ASMFC MSE Workshop: Age Structured Model

Gavin Fay

August 2021

Age-structured Fisheries Model

$$N_{1,t+1} = R_{t+1}$$

$$N_{a+1,t+1} = N_{a,t}e^{-(F_{a,t}+M)}$$

$$N_{A,t+1} = N_{A-1,t}e^{-(F_{A-1,t}+M)} + N_{A,t}e^{-(F_{A,t}+M)}$$

Matrix form Age-structured Fisheries Model

$$\mathbf{N}_{t+1} = \begin{bmatrix} R_{t+1} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \cdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 \\ e^{-(F_{0},t+M)} & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-(F_{1},t+M)} & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-(F_{2},t+M)} & \cdots & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^{-(F_{2},t+M)} & \cdots & 0 & 0 \\ \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & e^{-(F_{A-1},t+M)} & e^{-(F_{A},t+M)} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} N_{0,t} \\ N_{1,t} \\ N_{2,t} \\ N_{3,t} \\ \cdots \\ N_{A,t} \end{bmatrix}$$

```
# ### read in biol data & create input object
#path <- "materials/exercises/day-02/"
input <- list()
input$nages <- scan("floundah_biology.txt",n=1,skip=9)
nages <- input$nages
input$maturity <- scan("floundah_biology.txt",n=nages,skip=11)
input$selex <- scan("floundah_biology.txt",n=nages,skip=13)
input$weight <- scan("floundah_biology.txt",n=nages,skip=15)
#
input$M <- 0.4
input$Fmult <- 1 #proportion of FSPRtarg during historical period
input$SPRtarg <- 0.4
input$Rbar <- 1000
input$sigmaR <- 0.6
input$cpueCV <- 0.3
#xx <- evaluate(input, seed=24601)</pre>
```

```
om_settings <- tibble(om=1,</pre>
                       input=list(input)) %>%
  I()
om_settings$input
## [[1]]
## [[1]]$nages
## [1] 10
##
## [[1]]$maturity
## [1] 0.1 0.5 0.9 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
## [[1]]$selex
## [1] 0.10 0.75 0.90 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00
##
## [[1]]$weight
## [1] 0.040 0.160 0.331 0.511 0.675 0.812 0.922 1.006 1.070 1.117
## [[1]]$M
## [1] 0.4
##
## [[1]]$Fmult
## [1] 1
## [[1]]$SPRtarg
## [1] 0.4
##
## [[1]]$Rbar
## [1] 1000
##
## [[1]]$sigmaR
## [1] 0.6
## [[1]]$cpueCV
## [1] 0.3
set up the random number seeds for each iteration
nsim <- 1000
set.seed(24601)
seeds <- ceiling(99999*runif(nsim))</pre>
sim_seeds <- tibble(isim = 1:nsim,</pre>
                   seed = seeds)
set up the table for running the mse over all the operating models (just 1 in this example)
mse_sim_setup <- om_settings %>%
 mutate(sim_seeds= list(sim_seeds)) %>%
  unnest(cols = sim_seeds) %>%
  rowid_to_column() %>%
  select(rowid, everything()) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  arrange(isim) %% # organizes so first realization of each is done first
  I()
```

```
mse_sim_setup
## # A tibble: 1,000 x 5
##
               om input
     rowid
                                      isim seed
##
      <int> <dbl> <list>
                                     <int> <dbl>
##
   1
          1
                1 <named list [10]>
                                         1 39892
##
    2
          2
                1 <named list [10]>
                                         2 8881
##
   3
                1 <named list [10]>
                                         3 72021
          3
##
   4
                1 <named list [10]>
                                         4 98908
                1 <named list [10]>
##
                                         5 68208
  5
          5
##
          6
                1 <named list [10]>
    6
                                         6 30042
##
  7
          7
                1 <named list [10]>
                                         7 3019
   8
          8
                1 <named list [10]>
                                         8 18135
##
  9
                1 <named list [10]>
                                         9 39192
          9
## 10
         10
                1 <named list [10]>
                                        10 66541
## # ... with 990 more rows
run the mse for all the iterations
### run the MSE over each row of the mse sims todo
#add a safe mode (returns error safely rather than crashing)
safe_evaluate <- purrr::safely(evaluate, otherwise = NA_real_)</pre>
#do the MSE for all simulations and scenarios
#profvis::profvis(
  #system.time(
mse_output <- mse_sim_setup %>%
   #mutate(mse = furrr::future_pmap(list(seed = seed, input = input),
                           #safe_evaluate, .options = my_future_options)) %>%
# this is the regular purrr code for iterating over the simulations
mutate(mse = purrr::pmap(list(seed = seed, input = input), evaluate)) %>%
  rowwise() %>%
  mutate(om_SSB = list(mse$om_SSB)) %>%
  mutate(om_F = list(mse$om_F)) %>%
  mutate(tac = list(mse$tac)) %>%
  mutate(ftarg = mse$ftarg) %>%
  I()
mse_output
## # A tibble: 1,000 x 10
## # Rowwise:
                                                                   om SSB
                                                                                om F
##
      rowid
               om input
                                      isim seed mse
                                                                                           tac
