

Upravljanje i analiza velikih skupova podataka

Projekat 3 - Spark MLlib

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Projekat 3

- Real-time predviđanje kašnjenja letova:
 - Treniranje modela za predikciju kašnjenja letova koristeći istorijske podatke
 - Predviđanje kašnjenja u realnom vremenu sa Kafka stream-om
 - Testiranje performansi na Spark Docker klasteru
 - Vizualizacija rezultata po vremenskim prozorima i geografskim lokacijama

PROJECT3

- > .venv
- > data
- > model
- > output
- > producer
- > spark-streaming
- > spark-training
- > visualization
- 🐳 docker-compose-stream.yml
- 🐳 docker-compose-train.yml
- 🐳 docker-compose-visualize.yml
- 🐳 docker-compose.yml

Skup podataka

- 2019 Airline Delays w/Weather and Airport Detail (≈1.37GB)
- https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/threnien/2019-airline-delays-and-cancellations?select=full_data_fligh_delay.csv
- Skup podataka sa detaljnim informacijama o avio-kompanijama, aerodromima i vremenskim uslovima

MONTH:	Month
DAY_OF_WEEK:	Day of Week
DEP_DEL15:	TARGET Binary of a departure delay over 15 minutes (1 is yes)
DISTANCE_GROUP:	Distance group to be flown by departing aircraft
DEP_BLOCK:	Departure block
SEGMENT_NUMBER:	The segment that this tail number is on for the day
CONCURRENT_FLIGHTS:	Concurrent flights leaving from the airport in the same departure block
NUMBER_OF_SEATS:	Number of seats on the aircraft
CARRIER_NAME:	Carrier
AIRPORT_FLIGHTS_MONTH:	Avg Airport Flights per Month
AIRLINE_FLIGHTS_MONTH:	Avg Airline Flights per Month
AIRLINE_AIRPORT_FLIGHTS_MONTH:	Avg Flights per month for Airline AND Airport
AVG_MONTHLY_PASS_AIRPORT:	Avg Passengers for the departing airport for the month
AVG_MONTHLY_PASS_AIRLINE:	Avg Passengers for airline for month
FLT_ATTENDANTS_PER_PASS:	Flight attendants per passenger for airline
GROUND_SERV_PER_PASS:	Ground service employees (service desk) per passenger for airline
PLANE_AGE:	Age of departing aircraft
DEPARTING_AIRPORT:	Departing Airport
LATITUDE:	Latitude of departing airport
LONGITUDE:	Longitude of departing airport
PREVIOUS_AIRPORT:	Previous airport that aircraft departed from
PRCP:	Inches of precipitation for day
SNOW:	Inches of snowfall for day
SNWD:	Inches of snow on ground for day
TMAX:	Max temperature for day
AWND:	Max wind speed for day

Redosled pokretanja Docker compose servisa

Redosled pokretanja je bitan zato što neki servisi zavise od drugih da bi funkcionisali:

1. `docker network create bde` (ako nije kreirana mreža)
 2. `docker-compose up --build -d`
 3. `docker-compose -f docker-compose-train.yml up --build`
 4. `docker-compose -f docker-compose-stream.yml up --build`
 5. `docker-compose -f docker-compose-visualize.yml up --build`
- Moguće je i pokretanje servisa u detached mode-u, odnosno u pozadini
 - U tom slučaju logovi se mogu pratiti komandom: `docker logs -f <container_name>`

Docker kontejneri

<input type="checkbox"/>	▼	📘	project3	-	-	-
<input type="checkbox"/>	●		spark-master	14ce0e2b1ff2	bde2020/spark-master:3.1.2-hadoop3.2	7077:7077 ↗ Show all ports (2)
<input type="checkbox"/>	●		zookeeper	9247f10d9405	wurstmeister/zookeeper:latest	2181:2181 ↗
<input type="checkbox"/>	●		spark-worker-2	9b3a0ec0430c	bde2020/spark-worker:3.1.2-hadoop3.2	8072:8071 ↗
<input type="checkbox"/>	●		spark-worker-1	8543a41c86dc	bde2020/spark-worker:3.1.2-hadoop3.2	8071:8071 ↗
<input type="checkbox"/>	●		kafka	14b10bce6203	wurstmeister/kafka:2.13-2.8.1	9091:9091 ↗
<input type="checkbox"/>	●		producer	33d3f9bf6547	project3-producer	
<input type="checkbox"/>	○		flight-visualizer	a0aa09599433	jupyter/base-notebook	8888:8888
<input type="checkbox"/>	○		spark-ml	7589a3726935	model-training:latest	
<input type="checkbox"/>	○		spark-streaming	345920da027b	spark-streaming:latest	

