# CPSC 2151

#### Lab 11

Due: Friday, November 13<sup>th</sup> at 10:00 pm

In this lab you will be working with the Model-View-Controller architectural pattern. While the Model-View-Controller pattern will be very useful for working with Graphical User Interfaces (GUI), we will not be working with a GUI for this assignment yet. We will be building off the code from a previous lab, specifically the Mortgage and Customer interfaces and classes.

#### Instructions

You will need to create a new project with a package called <code>cpsc2150.mortgages</code>. Add your Mortgage and Customer classes and interfaces from lab 7 to that package. You will then need 3 more classes:

### MortgageApp.java

MortgageApp will be a very simple class. It will contain our main method that will be the entry point of the program. All it will do is declare an instance of IMortgageView and an instance of IMortgageController, and then call MortageController.submitApplication(). The code should look like:

```
package cpsc2150.mortgages;

public class MortgageApp {
    public static void main(String [] args)
    {
        IMortgageView view = new MortgageView();
        IMortgageController controller = new MortgageController(view);
        view.setController(controller);
        controller.submitApplication();
    }
}
```

This type of set up is common when using MVC architectural pattern in Java. We just need the entry point to set up our **Controller** and **View**, then turn over control of the program to the **Controller**.

# MortgageView.java

MortgageView will serve as the **View** layer of our MVC architecture. That means that MortgageView is the only class that can get input from the user or print to the screen. The **Controller** layer will use MortgageView to perform these tasks. MortgageView also does not know about our **Model** layer, so it cannot perform any input validation on whether or not the given values meet the preconditions of our Mortgage or Customer classes. MortgageView can still validate whether a "Y" or "N" was entered for yes or no prompts, since that is a requirement of the **View** itself, not the **Model**.

The only class level variables that MortgageView should have is a Scanner object and it's IMortgageController object. Remember, we can have issues if we have multiple Scanner objects looking at the same input source, so we don't want to declare one in each function. We actually won't need to use the IMortgageController object, but the initialization ensures clause says we must include it

MortgageView should implement the IMortgageView interface using a command line prompt for the user interface. The "get" methods all ask the user for the specified value. They do not perform any data validation (except for validating the Y/N response) as the view does not have access to the **Model** layer. We can assume the user will input the correct datatype (i.e. a number when a number is expected).

**Note:** You may not actually need to use all the functionality that <code>IMortgageView</code> provides to complete this assignment. That is completely fine, the interface was written to be usable for multiple programs so it may include extra functionality that we don't need right now.

### MortgageController.java

The MortgageController class implements IMortgageController and serves as the Controller layer in our MVC architecture. It controls the flow of control in our program. This class is able to use both the View and the Model layers to accomplish this task. This class will check to make sure the data that the user provides (through the View layer) meets the preconditions that exist in our Model layer. If the input is not valid, the Controller will (through the View) alert the user to the error and reprompt the user for correct input. The MortgageController class will also use the Model layer (Mortgage and Customer interfaces and classes) to actually apply for the mortgage. After a mortgage has been applied for, the Controller will (through the View layer) display the Customer and Mortgage information to the user (Note: use the toString methods to do this).

The controller will allow for a customer to apply for multiple loans (without having to re-enter the customer information), and allow for the user to enter information about multiple customers. Remember, the **Controller** layer cannot directly interact with the user, it must go through the **View** layer.

The MortgageController class will have one private field, an IMortgageView object, which is set by an argument passed into the constructor. The MortgageController class will have one public method, called submitApplication() which runs the program.

All the logic concerning validating the **Model**'s preconditions, and the order of events, is handled by the **Controller** layer. The logic concerning the Mortgage application or the Customer itself are handled by the **Model** layer.

# **TIPS and additional Requirements**

- You must provide a makefile with make, make run and make clean targets.
  - o This will be a large deduction if you do not
- You do not need to provide any automated testing, although you should test your program.
- You do not need to provide any contracts for MortgageView, MortgageController, or MortgageApp. Mortgage and Customer should have contracts from a previous assignment.
- You **DO** need to comment your code

- You need to follow the Model-View-Controller architectural pattern for this assignment.
  - All interaction with the user goes through the View layer. View does not have access to the Model layer.
  - Controller layer handles input validation, and the order of events of the program. The
     Controller layer has access to the View and the Model, so it is the go between for those
     two layers
  - The Model layer handles our entity objects and the "lower level" logic. It does not have any access to the other two layers.
- Follow our best practices: No magic numbers, information hiding, separation of concerns, etc.
- Customer.java has a toString method that will be useful.

#### **Partners**

You may work with one partner on this lab assignment and you are encouraged to do so. Make sure you include both partners' names on the submission. You only need to submit one copy. Remember that working with a partner means working with a partner, not dividing up the work. You will need this code for a later lab, so make sure both partners have a copy of it.

# **Before Submitting**

You need to make sure your code will run on SoC Unix machines and create a makefile.

## Submitting your file

You will submit your files using handin in the lab section you are enrolled in. If you are unfamiliar with handin, more information is available at <a href="https://handin.cs.clemson.edu/help/students/">https://handin.cs.clemson.edu/help/students/</a>. You should submit a zipped directory with your package directory and your makefile. The TA should be able to unzip your directory and type make compile your code, make run to run it and make clean to delete any .class files.

**NOTE:** Make sure you zipped up your files correctly and didn't forget something! Always check your submissions on handin to ensure you uploaded the correct zip file.

## Sample input and outputs:

```
What's your name?

Jim Halpert

How much is your yearly income?

-12000

Income must be greater than 0.

How much is your yearly income?

56000

How much are your monthly debt payments?

-247

Debt must be greater than or equal to 0.

How much are your monthly debt payments?

247

What is your credit score?

-800
```

```
Credit Score must be greater than 0 and less than 850
What is your credit score?
1000
Credit Score must be greater than 0 and less than 850
What is your credit score?
How much does the house cost?
-120000
Cost must be greater than 0.
How much does the house cost?
120000
How much is the down payment?
-10000
Down Payment must be greater than 0 and less than the cost of the
How much is the down payment?
Down Payment must be greater than 0 and less than the cost of the
How much is the down payment?
13000
How many years?
-15
Years must be greater than 0.
How many years?
30
Name: Jim Halpert
Income: $56000.0
Credit Score: 748
Monthly Debt: $247.0
Mortgage info:
Principal Amount: $107000.0
Interest Rate: 4.5%
Term: 30 years
Monthly Payment: $542.1532815136978
Would you like to apply for another mortgage? Y/N
У
How much does the house cost?
125999
How much is the down payment?
12000
How many years?
15
Name: Jim Halpert
Income: $56000.0
Credit Score: 748
Monthly Debt: $247.0
```

Mortgage info:

Principal Amount: \$113999.0

Interest Rate: 4.0%

Term: 15 years

Monthly Payment: \$843.2368383152977

Would you like to apply for another mortgage?  $\ensuremath{\text{Y/N}}$ 

n

Would you like to consider another customer? Y/N

V

What's your name? Dwight Schrute

How much is your yearly income?

73000

How much are your monthly debt payments?

. . .