circ})}{(1 \cos 80^{\circ} \times \sin$$

$$= \frac{3}{3}$$
$$= 1$$
$$= RHS$$

5. Prove that:

(i)
$$\sin \theta \cos(90^0 - \theta) + \sin(90^0 - \theta) \cos \theta = 1$$

$$(ii) \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos(90^0 - \theta)} + \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin(90^0 - \theta)} = 2$$

$$(iii) \frac{\sin\theta\cos(90^0 - \theta)\cos\theta}{\sin(90^0 - \theta)} + \frac{\cos\theta\sin(90^0 - \theta)\sin\theta}{\cos(90^0 - \theta)} = 1$$

$$(iv)\,\frac{\cos\bigl(90^0-\,\theta\bigr)\sec\bigl(90^0-\,\theta\bigr)\tan\theta}{\cos\!c\,\bigl(90^0-\,\theta\bigr)\sin\,\bigl(90^0-\,\theta\bigr)\cot\bigl(90^0-\,\theta\bigr)}+\frac{\tan(90^0-\,\theta)}{\cot\theta}=2$$

$$(v)\frac{\cos(90^0 - \theta)}{1 + \sin(90^0 - \theta)} + \frac{1 + \sin(90^0 - \theta)}{\cos(90^0 - \theta)} = 2 \csc \theta$$

(vi)
$$\frac{\sec(90^{0} - \theta)cosec \theta - \tan(90^{0} - \theta)\cot\theta + cos^{2}25^{0} + cos^{2}65^{0}}{3\tan 27^{0}\tan 63^{0}} = \frac{2}{3}$$

(vii)
$$\cot \theta \tan (90^0 - \theta) - \sec (90^0 - \theta) \csc \theta + \sqrt{3} \tan 12^0 \tan 60^0 \tan 78^0 = 2$$

Sol:

(i) LHS =
$$\sin \theta \cos(90^{\circ} - \theta) + \sin(90^{\circ} - \theta) \cos \theta$$

$$= \sin \theta \sin \theta + \cos \theta \cos \theta$$

$$=\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta$$

$$= 1$$

$$=RHS$$

Hence proved.

(ii) LHS =
$$\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos(90^0 - \theta)} + \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin(90^0 - \theta)}$$
$$= \frac{\sin \theta}{\sin \theta} + \frac{\cos \theta}{\cos \theta}$$
$$= 1 + 1$$
$$= 2$$
$$= RHS$$

Hence proved.

(iii) LHS =
$$\frac{\sin\theta\cos(90^{0} - \theta)\cos\theta}{\sin(90^{0} - \theta)} + \frac{\cos\theta\sin(90^{0} - \theta)\sin\theta}{\cos(90^{0} - \theta)}$$
$$= \frac{\sin\theta\sin\theta\cos\theta}{\cos\theta} + \frac{\cos\theta\cos\theta\sin\theta}{\sin\theta}$$
$$= \sin^{2}\theta + \cos^{2}\theta$$
$$= 1$$
$$= RHS$$
Hence proved.

(iv) LHS =
$$\frac{\cos(90^{\circ} - \theta) \sin(90^{\circ} - \theta) \cot \theta}{\csc(90^{\circ} - \theta) \sin(90^{\circ} - \theta) \cot(90^{\circ} - \theta)} + \frac{\tan(90^{\circ} - \theta)}{\cot \theta}$$

= $\frac{\sin \theta \cos \cos \theta \tan \theta}{\sec \theta \cos \theta \tan \theta} + \frac{\cot \theta}{\cot \theta}$

= $1 + 1$

= 2

= RHS

Hence proved.

(v) LHS = $\frac{\cos(90^{\circ} - \theta)}{1+\sin(90^{\circ} - \theta)} + \frac{1+\sin(90^{\circ} - \theta)}{\cos(90^{\circ} - \theta)}$

= $\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{1+\cos^2 \theta} + \frac{1+\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$

= $\frac{\sin^2 \theta + (1+\cos \theta)^2}{\sin \theta}$

= $\frac{\sin^2 \theta + (1+\cos \theta)^2}{1+\sin(90^{\circ} - \theta)} + \frac{1+\sin(90^{\circ} - \theta)}{\cos(90^{\circ} - \theta)}$

= $\frac{\sin^2 \theta + (1+\cos \theta)^2}{1+\cos \theta}$ is θ

= $\frac{\sin^2 \theta + (1+\cos \theta)\sin \theta}{(1+\cos \theta)\sin \theta}$