Trening ML modela - Spark MLlib

- Algoritam: GBTClassifier (alternativa: RandomForest, LogisticRegression)
- Pipeline: StringIndexer → VectorAssembler → StandardScaler → GBTClassifier
- Evaluacija
- Model sačuvan u `/model/lr_pipeline_model`
- Pokreće se ukoliko ne postoji model u `/model` folderu, ili ako se menja ML model
- Pokretanje offline treninga ML modela:
 - pozicioniranje u folder gde se nalazi `docker-compose-train.yml`
 - `docker-compose -f docker-compose-train.yml up --build`

Trening ML modela - Spark MLlib

- Kreiranje ML pipeline

```
# -----  
# ML Pipeline  
# -----  
def define_pipeline():  
    # String Indexer for categorical features  
    indexers = [  
        StringIndexer(inputCol=c, outputCol=f"{c}_indexed", handleInvalid="keep")  
        for c in CATEGORICAL_FEATURES  
    ]  
  
    # Vector Assembler for merging all features  
    assembler_inputs = NUMERIC_FEATURES + INDEXED_FEATURES  
    assembler = VectorAssembler(inputCols=assembler_inputs, outputCol=FEATURE_VECTOR, handleInvalid="skip")  
  
    # StandardScaler for scaling  
    scaler = StandardScaler(inputCol=FEATURE_VECTOR, outputCol=SCALED_VECTOR, withStd=True, withMean=True)  
  
    # Logistic Regression Model  
    # lr = LogisticRegression(featuresCol=SCALED_VECTOR, labelCol=TARGET_COL, maxIter=10)  
    # rf = RandomForestClassifier(featuresCol=SCALED_VECTOR, labelCol=TARGET_COL, numTrees=20)  
    # rf = RandomForestClassifier(featuresCol=SCALED_VECTOR, labelCol=TARGET_COL, numTrees=10, maxDepth=5)  
    gbt = GBTClassifier(featuresCol="features", labelCol=TARGET_COL, maxIter=10, maxDepth=5)  
  
    # Pipeline  
    pipeline = Pipeline(stages=indexers + [assembler, scaler, gbt])  
    return pipeline
```


Trening ML modela - Spark MLlib



- Spark inicijalizacija i učitavanje podataka

```
# -----  
# Spark session  
# -----  
def initialize_spark():  
    spark = SparkSession.builder \  
        .appName(APP_NAME) \  
        .getOrCreate()  
  
    print("[model-training] Current Spark master:", spark.sparkContext.master)  
  
    spark.sparkContext.setLogLevel("ERROR")  
  
    print("[model-training] Spark session initialized.")  
    return spark  
  
# -----  
# Loading data from file  
# -----  
def load_data(spark):  
    print(f>Loading data from: {DATA_PATH}...")  
    df = spark.read.csv(DATA_PATH, header=True, inferSchema=True)  
  
    for c in NUMERIC_FEATURES:  
        df = df.withColumn(c, col(c).cast("double"))  
        df = df.na.fill(0.0, subset=[c])  
  
    df = df.na.drop(subset=[TARGET_COL])  
  
    df = df.withColumn(TARGET_COL, col(TARGET_COL).cast("integer"))  
  
    print("\n[model-training] Columns in dataset:", df.columns)  
    print(f"\n[model-training] Dataset rows count: {df.count()}")  
    return df
```


Trening ML modela - Spark MLlib

- Treniranje modela i čuvanje u
MODEL_PATH
(/model/lr_pipeline_model)

