OCULAR ADNEXAL LYMPHOMA STAGING FORM

CLINICAL Extent of disease before any treatment	STAGE CATEGORY DEFINITIONS		PATHOLOGIC Extent of disease through completion of definitive surgery	
y clinical – staging completed after neoadjuvant therapy but		LATERALITY:	y pathologic – staging completed after neoadjuvant therapy AND	
before subsequent surgery		☐ left ☐ right ☐ bilateral	subsequent surgery	
□ TX □ T0 □ T1 □ T1a □ T1b □ T1c	PRIMARY TUMOR (T) Lymphoma extent not specified No evidence of lymphoma Lymphoma involving the conjunctiva alone without orbital involvement Bulbar conjunctiva only Palpebral conjunctiva +/- fornix +/- caruncle Extensive conjunctival involvement		□ TX □ T0 □ T1 □ T1a □ T1b □ T1c	
□ T2 □ T2a □ T2b □ T2c	Lymphoma with orbital involvement +/- any conjunctival involvement Anterior orbital involvement (+/- conjunctival involvement) Anterior orbital involvement (+/- conjunctival involvement + lacrimal involvement) Posterior orbital involvement (+/- conjunctival involvement +/- anterior		☐ T2 ☐ T2a ☐ T2b	
☐ T2d	involvement and +/- any extraocular muscle involvement) Nasolacrimal drainage system involvement (+/- conjunctival involvement but		☐ T2d	
□ Т3	not including nasopharynx) Lymphoma with pre-septal eyelid involvement (defined above) +/- orbital		□ тз	
□ T4	involvement +/- any conjunctival involvement Orbital adnexal lymphoma extending beyond orbit to adjacent structures such as bone and brain		□ T4	
☐ T4a ☐ T4b ☐ T4c ☐ T4d	Involvement of nasopharynx Osseous involvement (including perioster Involvement of maxillofacial, ethmoidal ar Intracranial spread		☐ T4a ☐ T4b ☐ T4c ☐ T4d	
□ NX □ N0 □ N1 □ N2 □ N3 □ N4	Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed No evidence of lymph node involvement Involvement of ipsilateral regional lymph nodes* Involvement of contra lateral or bilateral regional lymph nodes * Involvement of peripheral lymph nodes not draining ocular adnexal region Involvement of central lymph nodes * The regional lymph nodes included preauricular (parotid), submandibular, and cervical		□ NX □ N0 □ N1 □ N2 □ N3 □ N4	
☐ M0 ☐ M1a ☐ M1b ☐ M1c	DISTANT METASTASIS (M) No evidence of involvement of other extranodal sites (no pathologic M0; use clinical M to complete stage group) Noncontiguous involvement of tissues or organs external to the ocular adnexa (e.g., parotid glands, submandibular gland, lung, liver, spleen, kidney, breast, etc.) Lymphomatous involvement of the bone marrow Both M1a and M1b involvement		■ M1a■ M1b■ M1c	
	ANATOMIC STAGE • P	ROGNOSTIC GROUPS		
	_OGIC			
CLINICAL No stage grouping is presently recommended.		No stage grouping is presently recommended.		
HOSPITAL NAME/ADDRESS		PATIENT NAME/INFORMATION		

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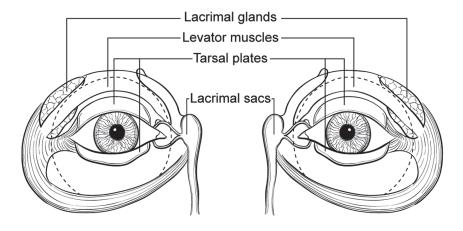
PROGNOSTIC FACTORS (REQUIRED FOR STAGING: None CLINICALLY SIGNIFICANT: Tumor cell growth fraction (Ki-67, MIB-1) Serum lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) at diagnosis History of rheumatoid arthritis History of Sjögren's syndrome History of connective tissue disease History of recurrent dry eye syndrome (sicca synd Any evidence of a viral infection (e.g. Hepatitis C of Any evidence of an infection caused by other micro	General Notes: For identification of special cases of TNM or pTNM classifications, the "m" suffix and "y," "r," and "a" prefixes are used. Although they do not affect the stage grouping, they indicate cases needing separate analysis. m suffix indicates the presence of multiple primary tumors in a single site and is recorded in parentheses: pT(m)NM. y prefix indicates those cases in which classification is performed				
Histologic Grade (G) (also known as overall grade) Grading system Grade Grade Grade			during or following initial multimodality therapy. The cTNM or pTNM category is identified by a "y" prefix. The ycTNM or ypTNM categorizes the extent of tumor actually present at the time of that examination. The "y" categorization is not an estimate of tumor prior to multimodality therapy. r prefix indicates a recurrent tumor when staged after a disease-free interval, and is identified by the "r" prefix: rTNM. a prefix designates the stage determined at autopsy: aTNM. surgical margins is data field recorded by registrars describing the surgical margins of the resected primary site specimen as determined only by the pathology report. neoadjuvant treatment is radiation therapy or systemic therapy (consisting of chemotherapy, hormone therapy, or immunotherapy) administered prior to a definitive surgical procedure. If the surgical procedure is not performed, the administered therapy no longer meets the definition of neoadjuvant therapy.		
☐ Clinical stage was used in treatment planning (describe):					
□ National guidelines were used in treatment planning □ NCCN □ Other (describe):					
Physician signature		Date:	/Time		
HOSPITAL NAME/ADDRESS		PATIENT NAME/INFORMATION			

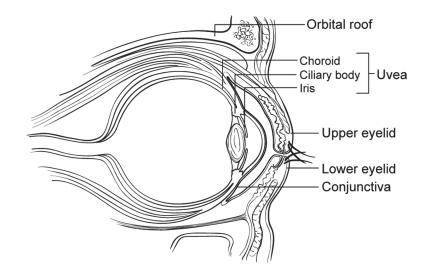
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Illustration

Indicate on diagram primary tumor and regional nodes involved.





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