
pyttsx3 Documentation

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This documentation describes the pyttsx3 Python package v 2.6 and was rendered on Jul 30, 2020.

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Supported synthesizers

Version 2.6 of `pyttsx3` includes drivers for the following text-to-speech synthesizers. Only operating systems on which a driver is tested and known to work are listed. The drivers may work on other systems.

- SAPI5 on Windows XP and Windows Vista and Windows 8, 8.1, 10
- NSSpeechSynthesizer on Mac OS X 10.5 (Leopard) and 10.6 (Snow Leopard)
- espeak on Ubuntu Desktop Edition 8.10 (Intrepid), 9.04 (Jaunty), and 9.10 (Karmic)

The `pyttsx3.init()` documentation explains how to select a specific synthesizer by name as well as the default for each platform.

An application invokes the `pyttsx3.init()` factory function to get a reference to a `pyttsx3.Engine` instance. During construction, the engine initializes a `pyttsx3.driver.DriverProxy` object responsible for loading a speech engine driver implementation from the `pyttsx3.drivers` module. After construction, an application uses the engine object to register and unregister event callbacks; produce and stop speech; get and set speech engine properties; and start and stop event loops.

2.1 The Engine factory

`pyttsx3.init([driverName : string, debug : bool]) → pyttsx3.Engine`

Gets a reference to an engine instance that will use the given driver. If the requested driver is already in use by another engine instance, that engine is returned. Otherwise, a new engine is created.

Parameters

- **driverName** – Name of the `pyttsx3.drivers` module to load and use. Defaults to the best available driver for the platform, currently:
 - `sapi5` - SAPI5 on Windows
 - `nsss` - NSSpeechSynthesizer on Mac OS X
 - `espeak` - eSpeak on every other platform
- **debug** – Enable debug output or not.

Raises

- **ImportError** – When the requested driver is not found
- **RuntimeError** – When the driver fails to initialize

2.2 The Engine interface

class `pyttsx3.engine.Engine`

Provides application access to text-to-speech synthesis.

connect (*topic : string, cb : callable*) → dict

Registers a callback for notifications on the given topic.

Parameters

- **topic** – Name of the event to subscribe to.
- **cb** – Function to invoke when the event fires.

Returns A token that the caller can use to unsubscribe the callback later.

The following are the valid topics and their callback signatures.

started-utterance

Fired when the engine begins speaking an utterance. The associated callback must have the following signature.

onStartUtterance (*name : string*) → None

Parameters **name** – Name associated with the utterance.

started-word

Fired when the engine begins speaking a word. The associated callback must have the following signature.

onStartWord (*name : string, location : integer, length : integer*)

Parameters **name** – Name associated with the utterance.

finished-utterance

Fired when the engine finishes speaking an utterance. The associated callback must have the following signature.

onFinishUtterance (*name : string, completed : bool*) → None

Parameters

- **name** – Name associated with the utterance.
- **completed** – True if the utterance was output in its entirety or not.

error

Fired when the engine encounters an error. The associated callback must have the following signature.

onError (*name : string, exception : Exception*) → None

Parameters

- **name** – Name associated with the utterance that caused the error.
- **exception** – Exception that was raised.

disconnect (*token : dict*)

Unregisters a notification callback.

Parameters **token** – Token returned by `connect()` associated with the callback to be disconnected.

endLoop () → None

Ends a running event loop. If `startLoop()` was called with `useDriverLoop` set to True, this method stops processing of engine commands and immediately exits the event loop. If it was called with False, this method stops processing of engine commands, but it is up to the caller to end the external event loop it started.

Raises `RuntimeError` – When the loop is not running

`getProperty (name : string) → object`

Gets the current value of an engine property.

Parameters **name** – Name of the property to query.

Returns Value of the property at the time of this invocation.

The following property names are valid for all drivers.

rate

Integer speech rate in words per minute. Defaults to 200 word per minute.

voice

String identifier of the active voice.

voices

List of `pyttsx3.voice.Voice` descriptor objects.

volume

Floating point volume in the range of 0.0 to 1.0 inclusive. Defaults to 1.0.

`isBusy () → bool`

Gets if the engine is currently busy speaking an utterance or not.

Returns True if speaking, false if not.