▼  model\lr_pipeline_model

- >  metadata
- >  stages

```
# -----  
# Model training and saving  
# -----  
def train_and_save_model(df, pipeline):  
    train_df, test_df = df.randomSplit([0.8, 0.2], seed=42)  
  
    minority_df = train_df.filter(col(TARGET_COL) == 1)  
    majority_df = train_df.filter(col(TARGET_COL) == 0)  
    minority_count = minority_df.count()  
  
    majority_sample_ratio = minority_count * 3 / majority_df.count()  
  
    majority_sampled_df = majority_df.sample(False, majority_sample_ratio, seed=42)  
  
    train_balanced_df = majority_sampled_df.union(minority_df)  
  
    print(f"[model-training] Balance training 1: {round(1/majority_sample_ratio)} (Total rows: {train_balanced_df.count()})")  
  
    print("[model-training] Starting ML Pipeline training...")  
    pipeline_model = pipeline.fit(train_balanced_df)  
  
    predictions = pipeline_model.transform(test_df)  
  
    OPTIMAL_THRESHOLD = 0.25  
    gbt_model = pipeline_model.stages[-1]  
    gbt_model.setThresholds([1 - OPTIMAL_THRESHOLD, OPTIMAL_THRESHOLD])  
  
    print(f"\n[model-training] GBT 'Delay' prediction threshold set to: {OPTIMAL_THRESHOLD}")  
  
    predictions_tuned = pipeline_model.transform(test_df)  
  
    # Evaluate  
    evaluator_auc = BinaryClassificationEvaluator(labelCol=TARGET_COL, rawPredictionCol="rawPrediction", metricName="areaUnderROC")  
    auc = evaluator_auc.evaluate(predictions_tuned)  
    print(f"\n[model-training] ----- AUC (Area Under ROC) on test set: {auc:.4f} -----")  
  
    evaluator_f1 = MulticlassClassificationEvaluator(labelCol=TARGET_COL, predictionCol="prediction", metricName="f1")  
    f1 = evaluator_f1.evaluate(predictions_tuned)  
    print(f"\n[model-training] ----- F1-score on test set: {f1:.4f} -----")  
  
    # Saving model  
    pipeline_model.write().overwrite().save(MODEL_PATH)  
    print(f"\n[model-training] ----- Pipeline saved to: {MODEL_PATH} -----")
```

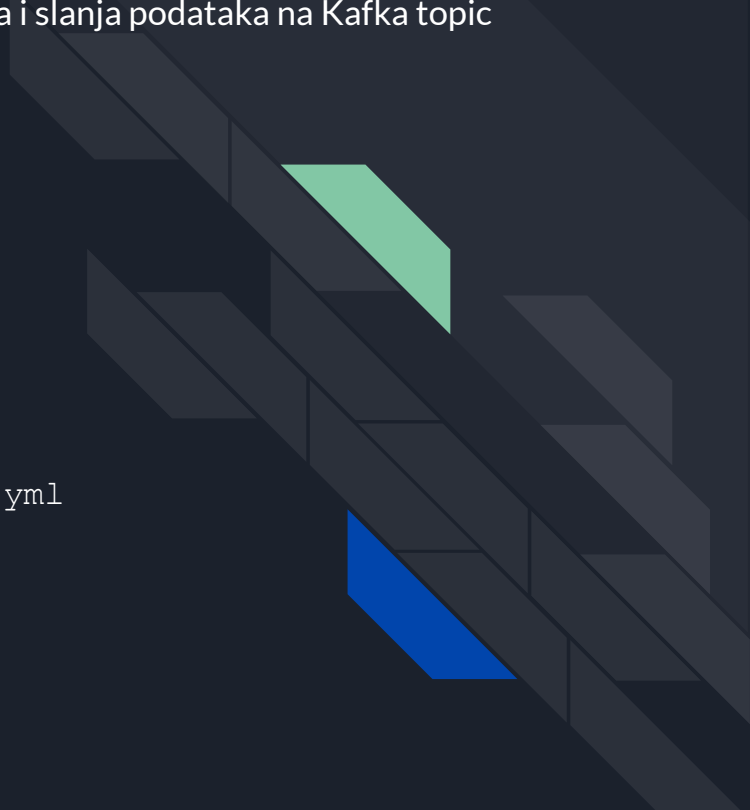
Trening ML modela - Spark MLlib

- Main

```
# -----  
# Main  
# -----  
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    spark = initialize_spark()  
    df_raw = load_data(spark)  
    pipeline = define_pipeline()  
    train_and_save_model(df_raw, pipeline)  
    spark.stop()
```

Producer i Spark klaster kontejnera

- `docker-compose` fajl za pokretanje Spark klastera, učitavanja i slanja podataka na Kafka topic
- `docker-compose.yml` klaster konfiguracija:
 - Spark master + 2 workera
 - Kafka & Zookeeper
 - Producer
- Aplikacija pokreće se unutar mreže `bde`
- Kreira se producer koji čita `.csv` podatke i šalje na Kafka topic
- Pokretanje infrastrukture:
 - pozicioniranje u folder gde se nalazi `docker-compose.yml`
 - `docker-compose up --build -d`



Producer

- Konektovanje na Kafku

```
# -----  
# Kafka producer  
# -----  
while True:  
    try:  
        producer = KafkaProducer(  
            bootstrap_servers=[KAFKA_HOST],  
            value_serializer=lambda v: json.dumps(v).encode("utf-8"),  
        )  
        print("Connected to Kafka!")  
        break  
    except errors.NoBrokersAvailable:  
        print("Kafka not ready, retrying in 5s...")  
        time.sleep(5)
```

