

# **APPLICATION OF IMAGE PROCESSING TECHNIQUES TO BONE RADIOGRAPH IMAGES FOR OSTEOPOROSIS DIAGNOSIS**

ANIRUDHA SUNDARESAN, GT ID: 903301401

KRISHNA KUMAR BALAKRISHNAN, GT ID: 903321701

## **DESCRIPTION OF THE PROBLEM:**

Osteoporosis is a disease characterized by low bone mass and loss of bone tissue that may lead to weak and fragile bones. It is often called a “silent disease” because it usually progresses without any symptoms until a fracture occurs. About 54 million Americans have low bone mass, placing them at increased risk for osteoporosis [1]. A low bone mineral density (BMD) is presently regarded as the most important risk factor for the development of osteoporosis. However, BMD can represent only 60% fraction prediction rate [3], estimated by the dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry. Bone structure can be examined by analysing the 2D texture of conventional radiographs. The evaluation of osteoporosis from bone radiograph images presents a major challenge for medical image processing. There arises difficulty in classifying textured images from the bone structure of osteoporotic and healthy subjects because of the high degree of similarity [3].

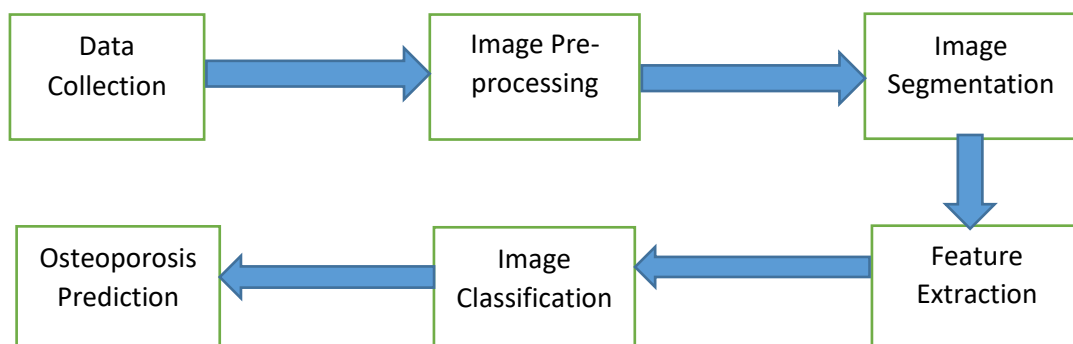
## **OBJECTIVES:**

In this project, we plan to use image processing as a tool for 2D texture analysis of bone radiograph images. We aim to improve and execute existing ideas in the feature extraction/selection process. Finally, we plan to use machine learning techniques on the extracted feature data to identify osteoporotic subjects from healthy subjects.

## **LITERATURE REVIEW:**

This project is an extension of the IEEE-ISBI bone texture characterization challenge<sup>1</sup>. De-noising an image involves preprocessing techniques. Efficient preprocessing can be done by filtering, followed by enhancement [4]. A brief study of texture analysis techniques have been discussed in [2], [3], [5]. The papers present a view of popular techniques such as the first order and the second order methods, model based approaches, filter banks based methods, fractal dimensions and edge histogram methods, etc. Novel feature selection techniques described in [4], [3] has been proved to increase the efficiency of osteoporosis diagnosis. The performance metrics calculated suggests that Bayes Network classifier is the most efficient ML technique.

## **WORK PLAN OF THE PROJECT:**



The detailed work plan for each team member is shown in the Gantt chart.

---

<sup>1</sup> <http://www.univ-orleans.fr/i3mto/challenge-ieee-isbi-bone-texture-characterization>

## **REFERENCES:**

- [1] "Osteoporosis Prevention, Diagnosis and Therapy"; *NIH Consensus Conference 2001*.
- [2] Ahmadv, A., and M. R. Daliri. "A review on texture analysis methods in biomedical image processing." *OMICS J Radiol* (2016).
- [3] Zheng, Keni, and Sokratis Makrogiannis. "Bone texture characterization for osteoporosis diagnosis using digital radiography." *Engineering in Medicine and Biology Society (EMBC), 2016 IEEE 38th Annual International Conference of the*. IEEE, 2016.
- [4] Kavya R, Dr. Joshi Manisha Shivram, "Texture Based Bone-Radiograph Image Analysis for the Assessment of Osteoporosis", *International Journal of Engineering Research & Technology (IJERT)*, ISSN: 2278-0181, Vol. 4, Issue 06, June – 2015.
- [5] Brodatz, Phil. *Textures: a photographic album for artists and designers*. Dover Pubns, 1966.

**GANTT CHART:**

| <u>AGENDA</u>                       | Sept.  | Sept.  | Oct.   | Oct.   | Oct.   | Oct.   | Nov.   | Nov.   | Nov.   | Nov.    | Dec.    |
|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
|                                     | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 |
| Literature Review                   |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| Data Collection                     |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| Image Pre-processing                |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| • Filtering                         |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| • Enhancement                       |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| • Other methods                     |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| Image Segmentation                  |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| Feature Extraction                  |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| • Image Intensity Based             |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| • Mathematical Model Based          |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| • Transform Based                   |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| Correlation Based Feature Selection |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| • Best First Search method          |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| • Genetic Algorithm-based search    |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| Image Classification using ML       |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| • Multilayer Perceptron             |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| • Bayes Network                     |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| • SVM                               |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| Performance Validation              |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| Paper Writing                       |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| Poster Making & Marketing           |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| <u>LEGEND</u>                       |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| Krishna Kumar Balakrishnan          |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| Anirudha Sundaesan                  |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| Combined                            |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |