

MASTER OF COMPUTER SCIENCE/
MASTER OF SCIENCE IN COMPUTER SCIENCE

MCS 4204 – Software Project Management and Quality Assurance

Project Scope Management

Dr. Thushani A. Weerasinghe
Senior Lecturer, UCSC



UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO SCHOOL OF COMPUTING



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What is Scope Management

- Processes to ensure that the project includes **all the work required**, and **only the work required**, to complete the project successfully.
- Primarily concerned with defining and controlling **what is and is not** included in the project.
- Project Scope Management processes are:
 - Plan Scope Management
 - Collect Requirements
 - Define Scope
 - Create WBS
 - Validate Scope
 - Control Scope

Planning

Monitoring and controlling



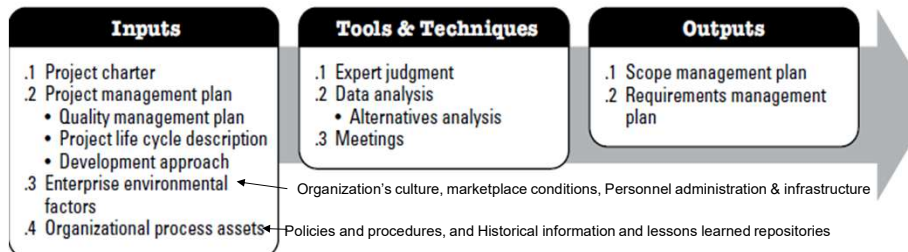
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1. Plan Scope Management



- Process of documenting how the project and product scope will be defined, validated, and controlled.
- Provides guidance and direction on how the scope will be managed throughout the project.
- This is performed once or at predefined points in the project.



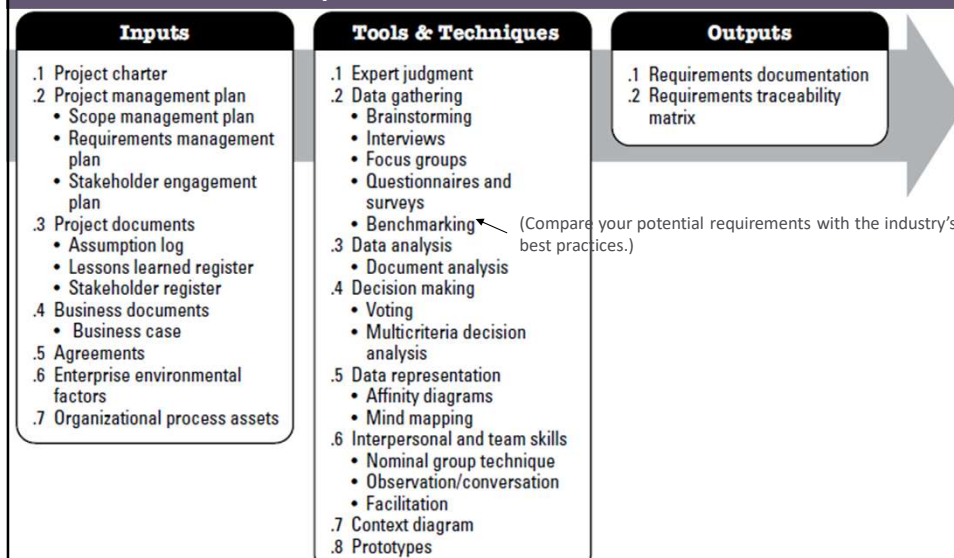
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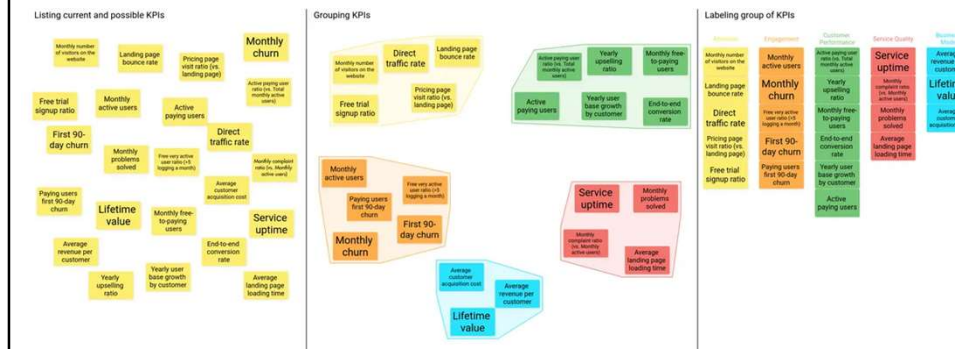
2. Collect Requirements