Producer

- Slanje podataka na topic KAFKA_TOPIC

```
# -----  
# Start streaming  
# -----  
while True:  
    with open(DATA, "r") as file:  
        reader = csv.reader(file, delimiter=",")  
        headers = next(reader)  
  
        for row in reader:  
            value = {headers[i]: row[i] for i in range(len(headers))}  
  
            numeric_int = [  
                "MONTH", "DAY_OF_WEEK", "DEP_DEL15", "DISTANCE_GROUP",  
                "SEGMENT_NUMBER", "CONCURRENT_FLIGHTS", "NUMBER_OF_SEATS",  
                "AIRPORT_FLIGHTS_MONTH", "AIRLINE_FLIGHTS_MONTH",  
                "AIRLINE_AIRPORT_FLIGHTS_MONTH", "AVG_MONTHLY_PASS_AIRPORT",  
                "AVG_MONTHLY_PASS_AIRLINE", "PLANE_AGE", "TMAX", "AWND"  
            ]  
  
            numeric_float = [  
                "FLT_ATTENDANTS_PER_PASS", "GROUND_SERV_PER_PASS",  
                "PRCP", "SNOW", "SNWD", "LATITUDE", "LONGITUDE"  
            ]  
  
            for col in numeric_int:  
                if col in value and value[col] != "":  
                    value[col] = int(float(value[col]))  
  
            for col in numeric_float:  
                if col in value and value[col] != "":  
                    value[col] = float(value[col])  
  
            value["timestamp"] = int(time.time())  
  
            print("Sending:", value)  
            try:  
                producer.send(KAFKA_TOPIC, value=value)  
            except Exception as e:  
                print(f"Error sending message: {e}")  
  
            time.sleep(float(KAFKA_INTERVAL))
```

Spark streaming

- Učitava poruke sa Kafka topic-a
- Primjenjuje prethodno trenirani ML model
- Agregira podatke po prozorima
- Čuva rezultate u `/output/predictions` u CSV formatu
- Pokretanje Spark streaming aplikacije:
 - pozicioniranje u folder gde se nalazi `docker-compose-stream.yml`
 - `docker-compose -f docker-compose-stream.yml up --build`

Spark streaming

- Argumenti aplikacije

```
# -----  
# Application arguments  
# -----  
def parse_args():  
    parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()  
    parser.add_argument("--window_duration", type=int, required=True, help='Window duration in seconds')  
    parser.add_argument("--window_type", required=True, choices=["tumbling", "sliding"])  
    parser.add_argument("--slide_duration", default=None, help="Slide duration for sliding window")  
  
    return parser.parse_args()
```

Spark streaming

- Spark inicijalizacija

```
# -----  
# Spark session  
# -----  
def initialize_spark():  
    spark = SparkSession.builder \  
        .appName(APP_NAME) \  
        .getOrCreate()  
  
    print("[streamer] Current Spark master:", spark.sparkContext.master)  
  
    spark.sparkContext.setLogLevel("ERROR")  
  
    print("[streamer] Spark session initialized.")  
    return spark
```


Spark streaming

- Čitanje Kafka stream-a

```
# -----  
# Read Kafka stream  
# -----  
def parse_kafka_stream(spark):  
    print(f"[streamer] Connecting to Kafka topic {INPUT_TOPIC}...")  
    raw = spark.readStream \  
        .format("kafka") \  
        .option("kafka.bootstrap.servers", KAFKA_HOST) \  
        .option("subscribe", INPUT_TOPIC) \  
        .option("startingOffsets", "earliest") \  
        .option("maxOffsetsPerTrigger", 50) \  
        .load()  
  
    schema = get_schema()  
  
    df = raw.select(  
        from_json(col("value").cast("string"), schema).alias("data")  
    ).select("data.*")  
  
    df = df.withColumn("event_timestamp", col("timestamp").cast("timestamp"))  
  
    for c in NUMERIC_FEATURES:  
        df = df.withColumn(c, col(c).cast("double")).na.fill(0.0, subset=[c])  
  
    for c in CATEGORICAL_FEATURES:  
        df = df.na.fill("N/A", subset=[c])  
  
    print("[streamer] Kafka stream parsed.")  
    return df
```

