Sweden Analysis

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Sweden

- Overview and Local Governance of Sweden:
 - Population of 10.6 Million
 - Membership: EU and NATO
 - Divided into 290 municipalities
 - Elected assemblies/councils responsible for various services
- Economic, Social, and Political Structure
 - Mixed economy with private freedoms and government regulation
 - o Export-oriented: machines, vehicles, and oil
 - Strong welfare state, top rankings in life expectancy, education, and quality of life
 - King Carl XVI involved in foreign representation and awards
 - Prime Minister is the head of executive authority
 - Historically focused on neutrality and non-alignment

Data

- Based on the background information we found, we came up with the following research questions:
 - How does economic perception relate to government satisfaction?
 - How does internet usage impact the perception of internal conflicts?
- Stemming from the research questions, we developed these hypotheses based on our research questions:
 - Positive economic perception is linked to higher government satisfaction
 - Increased internet usage is associated with heightened perception of internal conflicts
- Methodology:
 - Pew Research Center Global Attitudes (Spring 2022)
 - Questions focuses on economic situation, political party favorability, smartphone usage, online threats, and social media effectiveness
 - We dropped any responses that refused to answer or didn't have an answer

Hypothesis 1

• Individuals in Sweden who have a positive economic perception will report higher levels of satisfaction with the government compared to those with a negative economic perception

Hypothesis 1: Chi Square Test 1

- Respondents' opinions of the Swedish Social Democratic Party and their description of the current economic state of Sweden.
- P-value: < 0.0001
 - Highly significant
- Cramer's V: 0.2374
 - o Indicates moderate dependance
- Interpretations:
 - Opinions of the Swedish Social Democratic Party are moderately dependent on the perceptions of the
 Swedish economy

Hypothesis 1: Chi Square Test 2

- Respondents' opinions on the Swedish Moderate Party and their description of the current economic situation.
- P-value: 0.0305
 - Significant
- Level of dependence:
 - Opinions of the Moderate Party were found to be dependent of respondents' description of the current economic situation

Hypothesis 1: Chi Square Test 3

- Respondents' opinions of the Swedish Democrats and their description of the current economic state of Sweden.
- P-value: <0.0001
 - Highly significant
- Cramer's V: 0.158
 - Indicates a moderately weak relationship
- Interpretations:
 - o Moderate dependence suggests a nuanced link between economic perceptions and opinions on Swedish Democrats

Hypothesis 2

• Increased internet usage among individuals in Sweden is associated with a

heightened perception of internal conflicts.

Hypothesis 2: Chi Square Test 1

• Compared the type of phone that respondents owned to their opinions on the strength of political conflicts within Sweden.

• P-value: 0.547

Hypothesis 2: Chi Square Test 2

- Respondents' opinions on the threat of false information being spread online, to their perception of internal political conflicts.
- P-value: <0.0001
- Cramer's V: 0.14

Hypothesis 2: Chi Square Test 3

 Respondents' opinions of social media as a tool for spreading awareness about political/ social issues, and once again the perceptions of political conflicts within Sweden.

- P-value: 0.0045
- Cramer's V: 0.089

Conclusion

• <u>Hypothesis 1:</u> differences of opinion across political parties were significantly more impactful than we hypothesized.

• <u>Hypothesis 2:</u> We predicted that increased internet usage would lead to heightened awareness of internal political conflicts, but this was not the case.