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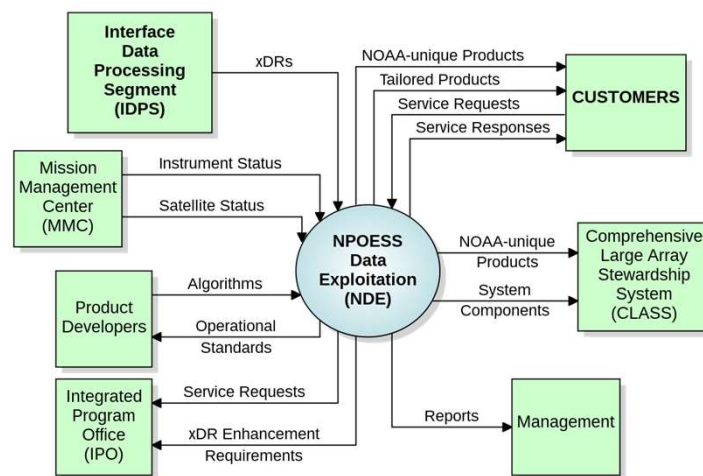
Tool/Techniques: Affinity Diagram

- An output from a brainstorming session
- Affinity diagram **organizes a large number of ideas into their natural relationships.**
- Aid to develop innovative solutions



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Tool/Techniques: Context Diagram



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/System_context_diagram

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Output: Requirement Traceability Matrix

	Requirement #1	Requirement #2	Requirement #3	Requirement #4	Requirement #5	Requirement #6	Requirement #7	Requirement #8	Requirement #9	Requirement #10	Requirement #11	Requirement #12	Requirement #13
Test Case #1			X				X				X		
Test Case #2		X		X			X						X
Test Case #3	X			X			X			X			
Test Case #4				X	X								
Test Case #5								X					
Test Case #6					X				X				

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3. Define Scope

Inputs

1. Project charter
2. Project management plan
 - Scope management plan
3. Project documents
 - Assumption log
 - Requirements documentation
 - Risk register
4. Enterprise environmental factors
5. Organizational process assets

Tools & Techniques

1. Expert judgment
2. Data analysis
 - Alternatives analysis
3. Decision making
 - Multicriteria decision analysis
4. Interpersonal and team skills
 - Facilitation
5. Product analysis

Outputs

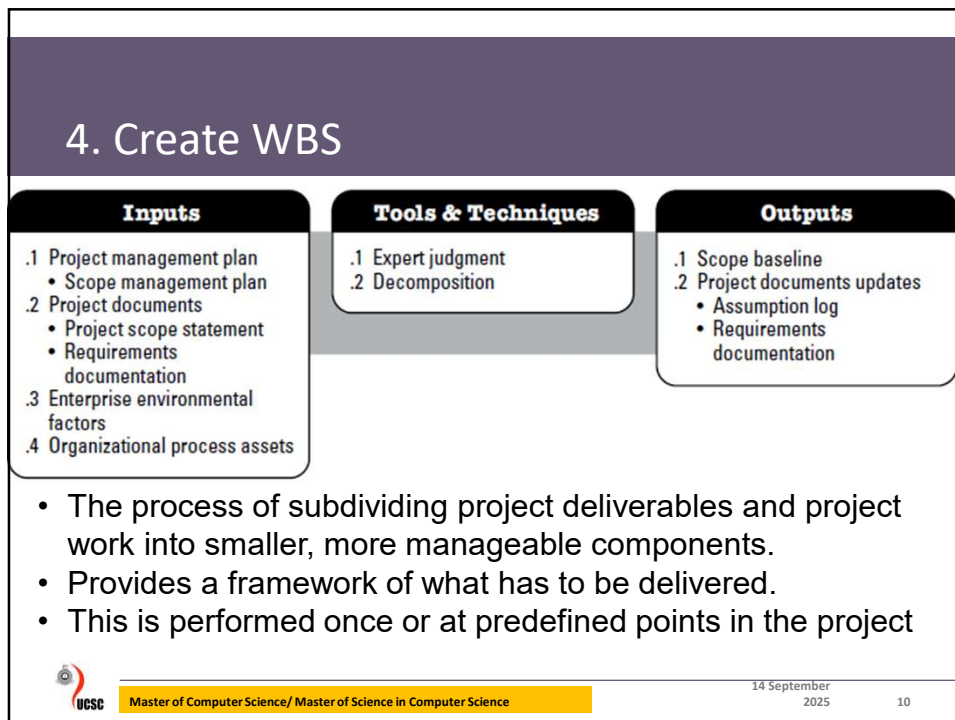
1. Project scope statement
2. Project documents updates
 - Assumption log
 - Requirements documentation
 - Requirements traceability matrix
 - Stakeholder register



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Stakeholder Register						
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Project Name:				Date:		
Stakeholder's Name	Role	Group (Internal/ External)	Type	Group	Influence/Interest	Address
Brian	Client	External	Positive	Sponsor	High-Power / High-Interest	New York
Stakeholder Name	Contact information	Project Role	Project Requirements	Project Concerns	Impact and Influence Scores	
Mary Pulaski	(123) 1234567 mpulaski@gmail.com	Sponsor	Compelling UI, fast and responsive	Delays, cost over runs, poor reacti	●●● ■■■	
Libby Kipling	(123) 2345678 kippling@gmail.com	Project Manager	Completion to scope, schedule, budget & q	Tech viability, Disappointed Sp	●●● ■■■	
Jeff Harris	(123) 3456789 jharris@gmail.com	Product Manager	Fully functional app with all high priority	Ready for trade show, slower tha	●●● ■■■	
Mitchel O'Keath	(123) 4567890 mokeath@gmail.com	PMO Representative	Alignment with IS strategy, integration	Citizen dev. risks, dependencies on	●○○ ■■■	
Sanjiv Patel	(123) 5678901 sapatel@gmail.com	Steering Committee Mbr	Competitive advantage, ROI	Industry reception, costs	●○○ ■■■	
Joe Corbitt	(123) 6789012 jcorbitt@gmail.com	Development Team Member	Delight the users, gain team lead exper	Team skills, lack of Year exper	●●○ ■■■	