Spark streaming

- Primena ML modela na učitane podatke sa Kafka topic-a

```
# -----  
# ML prediction model  
# -----  
def apply_ml_prediction(df):  
    try:  
        print(f"[streamer] Loading ML model from: {MODEL_PATH}...")  
        pipeline_model = PipelineModel.load(MODEL_PATH)  
    except Exception as e:  
        print(f"[streamer] Error while loading model: {e}")  
        return df.withColumn("prediction", lit(-1.0))  
  
    predictions = pipeline_model.transform(df)  
  
    predictions = predictions.withColumnRenamed("prediction", "predicted_delay")  
  
    output_cols = [  
        "event_timestamp", TARGET_COL, "predicted_delay",  
        "CARRIER_NAME", "DEPARTING_AIRPORT", "LATITUDE", "LONGITUDE"  
    ]  
  
    return predictions.select(*output_cols)
```

Spark streaming

- Agregacija podataka po prozorima

```
# -----  
# Aggregate by time window  
# -----  
def aggregate_and_predict_window(df, args):  
    window_duration_str = f"{args.window_duration} seconds"  
  
    if args.window_type.lower() == "tumbling":  
        window_col = window(col("event_timestamp"), window_duration_str)  
    else:  
        slide_duration = args.slide_duration or args.window_duration  
        slide_duration_str = f"{slide_duration} seconds"  
        window_col = window(col("event_timestamp"), window_duration_str, slide_duration_str)  
  
    df_with_watermark = df.withWatermark("event_timestamp", "3 minutes")  
  
    windowed_predictions = df_with_watermark.groupBy(  
        window_col,  
        col("DEPARTING_AIRPORT").alias("airport_name")  
    ).agg(  
        count(col(TARGET_COL)).alias("total_flights"),  
        sum(col(TARGET_COL)).alias("actual_delays"),  
        sum(col("predicted_delay")).alias("predicted_delays_count"),  
  
        sum(when(col(TARGET_COL).cast("int") == col("predicted_delay").cast("int"), 1).otherwise(0)).alias("correct_predictions"),  
  
        max(col("LATITUDE")).alias("LATITUDE"),  
        max(col("LONGITUDE")).alias("LONGITUDE")  
    ).withColumn(  
        "accuracy_percent",  
        round(col("correct_predictions") / col("total_flights") * 100, 2)  
    )  
  
    return windowed_predictions
```

Spark streaming

- Upis CSV fajlova na OUTPUT_DIR putanji

output \ predictions

> batch_4
> batch_5
> batch_6
> batch_7
> batch_8
> batch_9
> batch_10
> batch_11
> batch_12
> batch_13
> batch_14
> batch_15
> batch_16
> batch_17

```
# -----  
# Write CSV  
# -----  
def write_to_file(df):  
    output_df = df.select(  
        col("window.start").alias("window_start"),  
        col("window.end").alias("window_end"),  
        col("airport_name"),  
        col("LATITUDE"),  
        col("LONGITUDE"),  
        col("total_flights"),  
        col("actual_delays"),  
        col("predicted_delays_count"),  
        col("accuracy_percent")  
    )  
  
    print(f"[streamer] Starting write of windowed predictions to: {OUTPUT_DIR}...")  
  
    def foreach_batch_function(batch_df, batch_id):  
        if batch_df.count() == 0:  
            print(f"[streamer] Batch {batch_id} empty, skipping.")  
            return  
  
        print(f"[streamer] Writing batch {batch_id} to CSV, row count: {batch_df.count()}")  
  
        batch_df.repartition(1).write \  
            .mode("append") \  
            .option("header", True) \  
            .csv(os.path.join(OUTPUT_DIR, f"batch_{batch_id}"))  
  
        print(f"[streamer] Batch {batch_id} written.")  
  
    query = output_df.writeStream \  
        .foreachBatch(foreach_batch_function) \  
        .outputMode("append") \  
        .trigger(processingTime='5 seconds') \  
        .start() \  