                                                                                                        fta
##
                                                                                                        <db
      <int> <dbl> <list>
                                     <int> <dbl> <list>
                                                                   st>
                                                                                t>
                                                                                            st>
##
                1 <named list [10]>
                                         1 39892 <named list [6] > <dbl [100] > <dbl [99] > <dbl [100] > 0.3
   1
          1
                                         2 8881 <named list [6] > <dbl [100] > <dbl [99] > <dbl [100] > 0.3
##
    2
          2
                1 <named list [10]>
##
    3
          3
                1 <named list [10]>
                                         3 72021 <named list [6] > <dbl [100] > <dbl [99] > <dbl [100] > 0.3
##
   4
          4
                1 <named list [10]>
                                         4 98908 <named list [6] > <dbl [100] > <dbl [99] > <dbl [100] > 0.3
                                         5 68208 <named list [6] > <dbl [100] > <dbl [99] > <dbl [100] > 0.3
##
   5
          5
                1 <named list [10]>
                                         6 30042 <named list [6] > <dbl [100] > <dbl [99] > <dbl [100] > 0.3
##
    6
          6
                1 <named list [10]>
                                         7 3019 <named list [6] > <dbl [100] > <dbl [99] > <dbl [100] > 0.3
##
    7
          7
                1 <named list [10]>
##
   8
          8
                1 <named list [10]>
                                         8 18135 <named list [6] > <dbl [100] > <dbl [99] > <dbl [100] > 0.3
##
   9
                                         9 39192 <named list [6] > <dbl [100] > <dbl [99] > <dbl [100] > 0.3
          9
                1 <named list [10]>
                                        10 66541 <named list [6] > <dbl [100] > <dbl [99] > <dbl [100] > 0.3
## 10
         10
                1 <named list [10]>
## # ... with 990 more rows
```

```
mse_results <- mse_output %>%
  rowwise() %>%
  mutate(bmsy = input$Rbar*SBPR(ftarg,input$M,input$weight,input$selex,input$maturity)) %>%
  mutate(msy = input$Rbar*YPR(ftarg,input$M,input$weight,input$selex)) %%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(ssb_metrics = pmap(list(om_SSB, bmsy), get_ssb_metrics, nprojyrs = 50),
         catch_metrics = pmap(list(tac, msy), get_catch_metrics, nprojyrs = 50),
         f_metrics = pmap(list(om_F, ftarg), get_F_metrics, nprojyrs = 50)) %>%
  select(rowid, om, isim, ssb_metrics, catch_metrics, f_metrics) %>%
  I()
mse_results
## # A tibble: 1,000 x 6
##
      rowid
               om isim ssb_metrics
                                          catch_metrics
                                                             f_metrics
##
      <int> <dbl> <int> <
                                          t>
                                                             st>
                      1 <named list [8] > <named list [10] > <named list [6] >
##
   1
##
   2
          2
                      2 <named list [8] > <named list [10] > <named list [6] >
##
    3
          3
                      3 <named list [8] > <named list [10] > <named list [6] >
##
   4
                      4 <named list [8]> <named list [10]> <named list [6]>
          4
                1
   5
##
          5
                      5 <named list [8] > <named list [10] > <named list [6] >
                      6 <named list [8] > <named list [10] > <named list [6] >
##
   6
          6
                1
##
    7
          7
                      7 <named list [8] > <named list [10] > <named list [6] >
##
   8
          8
                1
                      8 <named list [8] > <named list [10] > <named list [6] >
##
   9
                      9 <named list [8] > <named list [10] > <named list [6] >
                     10 <named list [8]> <named list [10]> <named list [6]>
## 10
         10
                1
## # ... with 990 more rows
mse results is a tibble containing the results, and a list of SSB, catch, and F performance metrics
pull out the metrics
ssb_results <- mse_results %>%
  select(rowid, om, isim, ssb_metrics) %>%
  mutate(ssb_metrics = map(ssb_metrics, enframe)) %>%
  unnest(cols = c(ssb_metrics)) %>%
  mutate(value = map dbl(value, I)) %>%
  rename(metric = name) %>%
  I()
ssb_results
## # A tibble: 8,000 x 5
##
      rowid
               om isim metric
                                           value
      <int> <dbl> <int> <chr>
                                           <dbl>
##
##
                      1 s_n_less_01_bmsy
   1
          1
                1
##
    2
          1
                1
                      1 s_n_less_05_bmsy
##
   3
                      1 s_n_ge_bmsy
          1
                1
##
   4
          1
