CLINICAL Extent of disease before any treatment		STAGE CATEGORY DEFINITIONS		PATHOLOGIC Extent of disease through completion of definitive surgery	
	aging completed Ivant therapy but quent surgery	TUMOR SIZE:	LATERALITY: ☐ left ☐ right ☐ bilateral		c – staging completed juvant therapy AND surgery
TNM CATEGORY	FIGO STAGE	PRIMARY TUMOR (T)		TNM CATEGORY	FIGO STAGE
□ TX □ T0 □ Tis □ T1 □ T1a □ T1b □ T1c	* I IA IB	Primary tumor cannot be assessed No evidence of primary tumor Carcinoma in situ (limited to tubal mucosa) Tumor limited to the fallopian tube(s) Tumor limited to one tube, without penetra Tumor limited to both tubes, without penetr Tumor limited to one or both tubes with	ting the serosal surface; no ascites rating the serosal surface; no ascites	□ TX □ T0 □ Tis □ T1	iA IB
☐ T2 ☐ T2a ☐ T2b ☐ T2c ☐ T3	II IIA IIB IIC	serosa, or with malignant cells in ascites Tumor involves one or both fallopian tubes Extension and/or metastasis to the uterus a Extension to other pelvic structures Pelvic extension with malignant cells in asc Tumor involves one or both fallopian tubes	or peritoneal washings with pelvic extension and/or ovaries sites or peritoneal washings	□ T3	II IVA
□ T3a □ T3b □ T3c	IIIA IIIB IIIC	pelvis Microscopic peritoneal metastasis outside Macroscopic peritoneal metastasis outsic dimension Peritoneal metastasis outside the pelvis an	le the pelvis 2 cm or less in greatest		
		* FIGO no longer includes Stage 0 (Tis)			
		Note: Liver capsule metastasis is T3/Sta M1/Stage IV. Pleural effusion must have			
TNM CATEGORY	FIGO STAGE	REGIONAL LYMPI	H NODES (N)	TNM CATEGORY	FIGO STAGE
□ NX □ N0 □ N1	IIIC	Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed No regional lymph node metastasis Regional lymph node metastasis	j	□ NX □ N0 □ N1	IIIC
TNM CATEGORY	FIGO STAGE	DISTANT META	STASIS (M)	TNM CATEGORY	FIGO STAGE
□ M0 □ M1	IV	No distant metastasis (no pathologic M0; uso Distant metastasis (excludes metastasis w		□ M1	IV

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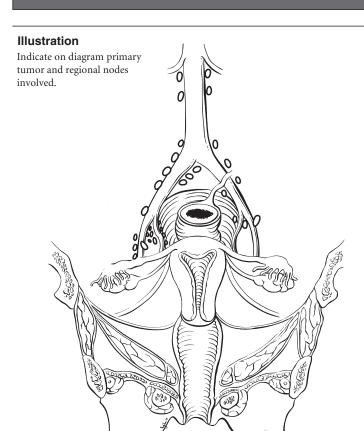
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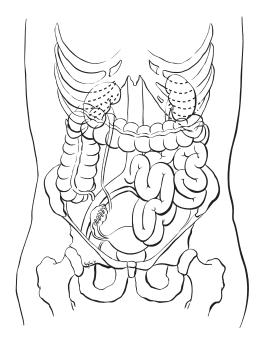
		ANATOMIC STAGE • PI	ROGNOSTIC	GROUPS		
	CLINICA				HOLOGIC	
GROUP T		M	GROUP	T N	M	
□ 0* Tis		M0 M0	0*	Tis N0		
☐ IA T1:		MO	□ iA	T1a N0		
☐ IB T1		MO	☐ IB	T1b N0		
□ IC T1/		M0 M0		T1c N0		
IIIA T2		M0	□ IIA	T2a N0		
☐ IIB T2		MO	☐ IIB	T2b N0		
□ IIC T2		M0 M0		T2c N0 T3 N0		
		M0	☐ IIIA	T3a N0		
☐ IIIB T3	Bb N0	M0	☐ IIIB	T3b N0	MO	
☐ IIIC T3		M0	□ IIIC	T3c N0		
	ny T N1 ny T Any N	M0 M1	□ IV	Any T N1 Any T An	M0 y N M1	
	includes Stage 0 (Tis)			nger includes Stage	•	
				-	(116)	
☐ Stage unknown						
REQUIRED FOR	STAGING: None	C FACTORS (SITE-SPECIFIC FA	CTORS)		General Notes: For identification of special cases of TNM or pTNM classifications, the "m"	
CLINICALLY SIGNIFICANT: suffix and "y," "r," and "a" prefixes				suffix and "y," "r," and "a" prefixes are		
FIGO Stage: _ Tumor location	n:	(fimbria, isthmus, unknown)			used. Although they do not affect the stage grouping, they indicate cases	
Pelvic and paraaortic nodal status: Pelvic Paraaortic needing separate analysis.						
(report as number of nodes removed/number of nodes involved with tumor) m suffix indicates the presence of						
Histologic Grade (G) (also known as overall grade) Grading system Grade multiple primary tumors in a single site and is recorded in parentheses pT(m)NM.				site and is recorded in parentheses:		
2 grade sys	stem	☐ Grade I or 1			y prefix indicates those cases in	
☐ 3 grade sys	stem	☐ Grade II or 2			which classification is performed during or following initial multimodality	
4 grade sys	☐ 4 grade system ☐ Grade III or 3 therapy. The cTNM or pTNM				therapy. The cTNM or pTNM	
□ No 2, 3, or	4 grade system is ava	ailable Grade IV or 4			category is identified by a "y" prefix. The ycTNM or ypTNM categorizes	
ADDITIONAL DES	CRIPTORS				the extent of tumor actually present at	
		/enous Invasion (V) have been co			the time of that examination. The "y" categorization is not an estimate of	
		registrars. The College of Americar Other sources may be used in the			tumor prior to multimodality therapy.	
is given to positive	e results. cular Invasion Not Pre	esent (absent)/Not Identified	absorted of a c	THOMAS THOMAS	r prefix indicates a recurrent tumor when staged after a disease-free interval, and is identified by the "r" prefix: rTNM.	
☐ Lymph-Vascular Invasion Present/Identified☐ Not Applicable					a prefix designates the stage	
☐ Unknown/Inc					determined at autopsy: aTNM.	
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Residual Tumor (R) The absence or presence of residual tumor after treatment. In some cases with neoadjuvant therapy there will be residual tumor at the primary site at incomplete resection or local and regional disease that extends beyond the RX Presence of residual tumor cannot be assessed R0 No residual tumor R1 Microscopic residual tumor R2 Macroscopic residual tumor	fter treatment because of	General Notes (continued): surgical margins is data field recorded by registrars describing the surgical margins of the resected primary site specimen as determined only by the pathology report. neoadjuvant treatment is radiation therapy or systemic therapy (consisting of chemotherapy, hormone therapy, or immunotherapy) administered prior to a definitive surgical procedure. If the surgical procedure is not performed, the administered therapy no longer meets the definition of neoadjuvant therapy.
☐ Clinical stage was used in treatment planning (describe):		
□ National guidelines were used in treatment planning □ NCCN	☐ Other (describe): —	
Physician signature	Date	/Time
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