```

Spark streaming

- Main

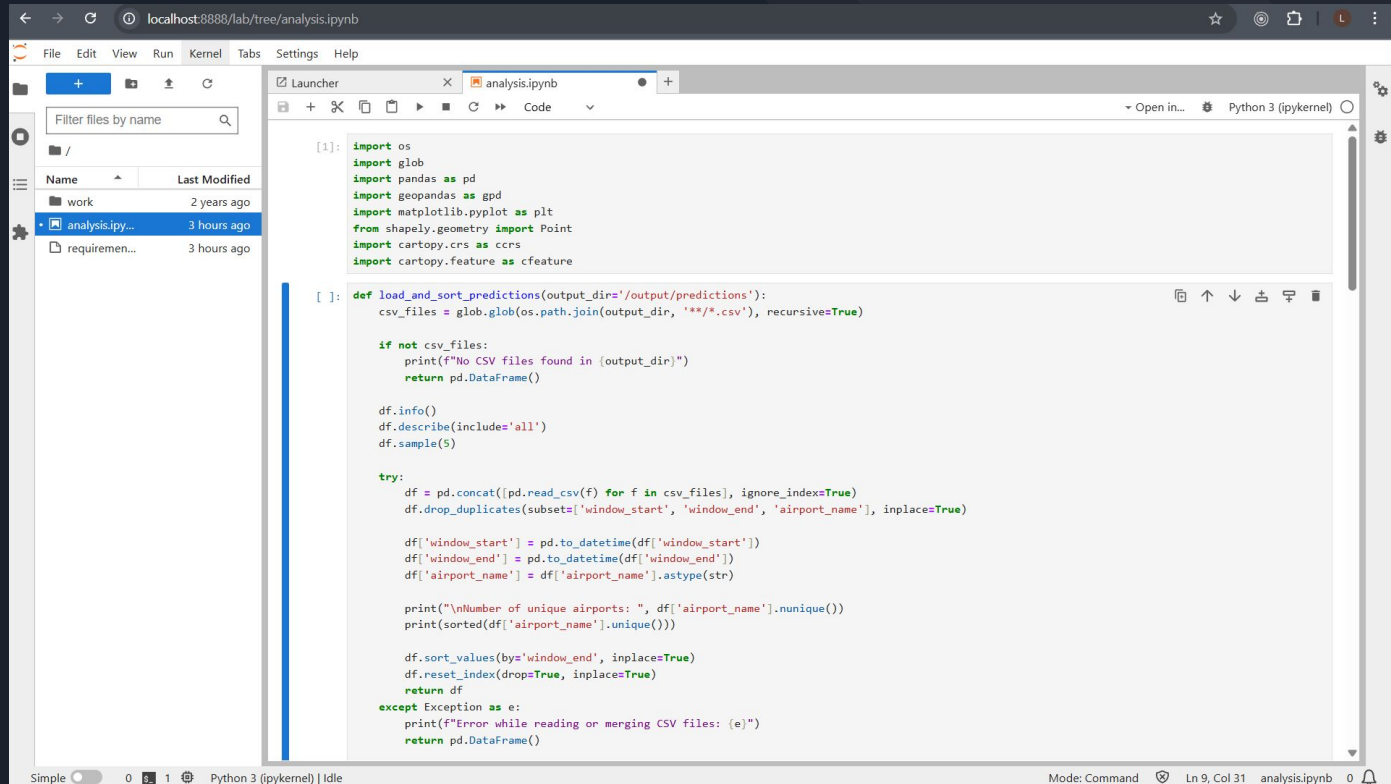
```
# -----  
# Main  
# -----  
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    args = parse_args()  
    print(f"[streamer] Started with arguments: {args}")  
  
    spark = initialize_spark()  
    df_stream = parse_kafka_stream(spark)  
  
    df_predictions = apply_ml_prediction(df_stream)  
  
    df_windowed_stats = aggregate_and_predict_window(df_predictions, args)  
  
    write_to_file(df_windowed_stats)
```

Vizualizacija rezultata - Jupyter Notebook

- Pokreće Jupyter Notebook na localhost:8888
- U notebook-u se koristi `visualization/analysis.ipynb`:
 - učitavanje CSV batch-ova
 - vremensku analizu (`plot_time_analysis`)
 - geografske mape (`plot_geographical_analysis`)
- Pokretanje:
 - pozicioniranje u folder gde se nalazi `docker-compose-visualize.yml`
 - `docker-compose -f docker-compose-visualize.yml up --build`