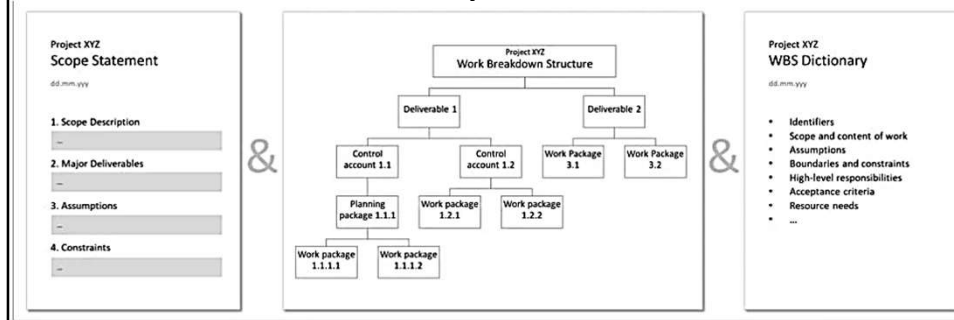
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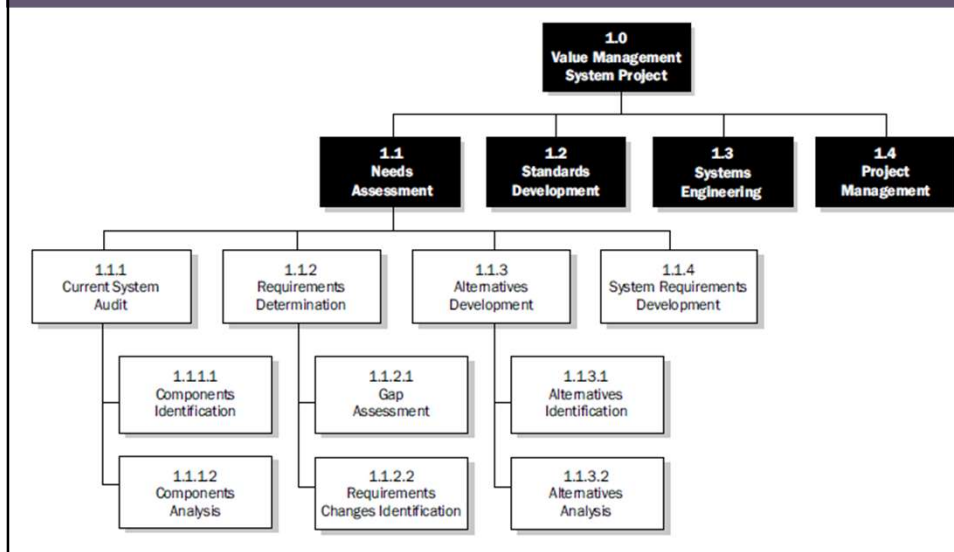
Output: Scope Baseline

- It includes the,
 - approved **Project Statement**,
 - Work Breakdown Structure (WBS)**, incl. control accounts, planning packages, and work packages, and
 - associated **WBS dictionary**.



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Example - WBS



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Creating a WBS

1. Identifying and analyzing the deliverables and related work,
2. Structuring and organizing the WBS,
3. Decomposing the upper WBS levels into lower-level detailed components,
4. Developing and assigning identification codes to the WBS components, and
5. Verifying that the degree of decomposition of the deliverables is appropriate.



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Identifying activities

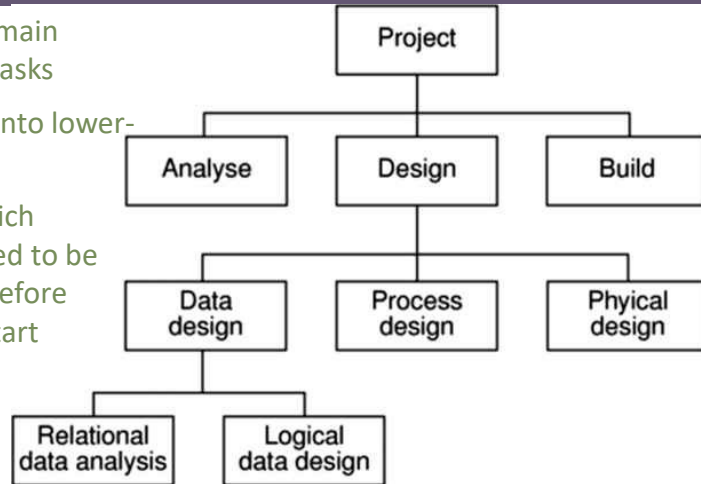
- **Activity-based approach**
 - Conduct a brainstorming session or analyse similar past projects and prepare a WBS
- **Product-based approach**
 - Produce a Product Break-down Structure (PBS) and a Product Flow Diagram (PFD)
- **Hybrid approach**
 - Introduce additional levels structuring both products and activities



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Activity-based Work Breakdown Structure

