The final report with the code and the additional assumptions that you made and the limitations of your system. In particular, you should submit using Gradescope the following:

- 1. The final report that should contain the final schema and any additional assumptions and constraints you made.
 - 2. A zip file with the photoshare directory (all your code).

Report (15 pts):

The final report that should contain the final schema and any additional assumptions and constraints you made.

Final Schema:

```
CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS photoshare;
USE photoshare;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Photos CASCADE;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Users CASCADE;
CREATE TABLE Users (
  user id INTEGER NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
  fname VARCHAR (50) DEFAULT NULL,
  lname VARCHAR(50) DEFAULT NULL,
   DOB DATE DEFAULT NULL,
   gender VARCHAR (50) DEFAULT NULL,
   hometown VARCHAR (50) DEFAULT NULL,
   email VARCHAR(255) UNIQUE,
  password VARCHAR (255) NOT NULL,
   CONSTRAINT users_pk PRIMARY KEY (user_id)
);
CREATE TABLE Photos
photo id INTEGER NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
user id INTEGER DEFAULT NULL,
 imgdata longblob,
 caption VARCHAR(255) DEFAULT NULL,
INDEX upicture_id_idx (user_id),
CONSTRAINT Photos pk PRIMARY KEY (photo id)
);
CREATE TABLE Albums
```

```
album id INTEGER NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
  title VARCHAR(75) DEFAULT NULL,
  user id INTEGER DEFAULT NULL, /*change to default null?*/
  date created DATE DEFAULT(CURRENT DATE),
   FOREIGN KEY(user id) REFERENCES
      Users (user id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
CREATE TABLE Tags (
 tag id INTEGER NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
  tag VARCHAR (50) NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE is tagged
(
       tag id INTEGER NOT NULL, /* should we change ot tag id? depends if we need
<string:tag> or <int:tag_id> constraint*/
      photo_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
      PRIMARY KEY(tag_id, photo_id),
       FOREIGN KEY(tag id) REFERENCES
           Tags(tag id), /*if change to tag id, need to change this*/
       FOREIGN KEY(photo_id) REFERENCES
           Photos (photo id) ON DELETE CASCADE
  );
CREATE TABLE liked photos
  user id INTEGER NOT NULL,
  liked photo INTEGER NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY(user id, liked photo),
  FOREIGN KEY(user id) REFERENCES
      Users(user_id),
   FOREIGN KEY(liked photo) REFERENCES
      Photos (photo_id)
);
CREATE TABLE are friends
user_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
```

```
friend id INTEGER NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY (user id, friend id),
FOREIGN KEY(user id) REFERENCES
Users (user id),
FOREIGN KEY(friend id) REFERENCES
  Users (user id),
CHECK (user id <> friend id)
);
CREATE TABLE Comments
  cid INTEGER NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY, /*required*/
  text VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL, /*required*/
  commenter_id INTEGER DEFAULT NULL, /*not required, bc if anon user*/
  date commented DATE DEFAULT (CURRENT DATE),
  poster id INTEGER DEFAULT NULL,
  photo id INTEGER NOT NULL,
  CHECK (commenter id <> poster id),
   FOREIGN KEY(commenter_id) REFERENCES
      Users (user id),
   FOREIGN KEY(poster id) REFERENCES
      Users (user id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  FOREIGN KEY(photo id) REFERENCES
       Photos (photo id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
INSERT INTO Users (email, password) VALUES ('test@bu.edu', 'test');
INSERT INTO Users (email, password) VALUES ('test1@bu.edu', 'test');
```

Additional assumptions and constraints:

We assume people know other user's emails, and thus search for them by their emails (bc they wouldn't know their user id, and there can be duplicates with names)

- Ideally, can do SELECT name by from Users where name = [user input from form], (select all people with matching names), and create hyperlinks to their profiles (that contain their albums) that the user can choose from

Merged photo and tag search: searching by tag allows conjunctive taq queries, so you can specify multiple words in the search by tag field and it will show you the photos that have all of the tags in query