                1
                      1 l_n_less_01_bmsy
##
    5
                      1 l_n_less_05_bmsy
                                           0
          1
                1
##
    6
          1
                1
                      1 l_n_ge_bmsy
                                          17
##
   7
          1
                1
                      1 s_avg_ssb_ssbmsy 0.884
##
   8
          1
                1
                      1 l_avg_ssb_ssbmsy
                                           1.09
## 9
          2
                      2 s_n_less_01_bmsy
## 10
          2
                1
                      2 s_n_less_05_bmsy
## # ... with 7,990 more rows
```

```
unique(ssb_results$metric)
## [1] "s_n_less_01_bmsy" "s_n_less_05_bmsy" "s_n_ge_bmsy"
                                                                "l_n_less_01_bmsy" "l_n_less_05_bmsy"
## [6] "l_n_ge_bmsy"
                         "s_avg_ssb_ssbmsy" "l_avg_ssb_ssbmsy"
###pull out the f metrics
f results <- mse results %>%
  select(rowid, om, isim, f_metrics) %>%
  mutate(f_metrics = map(f_metrics, enframe)) %>%
 unnest(cols = c(f_metrics)) %>%
 mutate(value = map_dbl(value, I)) %>%
 rename(metric = name) %>%
  I()
f_results
## # A tibble: 6,000 x 5
              om isim metric
##
     rowid
                                      value
      <int> <dbl> <int> <chr>
                                       <dbl>
##
## 1
                     1 s_n_gr_fmsy
         1
               1
                                       0
## 2
         1
               1
                     1 s_n_less_fmsy
                                      6
## 3
                     1 l_n_gr_fmsy
          1
               1
                                       0
## 4
         1
               1
                     1 l_n_less_fmsy 30
## 5
         1
               1
                     1 s_avg_f_fmsy
                                      0.363
## 6
                     1 l_avg_f_fmsy
                                      0.374
         1
               1
         2
## 7
               1
                     2 s n gr fmsv
## 8
         2
                     2 s_n_less_fmsy 6
               1
## 9
         2
                     2 l n gr fmsy
## 10
         2
                     2 l_n_less_fmsy 30
               1
## # ... with 5,990 more rows
unique(f_results$metric)
## [1] "s_n_gr_fmsy"
                       "s_n_less_fmsy" "l_n_gr_fmsy" "l_n_less_fmsy" "s_avg_f_fmsy" "l_avg_f_fmsy"
###pull out the catch metrics
catch_results <- mse_results %>%
  select(rowid, om, isim, catch_metrics) %>%
  mutate(catch metrics = map(catch metrics, enframe)) %>%
 unnest(cols = c(catch_metrics)) %>%
  mutate(value = map_dbl(value, I)) %>%
 rename(metric = name) %>%
  I()
catch_results
## # A tibble: 10,000 x 5
              om isim metric
                                             value
##
     rowid
##
      <int> <dbl> <int> <chr>
                                             <dbl>
## 1
         1
               1
                     1 s_avg_catch
                                            39.6
## 2
                                            78.2
          1
               1
                     1 l_avg_catch
##
   3
          1
               1
                     1 s_avg_catch_msy
                                            0.418
## 4
                                            0.826
         1
               1
                     1 l_avg_catch_msy
## 5
         1
               1
                     1 s sd catch
                                            20.0
## 6
         1
               1
                     1 l_sd_catch
                                            30.5
## 7
         1
               1
                     1 l iav catch
                                           NA
## 8
                                            0.461
         1
               1
                     1 s_iav_catch
## 9
                     1 a_iav_catch
```

```
## 10  1  1 1 1_prop_g_msy_2_of_3 NA
## # ... with 9,990 more rows

full_metrics <- bind_rows(ssb_results, catch_results, f_results)

summarize across simulations by OM scenario 25%, 50%, 75% quantiles

quibble <- function(x, q = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75)) {
   tibble(x = quantile(x, q, na.rm = TRUE), q = q)
}

summary <- full_metrics %>%
   group_by(metric, om) %>%
   summarise(y = list(quibble(value, c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75)))) %>%
   tidyr::unnest(y) %>%
   I()

## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'metric'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.summary
```

A tibble: 72 x 4 ## # Groups: metric [24] ## metric omХ <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> ## <chr> ## 1 a_iav_catch 1 NA 0.25 ## 2 a_iav_catch 1 NA 0.5 ## 3 a_iav_catch 1 NA 0.75 ## 4 l_avg_catch 1 68.9 0.25 ## 5 l_avg_catch 1 74.6 0.5 ## 6 l_avg_catch 1 81.1 0.75 ## 7 l_avg_catch_msy 1 0.728 0.25 ## 8 l_avg_catch_msy 1 0.787 0.5 ## 9 l_avg_catch_msy 1 0.856 0.75 ## 10 l_avg_f_fmsy 1 0.375 0.25 ## # ... with 62 more rows