Vizualizacija rezultata - Jupyter Notebook

- <http://localhost:8888/>
- Run all cells



The screenshot displays the Jupyter Notebook interface in a web browser. The left sidebar shows a file browser with a search bar and a list of files: 'work' (2 years ago), 'analysis.ipynb' (3 hours ago), and 'requiremen...' (3 hours ago). The main area contains two code cells. The first cell imports various libraries: `import os, glob, pandas as pd, geopandas as gpd, matplotlib.pyplot as plt, from shapely.geometry import Point, import cartopy.crs as ccrs, import cartopy.feature as cfeature`. The second cell defines a function `load_and_sort_predictions` that processes CSV files, concatenates them, and returns a DataFrame. The function includes error handling for exceptions during file reading or merging.

```
[1]: import os
import glob
import pandas as pd
import geopandas as gpd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from shapely.geometry import Point
import cartopy.crs as ccrs
import cartopy.feature as cfeature

[ ]: def load_and_sort_predictions(output_dir='/output/predictions'):
    csv_files = glob.glob(os.path.join(output_dir, '**/*.csv'), recursive=True)

    if not csv_files:
        print(f"No CSV files found in {output_dir}")
        return pd.DataFrame()

    df.info()
    df.describe(include='all')
    df.sample(5)

    try:
        df = pd.concat([pd.read_csv(f) for f in csv_files], ignore_index=True)
        df.drop_duplicates(subsets=['window_start', 'window_end', 'airport_name'], inplace=True)

        df['window_start'] = pd.to_datetime(df['window_start'])
        df['window_end'] = pd.to_datetime(df['window_end'])
        df['airport_name'] = df['airport_name'].astype(str)

        print("\nNumber of unique airports: ", df['airport_name'].nunique())
        print(sorted(df['airport_name'].unique()))

        df.sort_values(by='window_end', inplace=True)
        df.reset_index(drop=True, inplace=True)
        return df
    except Exception as e:
        print(f"Error while reading or merging CSV files: {e}")
        return pd.DataFrame()
```

Vizualizacija rezultata - Jupyter Notebook

- Pregled DataFrame-a učitano iz CSV fajla

```
      window_start      window_end \
145 2025-11-18 12:36:35+00:00 2025-11-18 12:37:05+00:00
44  2025-11-18 12:29:20+00:00 2025-11-18 12:29:50+00:00
285 2025-11-18 12:25:45+00:00 2025-11-18 12:26:15+00:00
74  2025-11-18 12:31:40+00:00 2025-11-18 12:32:10+00:00
16  2025-11-18 12:27:10+00:00 2025-11-18 12:27:40+00:00
```

```
      airport_name  LATITUDE  LONGITUDE  total_flights \
145 Raleigh-Durham International 35.875000 -78.781998 12
44  McCarran International 36.080002 -115.152000 15
285 McCarran International 36.080002 -115.152000 30
74  Orlando International 28.431999 -81.324997 30
16  McCarran International 36.080002 -115.152000 29
```

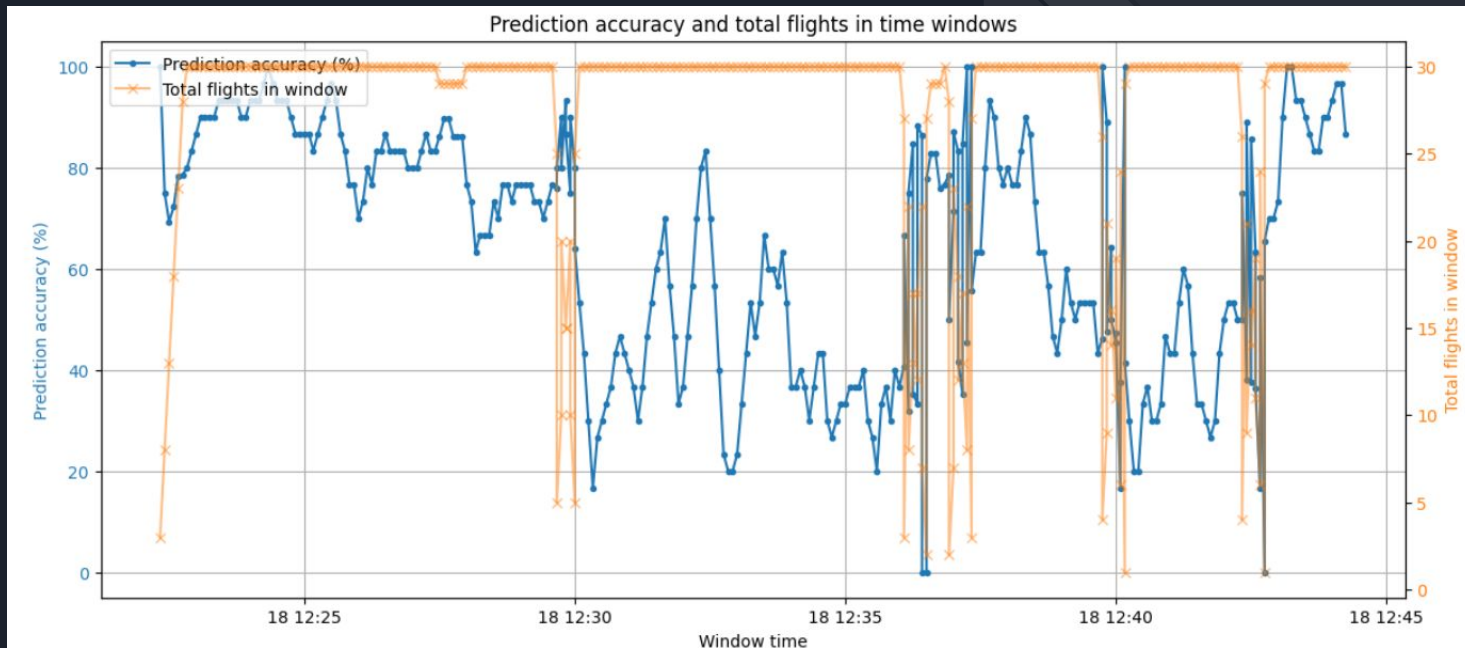
```
      actual_delays  predicted_delays_count  accuracy_percent
145              1              6.0              41.67
44              2              0.0              86.67
285              5              2.0              76.67
74              5              18.0              56.67
16              3              0.0              89.66
```

