Lab-Sheet-5

1. Display the path of your current directory.

```
__(gautamrajesh007® kali)-[~]

$ pwd

/home/gautamrajesh007
```

2. Make a new directory named main.

```
___(gautamrajesh007@kali)=[~/Desktop]of you
_$ mkdir main
```

3. Now go to the directory main.

```
___(gautamrajesh007%kali)-[~/Desktop]
_$ cd main
```

4. Stay in main directory and make the directories in the following

hierarchy using a single command.

$$Dir1 \rightarrow Dir 2 \rightarrow Dir3$$

5. Print the path of the current directory.

6. Go to Dir3 using a single command.

```
[gautamrajesh007% kali)-[~/Desktop/main]emo2, type and save the formula cd Dir1/Dir2/Dir3

I can edit this file!!!

(gautamrajesh007% kali)-[~/Desktop/main]emo2, type and save the formula command commands.
```

7. Stay in the Dir3 and create a new file demo1, type and save the

following contents,

This is my first file in shell.

I can edit this file!!!

```
(gautamrajesh007⊕ kali)-[~/.../main/Dir1/Dir2/Dir3]

$ cat >demo1 <<eof
heredoc> This is my first file in shell.
heredoc> I can edit this file!!!
heredoc> eof
```

8. Create another new file demo2, type and save the following contents,

Hi !!! This is the second file.

I am doing shell commands.

I can edit this file!!!

```
(gautamrajesh007® kali)-[~/.../main/Dir1/Dir2/Dir3]

$ cat demo2

Hi !!!. This is the second file.

I am doing shell commands.

I can edit this file!!!
```

9. Display the contents of file demo1 in terminal.

```
(gautamrajesh007@kali)-[~/.../main/Dir1/Dir2/Dir3]

$ cat demo1

This is my first file in shell.

I can edit this file!!!
```

10. List the files and folders present in Dir3.

```
___(gautamrajesh007⊛kali)-[~/.../main/Dir1/Dir2/Dir3]
$ ls
demo1 demo2
```

11. Go to Dir 2.

```
___(gautamrajesh007%kali)-[~/.../main/Dir1/Dir2/Dir3]
_$ cd ..
ers present in Dir3.
```

12. Go to your home directory.

```
___(gautamrajesh007® kali)-[~/Desktop/main/Dir1/Dir2]
$ cd
```

13. From the home directory, list the contents of Dir3.

```
___(gautamrajesh007@kali)-[~]

$ ls Desktop/main/Dir1/Dir2/Dir3

demo1 demo2
```

14. List all the files (including hidden files) in your home directory.

```
(gautamrajesh007⊕ kali)-[~]

. .config .idlerc .pgadmin snap

. Desktop .java Pictures .sudo_as_admin_successful
.bash_logout Documents .lesshst .pki Templates
.bashrc Downloads .local .profile Videos
.bashrc.original .face .mozilla Public .zsh_history
.cache .face.icon Music .snap .zshrc
```

15. Stay in home directory and create a new file test1, type and save the

contents into your file.

I am working with Linux shell.

Good bye

```
heredoc> Good bye. testi type and save the heredoc> eof
```

16. Copy the contents of test1 to test2 in the same directory.

```
___(gautamrajesh007⊕ kali)-[~]
$ cp test1 test2
$ cp (gautamrajesh007⊕ kali)-[~]
$ ls

Desktop Downloads Pictures snap test1 Videos
Documents Music Public Templates test2
```

17. Rename test2 as test3.

```
___(gautamrajesh007⊕ kali)-[~]
_$ mv test2 test3

___(gautamrajesh007⊕ kali)-[~]
_$ ls

Desktop Downloads Pictures snap test1 Videos
Documents Music Public Templates test3
```

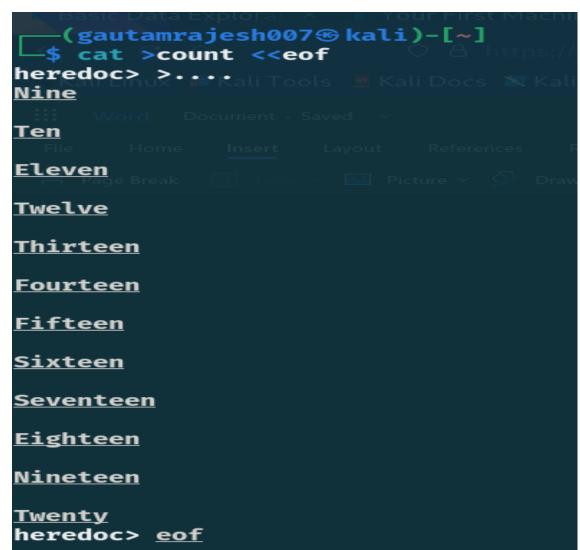
18. Determine the file type of test3.

```
___(gautamrajesh007® kali)-[~]
$ file test3.txt
test3.txt: ASCII text
```

19. Stay in the home folder and move the file test3 to the directory Dir3

using a single command.