= $\frac{1+1+2\cos \theta}{(1+\cos \theta)\sin \theta}$

= $\frac{2+2\cos \theta}{(1+\cos \theta)\sin \theta}$

= $\frac{2(1+\cos \theta)}{(1+\cos \theta)\sin \theta}$

= $\frac{2\cos \theta}{(1+\cos \theta)\sin \theta}$

= $\frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$

= $\frac{\sin \theta}{\sin \theta}$

= $\frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$

= $\frac{\sin \theta}{\sin \theta}$

= $\frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$

= $\frac{\sin \theta}{\sin \theta}$

= $\frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$

= $\frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$

= $\frac{\sin \theta}{\sin \theta}$

= $\frac{\sin \theta}{\sin \theta}$

= $\frac{\sin \theta}{\sin$

- **6.** Without using trigonometric tables, prove that:
 - (i) $\tan 5^0 \tan 25^0 \tan 30^0 \tan 65^0 \tan 85^0 = 1$
 - (ii) cot 12^0 cot 38^0 cot 52^0 cot 60^0 cot $78^0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$
 - (iii) $\cos 15^{\circ} \cos 35^{\circ} \csc 55^{\circ} \cos 60^{\circ} \csc 75^{\circ} = \frac{1}{2}$
 - (iv) $\cos 1^0 \cos 2^0 \cos 3^0 \dots \cos 180^0 = 0$

$$(v)\left(\frac{\sin 49^0}{\cos 41^0}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\cos 41^0}{\sin 49^0}\right) = 2$$

(i) LHS =
$$\tan 5^0 \tan 25^0 \tan 30^0 \tan 65^0 \tan 85^0$$

= $\tan (90^0 - 85^0) \tan (90^0 - 65^0) \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{1}{\cot 60^0} \frac{1}{\cot 85^0}$
= $\cot 85^0 \cot 65^0 \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \frac{1}{\cot 60^0} \frac{1}{\cot 85^0}$
= $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ = RHS

(ii) LHS = cot
$$12^{0}$$
 cot 38^{0} cot 52^{0} cot 60^{0} cot 78^{0}
= $\tan(90^{0} - 12^{0}) \times \tan(90^{0} - 38^{0}) \times \cot 52^{0} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \times \cot 78^{0}$
= $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \times \tan 78^{0} \times \tan 52^{0} \times \cot 52^{0} \times \cot 78^{0}$
= $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \times \tan 78^{0} \times \tan 52^{0} \times \frac{1}{\tan 52^{0}} \times \frac{1}{\tan 78^{0}}$
= $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$
= RHS

(iii) LHS =
$$\cos 15^{0} \cos 35^{0} \csc 55^{0} \cos 60^{0} \csc 75^{0}$$

= $\cos (90^{0} - 75^{0}) \cos (90^{0} - 55^{0}) \frac{1}{\sin 55^{0}} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sin 75^{0}}$
= $\sin 75^{0} \sin 55^{0} \frac{1}{\sin 55^{0}} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sin 75^{0}}$
= $\frac{1}{2}$ = RHS

(iv) LHS =
$$\cos 1^{0} \cos 2^{0} \cos 3^{0}$$
.... $\cos 180^{0}$

$$= \cos 1^{0} \times \cos 2^{0} \times \cos 3^{0} \times \dots \times \cos 90^{0} \times \dots \times \cos 180^{0}$$

$$= \cos 1^{0} \times \cos 2^{0} \times \cos 3^{0} \times \dots \times 0 \times \dots \times \cos 180^{0}$$

$$=0$$

$$=RHS$$

$$(v) LHS = \left(\frac{\sin 49^{0}}{\cos 41^{0}}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\cos 41^{0}}{\sin 49^{0}}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{\cos(90^{0} - 49^{0})}{\cos 41^{0}}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\cos 41^{0}}{\cos(90^{0} - 49^{0})^{0}}\right)^{2}$$

$$= \left(\frac{\cos 41^{0}}{\cos 41^{0}}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\cos 41^{0}}{\cos 41^{0}}\right)^{2}$$

$$= 1^{2} + 1^{2}$$

$$= 1 + 1$$

=2

=RHS

Disclaimer: The RHS of (v) given in textbook is incorrect. There should be 2 instead 1. The same has been corrected in the solution here.