Number of unique airports: 6

```
['Boise Air Terminal', 'Kansas City International', 'McCarran International', 'Orlando International', 'Raleigh-Durham International', 'Seattle International']
```

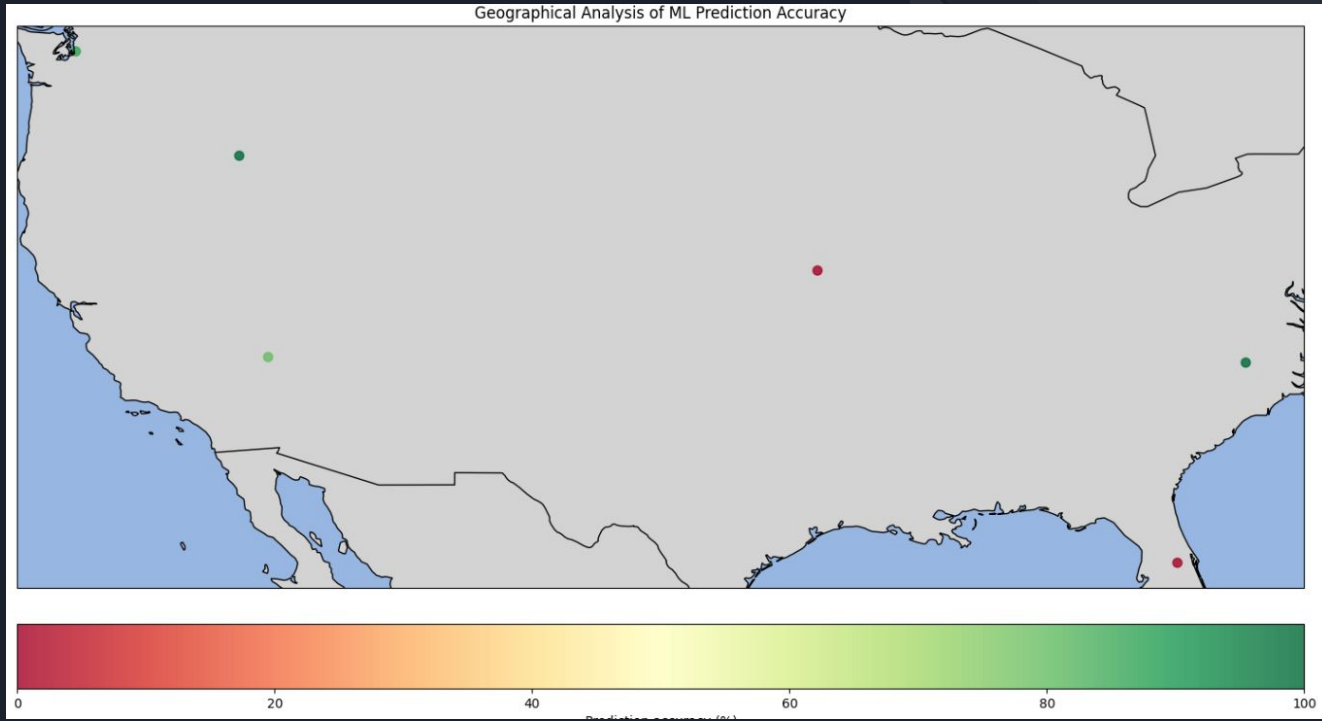

Vizualizacija rezultata - Jupyter Notebook

- Tačnost predviđanja i ukupan broj letova u vremenskim prozorima



Vizualizacija rezultata - Jupyter Notebook

- Geografska analiza tačnosti predviđanja mašinskog učenja





HVALA NA PAŽNJI!