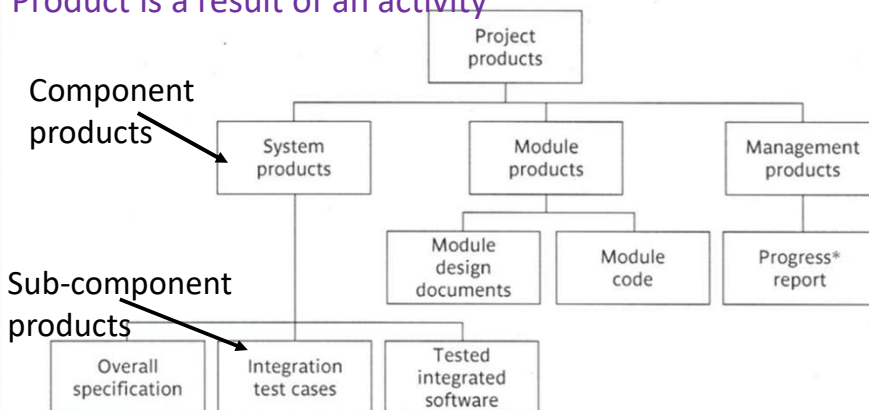
- Identify the main (high-level) tasks
- Break them into lower-level tasks
- Consider which activities need to be completed before others can start



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PBS

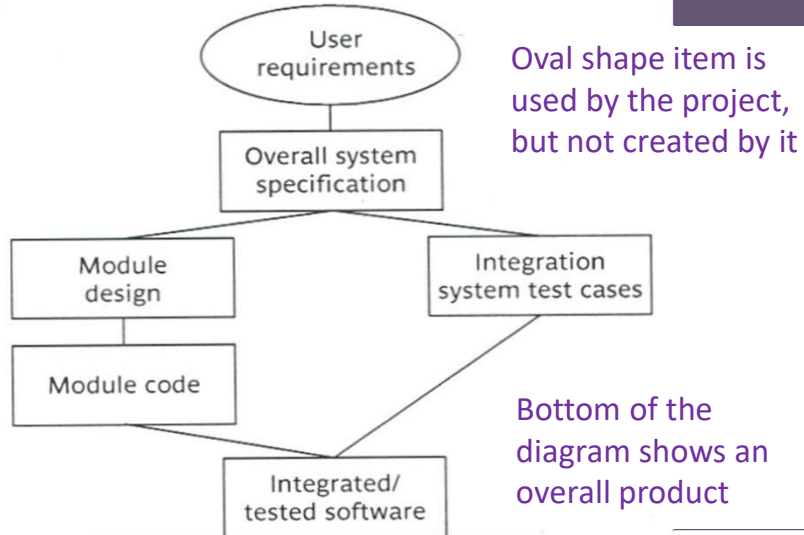
- Product is a result of an activity



- Do not identify activities as products
- Use standards
- Products at the bottom should be documented by product descriptions

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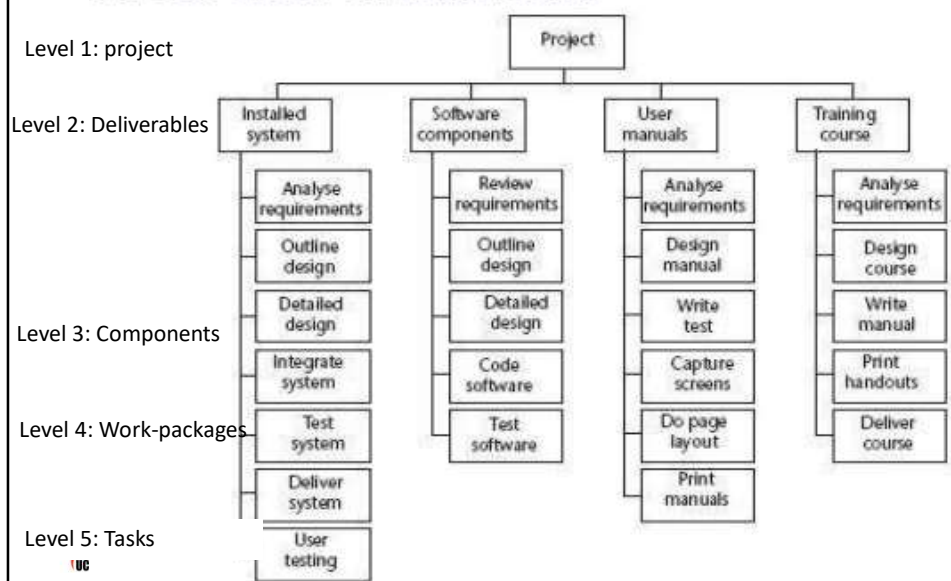
PFD



