Write a program in Java for dynamically changing the color of Text using Multithreading.

```
textarea.addKeyListener(new KeyAdapter() {
    public void keyPressed(KeyEvent evt) {
        word += evt.getKeyCode() == KeyEvent.VK_ENTER) {
        word = "";
        line = "";
        linelnMemory = line;
    }

    if(evt.getKeyCode() == KeyEvent.VK_SPACE) {
        word = word.replaceAll("null","");
        line += word;
        word = "";
        String text = textarea.getText();
        String[] words = line.split(" ");

        if(word.toLowerCase().equals("class")) {
            // What the heck do I put here?!
        }
    }
}
```

Differentiate Multiprocessing and Multithreading. Display Multiplication table for 5 and 10 using various stages of life cycle of the thread by generating a suitable code in Java.

```
class Table
void printtable(int n)
for(int i=1;i<=10;i++)
{System.out.println(n*i);
try
{Thread.sleep(500);}
catch(Exception e)
{System.out.println("invalid");}
class A extends Thread
Table t;
A(Table t)
{this.t=t;
public void run()
{t.printtable(8);}
class B extends Thread
Table t;
B(Table t){
this.t=t;
```

```
public void run()
{t.printtable(7);}
}
class syn
{public static void main(String[]args)
{Table p=new Table();
A t1=new A(p);
B t2=new B(p);
t1.start();
t2.start();
}
}
```

An ugly number is a positive integer whose prime factors are limited to 2, 3, and 5.

Given an integer n, return true if n is an ugly number.

```
import java.util.*;

import java.io.*;

class object {

static int isUgly(int n)

{

if (n == 1)

return 1;

if (n <= 0)

return 0;

if (n % 2 == 0) {

return (isUgly(n / 2));

}

if (n % 3 == 0) {

return (isUgly(n / 3));

}

if (n % 5 == 0) {

return (isUgly(n / 5));

}
```

```
return 0;
}
public static void main(String args[])
{    int k;
    System.out.println("enter the number:");
    Scanner m=new Scanner(System.in);
    k=m.nextInt();
    int no = isUgly(k);
    if (no == 1)
        System.out.println("Yes");
    else
        System.out.println("No");
    }
}
Input: n = 14
    Output: false
```

The Fibonacci numbers, commonly denoted F(n) form a sequence, called the Fibonacci sequence, such that each number is the sum of the two preceding ones, starting from 0 and 1. That is,

```
import java.util.*;
class object
{
public static void main(String[]args)
```

```
intn,a=0,b=1,k,i;
System.out.println("enter the no of fibonacci value");
Scanner m=new Scanner(System.in);
n=m.nextInt();
for (i=0;i<=n;i++)
{k=a;
a=b;
b=k+b;
}System.out.println(+a);
}
Input: n = 2
Output: 1</pre>
```

Removing duplicate elements in java: Find/Debug the errors and get output

```
class duplicate
{
    // Function to remove duplicate elements
    // This function returns new size of modified
    // array.
    static int removeDuplicates(int arr[], int n)
    {
```

```
// or contains a single element
            if (n==0 || n==1)
              return n;
                int[] temp = new int[n];
                 // Start traversing elements
            int j = 0;
            for (int j=0; i<n-1; i++)
              // If current element is not equal
              // to next element then store that
              // current element
              if (arr[i] != arr[i+1])
                 temp[j++] = arr[i];
                 // Store the last element as whether
            // it is unique or repeated, it hasn't
            // stored previously
            temp[j++] = arr[n-1];
            // Modify original array
            for (int i=0; i<j; i++)
              arr[i] = temp[i];
                return j;
             public static void main (String[] args)
            it arr[] = {10, 20, 20, 30, 40, 40, 40, 50, 50};
            int n = arr.length;
            n = removeDuplicates(arr);
             // Print updated array
            for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
              System.out.print(arr[i]+" ");
Ans:
       In line 15::
                     for (int j=0; i<n-1; i++) ->
                                                          for (int i=0; i<n-1; i++)
                     " it " is not it should be " int"
       in line 33 ::
```

// Return, if array is empty

Write a program to reverse a word using loop?

```
import java.util.*;
class Reverse
  public static void main(String[] args) {
 System.out.println("enter the word:");
    String string;
    Scanner m=new Scanner(System.in);
    string=m.nextLine();
    String reversedStr = "";
    for(int i = string.length()-1; i \ge 0; i = 0
      reversedStr = reversedStr + string.charAt(i);
    System.out.println("Original string: " + string);
    System.out.println("Reverse of given string: " + reversedStr);
Input:
Enter the word: vivek
Output:
Original string: vivek
```