20. Stay in the home folder and create a file count, with the following content using a single command.



One

Two



Four

Five
Six
Seven
Eight
Nine
Ten
Eleven
Twelve
Thirteen
Fourteen
Fifteen
Sixteen
Seventeen
Eighteen
Nineteen
Twenty
21. Copy the contents of the file count to another file count2 using cat
Command.

(gautamrajesh007® kali)-[~] \$ cat count > count2

22. Create another file count3 with the following content

Twenty One

Twenty Two

Twenty Three

Twenty FourTwenty Five

```
(gautamrajesh007% kali)-[~]
$ cat >count3 <<eof
heredoc> Twenty One
heredoc> Twenty Two
heredoc> Twenty Three
heredoc> Twenty FourTwenty Five
heredoc> eof
```

23. Concatenate the contents of files count2 and count3 and write it into the file countfinal.

```
____(gautamrajesh007⊕kali)-[~]
_$ cat count2 count3 > countfinal
```

24. Stay in home directory and remove the files demo1 and demo2 present in directory Dir3.

```
___(gautamrajesh007⊛kali)-[~]
$\rm Desktop/main/Dir1/Dir2/Dir3/demo1 Desktop/main/Dir1/Dir2/Dir3/demo2
```

25.Go to Dir2 and try to remove the subdirectory Dir3.

```
___(gautamrajesh007⊛ kali)-[~/Desktop/main/Dir1/Dir2]
_$ ls
e the files demo1 and
```

28. Come back to your home folder and remove Dir2.

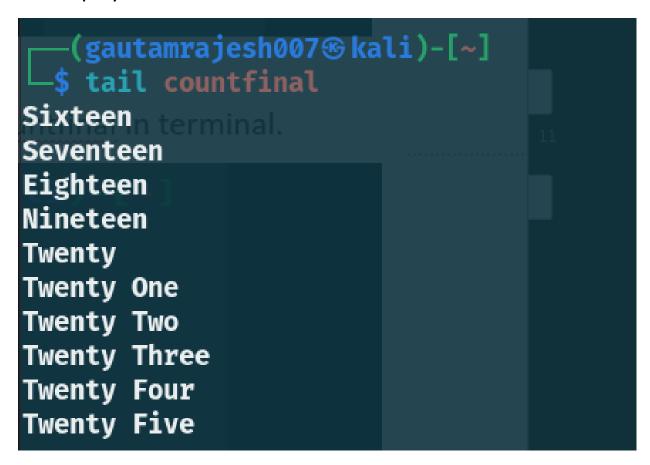
```
___(gautamrajesh007®kali)-[~]
$\frac{rmdir}{rmdir} Desktop/main/Dir1/Dir2
```

29. Display first 10 lines of the file countfinal in terminal.

```
(gautamrajesh007@kali)-[~]
$ head countfinal

One
Two
Three ctory Dir3.
Four
Five
Six
Seven
Eight
Nine
Ten
```

30. Display last 10 lines of the file countfinal in terminal.



31. Display first 5 lines of the file countfinal in terminal.

```
___(gautamrajesh007® kali)-[~]
$ head -5 countfinal
One
Two
Three
Four
Five
```

32. Display last 4 lines of the file countfinal in terminal.

```
(gautamrajesh007@kali)-[~]

"$ataile=4 countfinal

Twenty Two

Twenty Three

Twenty Four

Twenty Five
```

33. Display the contents of the file countfinal in the inverted form.(last line first and first line last)

___(gautamrajesh007® kali)-[~] _\$ tac countfinal Twenty Five Twenty Four Twenty Three Twenty Two Twenty One Twenty Nineteen Eighteen Seventeen Sixteen Fifteen Fourteen Thirteen Twelve Eleven Ten Nine Eight Seven Six Five Four Three Two One