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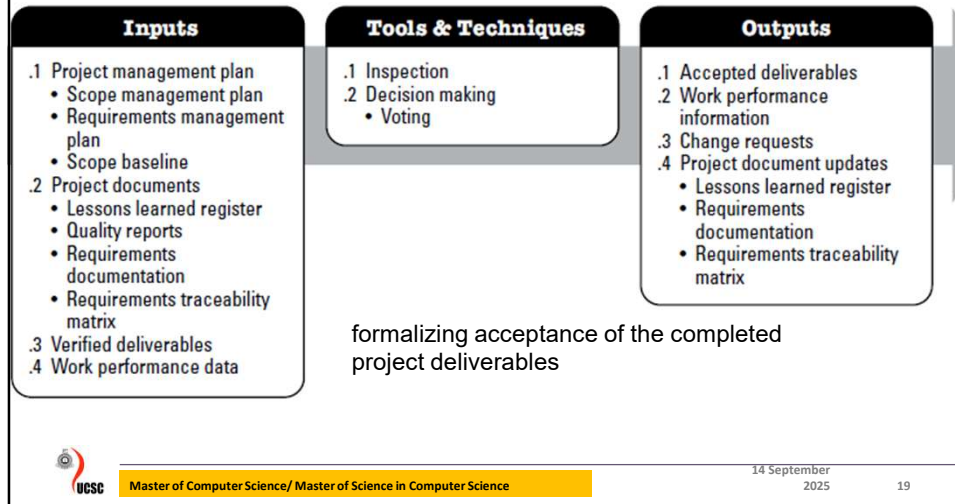
The Hybrid Approach

A WBS based on deliverables



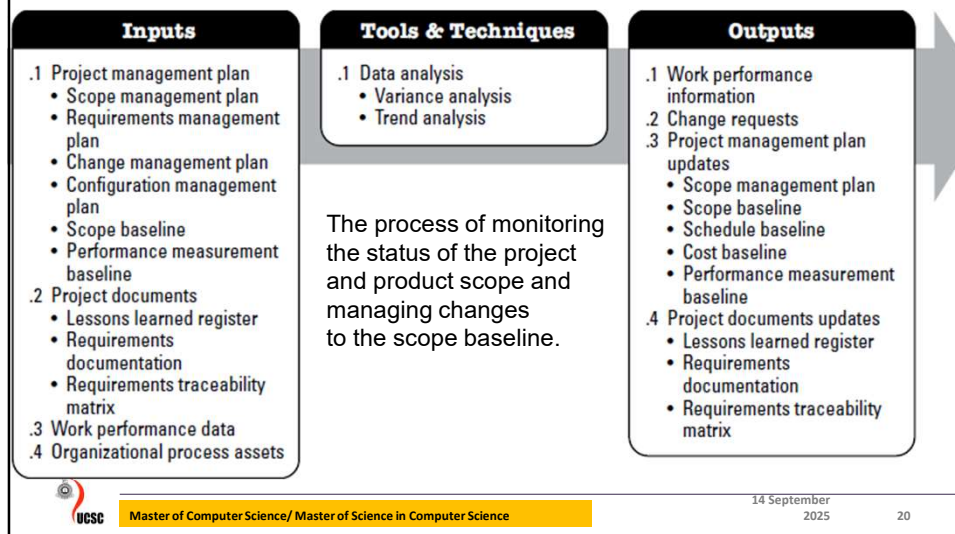
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5. Validate Scope



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Control Scope



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