CLINICAL Extent of disease before any treatment		STAGE CATEGORY DEFINITIONS		PATHOLOGIC Extent of disease during and from surgery		
y clinical-staging completed after neoadjuvant therapy but before subsequent surgery		TUMOR SIZE:	LATERALITY: ☐ left ☐ right ☐ bilateral		- staging completed uvant therapy AND surgery	
TNM FIGO CATEGORY STAGE		PRIMARY TUMOR (T)		TNM CATEGORY	FIGO STAGE	
_	* A B	Primary tumor cannot be assessed No evidence of primary tumor Carcinoma in situ (preinvasive carcinoma) Lesions ≤ 2 cm in size, confined to the vulva or perineum and with stromal invasion ≤ 1.0 mm** Lesions > 2 cm in size or any size with stromal invasion > 1.0 mm, confined to		□ TX □ T0 □ Tis □ T1a □ T1b	* IA	
☐ T2*** I	I	the vulva or perineum Tumor of any size with extension to adjacent perineal structures		☐ T2***	II	
□ T3**** I	VA	(Lower/distal 1/3 urethra, lower/distal 1/3 vagina, anal involvement) Tumor of any size with extension to any of the following: upper/proximal 2/3 of urethra, upper/proximal 2/3 vagina, bladder mucosa, rectal mucosa, or fixed to pelvic bone,		☐ T3****	IVA	
		* FIGO staging no longer includes Stage 0 ** The depth of invasion is defined as the epithelial-stromal junction of the adjacent deepest point of invasion. *** FIGO uses the classification T2/T3. This is the stage of the stag	measurement of the tumor from the most superficial dermal papilla to the s is defined as T2 in TNM.			
CATEGORY ST NX N0 N1 N1a N1b N2 N2a N2b N2c N2c N2c	GO TAGE IIIA IIIB IIIB IIIC VA	Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed No regional lymph node metastasis One or two regional lymph node with the following features One or two lymph node metastasis each 5 mm or less One lymph node metastases 5 mm or greater Regional lymph node metastasis with the following features: Three or more lymph node metastases each less than 5 mm Two or more lymph node metastases 5 mm or greater Lymph node metastasis with extracapsular spread Fixed or ulcerated regional lymph node metastasis An effort should be made to describe the site and laterality of lymph node metastases.		TNM CATEGORY NX N0 N1 N1a N1b N2 N2a N2a N2b N2c N3	FIGO STAGE IIIA IIIB IIIB IIIB IIIC IVA	
	GO TAGE	DISTANT META	STASIS (M)	TNM CATEGORY	FIGO STAGE	
□ M0	VB	No distant metastasis (no pathologic M0; us Distant metastasis (including pelvic lymph r		□ M1	IVB	
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(continued on next page)

Anatomic Stage • Prognostic Groups							
CLINICAL GROUP T N M	PATH GROUP T N	OLOGIC M					
□ 0* Tis N0 M0 □ I T1 N0 M0 □ IA T1a N0 M0 □ IB T1b N0 M0 □ II T2 N0 M0 □ III T2 N0 M0 □ IIIB T1, T2 N1a, N1b M0 □ IIIB T1, T2 N2a, N2b M0 □ IIIC T1, T2 N2c M0 □ IVA T1, T2 N3 M0 T3 Any N MO □ IVB Any T Any N M1 *FIGO no longer includes Stage 0 (Tis).	□ 0* Tis N0 □ I T N0 □ IA T1a N0 □ IB T1b N0 □ II T2 N0 □ III T2 N1a □ IIIB T1, T2 N1a □ IIIB T1, T2 N2a □ IIIC T1, T2 N3 □ IVA T1, T2 N3 □ T3 Any *FIGO no longer includes Stage	M0 M0 M0 M0 M0 a, N1b M0 a, N2b M0 c M0 M0 M0 M0					
☐ Stage unknown	☐ Stage unknown						
PROGNOSTIC FACTORS (SITE-SPECIFIC FACTORS (SITE-SPECIFIC FACTORS) REQUIRED FOR STAGING: None CLINICALLY SIGNIFICANT: FIGO Stage: Pelvic nodal status and method of assessment: Femoral-Inguinal nodal status and method of assessment:	General Notes: For identification of special cases of TNM or pTNM classifications, the "m" suffix and "y," "r," and "a" prefixes are used. Although they do not affect the stage grouping, they indicate cases needing separate analysis. m suffix indicates the presence of multiple primary tumors in a single site and is recorded in parentheses:						
Histologic Grade (G) (also known as overall grade) Grading system Grade Grade Grade I or 1 Grade I or 1 Grade II or 2 Grade III or 3 Grade III or 3 Grade IV or 4 ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTORS Lymphatic Vessel Invasion (L) and Venous Invasion (V) have been conclinated in the primary source. Other sources may be used in the assistant to positive results. Lymph-Vascular Invasion Not Present (absent)/Not Identified Lymph-Vascular Invasion Present/Identified Not Applicable Unknown/Indeterminate	Pathologists' (CAP) Checklist	pT(m)NM. y prefix indicates those cases in which classification is performed during or following initial multimodality therapy. The cTNM or pTNM category is identified by a "y" prefix. The ycTNM or ypTNM categorizes the extent of tumor actually present at the time of that examination. The "y" categorization is not an estimate of tumor prior to multimodality therapy. r prefix indicates a recurrent tumor when staged after a disease-free interval, and is identified by the "r" prefix: rTNM. a prefix designates the stage determined at autopsy: aTNM.					

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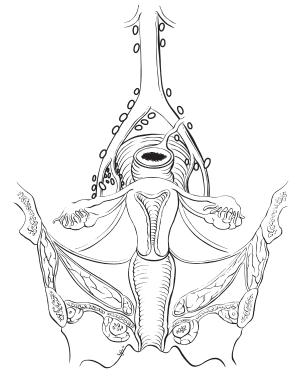
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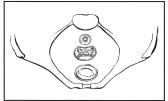
Residual Tumor (R) The absence or presence of residual tumor after treatment. In some case with neoadjuvant therapy there will be residual tumor at the primary site a incomplete resection or local and regional disease that extends beyond the RX Presence of residual tumor cannot be assessed R0 No residual tumor R1 Microscopic residual tumor R2 Macroscopic residual tumor	fter treatment because of	General Notes (continued): surgical margins is data field recorded by registrars describing the surgical margins of the resected primary site specimen as determined only by the pathology report. neoadjuvant treatment is radiation therapy or systemic therapy (consisting of chemotherapy, hormone therapy, or immunotherapy) administered prior to a definitive surgical procedure. If the surgical procedure is not performed, the administered therapy no longer meets the definition of neoadjuvant therapy.						
☐ Clinical stage was used in treatment planning (describe):								
□ National guidelines were used in treatment planning □ NCCN □ Other (describe): ————————————————————————————————————								
Physician signature	Date/	Time						
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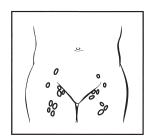
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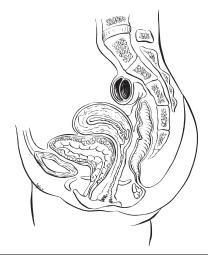
Illustration

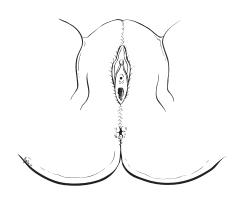
Indicate on diagram primary tumor and regional nodes involved.











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