`runAndWait () → None`

Blocks while processing all currently queued commands. Invokes callbacks for engine notifications appropriately. Returns when all commands queued before this call are emptied from the queue.

`say (text : unicode, name : string) → None`

Queues a command to speak an utterance. The speech is output according to the properties set before this command in the queue.

Parameters

- **text** – Text to speak.
- **name** – Name to associate with the utterance. Included in notifications about this utterance.

`setProperty (name, value) → None`

Queues a command to set an engine property. The new property value affects all utterances queued after this command.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of the property to change.
- **value** – Value to set.

The following property names are valid for all drivers.

rate

Integer speech rate in words per minute.

voice

String identifier of the active voice.

volume

Floating point volume in the range of 0.0 to 1.0 inclusive.

`startLoop ([useDriverLoop : bool]) → None`

Starts running an event loop during which queued commands are processed and notifications are fired.

Parameters `useDriverLoop` – True to use the loop provided by the selected driver. False to indicate the caller will enter its own loop after invoking this method. The caller's loop must pump events for the driver in use so that pyttsx3 notifications are delivered properly (e.g., SAPI5 requires a COM message pump). Defaults to True.

`stop()` → None

Stops the current utterance and clears the command queue.

2.3 The Voice metadata

class `pyttsx3.voice.Voice`

Contains information about a speech synthesizer voice.

age

Integer age of the voice in years. Defaults to None if unknown.

gender

String gender of the voice: *male*, *female*, or *neutral*. Defaults to None if unknown.

id

String identifier of the voice. Used to set the active voice via `pyttsx3.engine.Engine.setPropertyValue()`. This attribute is always defined.

languages

List of string languages supported by this voice. Defaults to an empty list of unknown.

name

Human readable name of the voice. Defaults to None if unknown.

2.4 Examples

2.4.1 Speaking text

```
import pyttsx3
engine = pyttsx3.init()
engine.say('Sally sells seashells by the seashore.')
engine.say('The quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog.')
engine.runAndWait()
```

2.4.2 Saving voice to a file

```
import pyttsx3
engine = pyttsx3.init()
engine.save_to_file('Hello World' , 'test.mp3')
engine.runAndWait()
```

2.4.3 Listening for events

```
import pyttsx3
def onStart(name):
    print 'starting', name
def onWord(name, location, length):
    print 'word', name, location, length
def onEnd(name, completed):
    print 'finishing', name, completed
engine = pyttsx3.init()
engine.connect('started-utterance', onStart)
engine.connect('started-word', onWord)
engine.connect('finished-utterance', onEnd)
engine.say('The quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog.')
engine.runAndWait()
```

2.4.4 Interrupting an utterance

```
import pyttsx3
def onWord(name, location, length):
    print 'word', name, location, length
    if location > 10:
        engine.stop()
engine = pyttsx3.init()
engine.connect('started-word', onWord)
engine.say('The quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog.')
engine.runAndWait()
```

2.4.5 Changing voices

```
engine = pyttsx3.init()
voices = engine.getProperty('voices')
for voice in voices:
    engine.setProperty('voice', voice.id)
    engine.say('The quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog.')
engine.runAndWait()
```

2.4.6 Changing speech rate

```
engine = pyttsx3.init()
rate = engine.getProperty('rate')
engine.setProperty('rate', rate+50)
engine.say('The quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog.')
engine.runAndWait()
```

2.4.7 Changing volume

```
engine = pyttsx3.init()
volume = engine.getProperty('volume')
engine.setProperty('volume', volume-0.25)
engine.say('The quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog.')
engine.runAndWait()
```

2.4.8 Running a driver event loop

```
engine = pyttsx3.init()
def onStart(name):
    print 'starting', name
def onWord(name, location, length):
    print 'word', name, location, length
def onEnd(name, completed):
    print 'finishing', name, completed
    if name == 'fox':
        engine.say('What a lazy dog!', 'dog')
    elif name == 'dog':
        engine.endLoop()
engine = pyttsx3.init()
engine.connect('started-utterance', onStart)
engine.connect('started-word', onWord)
engine.connect('finished-utterance', onEnd)
engine.say('The quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog.', 'fox')
engine.startLoop()
```

2.4.9 Using an external event loop

```
engine = pyttsx3.init()
engine.say('The quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog.', 'fox')
engine.startLoop(False)
# engine.iterate() must be called inside externalLoop()
externalLoop()
engine.endLoop()
```

Implementing drivers

You can implement new drivers for the `pytttsx3.Engine` by:

1. Creating a Python module with the name of your new driver.
2. Implementing the required driver factory function and class in your module.
3. Using methods on a `pytttsx3.driver.DriverProxy` instance provided by the `pytttsx3.Engine` to control the event queue and notify applications about events.