Reverse of given string: keviv

## Write a java program to convert string into integer

```
public class StringToIntExample1{
public static void main(String args[]){
String s="200";
int i=Integer.parseInt(s);
System.out.println(i);
}}
```

Sample Input:
String: 1234
Sample Output:
Out put String: 1234

Write a program to check the entered user name is valid or not. Get both the inputs from the user.

```
import java.util.regex.*;
class GFG {
public static boolean isValidUsername(String name)
String regex = ^{A-Za-z}\;
Pattern p = Pattern.compile(regex);
if (name == null) {
return false;
Matcher m = p.matcher(name);
return m.matches();
public static void main(String[] args)
String str1 = "Geeksforgeeks";
System.out.println(isValidUsername(str1));
String str3 = "1Geeksforgeeks";
System.out.println(isValidUsername(str3));
```

```
String str5 = "Ge";
System.out.println(isValidUsername(str5));
}
```

Write a program that would sort a list of names in alphabetical order Ascending or Descending, choice get from the user?

```
} } }
System.out.println("The names in alphabetical order are: ");
    for(inti=0;i<n;i++){
       System.out.println(names[i]);
Output:
Ajay, Gourav, Rahul, Riya
Write a program to print the special characters separately and print number of Special
characters in the line?
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
classGFG{
public static void main(String[] args)
 {int count = 0;
   Strings;
System.out.println("enter string:");
Scannerm=newScanner(System.in);
s=m.nextLine();
System.out.println("special charcaters are:");
for(inti=0;i<s.length();i++){
 if (!Character.isDigit(s.charAt(i)) &&!Character.isLetter(s.charAt(i))
&&!Character.isWhitespace(s.charAt(i)))
```

```
{count++;
 System.out.println(s.charAt(i));}
 if (count == 0){
System.out.println("No Special Characters found.");}
    else
 {System.out.println(count+""+"Special Characters found.");
Input: 54r234r3#$@$$
Output: #,$,@$$
Write a program to print the number of vowels in the given statement?
import java.util.*;
class object
public static void main(String[]args)
Scannerm=newScanner(System.in);
String s=m.nextLine();
Strings1=s.replaceAll("[aeiou]","");
int k=s1.length();
intl=s.length();
```

```
intp;
p=l-k;
System.out.println("no of vowels =");
System.out.println(p);
System.out.println(s1);
   Sample Input:
      Saveetha School of Engineering
   Sample Output:
      Number o vowels = 12
Write a program to print consonants and vowels separately in the given word
import java.util.Scanner;
class object
public static void main(String[] args) {
Scanner scanner = new Scanner (System.in);
System.out.print("Input string:");
String str = scanner.nextLine();
scanner.close();
```

```
str = str.toLowerCase();
int vCount = 0, cCount = 0;
System.out.println("consonants");
for (int i = 0; i < str.length(); i++)
if (str.charAt(i) == 'a' || str.charAt(i) == 'e' || str.charAt(i) == 'i' || str.charAt(i) ==
'o'||str.charAt(i) == 'u'){
vCount++;}
if (str.charAt(i) >= 'a' && str.charAt(i) <= 'z')</pre>
{System.out.println(str.charAt(i));
cCount++;
}}}
   Sample Input:
      Given Word: Engineering
   Sample Output:
      Consonants: n g n r n g
Write a program to arrange the letters of the word alphabetic order in reverse
order.
import java.util.Scanner;
class object
{public static void main(String args[]) {
     Scanner in = new Scanner (System.in);
     System.out.println("Enter a string:");
     String str = in.nextLine();
```

```
str = str.toLowerCase();
   intlen = str.length();
String sortedStr = ""; //Empty String
  for(charch='a';ch<='z';ch++){
     for(inti=0;i<len;i++){
       char strCh = str.charAt(i);
       if (ch == strCh) {
         sortedStr += strCh;
       }} }
   System.out.println("Alphabetical order:");
   System.out.println(sortedStr);
   String nstr="";
   charch;
   for(inti=0;i<sortedStr.length();i++)</pre>
 {ch=sortedStr.charAt(i);//extractseachcharacter
   nstr=ch+nstr;//addseach character in front of the existing string }
 System.out.println("Reversed word: "+nstr);
 }}
 Sample Input:
    Enter the word: MOSQUE
 Sample Output:
    Alphabetical Order: USQOME
```

Write a program that accepts a string from user and displays the same string after removing vowels from it.

```
importjava.util.*;
class object
{
  public static void main(String[]args)
  {
    Scanner m=new Scanner(System.in);
    String s=m.nextLine();
    String s1=s.replaceAll("[aeiou]","");
    System.out.println(s1);
}
}
```

Sample Input & Output:

Enter a string: we can play the game

The string without vowels is: w cn ply thgm