7. Prove that:

(i)
$$\sin (70^0 + \theta) - \cos(20^0 - \theta) = 0$$

(ii)
$$\tan (55^0 - \theta) - \cot(35^0 + \theta) = 0$$

(iii)
$$\csc (67^0 + \theta) - \sec (20^0 - \theta) = 0$$

(iv) cosec
$$(65^0 + \theta)$$
 - sec $(25^0 - \theta)$ - tan $(55^0 - \theta)$ + cot $(35^0 + \theta)$ = 0

(v)
$$\sin (50^0 + \theta) - \cos (40^0 - \theta) + \tan 1^0 \tan 10^0 \tan 80^0 \tan 89^0 = 1$$

(i) LHS =
$$\sin (70^0 + \theta) - \cos (20^0 - \theta)$$

= $\sin \{90^0 - (20^0 - \theta)\} - \cos (20^0 - \theta)$
= $\cos (20^0 - \theta) - \cos (20^0 - \theta)$
= 0
= RHS

(ii) LHS =
$$\tan (55^0 - \theta) - \cot (35^0 + \theta)$$

= $\tan \{90^0 - (35^0 + \theta)\} - \cot (35^0 + \theta)$
= $\cot (35^0 + \theta) - \cot (35^0 + \theta)$
= 0
= RHS

(iii) LHS =
$$\csc (67^0 + \theta) - \sec (23^0 - \theta)$$

= $\csc \{90^0 - (23^0 - \theta)\} - \sec (23^0 - \theta)$
= $\sec (23^0 - \theta) - \sec (23^0 - \theta)$
= 0
= RHS

(iv) LHS = cosec
$$(65^0 + \theta)$$
 - sec $(25^0 - \theta)$ - tan $(55^0 - \theta)$ + cot $(35^0 + \theta)$
= cosec $\{90^0 - (25^0 - \theta)\}$ - sec $(25^0 - \theta)$ - tan $(55^0 - \theta)$ + cot $\{90^0 - (55^0 - \theta)\}$
= sec $(25^0 - \theta)$ - sec $(25^0 - \theta)$ - tan $(55^0 - \theta)$ + tan $(55^0 - \theta)$
= 0
= RHS

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{(v) LHS} = \sin{(50^0 + \theta)} - \cos{(40^0 - \theta)} + \tan{1^0}\tan{10^0}\tan{80^0}\tan{89^0} \\ = \sin{\{90^0 - (40^0 - \theta)\}} - \cos{(40^0 - \theta)} + \{\tan{1^0}\tan{(90^0 - 1^0)}\} \; \{\tan{10^0}\tan{(90^0 - 10)}\} \\ = \cos{(40^0 - \theta)} - \cos{(40^0 - \theta)} + (\tan{1^0}\cot{1^0}) \; (\tan{10^0}\cot{10^0}) \end{array}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{\cot 1^0} \times \cot 1^0\right) \left(\tan 10^0 \times \frac{1}{\tan 10^0}\right)$$

$$= 1 \times 1$$

$$= 1$$

$$= RHS$$

- **8.** Express each of the following in terms of trigonometric ratios of angles lying between 0^0 and 45^0 :
 - (i) $\sin 67^0 + \cos 75^0$
 - (ii) $\cot 65^0 + \tan 49^0$
 - (iii) $\sec 78^{0} + \csc 56^{0}$
 - (iv) $\csc 54^0 + \sin 72^0$

Sol:

- (i) $\sin 67^0 + \cos 75^0$ = $\cos (90^0 - 67^0) + \sin (90^0 - 75^0)$ = $\cos 23^0 + \sin 15^0$
- (ii) $\cot 65^0 + \tan 49^0$ = $\cos (90^0 - 65^0) + \cot (90^0 - 49^0)$ = $\cos 25^0 + \cot 41^0$
- (iii) $\sec 78^0 + \csc 56^0$ = $\sec (90^0 - 12^0) + \csc (90^0 - 34^0)$ = $\csc 12^0 + \sec 34^0$
- (iv) cosec $54^0 + \sin 72^0$ = $\sec (90^0 - 54^0) + \cos (90^0 - 72^0)$ = $\sec 36^0 + \cos 18^0$
- **9.** If A, B, C are the angles of a \triangle ABC, prove that $\tan\left(\frac{C+A}{2}\right) = \cot\frac{B}{2}$.