3.1 The Driver interface

All drivers must implement the following factory function and driver interface.

`pytttsx3.drivers.buildDriver` (*proxy* : `pytttsx3.driver.DriverProxy`) → `pytttsx3.drivers.DriverDelegate`
 Instantiates delegate subclass declared in this module.

Parameters `proxy` – Proxy instance provided by a `pytttsx3.Engine` instance.

class `pytttsx3.drivers.DriverDelegate`

Note: The `DriverDelegate` class is not actually declared in `pytttsx3.drivers` and cannot serve as a base class. It is only here for the purpose of documenting the interface all drivers must implement.

`__init__` (*proxy* : `pytttsx3.drivers.DriverProxy`, **args*, ***kwargs*) → None
 Constructor. Must store the proxy reference.

Parameters `proxy` – Proxy instance provided by the `buildDriver()` function.

destroy ()
 Optional. Invoked by the `pytttsx3.driver.DriverProxy` when it is being destroyed so this delegate can clean up any synthesizer resources. If not implemented, the proxy proceeds safely.

endLoop () → None

Immediately ends a running driver event loop.

getProperty (name : string) → object

Immediately gets the named property value. At least those properties listed in the `pyttsx3.Engine.getProperty()` documentation must be supported.

Parameters **name** – Name of the property to query.

Returns Value of the property at the time of this invocation.

say (text : unicode, name : string) → None

Immediately speaks an utterance. The speech must be output according to the current property values applied at the time of this invocation. Before this method returns, it must invoke `pyttsx3.driver.DriverProxy.setBusy()` with value `True` to stall further processing of the command queue until the output completes or is interrupted.

This method must trigger one and only one *started-utterance* notification when output begins, one *started-word* notification at the start of each word in the utterance, and a *finished-utterance* notification when output completes.

Parameters

- **text** – Text to speak.
- **name** – Name to associate with the utterance. Included in notifications about this utterance.

setProperty (name : string, value : object) → None

Immediately sets the named property value. At least those properties listed in the `pyttsx3.Engine.setProperty()` documentation must be supported. After setting the property, the driver must invoke `pyttsx3.driver.DriverProxy.setBusy()` with value `False` to pump the command queue.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of the property to change.
- **value** – Value to set.

startLoop ()

Immediately starts an event loop. The loop is responsible for sending notifications about utterances and pumping the command queue by using methods on the `pyttsx3.driver.DriverProxy` object given to the factory function that created this object.

stop ()

Immediately stops the current utterance output. This method must trigger a *finished-utterance* notification if called during on-going output. It must trigger no notification if there is no ongoing output.

After stopping the output and sending any required notification, the driver must invoke `pyttsx3.driver.DriverProxy.setBusy()` with value `False` to pump the command queue.

3.2 The DriverProxy interface

The `pyttsx3.drivers.buildDriver()` factory receives an instance of a `DriverProxy` class and provides it to the `pyttsx3.drivers.DriverDelegate` it constructs. The driver delegate can invoke the following public methods on the proxy instance. All other public methods found in the code are reserved for use by an `pyttsx3.Engine` instance.

```
class pyttsx3.driver.DriverProxy
```


isBusy () → bool

Gets if the proxy is busy and cannot process the next command in the queue or not.

Returns True means busy, False means idle.

notify (*topic* : string, ***kwargs*) → None

Fires a notification.

Parameters **topic** – The name of the notification.

Kwargs Name/value pairs associated with the topic.

setBusy (*busy* : bool) → None

Sets the proxy to busy so it cannot continue to pump the command queue or idle so it can process the next command.

Parameters **busy** – True to set busy, false to set idle

Project Links

- [Project home page at GitHub](#)
- [Package listing in PyPI](#)
- [Documentation at ReadTheDocs](#)

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