Sol:

In $\triangle ABC$,

$$A + B + C = 180^{0}$$

$$\Rightarrow A + C = 180^0 - B \qquad \qquad \dots \dots (i)$$

Now,

LHS =
$$\tan\left(\frac{C+A}{2}\right)$$

= $\tan\left(\frac{180^0 - B}{2}\right)$ [Using (i)]
= $\tan\left(90^0 - \frac{B}{2}\right)$
= $\cot\frac{B}{2}$
= RHS

10. If $\cos 2\theta = \sin 4\theta$ and 2θ is acute, then find the value of θ .

Sol:

We have,

$$\cos 2\theta = \sin 4\theta$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 sin (90° - 2 θ) = sin 4 θ

Comparing both sides, we get

$$90^0 - 2\theta = 4\theta$$

$$\Rightarrow 2\theta + 4\theta = 90^{\circ}$$

$$\Rightarrow 6\theta = 90^{\circ}$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = \frac{90^{\circ}}{6}$$

$$\theta = 15^{\circ}$$

Hence, the value of θ is 15° .

11. If $\sec 2A = \csc (A - 42^0)$, where 2A is an acute angle, find the value of A.

Sol:

We have,

$$\sec 2A = \csc (A - 42^0)$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 cosec $(90^{\circ} - 2A) =$ cosec $(A - 42^{\circ})$

Comparing both sides, we get

$$90^{\circ} - 2A = A - 42^{\circ}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2A + A = 90^0 + 42^0$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 3A = 132⁰

$$\Rightarrow A = \frac{132^0}{3}$$

$$A = 44^{\circ}$$

Hence, the value of A is 44° .

12. If $\sin 3A = \cos (A - 26^{\circ})$, where 3A is an acute angle, find the value of A.

$$\sin 3A = \cos (A - 26^0)$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos (90^{0} - 3A) = \cos (A - 26^{0})$$
 [: $\sin \theta = \cos (90^{0} - \theta)$]

$$\Rightarrow 90^{0} - 3A = A - 26^{0}$$

$$\Rightarrow 116^0 = 4A$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \frac{116^0}{4} = 29^0$$

13. If $tan2A = cot (A - 12^0)$, where 2A is an acute angle, find the value of A. Sol:

$$\tan 2A = \cot (A - 12^{0})$$

 $\Rightarrow \cot (90^{0} - 2A) = \cot (A - 12^{0})$ [: $\tan \theta = \cot (90^{0} - \theta)$]
 $\Rightarrow (90^{0} - 2A) = (A - 12^{0})$
 $\Rightarrow 102^{0} = 3A$
 $\Rightarrow A = \frac{102^{0}}{3} = 34^{0}$

14. If $\sec 4A = \csc (A - 15^0)$, where 4A is an acute angle, find the value of A.

Sol:

sec4A = cosec (A − 15⁰)
⇒ cosec (90⁰ − 4A) = cosec (A − 15⁰) [: sec θ = cosec (90⁰ − θ)]
⇒ (90⁰ − 4A) = (A − 15⁰)
⇒ 105⁰ = 5A
⇒ A =
$$\frac{105^{0}}{5}$$
 = 21⁰

15. Without using trigonometric tables, evaluate the following:

Sol:

$$\frac{2}{3}\csc^2 58^0 - \frac{2}{3}\cot 58^0 \tan 32^0 - \frac{5}{3}\tan 13^0 \tan 37^0 \tan 45^0 \tan 53^0 \tan 77^0$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}\left(\cos e^2 58^0 - \cot 58^0 \tan 32^0\right) - \frac{5}{3}\tan 13^0 \tan (90^0 - 13^0)\tan 37^0 \tan(90^0 - 37^0)$$

$$(\tan 45^0)$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}\left\{\cos e^2 58^0 - \cot 58^0 \tan(90^0 - 58^0)\right\} - \frac{5}{3}\tan 13^0 \cot 13^0 \tan 37^0 \cot 37^0 (1)$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}\left(\cos e^2 58^0 - \cot 58^0 \tan 58^0\right) - \frac{5}{3}\tan 13^0 \frac{1}{\tan 13^0}\tan 37^0 \frac{1}{\tan 37^0}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}\left(\csc^2 58^0 - \cot^2 58^0\right) - \frac{5}{3}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} - \frac{5}{3}$$

$$= -1$$

Hence proved.